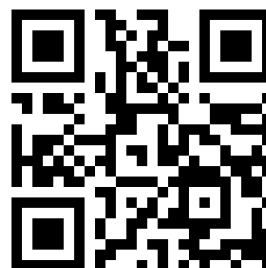


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الملف Guide Study 4 Part Theory Molecular Kinetic Chemistry about Worksheet

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Changes of State

Chapter 13 Study Guide-Part 4



Lesson Objectives

- Identify the conditions necessary for sublimation.
- Describe how equilibrium conditions are represented in a phase diagram.

True-False: Classify each of these statements as always true (AT); sometimes true (ST); or never true (NT).

- _____ 1. Water could be made to boil at 105°C by increasing the pressure.
- _____ 2. At 101.3 kPa, the normal boiling point and melting point of water are the same.
- _____ 3. Water has more than one triple point.
- _____ 4. The sublimation point of a substance refers to the temperature and pressure at which the substance exists in all three phases of matter.
- _____ 5. A phase diagram gives information on changes in mass of solids, liquids, and gases.
- _____ 6. Below the triple point for water, decreasing the pressure will not change water vapor to ice.

Vocabulary: Match each description with the correct term.

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| _____ 7. The change of a solid to the liquid state. | A. freeze drying |
| _____ 8. Defines the triple point of water. | B. melting |
| _____ 9. A method of removing water from food, using sublimation. | C. phase diagram |

- _____ 10. Normal boiling point of water. D. sublimation
- _____ 11. Graph that shows the relationship among the states of a substance. E. 0.016°C, 0.61 kPa
- _____ 12. The change of a solid to a vapor without passing through the liquid phase. F. 100°C at 101.3 kPa

Drag and Drop: Drag the appropriate term to the correct statement.

carbon dioxide	equilibrium	phase	triple point	sublimation
vapor pressure	0.61 kPa	0.016°C		

The change that occurs when a solid goes directly to the gas or vapor state without first becoming a liquid is (13) _____. This change can occur because solids, like liquids, have a (14) _____. Substances that sublime include iodine and solid (15) _____(dry ice).

A graph that shows the relationship between the states of a substance is called (16) _____ diagram. On this diagram, a line between two phases shows the conditions at which the phases are in (17) _____. The (18) _____ is the only set of conditions at which solid, liquid, and gas phases coexist. The triple point for water is a temperature of (19) _____ and a pressure of (20) _____.