

كل ما يحتاجه الطالب في جميع الصفوف من أوراق عمل واختبارات ومذكرات, يجده هنا في الروابط التالية لأفضل مواقع المناهج السعودية :

القناة الرسمية لموقع المناهج السعودية

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Unit one On the Hajj with Hamza

Allah be praised	الحمد لله
throw threw thrown	يرمي
wear wore worn	يلبس- يرتدي
pillar	عامود- ركن
hasten (ed)	يسعى
sacrifice	يضحي
stay at	يقيم في - يبقى
animals	الحيوان
sunset	غروب الشمس
shave (d)	يحلّق
dawn	الفجر
cut cut cut	يقص- يقطع
collect	يجمع
take off	يخلع
mankind	الإنسان
stand on	يقف على - يستند إلى
prophet	رسول - نبي
covered with	مغطى بـ
spend spent	يقضي وقت / يصرف مال

peace be upon him	عليه الصلاة و السلام
curtain	ستارة
marble	رخام
how often?	كم عدد المرات ؟
base	قاعدة
replace	يستبدل
once	مرة واحدة
row	صف
twice	مرتين
surrounded	محاط بـ
lead inside	يؤدي إلى داخل
factory	مصنع
wooden	خشبي
length	طول
width	عرض
Material	مادة خام
height	ارتفاع
Palace	قصر
iron	حديد

Word Study

مصباح

lamp : الأثاث قطعة من يستخدم مصباح
a light used as a piece of furniture

يؤدي إلى

lead to مكان إلى يأخذ
take to a place

رخام

marble : الأبنية لتزيين يستخدم حجر من نوع
a kind of stone used to decorate buildings .

يستبدل

replace : قديم في مكان يضع
put a new thing in place of an old one.

صف

row : عدد على خط واحد
a number of things in a line .

Questions and Answers

1-How often do pilgrims circle the Ka'aba ?

They circle the Ka'aba 7 times .

2-How often do they hasten between Safa and Marwa ?

They hasten between Safa and Marwa 7 times .

3-How long do they stay at Arafat ?

They stay all day long .

4-When do they leave Arafat ?

They leave Arafat after sunset .

5-What do pilgrims do at Muzdalipha ?

They collect small stones .

6- When do they leave Muzdalipha ?

They leave Muzdalipha after dawn .

7-How long do they stay at Mina ?

They stay there for three days .

8- What do they do on the first day at Mina ?

They sacrifice animals , throw 7 stone , shave their heads and take off the Ihram .

What pilgrims do in the Hajj

Pilgrims put on the Ihram . They go to Makkah and circle the Ka'aba seven times . They hasten between Safa and Marwa seven times . Then they go to Arafat and stay all day long . After sunset ,they go to Muzdalipha and collect small stones . After dawn ,they go to Mina stay for three days there. On the first day , they sacrifice animals , throw 7 stone , shave their heads and take off the Ihram .After that , they go to Makkah and circle the Ka'aba seven times (Ifada).Finally , they come back to Mina and throw 7 stones three times a day .

Building مبنی	The Holy Ka'aba
Built by بنیت بـ	Prophet Ibrahim –son – Isma'il
Shape الشكل	Box-shaped
Built of بُنيت بـ	Grey stones
Height-length	13.8m. high - 11 m. long
Width	9.6 m. wide
Covered with	A black Kiswah
Kiswa – made	Factory – Makkah
Kiswa – replaced	Twice a year

The Holy Ka'aba

The Holy Ka'aba was built by prophet Ibrahim and his son prophet Isma'il . It is a box-shaped building built of grey stones . It is about 13.8 metres high and 11 metres long . It is 9.6 metres wide It is covered with a black silky Kiswa . The Kiswa is made in a factory in Makkah .

Word Study Exercises

رخام

عامود

غروب الشمس

تل

حيوان

hill

animal

marble

pillar

sunset

المغرب

صلاة

1-Maghreb prayer is at

الملك

قصر

مصنوع من

2-the King's palace was made of

يضحى

3-He sacrificed an at Mina .

عالي

جزء

الأرض

عادة

نمشي

4-A Is usually a high piece of land .You can usually walk on it .

يحمل

سقف

مطار

ارتفاعه

5-Each which supports the roof at the new airport in Jeddah is 46m high .

يضحى

يأتي

يستبدل

محاظة بـ

يدور حول

circled

surrounded

sacrificed

come

replaced

حيوان

أثناء

العام الماضي

6-During Al-Hajj last year , we, an animal .

بـ

جديد

واحد

المكسور

7-They the broken cup with a new one .

بالبحار

بريطانيا

8-Britain is By seas .

مرات

الطائرة

المطار

8-The plane the airport six times .

حجاج

يأتي

السعودية

يؤدي

كل عام

ملايين

10- Every year , millions of pilgrims come to Saudi Arabia to perform Al-Hajj .

Do you know how many pilgrims have here since 1415 H.

مصباح

مصنع

أساس

صفوف

خط اليد

rows

writing

lamp

factory

base

لأن

الستائر

مغلقة

أشعلت

1-I turned on a Because the curtains in my room were closed .

يصنع

السوداء

الستارة

2- A in Makkah makes the black curtains for the Holly Ka'aba .

سيئ جداً

يقرأ

كلمة

3- Your is very bad . I can not read a word .

مصنوع من الجزء العلوي حجر مصنوع من مبنى
4- The of this building is made of stone , but the top part is made of wood .
خشب .
في الصلاة

في يقف
5- Muslims stand in in the prayers .

The Present simple Passive

يستخدم المبنى للمجهول عندما يكون المفعول اهم عند المتكلم من الفاعل
لتحويل الجملة إلى passive يلزم تحديد : الفاعل الفعل المفعول

(1) نبدأ بالمفعول

(2) نستخدم am- is - are كفعل مساعد

(3) نأتي بالتصريف الثالث للفعل

(4) نستخدم كلمة +by الفاعل

المفعول Subject + by + P.P. + am- is – are + Object الفاعل

1-My friend writes a letter every week .

A letter is written by my friend everyday .

2-Ola cleans all rooms on Friday .

All rooms are cleaned by Ola on Friday .

3- A carpenter makes furniture in the workshop .

Furniture is made by the carpenter in the work shop .

4-Ali draws pictures of animals .

Pictures of animals are drawn by Ali .

Change into Passive or Make Passive

1-The tailor makes my thobes

2-The builder builds houses for us

3-The mechanic repairs my car every month

4-We buy meat at the butcher's.

5- The baker sells bread.

6-They grow lemons in Khowar

7-They make cars in Japan

8-They find oil in Dammam

أما إذا كان الفعل في الماضي البسيط past simple يكون شكل الجملة :

المفعول

الفاعل

Object + was -were + P.P. + by + subject

Ali studied the lesson yesterday .

The lesson was studied by Ali yesterday .

2-The farmer irrigated the flowers last week .

The flowers were irrigated by the farmer last week .

Chang into passive

- 1-Arabic replaced Latin .
- 2-The Muslims spread Islam .
- 3-The Muslims captured Damascus .
- 4-Ahmad wrote a letter .
- 5-Ali bought a new computer .
- 6-Mustafa mailed the parcel .
- 7-The government established great project .
- 8-The boy broke all cups yesterday .
- 9-Samy posted a letter last week .

choose the right answer :-

- 1- The radio (*makes- made – was made – is making*) in Japan .
- 2- The car (*cleaned – was cleaned – cleaning – clean*) by Ali .
- 3- In the past, concrete (*carried – was carried – carry – carrying*) by workers .
- 4- Thousands of people (*were killed – killed – was killed – killing*) in the war .
- 5- The bridge (*built – is building – was built – builds*) over the river .
- 6-Cars (*Is made - are making -are made-made*) in Japan .
- 7-The room (*painted – was painted – is painted – is painting*) yesterday .
- 8- Food (*is cooked – was cooked – cooked – is cooking*) in the kitchen everyday.
- 9- houses (*are built – built – are building – built*) of concrete and steel .
- 10-That house (*is built – was built – was building – is building*) last year .

The Causative sentence

تستخدم الجملة السببية عندما لا نستطيع فعل شيء ما و يقوم شخص اخر بعمله لنا لا نود ذكره

repair my car	mend my bike	wash my car
shave my head	cut my hair	make my thobe
design my house	build my house	paint my room
cook my food	mend my shoes	examine my teeth

الحالة الأولى

إذا كان الفعل الأساسي بالجملة مضارع بسيط (play -plays) يكون شكل الجملة:

Subject + have - has + Object + p.p.

- 1- I can not repair my car .A mechanic repairs it .
* I have my car repaired .
- 2- Ali can not shave my head . A barber shaves it .
* He has his head shaved .
- 3- We can not design our house . An engineer designs it .
* We have our house designed .

- 4- I do not cook my food .The cock cooks it .
 5-I can not mend my bike .A cyclist mends it .
 6- I can not cut my hair . A barber cuts it .
 7-Samy can not build the house himself . A builder builds it.....
 8-Ola can not mend her shoes . A shoemaker mends it .
 9-I do not wash the car myself . A worker washes it .
 10-Mona can not make her own dress .A dressmaker makes it
 11-They can not paint their house . A painter paints it

الحالة الثانية:

إذا كان الفعل الأساسي بالجملة ماضى بسيط (played-went) يكون شكل الجملة:

Subject + had + Object + p.p.

- 1- I could not repair my car .A mechanic repaired it .
 * **I had my car repaired** .

- 2- Ali could not shave my head . A barber shaved it .
 * **He had his head shaved** .

- 3-We could not design our house . An engineer designed it .
 ***We had our house designed** .

- 4- I did not cook .The cock cooked my food .
 5-I could not mend my bike .A cyclist mended it .
 6- I did not cut my hair . A barber cut it .
 7-Samy could not build the house himself .A builder built it.....
 8-Ola could not mend her shoes . A shoemaker mended it.....
 9-I did not wash the car myself yesterday .A worker washed it.....
 10-Mona could not make her own dress .A dressmaker made it.....
 11-They could not paint their house . A painter painted it

الحالة الثالثة:

إذا كان الفعل الأساسي بالجملة مضارع مستمر Present Continuous

(am-is - are + playing)

يكون شكل الجملة:

Subject + am - is - are having + Object + p.p.

- 1- I can not repair my car .A mechanic is repairing it .
 * **I am having my car repaired** .

- 2- Ali can not shave my head . A barber is shaving it .
 * **He is having his head shaved** .

- 3-We can not design our house . An engineer is designing it .
 ***We are having our house designed** .

- 4- I do not cook .The cock is cooking my food .
 5-I can not mend my bike .A cyclist is mending it .n
 6- I do not cut my hair . A barber is cutting it .
 7-Samy can not build the house himself .A builder is building it .

-
 8-Ola can not mend her shoes . A shoemaker is mending it .

 9-I can not wash the car myself now .A worker is washing it .

 10-Mona can not make her own dress .A dressmaker is making it .

 11-They can not paint their house . A painter is painting it .

الحالة الرابعة

إذا كان الفعل الأساسي للجملة مستقبلي (will play) future simple يكون شكل الجملة:

Subject + will + have + Object + p.p.

- 1- I can not repair my car .A mechanic will repair it .
 * **I will have my car repaired .**
- 2- Ali can not shave my head . A barber will shave it .
 * **He will have his head shaved .**
- 3- We can not design our house . An engineer will design it .
 * **We will have our house designed .**
- 4- I do not cook .The cook will cook my food
- 5-I can not mend my bike .A cyclist will mend it
- 6- I do not cut my hair . A barber will cut it
- 7-Samy can not build the house himself .A builder will build it
- 8-Ola can not mend her shoes . A shoemaker will mend it
- 9-I do not wash the car myself .A worker will wash it
- 10-Mona can not make her own dress .A dressmaker will make it.....
- 11-They can not paint their house . A painter will paint it

الحالة الخامسة:

إذا كان الفعل الأساسي للجملة مستقبلي (am-is-are +going to play) future simple يكون شكل الجملة:

Subject + will + have + Object + p.p.

- 1- I can not repair my car .A mechanic is going to repair it .
 * **I am going to have my car repaired .**
- 2- Ali can not shave my head . A barber is going to shave it .
 * **He is going to have his head shaved .**

Choose the right answer (Causative Sentence)

1-I my thobe ironed everyday .
a- have b- has c- had d- will have

2- She Her dress washed everyday .
a- have b- has c- had d- will have

I my shoes furnished every week .
a- have b- has c- had d- will have

4- My friend his room painted every year .
a- have b- has c- had d- will have

1-I have my room everyday .
a-clean b- cleaned c- cleaned d- cleaning

2-I have my thobe in Jeddah .
a- make b- making c-made d- makes

3-We will have a new house In Daff .
a- build b- built c- builds d- building

1- I My car washed yesterday .
a- have b- has c- had d- will have

2- She her hair dressed two days ago .
a- have b- has c- had d- will have

3- We our house built in Daff last year .
a- have b- has c- had d- will have

4- My friend his shoes furnished yesterday .
a- have b- has c- had d- will have

1- She is her dress ironed now .
a- have b- has c- had d- having

2-We our class painted now .
a- are having b- has c- had d- will have

3- Look ! he his shoes furnished .
a- is having b- has c- had d- will have

1-I my thobe made already .
a- have had b- has c- has had d- will have

2-We the class cleaned already .
a- have had b- has c- has had d- will have

An experimental test based on Unit One

1-A Muslim should do the Hajj In his life .
a)once b)twice c)five times

- 2-Pilgrims between Safa and Marwa seven times .
a)circles b)hasten c) runs
- 3- At Muzdalipha , Muslimsstones .
a)throw b) build c) collect
- 4-Pilgrims leave Arafat for Muzdalipha
a)after dawn b)after sunset c)after sunrise
- 5-Pilgrims leave Muzdalipha for Mina
a)after dawn b)after sunset c)after sunrise
- 6-Before people throw stones , theyanimals .
a)eat b)raise c)sacrifice
- 7-Pilgrims stay at Arafat
a)all day long b)all week long c)all month long
- 8- On the first day at Muzdalipha , pilgrims dothings .
a)two b)four c) five
- 9 –The Holy Ka’aba is covered by a black
a)kiswa b)thobe c)dress
- 10-The kiswa is made in aat Makkah .
a)restaurant b)factory c)hospital
- 11-The Kiswa is replaceda year .
a)once b)twice c)three times
- 12-The Eiffel tower is built of
a)concrete b) stone c)iron
- 13-The Ka’aba is a building .
a)box-shaped b) circle-shaped c) tent-shaped
- 14-The door that leads inside the Ka’aba is made of
a)wood b)gold c)silver
- 15-The King’s palace is built ofstones .
a)marble b)grey golden

Unit Two At a Restaurant

popular = famous

مشهور

the main meal

الوجبة الأساسية

manager

مدير

invite

يدعو

restaurant

مطعم

expect

يتوقع

busy

مشغول

expected to

من المتوقع أن

at the moment = now

الآن

gift

هدية

customer

زبون - مستهلك

a wedding

حفل زفاف

opinion

رأي

utensils

أدوات المائدة

certainly = sure

بالتأكيد

without

بدون

What do you think of

ما رأيك في..

leave left left

يترك - يغادر

delicious = tasty

لذيذ الطعم

find out = discover

يكشف

service

خدمة

tourist

سائح

waiter

النادل - الجرسون / القهوجي

rarely

نادرا

friendly

ودود - عطوف

serve

يخدم

costly = expensive

غالي الثمن

barbecues

المشويات

complain

يشتكى

normally

بصورة طبيعية

complaint

شكوى

interesting

شيق

polite

مؤدب

custom = habit

عادة

excellent

ممتاز

local

محلي

crowded

مزدحم

How do you do ?

فرصة سعيدة

dine = eat

يأكل

Word Study

يستحسن

appreciate

تكون ممتن

لشيء

to be grateful for something .

يتوقع

expect:

يعتقد

شيء

يحدث

to think something will happen .

عادة

habit :

شيء

الناس

عادة

custom = a thing all people usually do

نادرا

rarely: غالبا لا
almost never

tourist : الشخص يتجول
a person who goes touring .

Questions and answers

1-Where can you have meals ?

I can have meals at a restaurant .

2-Who serves you at a restaurant ?

A waiter serves me at a restaurant .

3- What is the main meal in Saudi Arabia ?

It is lunch .

4- What is the main meal in Europe ?

It is dinner .

5-When do guests arrive to a meal in Saudi Arabia ?

They arrive half an hour or an hour earlier .

6- When do guests arrive to a meal in Europe ?

They arrive on time .

7-When do guests arrive to a meal in South America ?

They arrive two or three hours later .

8-How do Saudis have their meals ?

They eat their meals with the right hand .

9-How do Europeans have their meals ?

They eat with utensils (a fork, a spoon and a knife) .

10-Why should you find out about other people dining customs ?

To enjoy your meal .

Situations مواقف

فرصة سعيدة

How do you do ? عندما شخص لا تعرفه
When you meet someone you do not know

و نرد عليها بالمثل

ما رأيك في....؟

What do you think of? تسأل عن رأيه

When you ask someone about his opinion of something .

I think it is ← للإجابة عن السؤال السابق

Word Study Exercises

نادرا

في الموعد

إما

جنباً الى جنب

بعد ذلك

rarely رحلة جوية on time تغادر either تماما side by side يجب أن نكون afterwards

1. Our flight leaves at exactly 7.04 p.m. We must be
سأذهب التسوق
2. I am going shopping now and will do my homework.....
مجاور لـ في الحقيقة
3. Their house is very close to ours. In fact, they are
الزبائن يشتكي من مطعم
4. Customers complain about a good restaurant.
الوجبة الرئيسية اليوم عادة الغذاء العشاء
5. The main meal of the day is usually..... lunch or dinner.

ودود/عطوف مؤدب مشغول غالي لذيذ
friendly polite busy costly delicious
المدير يتكلم معنا

6. The manager could not talk to us because he was
يدخر ثمن تذكرة الطائرة
7. I had to save up for months because the air fare was very
أوروبا يصل وجبة
8. In Europe, it is _____ to arrive on time for a meal.
9. The food was cheap but
لا يحب أحد
10. He does not like anyone. He is not very

يكتشف يشتكي يعمل يفكر في يأكل
dine think of do complain find out about
قدّمت نفسي و قلت

- 11.1 introduced myself and said, "How do you?"
دليل نريد عاداتهم
12. Do you have a guide book for France? We want to their customs before we go there.
13. We usuallyat 7.00 p.m.
ممتاز الطهي اللبناني
14. "What do youLebanese cooking?" "It's excellent."
المدير يجب أن غير جيد
15. If the food is not good. you should.....to the manager.

عادة هدية زبون رأي جزء من الوجبة
habit gift customer opinion course
اشترى منتظم

- 16.1 often shop at this supermarket. I am a regular
مهلبية
17. At dinner, we had a pudding after the main
أصبحت
- 18.1 often sleep in the afternoon. It has become a
مناسبة خاصة
19. It was a special occasion. So we gave our brother a
20. She asked, "What is your of my cooking?" I answered, "t think

it is delicious." لذيذ

Very + adjective

= تستخدم very قبل الصفة لتعني وجود كم
* تعني إمكانية حدوث الفعل

*The tea is very hot but I can drink it .

*The box is very heavy but I can carry it .

*The question was very difficult.

Too + adjective

تستخدم قبل الصفة للتعبير عن أقصى درجاتها
كبير تعني عدم إمكانية حدوث الفعل .
تعني انه ربما يحدث شيء سيئ .

*The tea is too hot .I can't drink it

*The box is very heavy . I can't carry it .

*The question was too difficult .

Choose : very or too

1-The sunset wasbeautiful .We enjoyed it .

2-I could not carry my bag .It washeavy .

3-Ahmad runs 5 kilometers a day .He ishealthy .

4-I can not get into the car .the roof islow .

5-I do not understand his book .i t istechnical .

6-I would like to study at the university .It isnice .

Adjectives الصفات

تستخدم a - an قبل الصفة التي تسبق الموصوف المفرد

This is a nice restaurant .

It is an expensive car .

That was an exciting film .

أما إذا جاءت الصفة بعد الموصوف سبقها فعل لا تأخذ (a - an)

This restaurant is nice .

The car is expensive .

That film was exciting .

Exercises :

Customer.....hungry

That is a hungry customer .

That customer is hungry

Opinioninteresting

This is an interesting opinion .

This opinion is interesting .

Cookingexcellent

This is an excellent cooking .

This cooking is excellent .

Complaintbad

That is a bad complaint .

That complaint is bad .

Reported Imperative Sentence

هناك نوعان من الجملة الأمرية: منفية و مثبتة

لتحويل الأمر المثبت إلى غير مباشر :

1-1- نبدأ بكلمة He told me

2--نحذف الأقسام ونربط بكلمة to

لتحويل الأمر المنفي إلى غير مباشر :

1- نبدأ بكلمة He told me

2-نحذف do not ونربط بكلمة not to

ملحوظة:- نحول ضمائر المتكلم إلى مخاطب . كآلاتي:-

you → I you → me

Positive مثبتة

your → my

Negative منفية

Help your friends .
= *He told me to help my friends*

*Don't waste your time .
= *He told me not to waste my time .*

Obeys your parents .
= *He told me to obey my parents .*

* Don't play with fire .
= *He told me not to play with fire*

Do your homework .
= *He told me to do my homework .*

*Don't hit your sister .
= *He told me not to hit my sister .*

Choose the right word (s) :-

1- I told him in bed .

a- stayed b- to stay c-are staying d- stay

2- The doctor told me too much rice or macaroni .

a- to eat b- not to eat c- ate d- eaten

3-I told my sister a letter to her uncle .

a- wrote b- to write c- writing d- written

4- My father told me Waste my time .

a- to waste b- not to waste c- wasted d- wasting

5- My mother told Amani not to To the radio while studying .

a-listens b- listened c- listen d- listening

6- My friend told me fast because it is very dangerous .

a- to drive b- drove c- not to drive d- driving

7-The teacher told boys Any noise in class .

a- not to make b- to make c- making d- made

8- My father me to get up early .

a- said b- told c- asked d- says

An Experimental Test Based on Unit Two

1- The main meal in Saudi Arabia is

a)lunch b) dinner c) breakfast

2-- The main meal in Europe is

a)lunch b) dinner c) breakfast

3-A Muslim should eat with his

a) left hand b)right hand c)both hands

4- Utensils are things towith .

a) play b)write c)dine

5-In Saudi Arabia , people go to a meal

a)on time b)an hour earlier c) an hour later

6- He usually buys his needs at this shop . He is a regular

a)manager b)customer c)viewer

- 7-The food is I like it very much .
a) delicious b) very bad c) not good
- 8-Some people here from the bad service .
a) complaint b) complete c)complain
- 9- Our teacher is very He treats us very well .
a)friend b)friendly c)unfriendly
- 10-The food costs very much . It is very
a)costly b)cheap c) not good
- 11-In Europe , you should arrive to a meal
a)earlier b)later c)on time
- 12-A Is a thing which we usually do
a)customer b)custom c) sleeping in class
- 13-Utensils are
a) a pen and a pencil b)water and Pepsi c) a spoon ,a knife and a fork

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Unit Three football

football = soccer

division

club

aim

life

reach

exciting

The Custodian of the Two Holy mosques

professional

amateur

cup

mid = middle

competition

training

trophy

hard

stadium

work hard

crowd

كرة القدم

قسم

نادي

هدف

حياة

يصل إلى

مثير

خادم الحرمين الشريفين

محترف

هاوي

كأس

وسط - منتصف

مسابقة - منافسة

التدريب

درع الدوري

صعب - بجد

إستاد رياضي

يعمل بجد

الجمهور

international

skills

supporter

Discussion

spread

keep fit

true

team

all over the world

federation

earn

season

beat

real

win won won

Nowadays

member

consist of

details

exercises

دولي

مهارات

مشجع

مناقشة

ينتشر

يحافظ على اللياقة البدنية

حقيقي

فريق

في كل أنحاء العالم

اتحاد رياضي

يكسب مال

موسم

يهزم

حقيقي

يفوز

هذه الأيام

عضو

يتكون من

تفاصيل

تدريبات

Word Study

aim : هدف

a plan – a goal

competition: مهارات الناس تختبر لعبة

a game which tests people's skills

earn بالعمل يحصل على

to get money by working .

federation الأندية الرياضية مجموعة من
a group of sports clubs which play together .

ينتشر
spread معروف يصبح
becomes known to more people

The Reported Speech

الكلام المباشر: هو الكلام من المتكلم إلى المستمع مباشرة ودون واسطة وعادة يوضع بين أقواس
“ Will you visit your uncle ? ” the teacher asked

الكلام غير المباشر : هو الكلام عن المتكلم إلى المستمع ينقله شخص آخر
He asked me if I would visit my uncle .

كيف نحول الجملة الاستفهامية إلى غير مباشر

أولا : نغير فعل القول :

Said → asked
Said to → asked

He asked me if

نبدأ السؤال بهذه الجملة

ثانيا : نحذف الأقواس ونغير الضمائر كما يلي :

You → I
you → me
your → my

ثالثا : نحول جميع الأفعال إلى ماضيها :

1-verb to be :

am - is → was
are → were
was - were → had been

verb to have :

have - has → had
had → had had

Defective verbs :

Can → Could
shall → should
will → would
may → might
must → ought to

* “Can you answer the question ?”

He asked me if I could answer the question .

* “ Have you finished your work ?”

He asked me if I had finished my work .

* “Will you visit your uncle tomorrow ?”

He asked me if I would visit my uncle tomorrow .

Report / Change into reported speech / Change into indirect speech

* “ Is your school very large ? “.....

* “Is it a good school ?”

* “Is there a football team in your town ?”.....

* “ Are you interested in sport ?”.....

*” Are your friends all Saudis ?”

* “Are you happy ?”.....

* “Is it Tuesday ?”.....

أما إذا كان السؤال يبدأ بكلمة استفهام..... فإننا نربط بنفس كلمة الاستفهام و نطبق كل ما سبق :

* “What’s your name ?”

* “Who is your English teacher ?”

* “Where is your homework ?”

* “What are your marks ?”

* “Why are you late ?”

“ When can you see the doctor ?”

* ” Where are you from ?

* “ What are you going to do ?

* “ What time is it ?”

* “ What are the answers ?”

* “ Why have you bought the camera ?”

Change into passive / Make passive

* Someone broke the widow last night

*They played the matches in London

*Someone used the first stamp in 1840

*Someone paints the bridge every year

*They build trucks in Jeddah

choose the right answer :-

1-Ahmad's father asked him why late

a-are you come b-had he come c-he had come has he come

2- HeAhmad what his favourite subject was .

a-told b- asked c-spoke d-said

3- Nabila asked Samia if to buy the red dress .

a-was she going b-she is going c-is she going d-she was going

4-The policeman asked the boy if heanything .

a-lose b-had lost c-have lost d-losing

5-Ali asked Samy if hethe Saudi Kapsah .

a-like b- likes c-liked d-has liked

6-He said that he a good match .

a- playing b- has played c- played d- plays

7-He asked me on holiday .

a-where do I go b- where I went c-where did I go c-where will I go

8-He said he the sound of an engine .

a-could hear b- can hear c- hears d-hearing

9-She asked her uncle if have a drink .

a-can she a- she can c- could she d- she could

10-Nabil Sami what he wanted to do on Friday ?

a-asked a-told c- said d- tells

11-Soha asked Ahmad he wanted a drink .

a) that b) if c) can d) did

12-She asked him if there enough sugar in his tea .

a) is b) are c) was d) were

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Unit Four Health Care

a clinic	عيادة طبية
as soon as	بمجرد أن
What's the problem ?	مم تعاني ؟
change	يغير
What's the matter ?	مم تعاني ؟
wake up	يصحو من النوم
What's wrong with you ?	مم تعاني ؟
I think so	أنا اعتقد ذلك
earache	ألم في الأذن
I don't think so	أنا لا اعتقد ذلك
sore throat	احتقان في الحلق
all right	على ما يرام - تمام
pain = ache	ألم
chest	الصدر
health care	الرعاية الصحية
hurt	يؤلم
government	الحكومة
exactly	تماما - بالضبط
decide	يقرر
cough	كحة
citizen	مواطن
appointment	موعد
specialists	المتخصصون
get better	يتحسن

check	يفحص
free	مجانا - بدون تكلفة
Pulse	النبض
Ministry of Health	وزارة الصحة
serious = dangerous	خطير
operate	يدير
enjoy	يستمتع
male ذكر female	إناث
Imagine	يتخيل
main kinds	الأنواع الأساسية
practise	يمارس
small clinics	المستوصفات الصغيرة
look forward to	يتطلع إلى
General hospitals	لمستشفيات العامة
specialized centers	المراكز التخصصية
area	منطقة
kingdom	المملكة
treat	يعالج
out-patients	مرضى العيادات الخارجية
kidney	الكلية
in – patients	المرضى المنومين
equipment	معدات
medicine	علاج
look after = take care of	يعتني بـ

Word Study

يشغل

Operate: يعمل شيء يجعل
To make something work .

يمنع

Prevent : الحدوث من شيء يوقف
To stop something from happening.

يسجل

Register: الاسم يسجل

to write down your name .

نتيجة

Result : شيء عمل بعد يحدث ما
What happens after you do something .

يعالج

Treat : مرض يشفي يحاول
To try to cure an illness .

Questions and answers

1- When do go to a clinic ?

I go to a clinic when I am ill .

2- What kind of health care do Saudis have ?

They have free health care .

3- What are the main kinds of health care in Saudi Arabia ?

They are : small clinics , general hospitals and specialized centers .

4- Where are small clinics found ?

Small clinics are found in all small villages .

5- Where are general hospitals found ?

general hospitals are found in towns .

6- Where are specialized centers found ?

specialized centers are found in big cities .

7- What do specialized centers treat ?

specialized centers treat eye ,heart and kidney problems .

8- How are patients at government hospitals treated ?

They are treated with the most modern equipment and medicines .

9- Who look after in-patients ?

Trained nurses doctors and nurses look after in-patients .

10- Who are in-patients ?

In-patients are patients who stay at a hospital for treatment .

11- Who are out-patients ?

Out-patients are patients who see the doctor ,take medicines and go home

Health care in Saudi Arabia

Citizens of Saudi Arabia have free health care .There are three kinds of health care in Saudi Arabia .They are small clinics , general hospitals and specialized centers . Small clinics are found in all small villages. general hospitals are found in towns . Specialized centers are found in big cities . They treat eye ,heart and kidney problems . Patients at the government hospitals are treated with the most modern equipment and medicines . Trained nurses and doctors look after in-patients .

King Fahd Hospital

City	Jeddah
Name	King Fahd Hospital
Type	General
Built in	1980
Beds (at that time)	220
Beds (later)	500
Clinics	25
Male doctors	190
Female doctors	25
Male nurses	3
Female nurses	321
Out – patients	30 – 40 everyday
In – patients	10 – 12 days

King Fahd Hospital

King Fahd Hospital is found in Jeddah . It is a general hospital and it was built in 1980 .At that time , it had 220 beds . Now , it has about 500 beds . It has about 25 clinics . There are 190 male doctors and 25 female doctors in the hospital . There are 25 clinics in the hospital . There are 3 male nurses and 321 female nurses . Between 30 to 40 out patients go to the hospital everyday . In – patients may stay about 10 to 12 days in the hospital .

The Ophthalmic Hospital

City	Jeddah
Name	The ophthalmic Hospital
Type	eyes
Built in	1950
Beds (at that time)	45
Beds (later)	110
Clinics	16
Male doctors	12
Female doctors	7
nurses	75
Out – patients	400 – 500 everyday
In – patients	15 days

The Ophthalmic Hospital

The ophthalmic Hospital is found in Jeddah . It is eyes hospital and it was built in 1950 . At that time , it had 45 beds . Now , it has about 110 beds . It has about 16 clinics . There are 12 male doctors and 7 female doctors in the hospital .There are 75 nurses . Between 400 to 500 out patients go to the hospital everyday .In – patients may stay about 15 days in the hospital .

Word Study Exercises

مرضى العيادات الخارجية

الرئتين

النبض

صدر

اشعة X

chest

X-ray

out-patient

lungs

pulse

مدى القلب يدق

سرعة

1-Your.....tells how fast your heart is beating.

الدم

2-After the accident, I saw blood on the man's

رجل مكسورة

المريض

أوضحت

3-The patient's_____showed a broken leg.

الوحيد

وصلت

المستشفى

4-When I arrived at the hospital, I was the only._____

لا تتنفس

خارج الماء

5-Fish do not have _____so they cannot breathe out of water.

ضروي

بمجرد أن

إلى آخره

خطير

مجانا

etc.

serious

free

necessary

as soon as

الرعاية الصحية

مواطني

Health care isfor citizens of Saudi Arabia.

7-The table is covered with books, paper, pencils.,

محرك

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عالية

مغطاة بـ

ضوضاء

8-The loud noise from your car engine may be__

يبدأ

الواجب

9-He always begins his homework_____ he gets home.

تريـد

تـدرس

الجامعـة

شهادة

10-A school certificate is _____if you want to study at university.

cough

من

treat

التدخين

prevent

register

operate

11-How can we people from smoking

كثيـرا

من الأفضل

12-It is best to see your doctor if you a lot.

ارغب في استخدام

آلة

13-I would like to use this machine, but I cannot _____

قبل

يحضر

14-You must_____at school before you can attend class.

مرضى

العين في

مشاكل

15-Some doctors in that hospitalpatients with eye problems.

appointment

department

clinic

treatment

specialist

16-Dr. Hani is a heart

عادة

مرضى

17-A doctor usually sees his patients at his. _____

18-My _____ with the director is at 10.15 this morning.

19-There are four teachers in the English

رض _____

أحسست

أفضل

20-I felt much better after the doctor's of my sickness .

Verb + Verb + ing

هناك بعض الأفعال والتعبيرات يأتي بعدها فعل + ing

ينتهي

يبدأ

يتخيل

يتطلع إلى

يمارس

يستمتع ب

enjoy - finish x start imagine - look forward to - practise

I	enjoyed	dining with my friends
He	finished	finding out about customs
She	imagined	grilling the steak
We	looked forward to	heading the ball
You	practiced	going jogging everyday
They		

Correct the following verbs :

I can not imagine (go) to the moon

If he finishes (do)H.W . early ,he will watch T.V.

Yousef practise (speak) English all day

I look forward to (see) you next week

They enjoyed (watch) English films.

B-Choose the right answer :

1-He played instead of

*a-studying**b-study**c-studies**d-being studied.(*

2- I look forward to a doctor

*a- become**b-become**c-becoming**d-became.*

4- I enjoy in the afternoon.

*a-rest**b-to rest**c-resting**d-be resting*

5- We shall go on their help.

*a-ask**b-to ask**c-asking**d-asked*

8- As soon asabout him , I'll let you know.

*a-hear**b-will hear**c-hearing**d-heard*

10- We had a lot of difficulties in..... it .

*a-find**b-to find**c-Finding**d-found*

11-I enjoy police stories .

a) read b)reads c) reading

12-She practices on her computer everyday .

a) write b) writing c) wrote

13-My friends look forward to the doctor .

a) meeting b) met c) meet

14-Ali started At 5 :30 in the morning .

a) ran b) runs c)running

Asking for opinions

للسؤال عن رأي شخص ما نستخدم

Do you think + subject + verb ...? ؟ هل تعتقد

No , I don't think so .

Don't you think + subject + verb ...? ألا تعتقد

Yes , I think so .

Do you think it is expensive ?

No , I don't think so .

Do you think they are late ?

No , I don't think so .

Do you think it is serious ?

No , I don't think so .

Do you think i am wrong ?

No , I don't think so .

Don't you think it is expensive ?

Yes , I think so .

Don't you think they are late ?

Yes , I think so .

Don't you think it is serious ?

Yes , I think so .

Don't you think I am wrong ?

Yes , I think so .

Join the following sentences :

* Is he right ? * Do you think ?

.....?

*Were these things costly ? * Don't you think ?

..... ?

*Has he got enough time ? * Do you think ?

.....?

* Don't you think we are too early for lunch ?

(Answer the question

)

.....

*Do you think she will pass the test ?

(Answer the question

)

.....

Reflexive Pronouns الضمائر المنعكسة

هي الضمائر التي تؤكد أن الفاعل هو نفسه الذي يقوم بفعل الفعل و ليس شخص آخر

I	→	myself	نفسي
You	→	yourself	نفسك
He	→	himself	نفسه

ضمائر المفرد

She _____ → **herself**
It _____ → **itself**

We _____ → **ourselves** أنفسنا
You _____ → **yourselves** أنفسكم
They _____ → **themselves** أنفسهم

ضمائر الجمع

I cooked the food **myself** .

She wrote the letters **herself** .

He made an appointment **himself** .

They lit the barbecue **themselves** .

Complete with a reflexive pronoun :

- *My friends mended the car
- *The teacher welcomed them
- *We painted the room
- *The boy washed his face
- *I arranged the school journey
- *Mona cooked the food

Choose the right answer :

1-She has locked out of the flat.

- a- her b- herself c- hers d- she

2-The child is unable to look after.....

- a- he b- him c- himself d- his

3-The killer shot..... when the police had arrested him.

- a- him b- himself c- his d- he

4-Did you paint the room

- a- your b- yours c- yourself d- you

5-My sister cleans the house

- a) herself b) myself c)himself

6-My father drove me to the airport

- a) herself b) myself c)himself

7-The girls learn to prepare lunch

- a) herself b)ourselves c)themselves

8-Don't tell me the answer; I can find it

- a-me b-my c-myself d-mine

9-The old man is no longer able to look after

- a-him b-his c-himself d-he

10-To be successful in life, you must depend on

- a-you b-your c-yours d-yourself

11-When the policeman came, the thief shotand died at once.

a-him

b-himself

c-his

d-he

Joining two sentences

تستخدم الكلمات الآتية للربط بين جملتين :-

When - عندما - before - قبل - after - بعد - as soon as - بمجرد أن - and

و

1-It hurts **when** I cough .

3- It hurts **after** I cough .

2-It hurts **as soon as** I cough .

4- It hurts **before** I cough .

Join the following sentences using : after / before / as soon as / when

1-You get upyou wash yourself .

2- we have breakfastwe thank Allah

3-i finish eatingI clean my teeth .

4- he gets to schoolhe starts work

5-she does her homework ...she has a sleep .

An Experimental test based on Unit 4

Choose the right answer :

1-When you feel ill , you should go to a

a) *clinic*

b) *school*

c) *police station*

2-He can not speak well . He has

a) *an earache*

b) *sore throat*

c) *backache*

3-Do you it is serious ? No , I don't think so .

a) *thinking*

b) *thought*

c) *think*

4-Don't you think ? Yes , I think so .

a) *is he all right*

b) *he is all right*

c) *isn't he all right*

5- A man who has the nationality of a country is one of its

a) *citizens*

b) *pupils*

c) *doctors*

6- Your parents you when you were born .

a) *operate*

b) *prevent*

c) *register*

7- Small clinics are found in all

a) *towns*

b) *small villages*

c) *big cities*

8- specialized centers are found in

a) *towns*

b) *small villages*

c) *big cities*

9- general hospitals are found in.....

a) *towns*

b) *small villages*

c) *big cities*

10-The aim of is to treat sickness and prevent diseases .

a) *specialized centers*

b) *general hospitals*

c) *small clinics*

11-People who have problems with their hearts , should go to

a) *specialized centers*

b) *general hospitals*

c) *small clinics*

12-..... are patients who stay at hospital for treatment .

a) *Out – patients*

b) *In – patients*

c) *trained nurses*

13-are patients who see the doctor and go home .

a) *Out – patients*

b) *In – patients*

c) *trained nurses*

14-..... Look after in – patients at the hospital .

a) *Amateur players*

b) *Professional players*

c) *Trained nurses*

15- there arekinds of health care in Saudi Arabia .

a) *three*

b) *four*

c) *five*

Report / Change into reported speech / Change into indirect speech

1- “ Is your family name Al-Solamy ?”

2-“ Are you 18 years old ?”

3-Were you born in 1975 ?”

4-“ Are you Saudi ?”

5-“ What is your family name ?”

6-“ How old are you ?”

7-“ When were you born ?”

8-“ Where were you born ?”

9-“What nationality are you ?”

10- “What is your occupation ?”-

11-“ How heavy are you ?”

12-“ What is your telephone number ?”

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unit 5

language learning

language	لغة	maximum	الحد الأقصى
laboratory	معمل		
director	مدير	advantages	مزايا
facilities	أجهزة	advanced	متطور – متقدم
private	خاص (ملكية خاصة)	during	خلال – أثناء
per	لكل	design	يصمم
public	عام (ملكية عامة)	recognized by	معترف به بواسطة....
accommodation	المسكن	needs	احتياجات
possibilities	فرص - احتمالات	tennis court	ملعب التنس
share	يشارك في	specially	بصفة خاصة
abroad	في الخارج	horse – riding	ركوب الخيل
minimum	الحد الأدنى	offer	يعرض - يمنح
kingdom	مملكة	excursion	رحلة سياحية قصيرة

Word Study

design : يخطط

أجهزة To plan something .

facilities : المعدات
حاجة equipments

need : تريده تحتاجه شيء
something you need or want .

recognize : يقول
say something is good .

specially : لغرض محدد
for one particular purpose

Questions and answers

1-What are the main possibilities for studying more English ?

There are two main possibilities :

a) to study English here in Saudi Arabia . b) to study English abroad .

2-What are the advantages of studying English here in Saudi Arabia ?

- a) It is cheaper
- b) You can work by day and study at night .
- c) You can continue as long as you want .

3- What are the advantages of studying English abroad ?

You can hear and speak English all the time .

4-Where can you listen to a lot of English ?

In the language laboratory .

5-What are the four skills of learning English ?

They are listening , speaking , reading and writing .

Choose the right answer :

1-You can hear English all the time

a) *abroad* b) *in Saudi Arabia* c) *at school*

2- You can continue studying more English when you study

a) *abroad* b) *in Saudi Arabia* c) *at school*

3-You can listen to a lot of English in the

a) *language laboratory* b) *sailing boat* c) *workshop*

4- You can practise sailing in the

a) *playground* b) *sea* c) *hospital*

5-To improve your listening , you should More English in the laboratory .

a) *write* b) *listen to* c) *speak*

6-5-To improve your speaking ability, you should More with other people

a) *write* b) *listen to* c) *speak*

7- Design houses and other buildings .

a) *An engineer* b) *A pilot* c) *A language teacher*

advantages facilities needs excursions possibilities

1. Our new school has for study and sport.
السفر بالطائرة أسرع
2. One of the of travelling by plane is that it is faster.
أترك مختلف
3. I do not know what to do when I leave school. What are the different?
4. Ali's class makes many by bus.
طعام شراب

5. A hungry and thirsty man has two _____ : food and drink.

*****8

- يحسن يتقاسم يتعرف على يعرض يصمم

offer design improve share recognize

6. I think I..... that man. I have seen him on TV-
7. You can your English by working harder.

8. When my guests arrive, I will them tea or coffee.

الأبنية الخرائط بينها

9. That man's Job is tobuildings. He draws the plans and other people build them.

أقفل غلاء

10. Our summer course in England will be less expensive if wea double room.

البرنامج الدراسي الصيفي
بصفة خاصة خاص أجنبي مكثف لكل

intensive per especially private foreign

11-On that course, there are 35 lessons week .

صُمم له

12- Some of the lessons were designed for him .

13- These cars are They were not made in this country .

مدرسة حكومية يُدرّس

اعتاد أن

14- He used to teach in the government school, but now he teaches in aone .

لأنه أراد أن يتعلم وقت قصير

15- He took the Course because he wanted to learn a lot in a short time .

VERB + ING

سبق أن درسنا في الوحدة الرابعة أن هناك بعض الأفعال والتعبيرات يأتي بعدها فعل + ing

يمارس يتطلع إلى يتخيل يبدأ ينتهي يستمتع ب

enjoy - finish x start imagine - look forward to - practise

و هناك أيضا بعض الأفعال التي يمكن أن يأتي v. + ing او يأتي بعدها الفعل في المصدر to

+ inf.

Begin =start - love = like continue hate يكره

Word Study

agriculture : الزراعة
Farming

التجارة
commerce شراء بيع الأشياء
The buying and selling of things

إنتاج
production عمل الأشياء
Making something

الصناعة
industry المصنع الأشياء صنع
Making things in factories .

يجهز - يعد
prepare يجعل شيء جاهز
Make something ready .

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Questions and answers

1-What is the government's aim of technical schools ?

The government aim to train more of its citizens in various skills .

2- What are the main kinds of technical schools ?

They are industrial schools , commercial schools and agricultural schools .

3- How long is the course in technical schools ?

courses normally take three years .

4- What skills do students learn about in industrial schools ?

They learn about car mechanics , painting , refrigeration , air conditioning and welding.

6- What skills do students learn about in commercial schools ?

They learn about banking , typing , office work and computer operation .

7-What skills do students learn about in agricultural schools ?

They learn about food production

8- What are the advantages which the government offers for studying at a technical school ?

They have money grants , free accommodation and immediate jobs .

Word Study Exercises

التبريد _____ سلسـلة _____ ورشـة _____ النجارة _____
company carpentry refrigeration series workshop

With you can keep food for a long time.
 لوقت طويل الطعام يحفظ
 الأخير

Yesterday's programme was the last one in the
 تحدث في

Classes on car mechanics usually take place in a. _____
 من الخشب أشياء كيف يتعلم حصص ميكانيكا السيارات المتدربون

Trainees doing _____ learn how to make things with wood.
 مكاتب كل للمملكة المدن الرئيسية

Ahmad's _____ has offices in all the Kingdom's main cities.

يختار _____ يتقدم _____ ينتج _____ يلحم _____
a. go on weld select apply produce

6-This steel pipe is broken. I will have to.....
 مكسورة أنبوب حديد

7-Listening and speaking in most English lessons.
 المدارس عمال مهرة السمع الكلام التقنية

8-The aim of the technical schools is to..... skilled workers.
 مكان كتابة هدف

9-You should for a place in a school by writing a letter.

10-Here is a list of courses. Please..... the ones you want to take.
 البرامج الدراسية قائمة

تجـاري _____ أساسي _____ صـناعي _____ مهني _____
useful vocational commercial basic industrial

11-My computer has been very _____ to me in my work.
 أعمال البنوك

12-If you want to study banking, you should go to a _____ school.
 إصلاح السيارات متقدم

13-This is a course in car repair. It is not for advanced students.

14-If you want to study car mechanics, you should go to an..... school.

الطباعة مهارات تدريب على

15-Thesecondary schools offer training in many skills like typing , farming and welding.

اللحام

معهم

الطباعة

بليون

التكييف

منحة

air-conditioning

grant

institute

typing

billion

من صناعي

تخرج

16-Hisham has just graduated from an industrial

17-For his course in office work, he must learn

تعيش براحة مناخ حار

18-With_____ you can live comfortably in a hot climate.

19-Umar does not pay _____ for his course himself. He gets a

الحكومة يكلف المطار

20-This airport will cost the government about one..... riyals to build.

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Taking out who , which or that

are – is – am + verb + ing من يتكون من which – who- that اذا كان الفعل بعد

ing + الفعل و نترك الفعل + am-is-are و that-who-which : نحذف ضمير الوصل

* There are trainees **who are** learning about welding .

There are trainees **learning** about welding .

* There are different courses **which are** going on here .

There are different courses **going** on here .

* Welding is useful for trainees **who want** to work in industry .

Welding is useful for trainees **wanting** to work in industry .

اما اذا كان الفعل بعد **who-which-that** مضارع بسيط **play plays** او ماضي بسيط **played**

فإننا نحذف ضمير الوصل : **that-who-which** و نرد الفعل لمصدره و نضيف له **ing**

Here is a gentleman **who** explains what is going on .

Here_ is a gentleman **explaining** what is going on .

* There were trainees **who did** carpentry here last work .

There were trainees **doing** carpentry here last work .

*There were courses **that took** place here yesterday .

There were courses **taking** place here yesterday .

You are the viewers **who watch** this programme .

You are the viewers **watching** this programme .

Shorten the clause with : who –which

- 1- Those are the trainees who are doing the courses .
.....
- 2- This is the group which is learning about refrigeration .
.....
- 3- There are courses which take place in this building .
.....
- 4- There are other students who learn about car mechanics .
.....
- 5- Industry , commerce and farming are areas which need these skills .
.....

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Word Study Exercises

Unit 1

- | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| رخام | عامود | غروب الشمس | تل | حيوان |
| <u>hill</u> | <u>animal</u> | <u>marble</u> | <u>pillar</u> | <u>sunset</u> |
| | | صلاة | المغرب | |
- 1-Maghreb prayer is at
- | | | |
|----------|-----|-------|
| مصنوع من | قصر | الملك |
|----------|-----|-------|
- 2-the King's palace was made of
- | |
|------|
| بضحي |
|------|
- 3-He sacrificed an at Mina .
- | | | | | |
|------|-----|-------|------|------|
| عالي | جزء | الأرض | عادة | نمشي |
|------|-----|-------|------|------|

4-A Is usually a high piece of land .You can usually walk on it .

ارتفاعه مطار سقف يحمل

5-Each which supports the roof at the new airport in Jeddah is 46m high .

يستبدل يأتي يضحي

محاظة ب يدور حول

circled surrounded sacrificed come replaced

حيوان

أثناء

العام الماضي

6-During Al-Hajj last year , we, an animal .

واحد جديد ب

المكسور

7-They the broken cup with a new one .

بالبحار

بريطانيا

8-Britain is By seas .

مرات

الطائرة

المطار

8-The plane the airport six times .

حجاج

يأتي

السعودية

يؤدي

كل عام

ملايين

10- Every year , millions of pilgrims come to Saudi Arabia to perform Al-Hajj .

Do you know how many pilgrims have here since 1415 H.

مصباح

مصنع

أساس

صفوف

خط اليد

rows

writing

lamp

factory

base

لأن

الستائر

مغلقة

أشعلت

11-I turned on a Because the curtains in my room were closed .

يصنع

السوداء

الستارة

12- A in Makkah makes the black curtains for the Holly Ka'aba .

سيئ جدا

يقرأ

كلمة

13- Your is very bad . I can not read a word .

مبنى

مصنوع من

حجر

الجزء العلوي

مصنوع من

14- The of this building is made of stone , but the top part is

made of wood .

خشب .

في الصلاة

في يقف

15- Muslims stand in in the prayers .

Unit 2

في

إما

جنباً إلى جنب

بعد ذلك

نادراً

الموعد

rarely

on time

either

side by side

afterwards

يجب أن نكون

1. Our flight leaves at exactly 7.04 p.m. We must be
تماما تغادر رحلة جوية

2. I am going shopping now and will do my homework..... .
التسوق سأذهب
ففي الحقيقة

3. Their house is very close to ours. In fact, they are _..... .
مجاور لـ يشتركي من مطعم

4. Customers complain about a good restaurant.
الزبائن

5. The main meal of the day is usually..... lunch or dinner.
الوجبة الرئيسية
مشغول غالي لذيذ ودود/عطوف مؤدب

friendly polite busy costly delicious
المدير يتكلم معنا

6. The manager could not talk to us because he was
ثمن تذكرة الطائرة

7. I had to save up for months because the air fare was very
يذكر
أوروبا
يصل وجبة

8. In Europe, it is _____ to arrive on time for a meal.

9. The food was cheap but
لا يحب أحد

10. He does not like anyone. He is not very
يعمل يشتركي يكتشف يأكل يفكر في

dine think of do complain find out about
قالت و نفسي قدمت

11.1 introduced myself and said, "How do you?"
دليل نريد عاداتهم

12. Do you have a guide book for France? We want to their customs before we go there.

13. We usuallyat 7.00 p.m.

14. "What do youLebanese cooking?" "It's excellent."
ممتاز الطهي اللبناني

15. If the food is not good. you should.....to the manager.
رأي زبون عادة هدية

habit gift customer opinion course
اشترى منتظم

16.1 often shop at this supermarket. I am a regular

17. At dinner, we had a pudding after the main
مهلبية
أصبحت

18.1 often sleep in the afternoon. It has become a
مناسبة خاصة

19. It was a special occasion. So we gave our brother a

20. She asked, "What is your of my cooking?" I answered, "t think it is delicious." لذيذ

Unit 3

محترف	كل يوم	هاوي	منتصف الأسبوع	مثير
<u>professional</u>	<u>weekday</u>	<u>amateur</u>	<u>mid-week</u>	<u>exciting</u>
		مشجعين	قفزوا	مقاعدهم

1. The match was so that the supporters jumped out of their chairs.

2. Every..... morning, he works in his office in Riyadh, but not on Thursday or Friday.

3-They are all basketball players. It is their job. وظيفتهم

4. There is often a match in Saudi Arabia. It is on Mondays.

5. They are footballers. They play for fun, not for money.
لاعب كرة قدم متعة

6. They are of people waited to see the King- ملك
جمهور نادي هدف

trophy discussion crowd club aim
قرروا

6. The boys decided to have an English at school.
لاعب كرة قدم

7. His is to become a top soccer player.
انتظرت

8. A of people waited to see the King- ملك

9. His team won the at the end of the competition. مسابقة

10. "We need a longabout your work," the teacher said.
تكون من كسب يهزم

changed spread consisted of earned beat
يغير ينتشر

11. Last year, many professional tennis players more than a million dollars.
دهنها أصفر

12. He hashis car. He has painted it yellow.

13. The last English book..... six units.

نهائي الكأس فاز بـ

14. The red team the green team and won the Cup Final.

خلال كل العالم

اللغة

15. The English language has throughout the whole world.

Unit 4

مرضى العيادات الخارجية

الرئتين

النبض

صدر

اشعة X

chest

X-ray

out-patient

lungs

pulse

مدى

القلب

يدق

سرعة

1-Your..... tells how fast your heart is beating.

الدم

2-After the accident, I saw blood on the man's

رجل مكسورة

المريض

أوضحت

3-The patient's showed a broken leg.

الوحيد

وصلت

المستشفى

4-When I arrived at the hospital, I was the only.....

لا تتنفس خارج الماء

5-Fish do not have so they cannot breathe out of water.

ضروي

بمجرد أن

إلى آخره

خطير

مجانا

etc.

serious

free

necessary

as soon as

الرعاية الصحية

مواطني

6-Health care isfor citizens of Saudi Arabia.

مغطاة بـ

7-The table is covered with books, paper, pencils.,

محرك

عالية

ضوضاء

8-The loud noise from your car engine may be__

يبدأ

الواجب

9-He always begins his homework_____ he gets home.

تريـد

تدرس

الجامعة

شهادة

10-A school certificate is _____ if you want to study at university.

يمنع

يسجل بيانات

يشغل

يسعل /

يعالج

cough

treat

prevent

register

operate

من

التدخين

11-How can we people from smoking

كثيراً

من الأفضل

12-It is best to see your doctor if you a lot.

ارغب في استخدام

آلة

13-I would like to use this machine, but I cannot _____

قبل

يحضر

14-You must _____ at school before you can attend class.

مرضى

في العين

مشاكل

15-Some doctors in that hospitalpatients with eye problems.

قسم

عيادة

علاج

أخصائي

موعد

appointment

department

clinic

treatment

specialist

16-Dr. Hani is a heart

عادة

مرضى

17-A doctor usually sees his patients at his. _____

18-My _____ with the director is at 10.15 this morning.

19-There are four teachers in the English

مريض _____

أحسست

أفضل

20-I felt much better after the doctor's of my sickness .

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Unit 5

advantages

facilities

needs

excursions

possibilities

1. Our new school has for study and sport.

السفر

بالبطائرة

أسرع

2. One of the of travelling by plane is that it is faster.

أترك

مختلف

3. I do not know what to do when I leave school. What are the different?

4. Ali's class makes many by bus.

طعام

شرب

جوعان

عطشان

5. A hungry and thirsty man has two _____ : food and drink.

يحسن

يتقاسم

يتعرف على

يعرض

يصمم

offer

design

improve

share

recognize

6. I think I..... that man. I have seen him on TV-

7. You can your English by working harder.

يصلوا

8. When my guests arrive, I will them tea or coffee.

الأبنية

الخرائط

بينها

9. That man's Job is tobuildings. He draws the plans and other people build them.

أقن

غلاء

البرنامج الدراسي الصيفي

10. Our summer course in England wilt be less expensive if wea double room.

بصفة خاصة خاص أجنبي مكثف لكل

intensive per especially private foreign

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صُمم له
12- Some of the lessons were designed for him .

13- These cars are They were not made in this country .

مدرسة حكومية يُدرّس اعتاد أن

14- He used to teach in the government school, but now he teaches in aone .

لأنه أراد أن يتعلم وقت قصير

15- He took the Course because he wanted to learn a lot in a short time .

Unit 6

التبريد سلسلة ورشة النجارة

company carpentry refrigeration series workshop

لوقت طويل الطعام يحفظ

With you can keep food for a long time.

الأخير

Yesterday's programme was the last one in the

حدث في

Classes on car mechanics usually take place in a.....

يتعلم كيف من الخشب أشياء

المتدربون

Trainees doing learn how to make things with wood.

مكاتب كل المدن الرئيسية للمملكة

Ahmad's has offices in all the Kingdom's main cities.

يختار يتقدم ينتج يستمر يلحم

a. go on weld select apply produce

يجب أن

مكسورة أنبوب حديد

6-This steel pipe is broken. I will have to..... .

السمع الكلام

7-Listening and speaking in most English lessons.

المدارس عمال مهرة

هدف التقنية

8-The aim of the technical schools is to..... skilled workers.

مكان كتابة

9-You should for a place in a school by writing a letter.

البرامج الدراسية قائمة

10-Here is a list of courses. Please..... the ones you want to take.

تجاري

أساسي

صناعي

مفيد

مهني

useful vocational commercial basic industrial

11-My computer has been very _____ to me in my work.

أعمال البنوك

12-If you want to study banking, you should go to a _____ school.

إصلاح السيارات

متقدم

13-This is a course in car repair. It is not for advanced students.

14-If you want to study car mechanics, you should go to an..... school.

تدريب على

مهارات

الطباعة

15-Thesecondary schools offer training in many skills like typing ,
farming and welding. اللحم

معهم

الطباعة

بليغون

التكييف

منحة

air-conditioning

grant

institute

typing

billion

من

صناعي

تخرج

16-Hisham has just graduated from an industrial

17-For his course in office work, he must learn

تعيش

براحة

حار

مناخ

18-With _____ you can live comfortably in a hot climate.

19-Umar does not pay _____ for his course himself. He gets a

المطار

يكلف

الحكومة

20-This airport will cost the government about one..... riyals to build.