حلول مراجعة وتمارين تقوية لرفع مستوى التدني ورفع نواتج التعلم الوحدة 12 الصدمة الثقافية

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج السعودية

موقع المناهج ⇦ المناهج السعودية ⇦ الصف الثالث المتوسط ⇦ لغة انجليزية ⇦ الفصل الثاني ⇦ ملفات متنوعة ⇦ الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 22-05-2026 14:31:52

المزيد من مادة لغة انجليزية: ملفات ا كتب للمعلم ا كتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس

إعداد: نوريه الغامدي

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثالث المتوسط

صفحة المناهج السعودية على فيسبوك

المواد على تلغرام | التربية الاسلامية | اللغة العربية | اللغة الانجليزية | الرياضيات

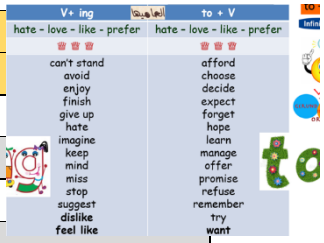
المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثالث المتوسط والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

1	مراجعة وتمارين تقوية لرفع مستوى التدني ورفع نواتج التعلم الوحدة 12 الصدمة الثقافية غير محلول
2	الدرس السابع الوحدة 12 ورقة عمل تفاعلية لدرس الماضي التام Perfect Past
3	الدرس السابع الوحدة 12 شرح قاعدة الماضي التام Perfect Past
4	الدرس السادس الوحدة 12 عرض تقديمي لدرس القراءة الصدمة الثقافية
5	الدرس السادس الوحدة 12 تدريبات إضافية على أحرف الكتابة الكبيرة

الرجاء الالتزام بالمنهج في الكتاب وهذه مراجعه للتدريب ولزيادة الفهم ومعالجة مستوى التدني والصعوبات في مادة اللغة الإنجليزية
☺ لا ابيح من ينسب تمارين وتدريبات المرحلة المتوسطة وتحضير البوربوينت لنفسة ناسيا كم من جهد ووقت تم بذلة عليها

Super Goal 3 | Revision | U :.12\ Culture Shock

Name: _____ Grade 9 – 3rd Intermediate Class: _____



Grammar (1-35)			
Choose the correct answers			
1. She avoided ……. him about her plans.			
a. told	b. telling	c. tells	d. tell
2. He enjoys …… a bath in the evening.			
a. has	b. had	c. having	d. have
3. Sam suggested ……at the station			
a. meets	b. met	c. meet	d. meeting
4. He decided …… with Khaled instead.			
a. to go	b. go	c. went	d. going
5. She promised …… me there.			
a. takes	b. took	c. to take	d. taking
6. She didn't forget ……			
a. phoned	b. to phone	c. phoning	d. phones
7. I never remember …… the door.			
a. to lock	b. locked	c. locks	d. locking
8. Where did you learn …… Spanish?			
a. spoke	b. spoken	c. to speak	d. speaking
9. Frank offered …… us paint the house.			
a. to help	b. helping	c. helps	d. helped
10. Sandra decided …… economics in London.			
a. studying	b. studies	c. studied	d. to study
11. I'm hoping …… Lisa.			
a. see	b. to see	c. seeing	d. saw
12. I expect ……			
a. to succeed	b. succeeds	c. succeeding	d. succeed
13. We can't afford …… on holiday.			
a.	b.	c. to go	d.
14. He managed …… the door without the key.			
a. opened	b. to open	c. opens	d. opening
15. Frank offered …… us to the supermarket.			
a. to drive	b. drove	c. driving	d. drives
16. They choose ……happy.			
a. be	b. being	c. been	d. to be
17. I expect ……			
a. come	b. to come	c. came	d. coming
18. Don't forget …… out the garbage.			
a. taking	b. takes	c. to take	d. took
19. He has learned …….. patient.			
a. to be	b. been	c. be	d. being

20.I learned ……..without her.			
a. living	b. lived	c. to live	d. live
21.I refused …… the question			
a. answered	b. to answer	c. answering	d. answers
22.I remembered …… calm			
a. stays	b. stayed	c. staying	d. to stay
23.She didn't even try …… the right thing.			
a. did	b. does	c. to do	d. done
24.Many people try …… up smoking			
a. to give	b. gave	c. gives	d. giving
25.He allowed me …… his computer. V+ Pronoun + to+ V			
a. using	b. to use	c. used	d. use
26.They **expect** him …… early.			
a. arrives	b. arrived	c. to arrive	d. arriving
27.She promised him …… smoking.			
a. stopped	b. to stop	c. stops	d. stopping
28.……is my hobby			
a. Cook	b. cooks	c. Cooked	d. Cooking
29.…… homework is boring			
a. Doing	b. Did	c. Done	d. Does
30.I …… articles on various topics before he came.			
a. wrote	b. had written	c. write	d. writing
31.They had played football in that field **before** it …… to rain.			
a. started	b. starting	c. stars	d. to start
32.**After** the exams had finished, they …… a party.			
a. having	b. have	c. had	d. to have
33.The party couldn't start until Kate ……			
a. to arrive	b. had arrived	c. arriving	d. arrives
34.The film had started **before** I …… dinner.			
a. to eat	b. eating	c. ate	d. eats
35.He …… healthy **until** he started overeating.			
a. had been	b. been	c. being	d. be

…

Choose the correct structure:			
a	She expects to work all night .	c	They expects to work all night .
b	She expect to work all night	d	She expects working all night
Choose the correct structure:			
a	I remember write an email .	b	I remember to write an email.
c	She remember to write an email.	d	I remembers to write an email.

Do as shown between brackets:

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1. I refuse (eat) fast food. [Correct the verb]
   I refuse **to eat** fast food.

Spelling \ Orthography (36-57) Choose the correct letters			
36. I have a 15 min __reak from my work.			
a. (m)	b. (b)	c. (p)	d. (d)
37. He knows how to eat with ch__psticks.			
a. (a)	b. (i)	c. (e)	d. (o)
38. It is the c__stom for the bride to wear a white dress on her wedding day.			
a. (u)	b. (e)	c. (i)	d. (a)
39.Clean the du__t off the shelf.			
a. (i)	b. (a)	c. (u)	d. (e)
40.Our __uest is waiting for us downstairs.			
a. (k)	b. (g)	c. (l)	d. (z)
41.We were selected as h__st of the Olympics through our efforts.			
a. (i)	b. (e)	c. (a)	d. (o)
42.We'll try to make a good __mpression.			
a. (e)	b. (u)	c. (i)	d. (a)
43.I want to see my la__yer before I say anything.			
a. (w)	b. (n)	c. (z)	d. (q)
44.Many villages in Mali consist of m__d huts.			
a. (o)	b. (u)	c. (a)	d. (u)
45.Tom has no money in his poc__et.			
a. (q)	b. (g)	c. (k)	d. (j)
46.The hotel p__rter will help you to carry the bags.			
a. (o)	b. (e)	c. (i)	d. (a)
47.Her mother's death came as a great __hock.			
a. (r)	b. (x)	c. (z)	d. (s)
48.The surn__me 'Smith' is very common in Britain.			
a. (e)	b. (a)	c. (i)	d. (o)
49.Thanks for the t__p.			
a. (i)	b. (o)	c. (a)	d. (i)
50.This is a good to__ic for your composition.			
a. (l)	b. (b)	c. (p)	d. (k)
51.It took her a while to ad__ust to living alone after the divorce.			
a. (k)	b. (j)	c. (l)	d. (m)
52.We can't all__w Tom to leave.			
a. (u)	b. (a)	c. (e)	d. (o)
53.He used to s__ear fish , then cook his catch for tourists.			
a. (q)	b. (b)	c. (p)	d. (z)
54.My mum always comm__nts on what I'm wearing.			
a. (o)	b. (i)	c. (e)	d. (a)
55.I e__pect he'll pass the examination.			
a. (t)	b. (x)	c. (z)	d. (s)
56.They exch__nged greetings.			
a. (a)	b. (e)	c. (i)	d. (o)
57. The lawy__r advised his client to a__just his argument.			
a. (u-z)	b. (a-p)	c. (i-g)	d.(e-d)

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Vocabulary				
Pairing Questions				
1	The woman **blocked** my way.	T	A	to stop something for a short period
2	They **allow** parking here	S	B	narrow sticks that are used for eating
3	I can't **adjust** to living on my own.	R	C	something that is done by people in a society
4	The **topic** is worth discussing.	Q	D	dry dirt in the form of powder that covers surfaces
5	I gave the waiter a very good **tip**.	P	E	someone who is visiting you
6	**money** =	O	F	≠ the antonym of guest
7	How do you spell your **surname**?	N	G	a person who invites guests to a social event
8	It was a great **shock** to me.	M	H	a feeling or a clear and telling mental image
9	He gave the **porter** a tip.	L	I	a person who advises people about the law
10	It's in my jacket **pocket**.	K	J	earth that has been mixed with water
11	There's **mud** all over the carpet.	J	K	a small bag in or on coat or trousers
12	I want to talk to my **lawyer.**	I	L	someone whose job is to carry people's bags
13	First **impressions** are important.	H	M	something you did not expect it
14	Tommy was always the perfect **host**.	G	N	= the synonym of last name or family name
15	**host** ≠	F	O	= the synonym of **tip** (n) an extra amount of money
16	My special **guest** will be Ben.	E	P	to give some money
17	There is a lot of **dust** on this table.	D	Q	a subject that people talk
18	Each country has its own **customs**.	C	R	adapt \to become more familiar with a new situation
19	Lucy can't use **chopsticks**.	B	S	let someone do something
20	He met him during a coffee **break.**	A	T	to prevent somebody from going past
21	We can **handle** this job by ourselves.	Z	U	to pick something up
22	I **expect** your help.	Y	V	to hit or knock against something
23	Tom usually eats in a **rush**.	X	W	to give your opinion about something
24	What she said was fair **comment** .	W	X	to move very quickly or hurry
25	I **bump** into Tom.	V	Y	to think that something will happen
26	They **spear** food with chopsticks.	U	Z	to deal with a situation successfully.
27	I promise to be **punctual.**	❀	❀	the synonym of **on time**
28	Parking is **tricky** in the town center.	✋	✋	difficult to do or deal with
			☺	giving s and receiving something

exchange = giving s and receiving something

break = a short period of time when you have a rest

rest = not do anything active for a time

custom = a habitual practice

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impression =an idea or opinion of what something or someone is like

a vague idea in which some confidence is placed

lawyer = a person who job is to advise people about the law and represent them in court.

mud = wet earth that has become soft and sticky

pocket =a small bag which forms part of a piece of clothing, and which is used for carrying small things such as money

pocket =small container

shock = something suddenly happens which is very surprising.

tip (v) = to give some money in order to thank somebody for a service.

adjust =get used to it by changing your behavior or your ideas

block = to prevent somebody from going past by getting in the way.

spear = to push a pointed object, usually a fork, into something, so that you can pick it up

globalized = affecting the whole world

local = belonging to the area where you live

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Vocabulary (57-81)			
Choose the correct words			
57. Give yourself a ……. and get some rest.			
a. host	b. break	c. chopstick	d. porter
58. I'll be fine after we ……. for a little bit.			
a. allow	b. rest	c. expect	d. rush
59I have never eaten with …….			
a. customs	b. lawyers	c. hosts	d. chopsticks
60.They kept to the ……. to hold their wedding.			
a. custom	b. pocket	c. surname	d. mud
61.The floor was covered with …….			
a. topic	b. dust	c. shock	d. tip
62.I was a ……. at Tom's house for a week.			
a. break	b. surname	c. guest	d. pocket
63.She thanked the ……. for their hospitality.			
a. host	b. dust	c. topic	d. custom
64.His speech made a good ……. on me.			
a. tip	b. impression	c. lawyer	d. chopstick
65.She's hired a ……. who specializes in divorce cases.			
a. editor	b. farmer	c. porter	d. lawyer
66.There was a lot of ……. on the ground.			
a. host	b. topic	c. mud	d. break
67.My wallet's in my …….			
a. pocket	b. shock	c. topic	d. custom
68.I will ask a ……. to carry the luggage for me.			
a. driver	b. farmer	c. porter	d. lawyer
69.My grandmother's death was a big …….			

a. shock	b. tip	c. mud	d. guest
70.Her first name is Sarah but I don't know her …….			
a. pocket	b. impression	c. graduate	d. surname
71.Don't forget to …… the porter for carrying your luggage.			
a. break	b. tip	c. dust	d. pocket
72.The weather is a constant …… of conversation in Britain.			
a. custom	b. chopstick	c. topic	d. dust
73.It is difficult for the old man to …… to city life.			
a. spread	b. rush	c. rest	d. adjust
74.We do not ……. smoking in the hall.			
a. allow	b. block	c. adjust	d. remove
75.The street was …… by a huge truck.			
a. tipped	b. blocked	c. expected	d. adjusted
76.……. a piece of fish with a carving fork and dip it in the batter.			
a. handle	b. tip	c. Spear	d. comment
77.Be careful you don't ……. your head.			
a. bump	b. expect	c. graduate	d. block
78.If you find a mistake, please leave a …….			
a. handle	b. comment	c. allow	d. manage
79.I don't want to ……. you, but let's try to catch the next bus.			
a. adjust	b. exchange	c. rush	d. remove
80.Sara and Mary ……. numbers at the party.			
a. exchanged	b. blocked	c. expected	d. adjusted
81.She's always very …… for appointments.			
a. crowded	b. customary	c. relaxed	d. punctual

His speech made a good **impression** on me. ☹ He makes a bad **impression**.

What was your first **impression** of London?

I get the **impression t**hat you aren't telling the truth.

Our **lawyer** thinks that we have a very good case.

She advised him to see a **lawyer**.

If you're unsure of your legal rights, I would check with a **lawyer**.

The car got stuck in the **mud**.

The news of his death came as a great **shock** to everyone.

It was a real **shock** to hear that the factory would have to close.

Smith is a common **surname.**

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I was **punctual** to my time the next day.

It was a **tricky** problem but I think i will handle it.

☺ لا ابيح من ينسب تمارين وتدريبات المرحلة المتوسطة

وتعتبر البوربوينت لنفسة ناسيا كم من جهد ووقت تم بذلة عليها

SG3-U12\Composition

***Write a paragraph about The Cultural Differences. Give your opinion about it.**

Each country has its own culture. There are many differences between different countries in culture. Those differences make our world a more colorful and exciting place to live. For example, Beijing has a wealth of traditional culture like Beijing Opera, Chinese painting, and calligraphy as well as the old Chinese features Chinese silk and tea. China is a city crowded with tourists from all over the world. They eat with chopsticks. Drinking tea traditionally, a visitor to a Chinese home is expected to sit down and drink tea while talking. We should respect cultural differences and learn from each other. We must understand the differences in countries' culture to live in peace. We should interact with others of different cultures and respect them.

Good luck

a model

11 Writing

Cultural Differences

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C. Imagine that you are staying in a foreign country. Write an email to a friend about the cultural differences you have experienced. Before you write, you may want to research the local habits, customs, gestures, cuisine, weather, etc.

1.What does culture mean?
2.Does culture differ from one country to another?
3.What do you know about Chinese culture?
4. Why should people respect each other cultures?

Culture is the characteristic of group of people such as language, religion and lifestyle. Each country has its own culture. Chinese eat with chopsticks. When receiving visitors, Chinese drink tea while talking. We should respect cultural differences and learn from each other to live in peace.

11 Writing

Cultural Differences

العاميها

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C. Imagine that you are staying in a foreign country. Write an email to a friend about the cultural differences you have experienced. Before you write, you may want to research the local habits, customs, gestures, cuisine, weather, etc.

Each country has its own culture. There are many differences between different countries in culture. Those differences make our world a more colorful and exciting place to live. For example, Beijing has a wealth of traditional culture like Beijing Opera, Chinese painting and calligraphy as well as the old Chinese features Chinese silk and tea. China is a country crowded with tourists from all over the world. Chinese eat with chopsticks not spoons. Drinking tea traditionally, a visitor to a Chinese home is expected to sit down and drink tea while talking. We should respect cultural differences and learn from each other. We must understand the differences in countries' culture to live in peace. We should interact with others of different cultures and respect them.

1.What do you like about other culture?
2.What other cultures have you met people from?
3.Why do you think culture is important?

a model

11 Writing

Cultural Differences

العاميها

SG3 U12 Page 132

C. Imagine that you are staying in a foreign country. Write an email to a friend about the cultural differences you have experienced. Before you write, you may want to research the local habits, customs, gestures, cuisine, weather, etc.

To: Norah@gmai.com
From: Tala2022@yahoo.com
Subject: culture differences

Dear Norah,

How are you and your family? I am happy to write this email to tell you about my life in China and the new cultural differences I have experienced here in Beijing. Beijing has a wealth of traditional culture like Beijing Opera, Chinese painting and calligraphy as well as the old Chinese features Chinese silk and tea. China is a city crowded with tourists from all over the world. They eat with chopsticks not spoons. Drinking tea traditionally, a visitor to a Chinses home is expected to sit down and drink tea while talking.

I am looking forward to hearing from you.

Your friend
Tala

Check your work!

Writing Checklist

	Writing Checklist	☺	😐	☹
1	I use full stops to mark the end of sentences and longer pauses.			
2	I start sentences with capital letters.			
3	I keep my tall letters tall and my letters sitting on the line.			
4	I use a selection of words other than 'and 'to join senesces.			
5	I use question marks to indicate when a question has been asked.			
6	I use paragraphs to split use sections of similar ideas.			
7	I can be daring and use words I haven't used before			
8	I describe the feelings of characters in detail.			
9	I check my work for mistakes like missed punctuation and silly spellings			
10	I start my sentences in different ways instead of repeating myself.			
11	I use neat handwriting			
12	I use finger spaces between my words			

Prep Writing Goals

- A — You used capital letters. ☐
- ● — You used full stops. ☐
- You used finger spaces. ☐
- Your writing makes sense. ☐

Well done, You used:

- ☐ Capital letters
- ☐ Full stops
- ☐ Paragraphs
- ☐ Punctuation
- ☐ Makes sense

This Paragraph was Scored For

5/5

○ Ideas	0	1	2
○ Structures	0	1	2
○ Spelling	0	1	

Grammar

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to + the base form

to + V

Infinitives

gerund

__ing

V+ ing	العاميها	to + V
hate - love - like - prefer		hate - love - like - prefer
♛ ♛ ♛		♛ ♛ ♛
can't stand		afford
avoid		choose
enjoy		decide
finish		expect
give up		forget
hate		hope
imagine		learn
keep		manage
mind		offer
miss		promise
stop		refuse
suggest		remember
dislike		try
feel like		**want**
recommend		**would like**
spend time		**would love**

Grammar

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Verb + Infinitive

The infinitive form can follow certain verbs, including the ones below.

afford, choose, decide, expect, forget, hope, learn, manage, offer, promise, refuse, remember, try

expect	We didn't **expect to arrive** so late.
manage	They **managed to get** an earlier flight.
refuse	The airline **refused to pay** for our hotel.
remember	I didn't **remember to bring** my toothbrush.
try	She **tried to sleep** on the plane, but she couldn't.

Remember: Some verbs are followed by gerunds. See Unit 4, page 40.

ing

Grammar

to + V

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Verb + Noun/Pronoun + Infinitive

In Latin America, families **allow children to stay up** late.
In China, people don't **expect you to tip**.

☺the two sentences in this part of the chart are different from the sentences in the first part.

(The sentences in the second part have an object—a noun or pronoun—after the main verb.)

☺other verbs you know that follow this pattern.

Examples:

I asked **him** **to leave**.
I need **you** **to help** me.
I want **my friend** **to come**

Grammar

It's ... + to +verb

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It's... + Infinitive (to + V)

to + V

It's polite to...
- not polite to.../impolite to...
- rude to...
- common to...
- wrong to...
- advisable to...
- a good idea to...

Note: Some of these expressions can be used for advice (for example, *It's advisable to..., It's a good idea to...*).

Expressions of Advice with Infinitives

Try to...
Try not to...
Remember to...
Don't forget to...
Make sure to...
Be sure to...

☺Use **It's + infinitive**. (to + V)
For example:
It's polite **to let** a person finish speaking before you speak.
It's impolite **to interrupt** a person.
It's rude **to talk** with your mouth full of food.
It's common **to tip** a waiter 15 percent.
It's wrong **to cheat** on a test.
It's advisable **to drive** carefully.
It's a good idea **to write** a thank-you note when you receive a gift.

Grammar

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Gerunds as Subjects

A gerund can be used as the subject of the sentence.

Traveling is a good way to learn about other cultures.
Tipping is not common in Japan.

- **Writing in English is difficult.**
- **Watching TV is my favorite pastime.**

Working is important for good health.
Running is good for your heart.

Gerund's form replaces a noun or pronoun and that we form a gerund by adding **-ing** to the verb.

☺Use **not** before a gerund to make it negative.

For example:
Not arriving on time is considered impolite.
Not tipping in a restaurant in the United States is unusual.

Warm Up

12 Form, Meaning and Function

Past Perfect Tense

had + past participle V^3

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Page 133
العاميها

When do we use Past Perfect Tense?

The past perfect takes place before another past action.

Example:

I noticed that he had left his books behind.

past action — past perfect

after
before
by the time
until
already
ever
never

We use the **past perfect** tense when we are talking about two actions that happened in the past and we want to make it clear which action happened first.

time expressions and the placement of

ever, never, and already **before the past participle**

12 Form, Meaning and Function

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العاميها

Past Perfect

Use the past perfect tense (*had* + past participle*) to indicate an action that happened before another action in the past. Some time expressions that are used with the past perfect are: *after, already, before, by the time, ever, never, until*.

Past Perfect Tense

had + past participle

V^3

By the time we **got** to the airport, our flight **had** already **left**.
After she **had gone** to the hotel, Amal **exchanged** some money.
Had you ever **eaten** sushi before you **traveled** to Japan?
No, I**'d** never **tasted** sushi until I **visited** Japan.
He**'d had** the car for ten years before he **sold** it.

Note: The contraction of *had* is *'d: I'd, you'd, he'd, she'd, we'd, they'd.*

* See page 82 for a list of the past participles of irregular verbs.

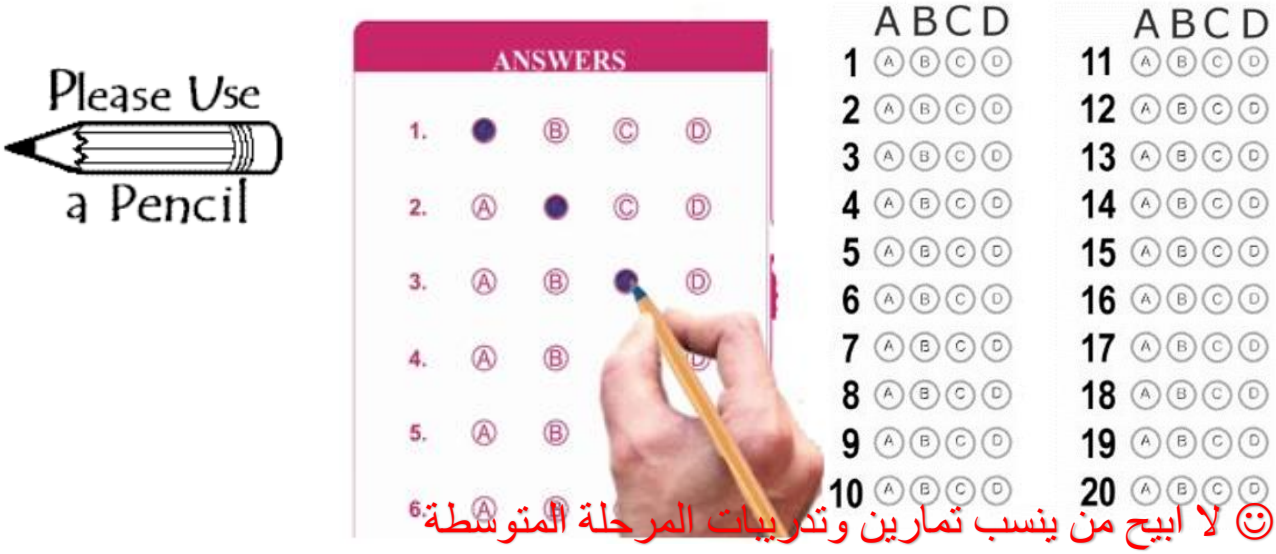
التصحيح الكتروني

تنويه هام

الرجاء عدم تسجيل اجابتان مختلفتان لأى فقرة في نموذج الأسئلة عن ورقة التظليل

☺ الاجابة المعتمدة ورقة التظليل ☺

	A	B	C	D		A	B	C	D
1	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ	11	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ
2	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ	12	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ
3	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ	13	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ
4	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ	14	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ
5	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ	15	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ
6	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ	16	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ
7	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ	17	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ
8	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ	18	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ
9	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ	19	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ
10	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ	20	Ⓐ	Ⓑ	Ⓒ	Ⓓ



☺ لا ابيح من ينسب تمارين وتدريبات المرحلة المتوسطة

وتحضير البوربوينت لنفسة ناسيا كم من جهد ووقت تم بذلة عليها

	A	B	C	D		A	B	C	D		A	B	C	D		A	B	C	D		A	B	C	D
1	○	○	○	○	9	○	○	○	○	24	○	○	○	○	32	○	○	○	○	47	○	○	○	○	55	○	○	○	○
2	○	○	○	○	10	○	○	○	○	25	○	○	○	○	33	○	○	○	○	48	○	○	○	○	56	○	○	○	○
3	○	○	○	○	11	○	○	○	○	26	○	○	○	○	34	○	○	○	○	49	○	○	○	○	57	○	○	○	○
4	○	○	○	○	12	○	○	○	○	27	○	○	○	○	35	○	○	○	○	50	○	○	○	○	58	○	○	○	○
5	○	○	○	○	13	○	○	○	○	28	○	○	○	○	36	○	○	○	○	51	○	○	○	○	59	○	○	○	○
6	○	○	○	○	14	○	○	○	○	29	○	○	○	○	37	○	○	○	○	52	○	○	○	○	60	○	○	○	○
7	○	○	○	○	15	○	○	○	○	30	○	○	○	○	38	○	○	○	○	53	○	○	○	○	61	○	○	○	○
8	○	○	○	○	16	○	○	○	○	31	○	○	○	○	39	○	○	○	○	54	○	○	○	○	62	○	○	○	○

	A	B	C	D		A	B	C	D		A	B	C	D		A	B	C	D		A	B	C	D		A	B	C	D
1	○	○	○	○	9	○	○	○	○	24	○	○	○	○	32	○	○	○	○	47	○	○	○	○	55	○	○	○	○
2	○	○	○	○	10	○	○	○	○	25	○	○	○	○	33	○	○	○	○	48	○	○	○	○	56	○	○	○	○
3	○	○	○	○	11	○	○	○	○	26	○	○	○	○	34	○	○	○	○	49	○	○	○	○	57	○	○	○	○
4	○	○	○	○	12	○	○	○	○	27	○	○	○	○	35	○	○	○	○	50	○	○	○	○	58	○	○	○	○
5	○	○	○	○	13	○	○	○	○	28	○	○	○	○	36	○	○	○	○	51	○	○	○	○	59	○	○	○	○
6	○	○	○	○	14	○	○	○	○	29	○	○	○	○	37	○	○	○	○	52	○	○	○	○	60	○	○	○	○
7	○	○	○	○	15	○	○	○	○	30	○	○	○	○	38	○	○	○	○	53	○	○	○	○	61	○	○	○	○
8	○	○	○	○	16	○	○	○	○	31	○	○	○	○	39	○	○	○	○	54	○	○	○	○	62	○	○	○	○

Choices

1	A	B	C	D	11	A	B	C	D	21	A	B	C	D	31	A	B	C	D
2	A	B	C	D	12	A	B	C	D	22	A	B	C	D	32	A	B	C	D
3	A	B	C	D	13	A	B	C	D	23	A	B	C	D	33	A	B	C	D
4	A	B	C	D	14	A	B	C	D	24	A	B	C	D	34	A	B	C	D
5	A	B	C	D	15	A	B	C	D	25	A	B	C	D	35	A	B	C	D
6	A	B	C	D	16	A	B	C	D	26	A	B	C	D	36	A	B	C	D
7	A	B	C	D	17	A	B	C	D	27	A	B	C	D	37	A	B	C	D
8	A	B	C	D	18	A	B	C	D	28	A	B	C	D	38	A	B	C	D
9	A	B	C	D	19	A	B	C	D	29	A	B	C	D	39	A	B	C	D
10	A	B	C	D	20	A	B	C	D	30	A	B	C	D	40	A	B	C	D

True/False

1	T	F	5	T	F	9	T	F	13	T	F	17	T	F
2	T	F	6	T	F	10	T	F	14	T	F	18	T	F
3	T	F	7	T	F	11	T	F	15	T	F	19	T	F
4	T	F	8	T	F	12	T	F	16	T	F	20	T	F

Match

1	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
2	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
3	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
4	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
5	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
6	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
7	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
8	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
9	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
10	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J

Objective

0	.25	.5	.75	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○

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