

كراسة مراجعة شاملة للمنهج 2025-2026م



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج السعودية

موقع المناهج ← المناهج السعودية ← الصف الخامس ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الثاني ← ملفات متنوعة ← الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 22:19:15 2026-03-06

ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب الاختبارات الكترونية الاختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل
منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات و تقارير ا مذكرات و بنوك ا الامتحان النهائي للمدرس

المزيد من مادة
لغة انجليزية:

إعداد: بدر الشهري

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الخامس



صفحة المناهج
السعودية على
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الخامس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

تقييم الوحدة السابعة نموذج تدريبي مفردات قواعد قراءة 2025-2026م

1

تقييم الوحدة السادسة نموذج تدريبي مفردات قواعد قراءة 2025-2026م

2

تمارين تفاعلية لقاعدة while-when في الأنشطة الخارجية

3

أنشطة تفاعلية للوحدة السادسة في الاستماع والتحدث

4

اختبار الاستماع للغة للصفين الخامس والسادس

5

كراسة اللغة الإنجليزية الصف الخامس الابتدائي الفصل الدراسي الثاني

الاسم :



إعداد وتصميم

الأستاذ : بدر الشهري

Unit 5 : Storylines

Match :

western – mystery – comedy – cartoon – documentary



Fill in the missing letters :

ani __ _ tion	ho __ _ or	musi __ _ l	thri __ _ er
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Past progressive

Past Progressive		
Subject + Was/Were (Not) + Verb +ing		
✓	I <i>was watching</i> (watch) a movie!	They <i>were screaming</i> (scream) during the horror movie.
✗	We <i>were not singing</i> (not sing) in the musical.	She <i>was not watching</i> (not watch) a play.
Was/Were + Subject + Verb +ing		
?	<i>Were</i> you <i>enjoying</i> (enjoy) the cartoon?	Why <i>was</i> he <i>acting</i> (act) in a western?
Yes/No, + Subject + Was/Were(n't)		
Short answers	Yes, I <i>was</i> .	No, they <i>weren't</i> .

Fill in with (was – were) :

- 1- I watching TV
- 2- He playing football
- 3- They walking to school
- 4- You sleeping
- 5- She making a sandwich

Complete the answers :

- Was he enjoying the movie ?
- Yes ,

- Were they happy ?
- No ,

Making suggestions

Making Suggestions		
<i>Why don't + Subject + Verb (Base Form)</i>	<i>How about + Verb (+ing)</i>	<i>What about + Verb (+ing)</i>
Why don't you <i>tell</i> me about your characters?	How about <i>ending</i> the story with a fight?	What about <i>asking</i> the teacher for help?
Why don't we <i>talk</i> about the ending?	How about <i>drawing</i> a storyboard?	What about <i>changing</i> a famous fairy tale?

Order the words to make a question :

1- don't / work / Why / ? / our / storyboard / on / we

.....

2- inviting / my / sister / ? / about / What

.....

3- meeting / ? / house / How / at / my / about

.....

Complete the chart using a dictionary :

Word	Word Class	Meaning
1 comedy	<i>noun</i>	<i>a type of story that makes you laugh</i>
2 comedian		
3 documentary		
4 document		
5 mystery		
6 mysterious		
7 actor		
8 act		

Write about your favorite movie :

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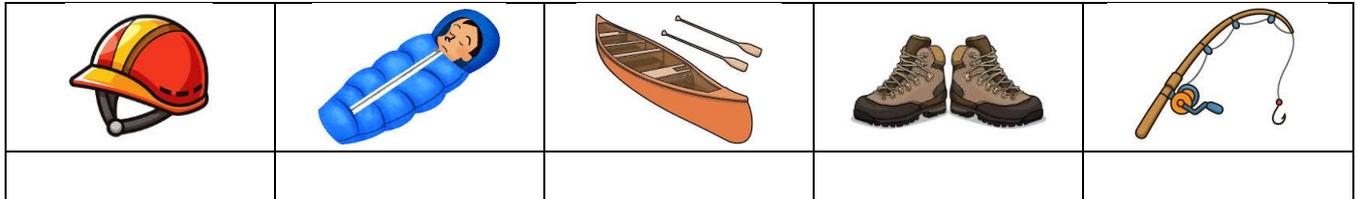
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Unit 6 : Outdoor Activities

Match the words with their pictures :

fishing rod – hiking boots – canoe – sleeping bag – helmet



Fill in the missing letters about types of movies :

- 1- ca _ _ ing
- 2- s _ _ fing
- 3- can _ _ ing
- 4- cli _ _ ing
- 5- fi _ _ ing

Simple Past vs Past Progressive

Simple Past	Past Progressive
<i>Used for short, finished actions in the past.</i>	<i>Used for long, sometimes interrupted actions in the past.</i>
	
Subject + Verb (Simple Past)	Subject + Was/Were + Verb + -ing
✓ I <i>saw</i> a bear!	They <i>were hiking</i> in the forest.
✗ I <i>didn't know</i> what to do!	She <i>wasn't reading</i> the map.
(Question Word) <i>Did</i> + Subject + Verb (Base Form)	(Question Word) <i>Was/Were</i> + Subject + Verb + -ing
What did you do? <i>Did</i> you run away?	Where <i>were</i> they going? <i>Was</i> she <i>wearing</i> hiking boots?
Yes, I <i>did</i> ! / No, I <i>didn't</i> !	Yes, she <i>was</i> . / No, she <i>wasn't</i> .

Fill in with the simple past tense form of the verbs :

- 1- I (**see**) a bear
- 2- They (**go**) to the beach
- 3- She (**not buy**) a helmet

Fill in with the past progressive tense form of the verbs :

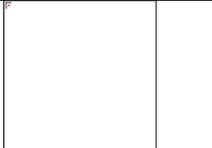
- 6- They (**hike**) in the forest
- 7- He (**read**) the map
- 8- I (**wear**) hiking boots

Read and choose the correct option.

- 1- Mary **read** / **was reading** in her tent when I saw her.
- 2- What **did you** / **were you doing** when the food was burning?
- 3- The kids **swam** / **were swimming** but had to stop to eat.

Match with the suitable picture :

backpack – flashlight – raft – campfire – hot dog

When and While with Simple Past and Past Progressive

When and While with Simple Past and Past Progressive	
She was taking photos when we saw her.	While we were camping, we met lots of people.
We didn't see any fish when we got in the canoe.	Did he fall while he was climbing?
When they arrived, they set up the tents.	I was wearing my life jacket while I was rafting.

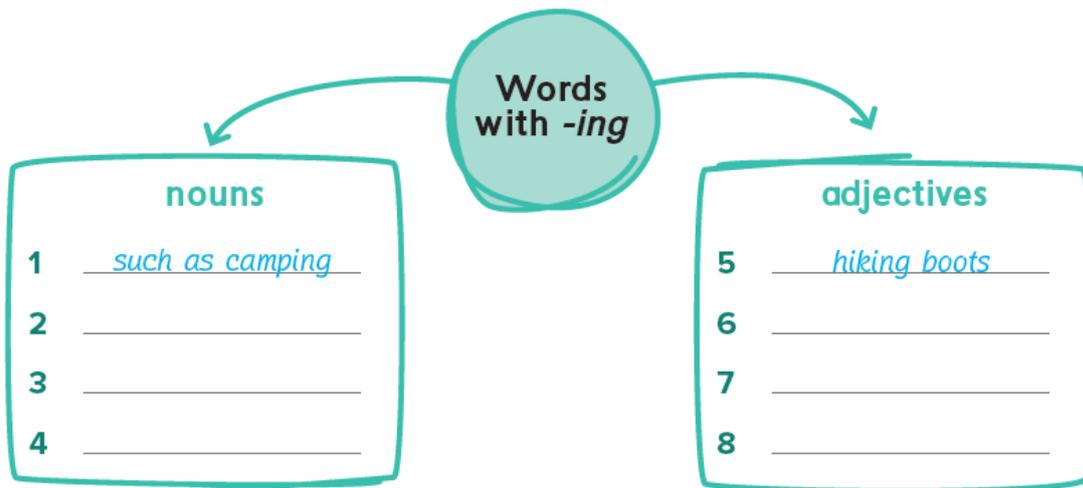
Fill in with (when – while) :

- 1- She was taking photos we saw her.
- 2- we were camping, we met lots of people.
- 3- We didn't see any fish we got in the canoe.
- 4- Did he fall he was climbing?
- 5- they arrived, they set up the tents.

Reorder the words to make sentences

1- it / dark / . / sat up / when / got / I / campfire / the
.....

2- took / , / camping / flashlight / a / went / we / When / I / .
.....



- ~~such as camping~~
- mountain **biking**
- ~~hiking boots~~
- a **fishing** rod
- a **sleeping** bag
- go **surfing**
- outdoor **training** day
- learn **canoeing**

Write a blog post about outdoor safety

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Unit 7 : Trips

Match the words with their pictures :

subway – taxi – suitcase – passport – railroad



Fill in the missing letters about types of movies :

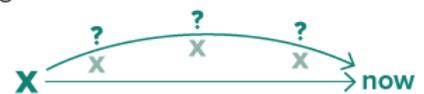
- 1- ter _ _ _ al
- 2- pla _ _ _ rm
- 3- tra _ _ ic
- 4- stat _ _ _
- 5- pass _ _ _ er

Read and write the suitable words :

- 1- Two means of transportation are : and
- 2- A person who is traveling in a vehicle:
- 3- A document you need to travel abroad:
- 4- A large bag you use for carrying clothes:
- 5- A road on which trains run:

Present Perfect Simple

We use the Present Perfect to describe experiences or actions that started in the past and continue now. We can also use it to describe actions in the past that have a result in the present. The time the action happened is not specified.



Subject + *Have/Has* + Verb (Past Participle)

✓	I <i>have visited</i> the beach.	He <i>has called</i> the taxi.	We <i>have bought</i> the tickets.
✗	You <i>have not traveled</i> on an airplane.	We <i>have not taken</i> a tour before.	He <i>has not packed</i> his suitcase.

Teacher's note :

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Fill in with the Present Perfect Simple form of the verbs :

- 1- I (**visit**) the beach.
- 2- He (**call**) the taxi.
- 3- We (**buy**) the tickets.
- 4- You (**not travel**) on an airplane.
- 5- We (**not take**) a tour before.

Order the words to make sentences.

1- plane / My / have / parents / the / tickets / bought / .

.....

2- have / I / to / times / Europe / flown / three / .

.....

3- been / friend / hasn't / a / . / best / on / plane / My

.....

Match the words to the picture :

Take off – lands – go out – directions – check in

Match the words to their meanings :

Column 1	Column 2
1- arrive	a- to discover new information
2- check in	b- instructions on how to get to a place
3- check out	c- to pay the bill and leave a hotel
4- directions	d- to register at an airport or hotel
5- find out	e- to get to a place after traveling
6- get away	f- to begin to fly
7- go out	g- to make something ready for use
8- land	h- to arrive on the ground after flying
9- prepare	i- to leave the house, to go outdoors
10- take off	j- to leave a place

Present Perfect with *Already*, *Just*, and *Yet*

Present Perfect with <i>Already</i> , <i>Just</i> , and <i>Yet</i>		
Subject + <i>Have/Has</i> + <i>Already/Just</i> + Verb (Past Participle)		Subject + <i>Have/Has Not</i> + Verb (Past Participle) + <i>Yet</i>
We have <i>just</i> arrived at the hotel. Let's check in!	Most passengers have <i>already / just</i> gotten on the plane.	The plane hasn't departed <i>yet</i> !
That was quick. We have <i>already</i> landed!	I have <i>just</i> seen a suitcase that looks like yours. It's over there!	I haven't found my suitcase <i>yet</i> .

Fill in with (*just* – *already* – *yet*) :

- The plane hasn't departed
- We have arrived at the hotel
- That was quick. We have landed

Read and match :

- | | | |
|---------|--------|---|
| 1 take | a away | i to arrive and register at a hotel or airport |
| 2 check | b out | ii to discover a fact or piece of information |
| 3 go | c in | iii to go up in the sky |
| 4 get | d off | iv to do an activity outside a building |
| 5 find | e out | v to leave a place or routine for something different |

Write about your last field trip :

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.....

Read look and match :

- | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 multiply <input type="text" value="c"/> | 2 add <input type="text"/> | 3 divide <input type="text"/> | 4 calculate <input type="text"/> | 5 subtract <input type="text"/> |
| a $9+3=12$ | b $50\div 10=5$ | c $20\times 5=100$ | d $12-2=10$ | e all of the above |

Unit 8 : Outfits

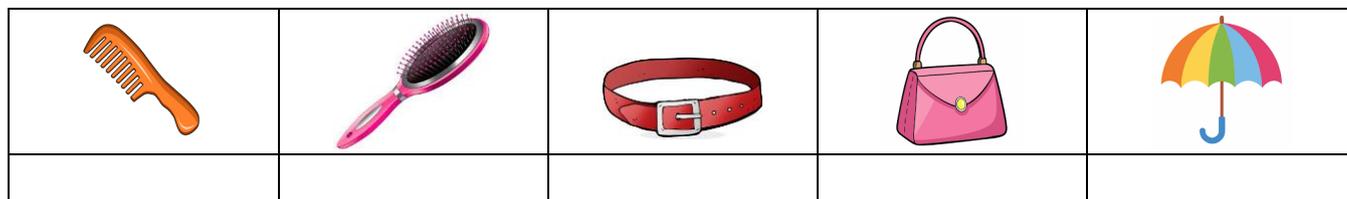
Match the words with their pictures :

bracelet – necklace – earrings – ring – crown



Match the words with their pictures :

umbrella – purse – belt – brush – comb



Complete the words with vowels :

1 b_e lt

3 r__ng

5 c__mb

7 p__rs__

9 __n__f__rm

11 __mbr__ll__

13 br__c__l__t

2 t__

4 br__sh

6 cr__wn

8 str__p__d

10 c__st__m__

12 __rr__ngs

14 n__ckl__c__

Present Perfect – Questions and Short Answers

Present Perfect – Questions and Short Answers			
Asking about a single event with a result now.		Asking about the length of time of an unfinished action or state.	
<i>Have/Has + Subject + Verb (Past Participle)</i>		<i>How long have/has + Subject + Verb (Past Participle)</i>	
<i>Have</i> you bought a new umbrella?	<i>Has</i> she tried her new earrings?	How long <i>have</i> you had that purse?	How long <i>has</i> she liked earrings?
Have you <i>brought</i> the brush?	Have you <i>made</i> a costume?	How long have I <i>worn</i> a tie?	How long have we <i>needed</i> an umbrella?
Short Answers			
<i>Yes</i> , I have.		<i>No</i> , he hasn't.	

Complete the chart with the past participle form of the verbs :

Verb	Past participle
break	
lose	
buy	
make	
find	
put	

Verb	Past participle
have	
see	
give	
show	
know	
wear	

Order the words to make questions. Then answer

1- you / try on / your new uniform?

.....
Yes,

2- you / find / your cowboy costume?

.....
No ,

3- you / break / my new umbrella?

.....
Yes,

Put each word under the suitable picture :

gold – cotton – leather – wool – wood

Subject + Be + Made of

Be Made of			
Subject + Be + Made of			
✓	The earrings <i>are made of</i> silver.	The brown belt <i>is made of</i> leather and metal.	The rings <i>are made of</i> gold, silver, and plastic.
✗	The spotted tie <i>isn't made of</i> metal.	The striped umbrella <i>isn't made of</i> wood.	The shirts <i>aren't made of</i> wool.

Reorder the words to make sentences

1- umbrella / is / My / plastic. / spotted / made / of.

.....

2- and / is / of / wood / comb / made / metal. / This.

.....

3- isn't / Your / made / striped / of / wool. / tie.

.....

4- new / are / earrings / of / These / gold. / made.

.....

Read and make words :

-tion
create creation

-sion
decide decision
confuse confusion

invent tense
expand promote
act divide
instruct discuss

-TION
invention

-SION
tension

Write a blog post about fashion and the planet

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