نموذج إجابة أوراق عمل إثرائية للوحدتين الأولى والثانية





تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج القطرية

موقع المناهج ← المناهج القطرية ← المستوى التاسع ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الأول ← ملفات متنوعة ← الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 20:34:40 2025-10-20

ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس المزيد من مادة لغة انجليزية:

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب المستوى التاسع











صفحة المناهج القطرية على فيسببوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب المستوى التاسع والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول	
أوراق عمل إثرائية للوحدتين الأولى والثانية غير مجابة	1
نماذج اختبارية منتصف الفصل غير مجابة من مدرسة الأندلس	2
أوراق عمل worksheets Remedial منتصف الفصل غير مجابة	3
نموذج إجابة أوراق عمل إثرائية للوحدتين الأولى والثانية من مدرسة الإندلس	4
أوراق عمل إثرائية للوحدتين الأولى والثانية غير مجابة من مدرسة الأندلس	5



Grade Nine

Enrichment Materials

1st Mid – Term Test

2025 - 2026

Modules (1 & 2)

These enrichment sheets are only for extra practice. They don't replace the textbook.

هذه الأوراق لا تغنى عن الكتاب المدرسي فهي أوراق للتدريبات الاثرائية فقط

Name:	Class:/

Speaking

Language Functions

Read and choose the correct response.

1.	A: Hi, how are things?
	B:
	A. Let's go.B. Not bad.C. Take care.D.I haven't got any plans.
2.	A: Are you doing anything tonight? B:
	A. So-so. B. Goodbye. C. Not much.
	D.I'm free. I haven't got any plans.
3.	A: How about going to the cinema tonight? B:
	A. Sounds great!
	B. I'm fine, thanks.
	C. Nothing much.
	D. Take care.
4.	A: Do you like sport? B: Sure,
	A. I can't make it.
	B. I can't stand it.
	C. I'm really into it.
	D. maybe some other time.
5.	A: Do you like Italian food?
	B: Sure,
	A. I have no idea. B. I find it horrible.
	C. I am a big fan of it.D. Good to see you again.
	=. Cood to see you again.

ο.	B:
	A. It's great.
	B. That's fine.
	C. Oh, my God.
	D. Happy to see you here.
7.	A: Do you like reading stories?
	B: I read two every day.
	A. Long time no see.
	B. It's nothing special.
	C. I'm not a big fan of them.
	D. There's nothing more I like!
8.	A: Hi, David. Do you remember me? I'm Karim.
	B: Sorry, I'm not sure
	A.I didn't catch your name.
	B. I want to go shopping.
	C. Let's talk tomorrow.
	D.I forgot my book.
9.	A: Have you been in touch with Adam recently?
	B: No, not really.
	A. Call me later.
	B. We've lost touch.
	C. He lives next door.
	D. Let's go to the cinema.
	- 8.1.
10	. A: Can I borrow your English book?
	B: Sure,
	<mark>A.</mark> Here you go.
	B. I can't make it.
	C. Nothing much.

D.Sorry, I need it right now.

Reading

Reading Comprehension (1)

Directions: Read the passage and answer the questions.

- 1) Many students believe that reading is only important for passing exams, but in fact, it is much more than that. Reading every day can shape the way we think, speak, and understand the world. Researchers say that just 15 minutes of reading daily can improve memory, increase vocabulary, and reduce stress.
- 2) Books are not the only source of knowledge. Articles, newspapers, and even online blogs provide information that helps people stay updated with <u>current</u> events. In addition, reading improves focus. Unlike watching videos, which often pass quickly, reading requires us to slow down and think carefully about the meaning of the text.
- **3)** Another benefit of reading is that it strengthens imagination. When we read a story, we picture the characters, the places, and the events in our minds. This mental exercise is similar to training a muscle. The more we read, the stronger our ability to imagine becomes.
- **4)** Finally, reading helps people understand others. By experiencing different cultures and situations through stories, we learn to understand other people's feelings. For this reason, teachers and parents often encourage young people to develop the habit of reading daily.

1.	What	is t	he '	text	MAINLY	about?

	A. How to write a good story
	B. The benefits of daily reading
	C. The importance of passing exams
	D. The role of technology in learning
2.	In paragraph 2, which of the following <u>BEST</u> means the same as the underlined word 'current'?
	A. recent
	B. straight
	C. distant
	D. massive
3.	According to paragraph 1, how much daily reading is said to improve memory and reduce stress?
	Just 15 minutes of daily reading.
4.	According to paragraph 2, why is reading different from watching videos?
	Because reading slows down and makes us think carefully, while videos pass
	<mark>quickly.</mark>
5.	According to paragraph 3, what does the author compare imagination to?
	The author compares imagination to training a muscle.
6.	According to the last paragraph, why do teachers and parents encourage young people to read?
	Because reading helps young people understand others' feelings and builds
	<mark>empathy.</mark>

Reading Comprehension (2)

Directions: Read the passage and answer the questions.

1) It was a hot afternoon in Doha, and Sami was walking home from school. He was tired and

thinking about the football match he would play later. As he passed the park, he heard a loud

bark. A small dog was stuck in a bush, unable to move.

2) Sami looked around. No one else was there. He hesitated for a moment, then walked

toward the dog. The bush had sharp branches, and the dog was scared. Sami spoke softly, "It's

okay, I'll help you." Carefully, he moved the branches and freed the dog.

3) The dog wagged its tail and licked Sami's hand. Just then, a woman ran toward them. "Oh,

thank you!" she said. "I've been looking for my dog for hours!" She was so happy that she

called Sami a hero. Sami smiled. He didn't feel like a hero. He had just done what felt right.

That evening, when he told his parents the story, they were proud of him.

4) The next day at school, his teacher shared the story with the class. Everyone clapped. Sami

learned that even small actions can make a big difference.

5

1.	What is the text MAINLY about?
	A. A football match in Doha
	B. A boy who finds a lost dog
	C. A teacher who tells a story
	D. A student who becomes famous
2.	In paragraph 3, which of the following <u>BEST</u> means the same as the underlined word 'wagged'?
	A. walked
	B. shook
	C. waved
	D. waited
3.	According to paragraph 1, why was Sami walking home from school feeling tired?
	He was thinking about the football match he would play later.
	2026 2025
1	According to paragraph 2, What made Sami decide to help the dog in the bush?
ч.	No one else was there
	No one else was there
5.	According to paragraph 3, how did the woman react when she found her dog?
	She was so happy that she called Sami a hero.
6	Pased on the information on the last paragraph, what did Sami learn from the
U.	Based on the information on the last paragraph, what did Sami learn from the experience?
	learned that even small actions can make a big difference.
	icallica that even sinah actions can make a big umerence.

Vocabulary

Read and choose the c	orrect answer.
1. This singer is very	Everyone listens to his music.
A. usualB. normalC. distantD. popular	
2. The Eiffel Tower is _	all over the world.
A. hideB. famousC. cheerfulD. massive	
3. It was a	day, nothing special happened.
A. silkB. usualC. brightD. massive	
4. Jeans are made of _	_ <u>9</u>
A. silkB. woolC. denimD. rubber	
5. My shoes are made	of, so they are waterproof.
A. woolB. plasticC. leatherD. polyester	

6. The sun's _____ are very strong at noon.

A. rays

B. reply

C. match

D. variety

7. Don't	behind the tree, we need to see you.
A. pay	
B. hide	
C. spend	
D. match	
8. The elephant was	compared to the dog.
-	
A. usualB. bright	
C. distant	
D. massive	
	time with my family on weakends
9. I like to	time with my family on weekends.
A. pay	
B. hide	
C. spend	
D. match	
10. You must	attention to your teacher to learn well.
A. pay	
B. spend	
C. wonder	
D. Imagine	
11. I of I	nim as my best friend.
A. pay	المناهج
B. hide	
C. think	
D. match	
12. I wha	t is inside that box.
A. wonder	
B. imagine	
C. match	
D. pay	

13.	I C	an't living in a big city. It is too noisy.
,	۹.	hide
ı	В.	return
(С.	match
ı	D.	<mark>imagine</mark>
14.	۱_	football. I play every day!
	۹.	can't stand
ı	В.	don't mind
(C.	am a big fan of
I	D.	find it horrible
15.	I _	spicy food. It's not too bad.
	۷.	can't stand
		don't mind
		lose touch
I	D.	am not a big fan of
16.	Не	e is not my friend, just an
	۷.	acquaintance Comments of the C
		mutual friend
(C.	close friend
ı	D.	mate
17.	W	e have been friends since we were kids.
	۹.۱	mates
ı	В.:	strangers
(C. (<mark>childhood</mark>
I	D.	distant relatives
18.	۱r	eed to my old teacher, I haven't talked to him for years.
,	۷.	get hold of
ĺ	В.	ose touch
(C. '	wonder
١	D.	hide

L 9 .	I sent him an email but didn't
	A. receive a reply
	B. return a call
	C. match
	D. spend
20.	He with his classmates after school.
	A.lost
	B. wondered
	C. kept in contact
	D.received a reply
21.	The firefighter was very and saved the boy.
,	<mark>A.</mark> brave
ا	B. moody
(C. distant
ا	D. forgetful
22.	He is always smiling and happy; he is
1	A. strict
[B. famous
(<mark>C. cheerful</mark>
-	D. massive
23.	You can tell him a secret, he is very
1	<mark>A.</mark> trustworthy
	B. forgetful
(C. variety
l	D. plastic
	My father is very about rules.
	<mark>A.</mark> strict
	B. bright
	C. moody
	D. evolving
25.	He studies every day because he is
	<mark>A.</mark> hard-working
l	B. forgetful
(C. distant
I	D. so-so

A- Complete the following sentences with words in the box.

- **1.** This jacket is made of **leather**, so it's waterproof.
- 2. The dress feels so soft because it's made of silk.
- 3. My wallet is real rubber, and it has lasted for years.
- **4.** The neon signs are so **bright** at night.
- **5.** These jeans are **denim**, which makes them strong and durable.

B- Complete the following sentences with words in the box.

- 1. We must not hide our true feelings.
- **2.** The shop offers a wide **variety** of shoes.
- **3.** The sun's rays are very strong today.
- **4.** That building is absolutely **massive** compared to ours.
- **5.** Your shoes don't match your shirt.
- **6.** Football is very **popular** in Qatar.
- **7.** The singer is **famous** all over the world.
- 8. We had dinner at our usual place.
- 9. It's just a normal day at school.
- **10.** I can't **imagine** living in another country.
- 11. I winder if he will come to the party.

C- Complete the following sentences with words in the box.

moody - brave - cheerful - confident - forgetful - hard-working - optimistic - generous - trustworthy

- 1. He was brave enough to fight in the war.
- 2. He always has a cheerful smile.
- **3.** You must be **confident** during your presentation.
- **4.** My brother is very **forgetful**, he always loses his keys.
- **5.** She is a **hard working** student. She always gets high marks.
- **6.** Always stay **optimistic**; things will get better.
- **7.** Teenagers are sometimes **moody** because they're dealing with many changes and emotions.
- 8. You can trust her; she's trustworthy.

D- Complete the following sentences with words phrases in the box.

think – spend – pay – really into – nothing special – don't mind – acquaintance – childhood friend – close friend – stranger

- 1. We usually spend weekends with family.
- 2. Tom is my close friend, I trust him completely.
- **3.** I sat next to a complete stranger on the bus.
- **4.** You should always pay attention in class.
- **5.** My brother is **really into** video games.
- 6. This TV show is okay, but it's nothing special.
- 7. A: "Do you want pizza or pasta? B: I don't mind it.
- **8.** He is just an old **acquaintance**, not a close friend.
- **9.** Sarah has been my **childhood friend** since kindergarten.

<u>Grammar</u>

- Read and choose the correct answer.

1.	He	to the cinema last night.
	A.	went
	В.	goes
	C.	is going
		has gone
2.	I _	breakfast at 7 a.m. every day.
		ate
		eat eat
		am eating
_		have eaten
3.		his homework yet.
		finished
		is finishing
		doesn't finished
1		my friend many times this year.
→.		met
	В.	have met
	C.	am meeting
	D.	used to meet
5.	He	in Paris in 2019.
	A.	live
	B.	lived
	c.	is living
	D.	has lived

6.	We	TV at the moment.
	A. watch	
	B. watched	
	C. are watching	
	D. have watche	d
7.	I liv	e near the beach when I was young.
	A. used	
	B. use to	
	C. used to	
	D. used not to	
8.	He	football every Saturday.
	<mark>A.</mark> plays	
	B. played	
	C. is playing	
	D. has played	
9.	-	their homework yesterday.
	A. finish	
	B. finished	
	C. are finishing	
	D. have finished	
10	. He didn't leave	the office 6 p.m.
	A. in	
	B. on	
	<mark>C.</mark> until	
	D. during	
11	.We studied	9 a.m 11 a.m.
	A. at / to	
	B. from / to	
	C. in / last	
	D. on / until	

12.He	very hard for the test these days.	
A. studies		
B. studied		
C. is studying		
D. has studied		
13. We	to London tomorrow morning.	
A. left		
B. leave		
C. leaves		
D. are leaving		
14. How many qu	estions have youso far?	
A. do		
B. did		
C. does		
D. done		
15.	like coffee, but now I drink it every morning.	
A. not use to		
B. didn't use t	<mark>o</mark>	
C. don't used	to	
D. didn't used	to	

Do as shown between brackets.

A) Correct the verbs.

- 1. He goes (go) to school every day.
- 2. I have finished (finish) my homework already.
- **3.** They **play** (**play**) football every Saturday.
- **4.** He is studying (study) for the test right now.
- 5. I didn't see (not / see) him since last year.
- 6. They are watching (watch) TV at the moment.
- 7. He was (be) tired yesterday.
- 8. Have you ever been (be) to London?
- 9. She hasn't called (not/call) me yet.
- 10. Did you use to play (play) video games when you were younger?
- 11. He runs (run) fast every morning.
- 12. Ahmad doesn't walk (not / walk) to school every day.
- **13.** Ali is doing (do) his test right now.
- 14. Does he watch (watch) movies at weekends?
- 15. I don't play (not/play) the piano. I hate music.

5) <u>IV</u>	iake negative.
1.	I met my best friend last weekend.
	I didn't meet my best friend last weekend.
2.	He plays football every day.
	He doesn't play football everyday.
3.	We used to live near the beach when we were children.
	We didn't use to live near the beach when we were children.
	NAC about Figure 1 and 1
4.	We study English every day. We don't study English every day.
	we don't study English every day.
C) <u>R</u>	ewrite using ' used to '.
1.	She lived in Doha before moving here.
	She used to live in Doha before moving here.
2.	He ate a lot of fast food, but now he eats healthy meals.
	He used to eat a lot of fast food, but now he eats healthy meals.
) R	ewrite using 'since, for & already'.
1.	I have worked at this company for five years.
1.	I have worked at this company since 2020.
2.	I have lived in this city since 2015.
	I have lived in this city for ten years.
2	I saw that movie last week.
Э.	I SAW LIIAL IIIUVIE IASL WEEK.

I have already seen that movie last week.

Writing Prompt Directions:

Write on **ONE** of the following topics.

1) A blog post about an event that you have attended. (football match/ festival/etc.)

Helping phrases:

- ➤ What is the event, where, when?
- ➤ What happened?
- > What did you like most?
- ➤ What did you feel?

<u>OR</u>

2) A description of the person you admire the most.

Helping phrases:

- > The person I admire the most....
- > Describe his character....
- ➤ How he influenced you....
- ➤ How you feel about this person....

nahj.co.
2026 2025
e: Maria 3
(i) - 51: 61
Salvo

- 11	
2025	
2026 2025	
2020 14 1 9	
e: ML g	
2020 14 1 9	
e: ML g	
<u>.e. 11 .g</u>	
<u>.e. 11 .g</u>	
E. M. S.	
E. M. S.	
<u>.e. 11 .g</u>	
E. M. S.	
و المالية	
E. M. S.	
و المالية	