Bravo - Module 1 TEEN LIFE! (محلول) الإجابات مع



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج القطرية	
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	إعداد: Joma .Mr

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثامن					
صفحة المناهج القطرية على فيسبوك					
المواد على تلغرام	التربية الاسلامية	اللغة العربية	اللغة الانجليزية	الرياضيات	

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثامن والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول	
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Bravo

First Term 2026-2027

Grade 8

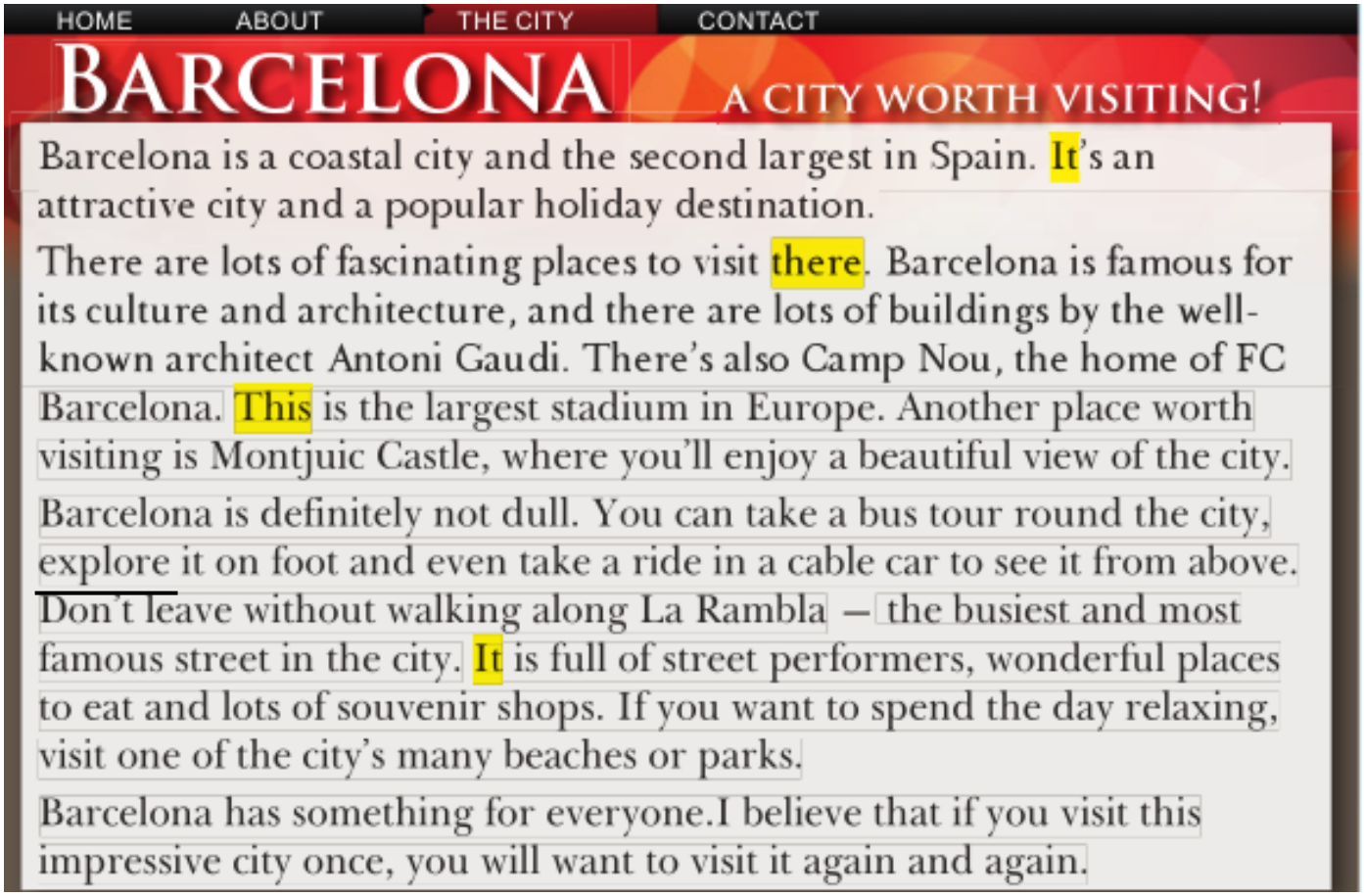
Module 1

TEEN LIFE !

With answers

Mr . Joma **55151322**

Read the following text and answer the questions



HOME ABOUT THE CITY CONTACT

BARCELONA A CITY WORTH VISITING!

Barcelona is a coastal city and the second largest in Spain. It's an attractive city and a popular holiday destination.

There are lots of fascinating places to visit there. Barcelona is famous for its culture and architecture, and there are lots of buildings by the well-known architect Antoni Gaudi. There's also Camp Nou, the home of FC Barcelona. This is the largest stadium in Europe. Another place worth visiting is Montjuic Castle, where you'll enjoy a beautiful view of the city.

Barcelona is definitely not dull. You can take a bus tour round the city, explore it on foot and even take a ride in a cable car to see it from above. Don't leave without walking along La Rambla – the busiest and most famous street in the city. It is full of street performers, wonderful places to eat and lots of souvenir shops. If you want to spend the day relaxing, visit one of the city's many beaches or parks.

Barcelona has something for everyone.I believe that if you visit this impressive city once, you will want to visit it again and again.

1. **The text is about** ....

a. Madrid

b. **Barcelona**

c. Valencia

2. Barcelona is the ..... city in Spain.

a) first

b) **second**

c) third

3. What is Camp Nou **?**

The home of the FC Barcelona.

4. What is the most famous street in Barcelona?

La Rambla

5. What does the undrelined word " **explore**" mean ?

a. study

b. **discover**

c. relax

confident	واثـق	stubborn	عنيـد
quick-tempered	حاد الطبع	bossy	متسلط
easy-going	متساهل- هادىء	selfish	أناني - نرجسي
outgoing	منفتح - اجتماعي		

Complete the sentences with the adjectives in the box

confident / stubborn /bossy/ easy-going /quick-tempered/ outgoing /selfish

1. My brother always gets angry easily. He's very **quick-tempered**
2. Rashid is very **stubborn** , and he never changes his mind about anything. **easy-going**
3. Aisha is very **outgoing .** She makes new friends wherever she goes.
4. My cousin Mona is a bit **bossy** . She always tells people what to do.
5. I like hanging out with **easy-going** ,friendly people. They make me feel relaxed.
6. I don't think my dad ever gets nervous. He always seems so **confident** .
7. Hamad can be **selfish**..sometimes. He only thinks about his own needs.

The Present Simple المضارع البسيط

The Present Simple is used for:

1. permanent situations: يستخدم لحالات مستديمة

He lives in London .

2. **for habits and actions that happen regularly.**

لعادات وأحداث تقع بانتظام

My friends often drop by.

3. for general truths حقائق عامة

e.g. Birds fly south in the winter.

Structure تركيبه

Affirmative جمل خبرية	***he , she ,it , ---works** *** I , you , we , they ------- work**
Negative حالة النفي	*** ,he , she ,it doesn't + work** *** I , you , we , they ------- don't + work**
Questions حالة السؤال	*** Does + ,he , she ,it+work?** *** Do I, you , we , they ------- + work ?**

Time Expressions تعابير زمانية تستخدم مع المضارع البسيط

usually, always, often, never, sometimes,
every day/week ,in the morning/spring
on Mondays / Monday morning, at the weekend,
once/twice/three times, a week/day

Stative Verbs أفعال الحالة- الوصفية

are usually not used in progressive tenses:

هذه الأفعال عادةً لا تستخدم في المضارع المستمر

see, feel, hear, smell, taste, seem, look (=seem), notice, appear, be, have , cost, like, dislike, love, hate, want, need, prefer, mind,think . know

Some stative verbs can be used in progressive tenses, but with a different meaning.

بعض أفعال الحالة تستخدم في المضارع المستمر

see

I'm seeing my doctor tomorrow.

think of/about

I'm thinking of buying a car.

have

(with words like: lunch, breakfast, shower, barbecue)

He's having a shower at the moment

Do as shown in brackets:

* Ali usually… plays… (play) Sunday, but this Sunday he is playing (play) from 6 to 9 pm.

The Present Progressive المضارع المستمر

Structure تركيبه

Affirmative جمل خبرية	* he , she ,it --- is verb1+ ing * I , you , we , they are + verb1 +ing
Negative حالة النفي	* ,he , she ,it isn't +verb1+ing * I , you , we , they ------- aren't + verb1+ing
Questions حالة السؤال	* Is + ,he , she ,it+verb1+ ing? * Are + I, you , we , they ---- + verb1 +ing

It is used for:

1. actions happen at the moment of speaking.

أحداث تقع في لحظة التحدث

He is having breakfast right now.

2. temporary states, حالات مؤقتة

I am currently writing a book about my hobby .

3. future arrangements, ترتيبات مستقبلية

We're moving in at the end of this week.

Time Expressions تعابير زمانية تستخدم مع المضارع االمستمر

now, right now, at the moment, today, these days, this week/year, tonight, tomorrow, next week/year

Complete with the Present Simple or the Present Progressive of the verbs in brackets

1. Rashid never … **goes**…..(**go**) out with friends after school. He always…**does**… (**do**) his homework. At the moment, he **is studying** (**study**) for a maths test.
2. A: Sorry, I **am not coming** (**not come**) to the barbecue tomorrow. **I'm watching** (**watch**) a match with my brother.
   B: Don't worry about it. **We're having** (**have**) a barbecue next weekend too!
3. A: **Do**….you and your sister **get** (**get**) along?
   B: Well, we **don't fight** (**not fight**) every day, but we sometimes **argue** (**argue**) about different things.
   A: We**'re moving** (**move**) house next week and my sister and I **are arguing** (**argue**) about the bedrooms. We both…**want**. (**want**) the big one.

Circle the correct options.

1.What time **do** / **are** you **get up** / **getting up** in the morning?

I '**m** usually **waking up** / **usually wake up** at 7.30 on school days because the bus **leaves** / **is leaving** at 8.15.

2. **Omar**: Who **do** / **'s** your brother **talk** / **talking** to over there?

Waleed: I **don't know** / **doesn't know** but I **'m thinking** / **think** it's one of his classmates.

3. **John**: What are you doing this weekend?

Paul: My brother **'s going** / **goes** hiking this weekend and I **think** / **'m thinking** of going too.

John: **Is** / **Does** he **going** / **go** hiking every weekend?

Paul: Well, his youth club **organises** / **organise** hiking trips once a month, but he **isn't going** / **doesn't go** often .

4. Hassan **often studies** / **'s often studying** at the library, but these days he **studies** / **'s studying** at Majed's house because they **work** / **'re working** on a project.

Write sentences in the Present Simple or the Present Progressive.

1. My team / rarely / play / Fridays / .

My team rarely plays on Fridays .

2. We / not go / school / tomorrow / .

We aren't going to school tomorrow.

3. Your brother / eat dinner / moment / ?

Is your brother eating dinner at the moment ?

4. Kelly / visit / her cousin / next weekend / .

Kelly is visiting her cousin next weekend .

5. I / not play / football / these days / .

I am not playing football these days.

6. What / you / think / of my new jumper / ?

What do you think of my new jumper ?

Same here!	وأنا كذلكً	Here we go again	نعيد نفس الكلام
I know the feeling	أتفهم شعورك	Hang in there.	لاتيأس
What are you waiting for?	ماذا تنتظر ؟	Got it?	أفهمت

Match the expressions with their meanings

1. Same here!	**5**	**a**. Don't give up.
2. I know the feeling.	**4**	**b**. Oh, not again!
3. Hang in there.	**2**	**c**. I understand.
4. Here we go again!	**6**	**d**. Did you understand?
5. What are you waiting for?	**1**	**e**. Me too.
6. Got it?	**3**	**f**. Why don't you do it now?

Grammar قــواعد

Past Simple المـاضي البسيط

Affirmative جمل خبرية	* he , she ,it , I , you , we , they------ +worked/went
Negative حـالة النفي	* ,he , she ,it ,I , you , we , they ------- didn't + work /go
Questions حالة السؤال	* Did + I ,he ,it, she , you , we , they --- +work /go?

The Past Simple is used for:

- actions that started and were completed at a specific time in the past.

أحداث بدأت وأستكملت في وقت محدد في الماضي

My family and I went on a cruise last month.

- habitual or repeated actions in the past.

أحداث وعادات متكررة في الماضي

I went camping every summer when I was younger.

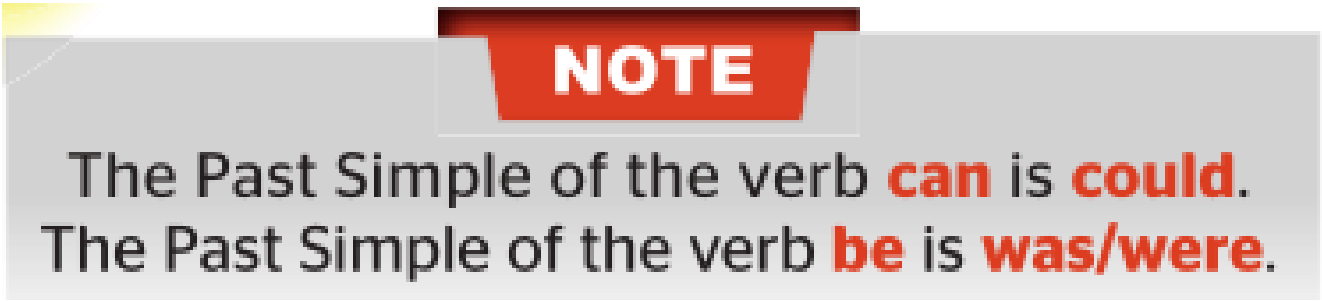
- completed actions that happened one after the other in the past.

أحداث كاملة وقعت واحدة بعد الأخرى في الماضي

Ali got up at eight o'clock, had breakfast and left for school.

Time expressions تعابير زمانية تستخدم مع الماضي

yesterday / yesterday morning, in + years / centuries last night / month / Friday / summer, two days / a week ago



Present simple المضارع البسيط	Past simple الماضي البسيط
can	could
is	was
are	were

used to تعود أن

Structure تكوينه

Affirmative جمل خبرية	* he , she ,it , I , you , we , they --- used to + verb 1
Negative حالة النفي	* ,he , she ,it ,I , you , we , they ------- didn't +use to +v1
Questions حالة السؤال	* Did + ,he , she ,it , you , we , they ---- --- + use to + verb1?

used to + base form is used:

We use **used to** to talk about something that happened regularly in the past, but no longer does.

تستخدم (used to) للتعبير عن شيء ما وقع بشكل منتظم في الماضي ، ولم يعد موجوداً

*We used to go skateboarding every afternoon when we were young.

Complete with the **Past Simple / used to of the verbs in brackets.**

1. Yesterday I **went** (**go**) to Saleh's house and we **watched** (**watch**) some funny videos on the Internet. Then we…**decided**. (**decide**) to make a video of us skateboarding. It **was**. (**be**) great, but we **couldn't** (**not can**) upload it. We……**were**… (**be**) very upset.
2. A: Hey, why …**were you**…..(**you / be**) late for school today?
   B: I **didn't hear** (**not hear**) my alarm clock and I **woke** (**wake**) up at 9 a.m.
3. In the past, Sandy **didn't have** (**not have**) a laptop. She **used to** (**do**) her homework on a desktop computer. Now she's got a laptop, so she can do her homework anywhere.

rock climbing	تسلق الجبال	surfing	ركوب الأمواج
water polo	كـرة المـاء	handball	كرة اليد
gymnastics	جمباز	athletics	ألعـاب القـوى
aerobics	تمارين هوائية	jogging	هرولة – مشي بطيء
hiking	السير في الطبيعة	exercise	تمرين رياضي

Write the sports/dactivities under the correct verb

[rock climbing /aerobics/ water polo/ gymnastics
surfing/ handball/ athletics /jogging/ hiking/ exercise]

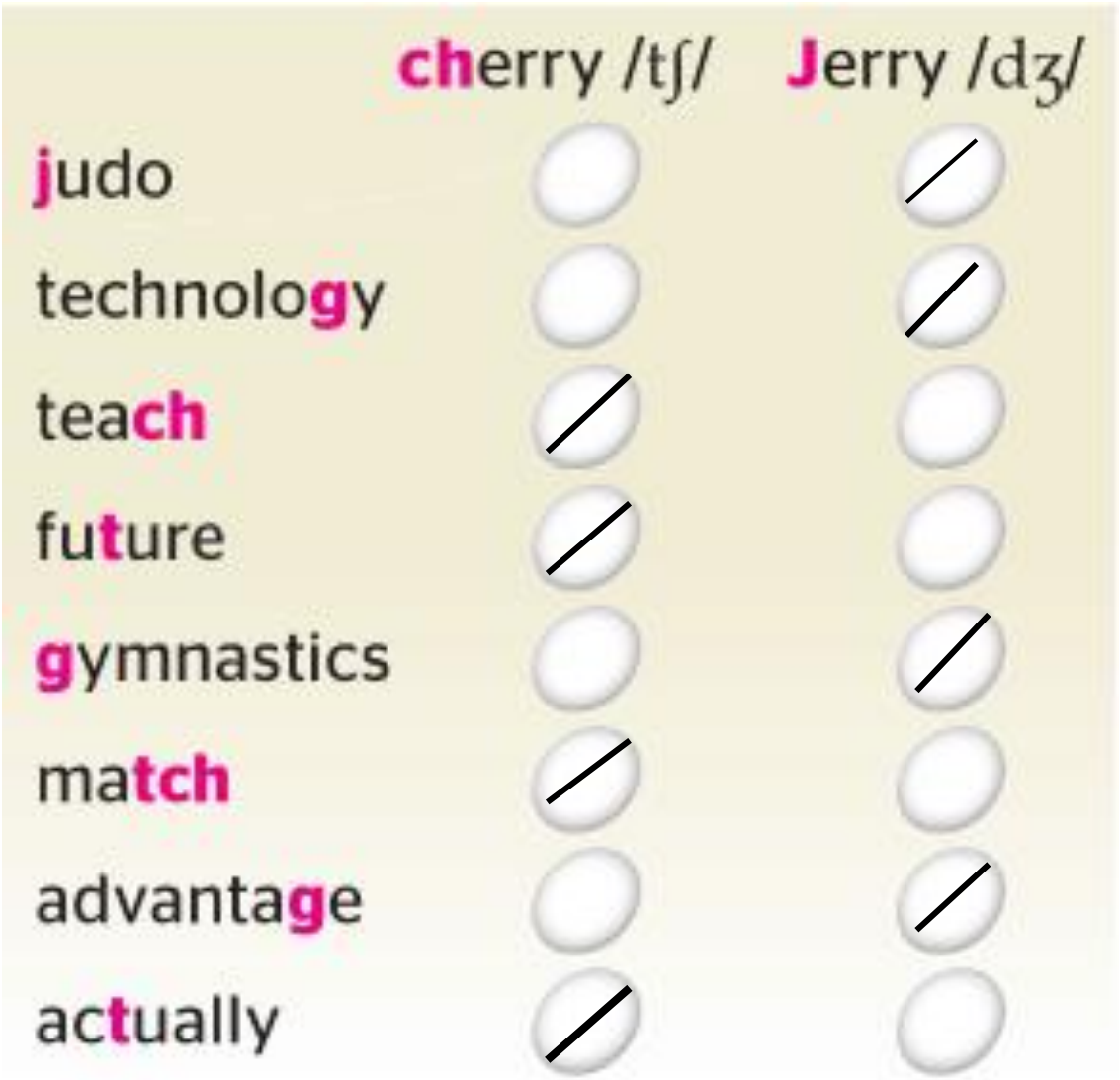
play	go	do
water polo	rock climbing	aerobics
handball	surfing	gymnastics
	hiking	athletics
	jogging	exercise

play ---- مع الرياضات التي تحتوي على كرة

go --- مع الرياضات التي تنتهي ب ing

do---- مع الرياضات التي تنتهي ب (ics)و عدم وجود كرة

Pronunciation



Comparison of adjectives and adverbs

*We use the comparative of adjectives and adverbs when we compare two people, animals or things. Adjectives and adverbs are usually followed by than .

تستخدم صفات وظروف المقارنة عند مقارنة شخصين ، حيوانين أوشيئين.

نضيف للصفة (er) متبوعة ب (than)

• We use the superlative of adjectives and adverbs when we compare one person, animal or thing with several of the same kind.

تستخدم صفات وظروف المقارنة عند مقارنة شخص ، حيوان أوشيئ مع مجموعة من نفس النوع ، وتسبق الصفات (the)

All one-syllable and most two-syllable adjectives take –er صفات ذات مقطع واحد أو مقطعين تأخذ (er)	short - shorter happy - happier big - bigger
Adjectives with three or some two-syllable adjectives take: more + adjective صفات ذات 3 مقاطع أو مقطعين تأخذ (more) قبل الصفة	interesting more interesting

All one-syllable adverbs that end with (y) , replace (y)with جميع الظروف المنتهية بحرف (y)، يستبدل بحرف (i)	early - earlier
Adverbs with two or more syllables take: more + adverb	carefully - more carefully
as + adjective/adverb + as	My car is as fast as my father's car.

The superlative form

All one-syllable and most two-syllable adjectives take –est صفات ذات مقطع واحد أو مقطعين تأخذ (est)	short - shortest happy - happeist big - biggest
Adjectives with three or some two-syllable adjectives take: most + adjective صفات ذات 3 مقاطع أو مقطعين تأخذ (most) قبل الصفة	interesting more interesting
All one-syllable adverbs that end with (y) , replace (y)with	early - earliest

جميع الظروف المنتهية بحرف (y)، يستبدل بحرف (i)	
Adverbs with two or more syllables take: most + adverb	carefully - most carefully

Irregular comparatives and superlatives

صفات غير منتظمة في حالة المقارنة

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
good/well جيد	better	the best
bad/badly رديء	worse	the worst
little قليل	less	the least
many / much كثير	more	the most
far بعيد	farther/further	the farthest/furthest

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives or adverbs in brackets

1. A camel is… **taller**… (**tall**) than a deer, but a giraffe is the…… **tallest**……..(**tall**) of all three.
2. Winter is my **least** .(**little**) favourite season of all.
3. And February is the…**worst**…(**bad**) month of the year .
4. Shirts aren't as **comfortable** **(comfortable**) as jumpers.
5. My best friend is more **outgoing** (**outgoing**) than I am, but she's not as… **kind** (**kind**) as me.
6. Ali practises basketball …**less**..(**little**) than me, but he's still a …**better**….(**good**) player than me. In fact, I think he's the **best**…(**good**) player in the whole school!
7. My mum's very proud of me because I did
8. well on the most **difficult**.(**difficult**) test of the year.

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives or adverbs in brackets.

1. Kevin jumped the… **highest**. (**high**) of all the athletes that took part in the athletics tournament.
2. My mum doesn't get up as… **early**.(**early**) as my dad.
3. My cousin says that karate is the…**most difficult** (**difficult**) martial art, but I don't agree.
4. A table tennis ball is **smaller** (**small**) than a tennis ball.
5. Of the four films, Angry Birds is the **least**(**little**) boring.
6. My new phone is not as… **big**. (**big**)as my old one and it was …**less**…(**little**) expensive too.
7. Who drives **more carefully**(**carefully**), Mark or Tom?

Adverbs of manner ظروف الطريقة / الأسلوب

They describe how something happens.

تصف كيفية حدوث الشيء

Stan is a good driver. He drives (careful) carefully .

*We form most adverbs of manner by adding -ly to the adjective

يتكون ظرف الطريقة بإضافة (ly) بنهاية الصفة

quiet ⟹ quietly

careful ⟹ carefully

*Adjectives ending in a consonant + -y, drop the -y and take -ily.

صفات تنتهي بحرف ساكن وحرف (y)، نحذف (y)نستبدله ب (ily)

easy ⟹ easily

Adjectives ending in -le,drop the -e and take -y.

صفات تنتهي بحرفين (le) نحذف (e) ونضيف (y)

terrible ⟹ terribly

Irregular adverbs

بعض الظروف غير منتظمة ولا تنتهي ب (ly)

good ⟹ well

fast ⟹ fast

hard ⟹ hard

late ⟹ late

early ⟹ early

Use the adjectives in brackets to form adverbs.

1. Mona always speaks to her parents… **politely** (**polite**).
2. This activity isn't difficult. I can do it **easily**.(**easy**).
3. Hassan takes nice pictures. He can use a camera……**well**….(**good**).
4. We walked …**slowly**.(**slow**) through the forest.
5. Walk up the stairs … **carefully** (**careful**)There is water on the floor.
6. Amna did not want to be late for school, so she walked… **quickly**.(**quick**).

competitions	مسابقات	skateboarding	
basketball	كرة السلة	handball	كرة اليد
football	كرة قدم	water polo	كرة الماء
volleyball	كرة طائرة	taekwondo	
tennis	تنس	cycling	ركوب الدراجة
exciting	مثير - مشوق	boring	مـمل
easy	سهل	difficult	صعب
safe	أمن- مأمون	dangerous	خطير
popular	محببة - شعبية	tiring	يبعث على الملل

hobbies	هوايات	teenagers	بالغين
sculpture	النحت	model car making	صنع سيارة لعبة
blogging	عمل مدونة	camping	تخييم
camel racing	سباق الهجن	falconry	رياضة الصقور
horse riding	ركوب الخيل	jewellery making	صنع مجوهرات
baking	صناعة الخبز	making soaps/candles	صنع صابون وشمعات
coin collecting	جمع عملات معدنية	astronomy	تنجيم

crazy about	مولع ب – مغرم ب	is really into	محب – مولع ب
I can't stand	لاأطيق	is not my thing	ليس من اهتماماتي
interested in	مهتم ب	a big fan of	من اشد المعجبين
It's something else	شيء مختلف		

بداية المحادثة	السؤال عن الماضي والعادات والأنشطة الحالية	أنهاء المحادثة

Starting a conversation	Maintaining a conversation	Ending a conversation
• Hi there! What's new? • How's it going? • Fancy seeing/meeting you here! • I haven't seen you for ages. How are things? • Hello. Great to see you again! • Long time no see! • Hey! You're Jane's sister, aren't you? • Charlie, is that you?	**Asking about the past** • So, how did you do in your exams? • Where did you go for the holidays? • Do you remember the skatepark we used to go to? • Did you watch the new game show last night? **Asking about habits** • Do you still go to that gym on River Street? • So, what do you do in your free time? **Asking about current activities** • So, what do you think of this café? • Your new phone is so cool! Is it easy to use? • I love your trainers! Are they new? • What are you doing after school today? • Are you still working on that project? • Have you studied for the test on Monday? • Have you talked to Steve at all today? • Are you going to football practice later?	• See you later. Bye! • Take care. • Got to go now. • Give me a call sometime, OK? • I'm off. It was nice seeing you again. • Time for me to go. • I have to run. It was great chatting with you. • Have a nice day! • It's getting late. I should go.

Circle the correct option.

1. Be quiet! I can't **concentrate / argue**.
2. I must **practise / compete** my kicks because I want to get my brown belt this year.
3. I love sports, **especially / in fact** football.
4. Khalid and I **go / do** surfing at the weekend.
5. I'm very **selfish / proud** that I won second place in the tournament.
6. Our **athlete / instructor** told us all about judo.
7. I use electronic **skills / devices** every day.

Complete with the Present Simple or the Present Progressive of the verbs in brackets

1. Layla…**is cleaning** (**clean**) her room now.
   She …**wants**….(**want**) to finish before lunchtime.
2. A: **Do**.you and your sister **often fight** (**often** / **fight**)?
   B: Yes. She's very stubborn and bossy. She **doesn't change**(**not change**) her mind easily and she **always tells** (**always /tell**) people what to do.
3. My friends **are going**.(**go)** ice skating tomorrow, but **I'm not joning** (**not join**) them. I **hate** (**hate**) sports.

Complete with the Past Simple of the verbs in the box.

not break/ spend /lose/ not exercise/ borrow

1. Molly's upset because she her …**lost**.mobile phone.
2. In the past, my brother…**didn't exercise**.. at all. He ……**spent**….his free time making model cars.
3. I…**borrowed**…your tablet yesterday, but I …**didn't break**…..it! Somebody else did.

Complete with the correct form of the words in brackets

1. I think learning Chinese is as **difficult** (**difficult**) as learning Russian.
2. Latifa's English isn't very good, so I try to speak **more slowly**(**slowly**) than I usually do when we're together.
3. Mubarak is the **most outgoing** (**outgoing**) student in the class. He's got so many friends!
4. May doesn't draw as **well**.(**well**) as me.
5. Tennis is ……**less**……(**little**) fun than handball.

Choose a, b or c.

1. Sana thanked the woman because the directions she gave her were very…… .

a. **helpful**	**b**. easy-going	**c**. confident

2. Tom and Mark…….. karate on Wednesdays.

a. **do**	**b**. play	**c**. go

3. I can't stand jogging. .

a. I'm really into it	**b. It's not my thing**	**c.It's something else!**

Choose a, b or c.

1. My mum ……to drive me to school, but now I take the bus.

a. use	**b**. **used**	**c**. was

2. I bought my first smartphone three years ……..

a. last	**b**. yesterday	**c**. **ago**

3. Did you ……upload pictures to your website in the past?

a. **use to**	**b**. used to	**c**. used

4. I…….. my cousin last week to invite him over.

a. **called**	b. used to call	c. 'm calling

Rewrite the sentences using the words given.

1. Salem isn't as funny as Ali. **than**

   Ali is funnier than Salem .

2. Gymnastics is more difficult than aerobics. **less**

   Aerobics is less difficult than gymnastics.

3. Handball is more tiring than skateboarding. **as**

   Skateboarding is less tiring than handball.

4. My dad is more outgoing than my mum. **as**

   My mum isn't as outgoing as my dad.

5. Horse riding isn't as good as camel racing. **than**

   Camel racing is better than horse riding.

6. I don't think there's a more exciting sport than snowboarding. **most**

   I think snowboarding is the most exciting sport .

Circle the correct options.

1. My parents bought me a skateboard, but their (**rule** / **move**) is that I can't skateboard in the street.
2. I recently (**took up** / **gave up**)athletics because I broke my arm.
3. I think I can learn to snowboard on my own, but my friends (**agree** / **disagree**) .
4. My instructor wants me to(**manage** /**compete**) in a tournament this weekend.
5. It's difficult to (**focus on** / **respect**) my homework when my neighbours make noise.

Complete with go, do or play.

1.	play	water polo	
2.	go	rock climbing	
3.	play	handball	
4.	go	jogging	
5.	do	karate	
6.	do	exercise	
7.	go	snowboarding	
8.	go	ice skating	

Writing

1.Write about a person you like spending time with.

PARAGRAPH 1 **Give some general information about the person (name, relationship to you).** **Describe his personality.** **Mention good and bad qualities**	He is very / really / quite / a bit… He is the one who… The best/worst thing about him is that he He is also
PARAGRAPH 2 **Describe his hobbies/interests and what you do together.**	**We're both interested in…** **His favourite hobby is…** **He is into**

I like to spend time with my father. He's really sporty and clever. I like that he helps me with new things. His favourite hobby is coin collecting.

He plays basketball. We both enjoy going out together We play basketball and talk about interesting things like travelling and sports.

I like spending time with him because we always have fun and he makes me feel happy .

2.Write a blog post

Writing plan:
A blog post

Complete the writing plan below and write your blog post on the next page.

Brainstorm ideas for your blog post!



INTRODUCTION المقدمة

Personal information معلومات شخصية

Name: الاسم — Ali

Age: العمر — fourteen

MAIN PART

Mention in detail

What sports you play	What hobbies you've got	What interests you've got
الرياضات التي تلعبها	ما الهوايات لديك	ما هي اهتماماتك
swimming – water polo – scuba diving	coin collecting	playing football

Hi, I'm Ali . I'm fourteen years old, and this is my blog!

Sports

I'm really into swimming, so I swim three times a week . In the springtime, I like going to the beach with my friends. I used to go scuba diving too, but I don't any more. I love all kinds of water sports, especially water polo.

Other interests

I'm interested in coin collecting and I have a small collection of coins . At the moment, I'm collecting coins of all countries. I also enjoy playing football because it makes me fit.

In fact, yesterday I finished a big collection of different coins.