أوراق عمل إثرائية منتصف الفصل



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج القطرية	
موقع المناهج ⇦ المناهج القطرية ⇦ الصف السادس ⇦ لغة انجليزية ⇦ الفصل الأول ⇦ أوراق عمل ⇦ الملف	
تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 2026-11-12 18:14:26	
المزيد من مادة لغة انجليزية:	ملفات ا كتب للمعلم ا كتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس
	إعداد: مدرسة الأندلس الابتدائية الخاصة للبنين

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السادس					
صفحة المناهج القطرية على فيسبوك					
المواد على تلغرام	التربية الاسلامية	اللغة العربية	اللغة الانجليزية	الرياضيات	

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السادس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول	
1	أوراق عمل إثرائية منتصف الفصل
2	مفردات الوحدة الثانية مع تدريبات
3	مفردات الوحدة الأولى (1 Module) مع تدريبات النسخ
4	شرح قواعد الماضي البسيط مع تدريبات – الوحدة الثانية
5	شرح الوحدة الأولى الحياة اليومية وقواعد المضارع البسيط

تحميل تطبيق المناهج للهواتف الذكية	
تطبيق المناهج على Store App (آبل)	تطبيق المناهج على Play Google (أندرويد)

مجمع الأندلس التعليمي
Andalus Educational Complex
مدرسة الأندلس الابتدائية الخاصة للبنين
تحت إشراف وزارة التعليم والتعليم العالي

رؤية المدرسة: تَعلَّمٌ عَصرِيٌّ مُلْهِمٌ بِهُوِيَةٍ وَطَنِيَةٍ وَقِيَمٍ إِسْلَامِيَّةٍ.

6th grade

2026 2027
SCHOOL YEAR

Mid of 1st Term
ENRICHMENT EXERCISES

Name: .....

TOP STARS

Vocabulary

brush my teeth	يغسل أسنانه	***amazed***	مذهول
toothbrush	فرشاة أسنان	***swallow***	يبلع
comb my hair	يمشط شعره	***trail***	طريق
tidy my room	يرتب غرفته	***view***	منظر
surf the net	يتصفح الإنترنت	***lucky***	محظوظ
text a friend	يراسل صديق	***event***	حدث - فعالية
play volleyball	يلعب كرة الطائرة	***take part in***	يشارك في
do karate	يلعب كاراتيه	***teammate***	زميل في الفريق
hang out	يخرج	***score (v.)***	يسجل - يحرز هدف
meet	يقابل	***score (n.)***	نتيجة المباراة
tablet	جهاز لوحي	***point (n.)***	نقطة - هدف
uniform	زي موحد	***shoot (v.)***	يسدد
nature	طبيعة	***miss (v.)***	يفقد - يخطئ التسديد
safe	آمن	***lose***	يخسر
rucksack	حقيبة ظهر		
towel	منشفة (فوطة)		
survive	يعيش/ينجو		

Part 1: Language Functions:

Read and match:

A	B
1. How often do you brush your teeth?	a. twice a day
2. Do you usually play volleyball?	b. They are eating.
3. What are they doing now?	c. No, I don't.
4. Whose bag is this?	d. It's mine.

A	B
1. How often do they go to school?	a. Yes, I do.
2. Do you often tidy your room?	b. 5 days a week.
3. What did you do yesterday?	c. It's Hers.
4. Whose dress is this?	d. I read a story.

Part 2: Reading:

Salem is a twelve-year-old boy who lives in Doha. He loves spending time with his friends after school. His favorite hobby is playing football, and he plays every weekend at the park near his house. Salem also enjoys reading adventure books because they take him to exciting new places in his imagination.

Next summer holiday, Salem wants to try a new hobby. He is planning to learn swimming at the sports club. Salem believes swimming will be fun and also good for his health. He is very excited to start this new activity.

Read the text and answer the following questions:

1. What is the text mainly about?

a) Salem's school subjects

b) Salem's hobbies

c) Salem's family

d) Salem's favorite food

2. What does the underlined word "exciting" mean?

a) boring

b) interesting

c) slow

d) quiet

3. Where does Salem play football?

a) at his school

b) at the sports club

c) at the park near his house

d) at the beach

4. What kind of books does Salem like to read?

……

5. Why does Salem want to learn swimming?

……

Almost everything about elephants is big. They are huge animals living on land. There are two kinds of elephants: the Indian elephant and the African elephants. A male, African elephant can weigh up to six thousand kilos. Elephants can be up to four meters tall. Every day, they spend about 16 hours eating. They eat up to 200 kilos of food.

Elephants have very big ears. They use their ears to cool themselves down. An elephant's trunk can smell food, water and predators. Elephants need powerful legs to support their heavy bodies. Their tusks are long and curved. They use their tusks for digging and fighting.

1. What is the text MAINLY about?

A. facts about elephants

B. information about Africa

C. digging and fighting in nature

D. elephants' food and predators

2. What does the underlined word "<u>powerful</u>" mean?

A. big

B. fat

C. strong

D. small

3. How can elephants use their trunks to survive?

……..

4. Why do elephants need powerful legs?

……

Part 3: Vocabulary:

Fill in gaps from the words in the box:

comb - toothbrush - texts - check - tidy

1- Hamad uses his new ..... to brush his teeth.

2- Can you please help me ..... my room?

3- He usually ..... his friends after school.

4- You need to ..... your email to read the new messages.

5- I always ..... my hair before going to school.

karate - play - calendar - tablet - schedule

1- What is the day and date today? Check the ..... please.

2- I use my ..... to play games and watch videos.

3- Let's ..... volleyball. It's fun.

4- Jaber wants to do ..... to be strong.

5- Look at the..... and tell me what we have next.

view – trip – towel – safe - rucksack

1. It isn't ..... to go camping alone.

2. We use a ..... to dry our hands.

3. The ..... from the hotel window was amazing.

4. My ..... is so heavy.

5. We went on a school ..... last week.

Part 4: Grammar:

Present Simple: المضارع البسيط

Key Words (الكلمات المفتاحية):

-always دائما– usually عادة
often غالبا – sometimes أحيانا
– never أبدا – every كل

Usage (الاستخدامات):

1. **Facts** → The sun rises in the east.
2. **Habits** → I drink tea every morning.
3. **Routines** → She goes to school at 7 o'clock.

◇ **Form (التكوين):**

☑ **مع I / You / We / They → verb in base form**

- **I play football.**
- **They read books.**

☑ **مع He / She / It → add -s / -es**

- **He plays football.**
- **She watches TV.**

Choose the correct answer:

1. He----------his friend every day.

A. text
B. texts
C. texted
D. texting

2. I always----------my rooms in the morning.

A. tidy
B. tidies
C. tided
D. tidying

Do as shown between brackets:

1. My dad always (read) _____newspapers in the morning. **(correct)**

2. Ali (brush) _____ his teeth every morning. **(correct)**

3. We usually (sleep) _____ early. **(correct)**

Present Progressive: المضارع المستمر

Usage (الاستخدامات):

1. Actions happening **now** → She is reading a book.
2. Actions happening **around now** (temporary) → I am studying for exams these days.

◇ Form (التكوين):

Subject + **am / is / are** + verb + **-ing**

Key Words (الكلمات المفتاحية):

- now → الآن
- right now → حالياً
- at the moment → في هذه اللحظة
- these days → هذه الأيام

☑ Examples:

- **I am playing football.**
- **He is watching TV.**
- **They are working hard.**

Choose the correct answer:

1. I ---------- English now.

A. study
B. are studying
C. is studying
D. am studying

2. They ------- their homework at the moment.

A. do
B. am doing
C. is doing
D. are doing

Do as shown between brackets:

1. My brother (watch) _____ TV at the moment. **(correct)**

2. They (eat) _____ their dinner now. **(correct)**

3. Look! Someone (come) _____ there. **(correct)**

Possessive Pronouns (ضمائر الملكية)

Choose the correct answer:

✅ List – القائمة

Pronoun	Arabic	Example
Mine	لي	This book is mine.
Yours	لك	The pen is yours.
His	له	That car is his.
Hers	لها	The bag is hers.
Its	له/لها (لغير العاقل)	The tail is its.
Ours	لنا	The house is ours.
Theirs	لهم	The toys are theirs.

⚠️ **Note:** These pronouns **replace** the noun, not just describe it.
مثال: بدل أن نقول *This is her book*, نقول *This book is hers.*

1. This is my father's car. It's----------.

A. his
B. hers
C. ours
D. mine

2. We live in this house. It's -------.

A. his
B. hers
C. ours
D. theirs

Do as shown between brackets:

1. This is Fahad's bike. It's mine. **(correct)**

.....

2. That is my mum's bag. It's his. **(correct)**

.....

Articles

Indefinite Articles – أدوات النكرة

Used when talking about something **not specific** – شيء غير محدد

1. A

- Used before words that start with a **consonant sound** – صوت ساكن
  a cat, a book, a university

2. An

- Used before words that start with a **vowel sound** – صوت متحرك
  an apple, an hour, an umbrella

> ⚠️ **Note:** نركز على **الصوت** وليس الحرف فقط
> مثال: *a university* (لأنها تبدأ بصوت "you" وليس "u")

Definite Article – أداة التعريف

3. The

Used when talking about something **specific or known** – شيء معروف أو محدد

- *The sun is bright.*
- *I saw the movie you recommended.*

Choose the correct answer:

1. My father bought me a new bike. ..... bike is red.

   - A - An - The

2. Jaber is holding ..... umbrella because it's raining.

   - a - an - the

3. I can see a man reading ..... book.

   - a - an - the

Future: (be going to)

am / is / are → going to → verb (inf.)

- I **am going to** travel tomorrow.
- She **is going to** study tonight.
- They **are going to** play football.

◆ **الاستخدام (Uses):**

1. **الخطط والنوايا المستقبلية (Plans & Intentions):**
   - We **are going to visit** our grandparents this weekend.
   - He **is going to buy** a new phone.

Choose the correct answer:

1. She _____ buy a new dress next week.

a) are going to

b) is going to

c) am going to

d) be going to

Do as shown between brackets:

1. They are (go) _____ to play football after school. (Future tense)

Past Simple: الماضي البسيط

1.أحداث انتهت في الماضي:

- I visited Cairo last year.
- She watched a movie yesterday.

📌 الأفعال نوعين:

- **Regular verbs:** نضيف **-ed** → play → played / watch → watched
- **Irregular verbs:** شكل خاص → go → went / eat → ate / have → had
- **Choose the correct answer:**

  My father _____ a new car last week.

  a) buy

  b) bought

  c) buys

  d) buying

- **Do as shown between brackets:**

1. Yesterday, Ali _____ (play) football with his friends. **(correct)**

2. We _____ (go) to the park last Friday. **(correct)**

Part 5: Writing:

Write an **email** of **7 sentences** to your friend, telling him about your **favourite hobby**.

- What is your favourite hobby?
- Where and when do you usually do it?
- Why do you like it?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.

Write a **paragraph** of **seven sentences** about **an unlucky day.**

Helping questions:

* Where did you go?

* What did you do?

* What happened?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....