### أوراق عمل الأندلس تحضيرية لاختبار منتصف الفصل غير مجابة





### تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج القطرية

موقع المناهج ← المناهج القطرية ← المستوى الحادي عشر الأدبي ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الأول ← ملفات متنوعة ← الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 13-10-22:32:41

ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس

المزيد من مادة لغة انجليزية:

إعداد: مدرسة الأندلس

### التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب المستوى الحادي عشر الأدبي











صفحة المناهج القطرية على فيسببوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب المستوى الحادي عشر الأدبي والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

# مدرسة الأندلس الخاصة للبنات العام الأكاديمي 2026/2025





أوراق إثرائية شاملة مادة اللغة الإنجليزية الصف الحادي عشر

	اسم الطالبة/

### **VOCABULARY**

Vocabulary 1.A			Sb. Page 10
employ	يُوظف	unemployed	عاطل عن العمل
employees	موظفين	out of work	عاطل / بدون عمل
staff	موظفين	get fired	مطرود
hold a meeting	يعقد اجتماع	intern	متدرب (خبرة مهنية)
salary	راتب شهري / سنوي	trainee	متدرب (برنامج تدريبي)
wage	أجر يومي / اسبوعي	job cuts	تقليل الوظائف
make ends meet	يُسَير أمورة المادية بصعوبة	live on benefits	يعيش على مساعدات من الدولة
Fill in the gaps:			

CHEHIDIOVED SOIOLV CHUS CHIDIOV HICCHHE	Unemplo	ved – salar	y – ends – emp	lov - meeting
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1-The factory will	over 200 people.	
2- We need to hold a	to discuss the upcoming	g events in our company.
3- She became	after the company's bankrupt	су.
4- Despite working 2 jobs. He	e found it difficult to make	meet.

win	يفوز	a race / a match / a game
earn	يكسب	money / a salary / one's living
gain	يكتسب	weight / speed / access / experience

### **Choose the correct word:**

1. Larry wants to _	 _some work experience,	so he's doing	volunteer	work at	: the
hospital.					

- A. earn
- B. gain
- C. win
- D. support
- 2. I don't like playing tennis with Fred. He \_\_\_\_\_\_ every match we play!
  - A. earns
- B. gains
- C. wins
- D. supports

Vocabulary 1.B			Sb. Page 15
You're your own boss	انت مدير نفسك	private enterprises	شركات خاصة
self-employed	يعمل لحسابه الخاص	entrepreneurs	مقاول/ساحب شركة صغيرة
set up a business	ينشئ عمل تجاري	take off	يزدهر
government grant	منحة حكومية	line of work	مجال التخصص
have a head for business			لديه أفكار جيدة في الاعمال التجارية
has a good head for figure	s		لدية قدرة عالية مع الأرقام والحسابات

### Fill in the gaps:

### Take off – line of work – self-employed – enterpreneurs

- 1- What \_\_\_\_\_ are you in? I am a teacher.
- 2- Their business started to \_\_\_\_\_\_ after 2 years of hard work.
- 3- He is \_\_\_\_\_\_. He works for himself.
- 4- I have met with many\_\_\_\_\_, who taught me how to start up private enterprises.

Vocabulary 1.B business	026	2023	Sb. Page 15
business	شركة/عمل/مشروع تجاري	sum of money	مبلغ من المال
company	شركة	amount of work	كمية العمل
corporation	مؤسسة / شركة كبيرة	number	عدد/رقم
split	يشق/يفصل	quality	صفة / خاصية
divide	يقسم	skill	مهارة
corporation split divide staff personnel	الموظفين	full-time job	دوام كامل
personnel	طاقم العاملين	Permanent job	عمل دائم

### Fill in the gaps:

### business - split - quality

- 1- He runs a small \_\_\_\_\_\_ of cookies on Instagram.
- 2- Patience is a necessary \_\_\_\_\_\_ to reach your dreams and goals.
- 3- The town will be \_\_\_\_\_\_ in two by a railroad.

2.A Vocabulary			S.B. Page 24
criticise	ينتقد	competition	مسابقة
blame for	يلوم على	game	لعبة
accuse of	يتهــم ب	race	سبـــاق
share food	يشــــارك	pastime	هواية _ تسليه
divide	يقسم	leisure (time)	فــــــراغ
distribute	يـــوزع	occupation	مهنة / حرفة
reward (2500)	مكافاة مالية	fan	مُعـجـب
prize (first-second)	جــــائزة	spectator	مُشجع من الملعب
medal (silver - gold)	ميـــدالية	audience	جمهور (مسرح/سينما/ محاضرة)

### Fill in the gaps:

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### accused - share - race - fan

1-	My younger brother is a big football	He wants to be a footballer.
2-	Who came in the second place in the bike	20.25
3-	She me of stealing her bag.	
1	the came hadroom with my cictor	

**GRAMMAR** 

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# **Present simple & Present Progressive**

مضارع بسيط Present Simple	مضارع مستمر Present progressive
V V+s	am is V+ ing are
ادات متكررة  الله visit my grandparents every weekend.  اله حالات دائمة  Harry works for an international company.  اله حقائق عامة  Water boils at 100 C.  The train leaves tomorrow at 10 a.m.  (off here there)  Oh no! there goes our train.	Alice is talking on the phone right now.      Alice is talking
every (day, week, month), always, usually, often, sometimes, regularly, rarely. (Once/twice) a week	now, at the moment, at present, currently these days, look / listen
Circle the correct answer:	Tio !

•	I usually	to the	e beach on Friday.	
	A. go	B. is going	C. went	D. will go
•	She	wat	er the plants every	y morning.
	A. isn't	B. doesn't	C. didn't	D. hasn't
•	What	John	at the momen	t?
	A. does / do	B. are / doin	ng C. is / doi	ng D. am/ doing
•	I	sitting down	at the moment.	
	A. am not	B. are not	C. is not	D. does not

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### Stative Verbs

أفعال الحالة: وهي الأفعال التي تصف حالة معينة تدوم لفترة من الزمن (أفعال لا تصف حركة أو نشاط)

وهي أفعال لا يمكن استخدامها في الأزهفة المستجرة وتستخدم فقط في الأزهفة البسيطة، حتى لووجدنا علامات المستمر.

see - feel - hear - smell - taste	أفعال الحواس
like - love - hate - dislike - want - need - prefer - mind - admire - wish- fear	أفعال المشاعر والتفضيلات
know - agree - find - think - believe - understand - remember - forget - hope - mean - imagine - appear - seem - notice	أفعال المعرفة والإدراك والاعتقاد
have - own - belong - possess	أفعال الملكية
be - cost - exist - weigh - consist (of)	أفعال الحالات الدائمة

Some verbs can be both	h stative and a	ction:	ملحوظة هامة:	
	تقر	لعال حالة وأفعال حركية في تفس الو	مض الأفعال يمكن ان تكون اف	
Stative verbs	أقعال الحالة	Action Verbs	أقعال الحركة	
feel	يشعر / ملمسھا	feel	يلمس / يتحسس	
<ul><li>Hassan <u>feels</u> homesick.</li><li>Mona's hair <u>feels</u> smooth</li></ul>	th.	Hassan is feeling his for money.	s pocket to check	
taste	طعمها / مذاقها	taste	يتذوق	
The soup <u>tastes</u> delicion	us.	> The chef is tasting	the soup.	
smell	رائحتها	smell	يشم	
The whole place smells	awful.	> Sara is smelling the place.		
think	بعتقد	think	يفكر	
> I think that the weath	er is fine.	> I am thinking of buying a new car.		
have	يملك / لديه	have	يتناول	
Mona has a house with	a beautiful garden	> Leena is having lunch right now.		
see	يرى	see	يقابل	
We see Ghalia waiting a	at the bus stop.	Fatma is seeing Lulwa this weekend.		

### **Practice (stative verbs)**

•	(see	) my 1	friends	this	evening.
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- The cake \_\_\_\_\_ (taste) so good.
- He \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a party next weekend.
- This song \_\_\_\_\_ (not/sound) right.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ (think) that reading is a great way to relax.
  - رؤية: تعلم عصرى ملهم بهوية وطنية وقيم إسلامية.

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# **Present Perfect**

### **Present perfect**

مضارع تام

has

have

to talk about an action which happened in the past, but the exact time is not mentioned

التحدث عن فعل حدث في الماضي، لكن الوقت غير محدد الضبط.

- I've <u>already</u> finished the project.
- > They have visited Paris before.
- to talk about a state which started in the past and continues up to the present.

للتحدث عن حالة بدأت في الماضي واستمرت للحاضر

- ➤ I have known Ali <u>for</u> 3 years.
- > Osama has had toothache since yesterday.
- > They have lived in Doha since 2014.
- for actions that happened in the past and finished, but the results are obvious in the present.

للتحدث عن فعل حدث في الماضي وانتهي، لكن النتائج تظهر واضحة في الحاضر

- Tim has washed his car, it's clean.
- Dana has broken her arm. ( she can't write)
- They have painted the house, and it looks brand new.

for / since / how long / just / already / yet / so far / ever / never

في آخر الجملة lately / recently before

once / twice / 3 times

### **Correct the verb between brackets:**

- 1. So far, I \_\_\_\_\_ (complete) two courses this semester.
- 2. Salman \_\_\_\_\_ (not / finish) his work yet.
- 3. My grandfather \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in this house for 65 years.
- 4. Sara has \_\_\_\_\_ (drink) the coffee already.
- 5. I \_\_\_\_\_ (write) 5 pages *so far* I'm fed up!
- 6. Alaa \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) her grandparents twice this week.
- 7. We \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) Reem before.

# **Comparative and Superlative**

الصفة Adjectives	المقارنة بين اثنين Comparative	المقارنة بين واحد و مجموعة Superlative		
tall	tall <u>er</u> than	the tallest		
short	short <u>er</u> than	<b>the</b> short <u>est</u>		
nic <u>e</u>	nic <mark>er</mark> than	the nic <u>est</u>		
fin <u>e</u>	fin <mark>er</mark> than	the finest the happiest		
hap <b>py</b>	happ <mark>ier</mark> than			
ea <b>sy</b>	eas <mark>ier</mark> than	the eas <u>iest</u>		
b <u>ig</u>	big <mark>ger</mark> than	the biggest the hottest		
h <u>ot</u>	hot <u>ter</u> than			
interesting	more interesting than	the most interesting		
beautiful	more beautiful than	the most beautiful the most difficult		
difficult	more difficult than			
good / well	better than	the best		
bad / ill	worse than	the worst the most the least		
much / many	more than			
little	less than			
far	farther than / further than	the farthest / the furthest		
Some two-syllable adj	ectives form comparative and su	perlative forms in both ways.		
clever	cleverer / more clever than	the cleverest / the most clever		
common	commoner/more common than	the commonest / the most common		
narrow	narrower / more narrow than	the narrowest / the most narrow		
simple	simpler / more simple than	the simplest / the most simple		

### Things or People that are the same

Sara is as tall as Moza.

(= they are the same height)

Sara is twice as tall as Moza.

The red shirt is as expensive as the blue shirt.

(= they are the same price)

We can use 'not as ... as' to say that two things are not the same.

Lara is **not as tall as** Heba (= Heba is taller than Lara).

Paris is **not so big as** London (= London is bigger than Paris)

### Correct the verb between brackets:

- 1. The Nile is \_\_\_\_\_ (long) than the Amazon River.
- 2. The Sahara is the \_\_\_\_\_ (hot) desert on Earth.
- 3. Antarctica is the \_\_\_\_\_ (cold) place on Earth.
- 4. The blue whale is the \_\_\_\_\_ (large) animal in the world.

- 1-Do you wake up feeling fresh and alert in the morning or do you drag yourself out of bed most of the time? If you don't have at least eight hours of sleep each night, over time, your health will suffer.
  - 2-Missing an hour or two of sleep for a few days will have an effect on your concentration and performance. However, sleeping more than the recommended hours does not necessarily mean that you will do better or accomplish more. Rather, oversleeping is quite similar to overeating. It makes you feel lazy and your concentration span becomes shorter too.
- 3- Having at least eight hours of sleep boosts our immunity which is the ability to resist diseases. People who adopt a good night's sleep pattern generally have stronger immunity. For many, especially women, compromising on their beauty sleep is impossible. When you sleep, your body repairs and regenerates skin, blood and brain cells. Our skin glows and our hair shines when we have enough sleep. People who are deprived of sleep usually have dark rings under their eyes.
- 4-When your body gets the right amount of sleep, it becomes healthy. In fact, everything seems to fall into place. Truly, your memory becomes better and you get smarter. You can maintain your weight which helps reduce blood pressure and stress. That can help keep your heart healthy and decreases the chances of diabetes. You will be able to perform better. While handling tasks, you make fewer mistakes. More importantly, for people who drive, their reaction towards an emergency is faster which reduces accident rates.

### 1- What is the text MAINLY about?

- a. What happens to our bodies during sleep
- b. The effects of sleep shortage on human skin
- $c. \ \$  The benefits of good sleep habits on our daily life
- d. The difference between overeating and oversleeping

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2-	What is the closes	t meaning to the	e underlined word '	"boosts"?

- a. creates
- b. consists
- c. embraces
- d. improves

### 3- How is oversleeping quite similar to overeating?

- a. It makes you feel lazy.
- b. Your concentration will be amazing.
- c. It helps you to be fit.
- d. It prevents making mistakes.

### 4- Mention two bad effects if you miss 2 hours of sleep for a few days?

Effect1	
Effect2	

## 5- According to the last paragraph, what are the benefits when the human body gets healthy?

Benefit1:	
Benefit2:	

### **WRITING**

### Topic A:

You have taken part in a writing competition with the title "My dream Job".

Write an article describing the job.

### You should include:

- **O** what it involves
- O requirements and qualifications needed for the job
- O personal qualities and skills you have

### OR

### Topic B:

You are on the organising committee for activities in your school.

Think of an afterschool club you would like to attend.

Create an announcement for this club.

Mention the following:

- O what activities are involved
- what equipment is needed (if any)
- when and where it takes place

Write your response here.

Content	Organization & Cohesion	Grammar, Language & Punctuation	Total	Checker	Reviser
/2	/2	/2	/6		