

أوراق عمل مراجعة الوجدتين الأولى والثانية من مدرسة خليفة



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج القطرية

موقع المناهج ← المناهج القطرية ← المستوى الحادي عشر ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الأول ← ملفات متنوعة ← الملف

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ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي للمدرس

المزيد من مادة
لغة انجليزية:

إعداد: مدرسة خليفة

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب المستوى الحادي عشر



صفحة المناهج
القطرية على
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب المستوى الحادي عشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

مراجعة شاملة لاختبار منتصف الفصل مع الإجابات

1

أوراق عمل إثرائية منتصف الفصل غير مجابة من مدرسة عمر بن الخطاب

2

كتيب مراجعة شاملة لاختبار منتصف الفصل من مدرسة ابن تيمية

3

نموذج إجابة تدريبات شاملة لاختبار منتصف الفصل من مدرسة مسيعيد

4

أوراق عمل إثرائية لاختبار منتصف الفصل غير مجابة

5



JOBS TO GO AT NEW DEPARTMENT STORE

Employees at Parkview Department Store are **holding a meeting** for the second time this month. This time, however, it is not about higher **salaries** or **wages**, but possible **job cuts**. Parkview, which **employs** around 200 **staff** members, says that because of the economic crisis, 50 jobs have to go. In a town that already has a high number of **unemployed** men and women living **on benefits**, this is the worst news this year. Paul Anderson, a **trainee** sales assistant, had this to say: 'I don't want to **get fired** and be **out of work**. My wife works as an **intern** at the local newspaper, but we can't live on just one salary. How are we going to **make ends meet**?'

1. win a race / a match / a game
2. earn money / a salary / one's living
3. gain weight / speed / access / experience

employ	يوظف	job cuts	تقليل الوظائف	(on) benefits	المساعدات
employees	موظفين	hold a meeting	يعقد اجتماع	trainee	متدرب
unemployed	عاطل عن العمل	salary	راتب شهري	get fired	مطروح من العمل
staff	موظفين	wage	اجر يومي	out of work	بدون عمل
make ends meet	يدبر أمور المعيشة	intern	متدرب (مهنة-حرفة)		

Web Graphic Designer Wanted for Advertising Agency £24,000 - £32,000 depending on experience

The position:

You will be responsible for delivering creative and innovative graphic web designs based on our clients' needs. In order to deliver quality projects, we work in groups, so being a team player is important. You will also be working closely with clients and, therefore, good communication skills are essential, along with an enthusiastic and confident approach. The job will require you to be flexible in your working hours.

Contact: max@webhub.org

• All replies must be accompanied by a CV.

creative مبدع	team player يعمل ضمن فريق
innovative مبتكر	enthusiastic متحمس
CV السيرة الذاتية	confident واثق
contact يتواصل	flexible مرن
communication skills مهارات تواصل	

A: I really envy you, you know.

B: Envy me? Why?

A: Well, you're **self-employed**. You're your **own boss**.

B: True. I am my own boss, but I don't get the bonuses and fringe benefits that you do. Anyway, you could do it too. You know, go out on your own and **set up** a business.

A: I don't think I have what it takes to

run a business. I don't **have a head for** **business** like you.

B: Of course you do. You know your **line** **of work** inside out. I'm sure that if you started your own company, it would **take** **off**.

A: Yeah, right. With what? I don't have a penny to my name.

B: Easy. Apply for a government **grant**. You know how they're trying to encourage **private enterprises** and **entrepreneurs**.

A: A grant? Maybe. I don't know.

B: And Harry could be your business partner. He **has a good head for figures**.

A: My little brother and my business partner? You have to be kidding. We'd go bankrupt in a week!

self-employed	يعمل لحساب نفسه	set up	ينشئ (عمل)	line of work	مجال التخصص
be your own boss	كن مديرا نفسك	run s business	يدير عمل	take off	يزدهر
grant	منحة	has a good head for figures	لديه قدرة جيدة في الحسابات	have a head for business	لديه أفكار جيدة لأدراه الاعمال
entrepreneurs	مقاول	private enterprise	شركات خاصة		

business	عمل- شركة- مشروع	sum (money)	مبلغ من المال	quality	صفة
company	شركة	amount (work)	كمية من العمل	skill	مهارة
corporation	شركة- مؤسسة	number(things)	عدد من الأشياء	full-time job	دوام كامل
staff	موظفين	divide	يقسم	permanent job	وظيفة دائمة
personal	شئون العاملين	split	يفصل		

Practice

1. Hassan has been working as an accountant for 14 years. He has _____ a lot of experience.

- a. won b. earned c. brought d. gained

2. Kindly leave your number in case we _____ you for an interview.

- a. divide b. employ c. earn d. contact

3. All _____ should dress formally and attend the meeting on time.

- a. skills b. staff c. grants d. wages

4. I have a great _____ Of homework to do before going to bed.

- a. sum b. number c. amount d. quality

5. Most companies do their _____ these days by mail.

- a. institution b. corporation c. entrepreneurs d. business

6. To start this business, we need a huge _____ of money for the advertisements.

- a. number b. sum c. quality d. skill

7. He always comes late to work; I think he will _____ soon.

- a. out of work b. be his own boss c. get fired d. take off

8. The manager is holding a _____ with his stuff today in the evening at 6:45.

- a. grant b. salary c. meeting d. skill

9. Davidson remained _____ for three months till he finally found a good job.

- a. divided b. creative c. personal d. unemployed

10. Many jobless people in my country are living on _____.

- a. benefits b. wages c. skills d. employees

11. My brother worked as an _____ at this factory for 2 years after graduation.

- a. trainee b. permanent job c. intern d. full-time job

12. A great _____ of students were absent last week.

- a. number b. sum c. quality d. skill

13. He was quite open when he told me that he earned a _____ of QR10000 per month.

- a. wage b. sum c. quality d. salary

14. I _____ the sandwich with my classmate.

- a. split b. set up c. divided d. took off

15. The class _____ into two big groups

- a. split b. set up c. divided d. took off

16. A successful teacher should have good communication _____.

- a. entrepreneurs b. employees c. skills d. wages

17. Mr. Kamel is applying for a job of an engineer in a well-known oil _____.

- a. business b. benefits c. quality d. company

18. I met many famous people like actors, footballers and singers in my line of _____.

- a. corporation b. business c. work d. company

Fill in the gaps with the suitable words from the box.

benefits – company – salary

- A. Where is that _____ you work for?
 B. Many unemployed men and women are living on _____ these days.

wage – skills – divided

- A. Communication _____ are badly required in your line of work.
 B. Ten _____ by five is two.

set up – sum – win

- A. However well they play the match they didn't _____.
 B. I couldn't withdraw such a big _____ of money from that ATM.

permanent – work – business

- A. I finally decided to close this restaurant; I can hardly run the _____ there anymore.
 B. What line of _____ in this corporation are you in?

running – holding – gaining

- A. I think you should go to the gym. You are _____ more weight.
 B. Three private enterprises are _____ a meeting tomorrow in Ramses Hotel.

take off – earn – staff

- A. She is working two jobs, day and night to _____ living.
 B. One of the _____ got fired last week due to his carelessness.

GRAMMAR

3 Main Tense Families		
بسيط Simple <i>present</i> verb 1 play verb 1+s eats verb 1+es goes verb 2 arrived <i>past</i> went cut	مستمر Progressive <i>present</i> am verb+ ing is eating are playing was verb+ ing <i>past</i> were sleeping studying	تام Perfect <i>present</i> have verb 3 has slept gone had verb 3 <i>past</i> written

How to name a verb tense!		
Verbs have 3 forms		
3 Conjugations تصريفات		
Verb 1 play write invite	Verb 2 played wrote invited	Verb 3 played written invited

Present Simple

V 1 / V 1 + s / V 1 + es

I work	He sleeps
Do you work?	Does she sleep?
They don't work	It doesn't sleep

TIME EXPRESSIONS

always, often, usually, never, etc.
every day / week, etc.
in the morning / spring, etc.
at the weekend
once / twice / three times, etc. a week / day, etc.
on Mondays / Monday morning, etc.

Present Progressive

am / is / are + V + ing

I'm working	He's sleeping
Are you working?	Is she sleeping?
They aren't working	It isn't sleeping

TIME EXPRESSIONS

now, at present, at the moment, today, these days
this week / year, etc.
next week / year, etc.
tonight, tomorrow, etc.

• Maria **lives** in Bristol with her sister. حالة دائمة

• Rebecca **is washing** the dishes right now. شيء يحدث الآن

• He **eats** fruit for breakfast every morning عادة أو شيء متكرر

• I'm **taking** an intensive Spanish course this month. حالة مؤقتة

• The earth **rotates** around the sun. حقائق عامة

• You're **always interrupting** me!) always, constantly, continually) ازعاج متكرر مع كلمات مثل

• John's train **leaves** tomorrow at 6p.m. برنامج ومواعيد ثابتة في المستقبل

• Oliver Twist **goes** to the workhouse at the age of nine. حبكة قصة أو فيلم

• Air pollution **is increasing** in our city. تغير في وضع ما

• Taylor **shoots** and he **scores**! تطبيق على مباريات

• I'm **meeting** my brother for lunch tomorrow. % ترتيبات في المستقبل

• Oh, no! There **goes** my train Off ... / Here ... / There ... / etc. جمل تعجب وعبارات مثل:

Action أفعال حركة run- eat- study **VERBS** **State** أفعال حالة understand- know - love

Stative verbs

• see, feel, hear, smell, taste, etc. أفعال الأحاسيس

• like, love, hate, dislike, want, need, prefer, mind, admire, wish, fear, etc. المشاعر

• know, agree, find, think (= believe), believe, understand, remember, forget, hope, mean, imagine, appear, seem, notice, etc. فهم - معرفة - إدراك

• have (= possess), own, belong, possess, etc. الملكية

• Other verbs which describe permanent states: be, cost, exist, weigh, consist, etc. أفعال أخرى مثل:

حركة

حالة

• **think** (= consider) I'm **thinking** of buying a car.

• **think** I **thin** this car is expensive.

• **see** (= meet, visit) I'm **seeing** Marion later today.

• **see** I **see** Marion is a good man.

• **have** (= drink, eat, taste) Glenn **is having** lunch at the café now.

• **have** Glenn **has** a new mobile.

• **taste** (= try food) She's just **tasting** the food to make sure it's not too spicy.

• **taste** This chicken **tastes** spicy.

• **feel** (= touch) John **is feeling** the packet to find out what's inside

• **feel** John **feels** happy.

Choose the correct answer from a, b c or d.

1. I wonder what Seraj _____ at present!
a. do b. does c. doing d. is doing
2. Mother often _____ to be late.
a. go b. goes c. is going d. going
3. Hassan _____ his aunt once a week.
a. visit b. visits c. is visiting d. visiting
4. Uncle Ali _____ back from Canada next Friday.
a. come b. comes c. coming d. is coming
5. Anne _____ an English course this month.
a. take b. takes c. taking d. is taking
6. My brother _____ always my computer without permission.
a. uses b. use c. using d. is using
7. The Ozone hole _____ bigger and bigger these days.
a. get b. gets c. got d. is getting
8. The referee _____ Messi off for a couple of fouls in less than 10 minutes.
a. sends b. is sending c. sent d. has sent
9. Karim _____ with his grandparents in Al Shamal.
a. live b. lives c. is living d. lived
10. Mohammed _____ as a salesman in a Qatar mall this semester.
a. work b. works c. was working d. is working
11. A: How's your English? B: It _____.
a. improved b. improves c. is improving d. improving
12. My science class _____ at 7:45 am.
a. starts b. starting c. start d. is starting
13. My flight to London, _____ at 12:00 pm.
a. take off b. takes off c. taking off d. is taking
14. We _____ to a new house next month.
a. move b. moves c. are moving d. were moving
15. I often go to work by bus. Yet today _____ my car.
a. use b. uses c. am using d. is using

16. Can you call back after 2:30 because dad _____ now?
a. sleeping b. sleeps c. are sleeping d. is doing
17. Houda _____ very much tired now.
a. look b. looks c. looking d. is looking
18. The nurse _____ the pulse of her patient.
a. feel b. feels c. is feeling d. was doing
19. The tea your moms makes, really _____ delicious.
a. taste b. tastes c. is tasting d. tasted
20. I _____ of the exam tomorrow.
a. thinks b. think c. is thinking d. am thinking

Correct the verbs in brackets.

1. The secretary _____ (**come**) over there. Look!
2. I _____ (**feel**) very upset now, as my marks are not ok this time.
3. Mohanad _____ (**work**) in a new company this month.
4. Reem never _____ (**watch**) TV during exam days.
5. Water _____ (**boil**) at 100 degrees centigrade.
6. Every night, we _____ (**take**) our dog for a walk.
7. This glass of milk _____ (**smell**).
8. Moza _____ (**think**) her boss is cross with as she always comes late.
9. The train _____ (**move**) at 1:35 am at platform number 6.
10. A: How's David's flu? B: It _____ (**get**) better.
11. Listen! Some one _____ (**try**) to open the door.
12. Oh! Your perfume _____ (**smell**) great!
13. I have no idea what Salem _____ (**thing**) of.
14. Nader _____ (**have**) a meeting at present.

Criticise	ينتقد	blame...for	يلوم ... على	accuse....of	يتهم بـ
share	يشارك	divide	يقسم...بين	distribute	يوزع بين..
reward	مكافأة	prize	جائزة	medal	ميدالية
competition	مسابقة – منافسة	game	لعبه	race	سباق
leisure	وقت فراغ	occupation	حرفه – مهنة	pastime	هواية
fan	مشجع – معجب	spectator	جمهور (مباراة)	audience	جمهور (مسرح)

Chillax!

Vocabulary

non	non-smoking غير مخصصة للتدخين	non-stop بدون توقف	non-refundable غير مسترد	non-extinct غير موجود
in	indecisive متردد	informal غير رسمي	inexperienced ليس لديه خبرة	incomplete غير كامل
un	unexpected غير متوقع	unfair غير عادل	unclear غير واضح	

smoking refundable stop expected decisive fair formal experienced

1. This is a non-_____ room, so please put out your cigarette.
 2. She spent hours working on her essay so she thought it was un_____ that she got such a low mark for it.
 3. She's usually so in_____, so it was quite a surprise when she bought two tickets without a second thought.
 4. There's no need for you to wear a suit; it will be an in_____ meeting.
 5. When John started working here, he was young and in_____. Now he knows more than I do.
 6. If you change your mind about going to the football match, you won't be able to get your money back as the tickets are non-_____.
 7. After two days of almost non-_____ rain, we had a sunny day yesterday.
 8. We hadn't spoken in years so his phone call was totally un_____.
1. Bradley loves to _____ table tennis and he _____ the local table tennis club.
 2. Jassim _____ postcards from the places he goes to on holiday.
 3. My friends and I _____ the leisure centre to _____ pool every Saturday afternoon.
 4. Peter has a black belt in karate. He _____ karate for many years.
 5. I want to lose some weight so I think I will _____ a gym and _____ some weightlifting and aerobics.
1. Kindly go to the other room, this is a(an) _____ area.
a. unexpected b. informal c. non-smoking d. unclear
 2. Do you know how to _____ chess?
a. go b. collect c.do d. play
 3. People always say I am _____ as I never go to work late.
a. flexible b. creative c. punctual d. indecisive
 4. You can never attend this meeting as long as you wear _____ clothes.
a. unfair b. non-extinct unexpected d. informal

5. _____ old coins and notes is my brother's pastime.
a. Going b. Belonging to c. Playing d. Collecting
6. A: Which _____ do you prefer? B: Winter is my favourite.
a. leap year b. season c. era D decade
7. Can you look at the _____ and tell me what date today is?
a. time zone b leap year c. century d. calendar
8. You should have balance between your working hours and _____.
a. pastime b. leisure occupation d. time zone
9. Although he didn't train well before the race , he got the gold _____.
a. medal b. prize c. reward d. calendar
10. Don't _____ me of taking your pen. I didn't do it. Believe it or not.
a. blame b. accuse c. criticize d. divide
11. A: Do you play football for this club, Hassan? B: No. I don't _____ to it at all.
a. go to b. do c. collect d. belong
12. Kindly, _____ these worksheets among you friends, Hussein.
a. split b. distribute c. divide d. share
13. You can _____ this pizza with me if you like. You're most welcome.
a. split b. distribute c. divide d. share
14. I am not very keen on _____ swimming.
a. Playing b. doing c. going d. collecting
15. A: Where's mom? B: She's gone to _____ the shopping.
a. play b. go c. do d. belong

Grammar

Present Perfect Simple

TIME EXPRESSIONS

I have walked. He has swum.
Have you walked? Has she swum?
They haven't walked. It hasn't swum.

just, yet, already, ever, never,
before, always, how long,
for, since, recently, lately,
once, twice, so far, etc.

- ***I've already done that.*** حدث تم في الماضي دون ذكر الوقت المحدد
- ***Myriam has had toothache since yesterday.*** حالة في الماضي مستمرة الى الحين
- ***I've just finished my project. Tim has washed his car. (it's clean)*** حدث ماضي وانتهى وله نتيجة واضحة

For لمدة	Since منذ بداية
I've had this bicycle for <u>two years</u> .	I've had this car since <u>2010</u> .

Ahmed has changed jobs twice **since** he moved **here.** (have/has + V3 + since + V 2)

have been to = ذهب و عاد

have gone to = ذهب ولم يعد

I **have been** to the cinema twice this month. Siraj isn't here; he **has gone** to the post office

Practice

- I _____ the greengrocer's twice this week.
a. went b. was going c. has been d. have gone
- Mandy isn't here; she _____ to the greengrocer's.
a. went b. was going c. have gone d. has gone
- Abdul Rahman _____ in his research yet.
a. handed b. was handing c. has handed d. hasn't handed
- A: Where's my dad? B: He _____ to the supermarket nearby.
a. goes b. is going c. has gone d. has been
- My kids are still sleeping! They _____ yet.
a. has woken up b. hasn't woken up c. have woken up d. haven't woken up
- A: Where _____, Hassan? B: To the manger's, teacher.
a. did you go b. were you going c. have you gone d. have you been

7. We _____ two times this week. However, I still miss him.
 a. meet b. are meeting c. have met d. have been meeting
8. My father has been working for this company since we _____ to Doha.
 a. came b. are coming c. have come d. have been coming
9. My secretary _____ three emails so far.
 a. received b. is receiving c. has received d. has been receiving
10. A: Anyone finished? B: Yes, I _____.
 a. finish b. am finishing c. have finished d. have been finishing
11. Look! All the streets are wet. It _____ for ages.
 a. rained b. was raining c. had rained d. has rained
12. Have you ever been to Turkey _____?
 a. since b. already c. before d. just
13. We have been married _____ 1985.
 a. for b. already c. before d. since

Correct the verbs in brackets.

- They _____ (not see) each other for more than a month.
- Mom _____ (go) shopping. She is not back yet.
- Sue _____ (attend) this English seminar twice before.
- Have you _____ (write) your essay yet?
- Hassan _____ already (send) a couple of emails so far.
- I think you _____ (walk) for a long time. You look so tired.
- We _____ (not meet) since last May.
- Mr Kamel has worked in this school since he _____ (come) to Qatar

Comparisons

- We use the **comparative form** of adjectives when we compare two people, animals or things.
- We use the **superlative form** of adjectives when we compare one person, animal or thing with several of the same kind.

ADJECTIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
tall	taller + than	the + tallest
nice	nicer + than	the + nicest
hot	hotter + than	the + hottest
happy	happier + than	the + happiest
expensive	more expensive + than	the + most expensive
Irregular adjectives	comparatives	superlatives
good , bad , much , many far	better , worse , more, farther/further	best , worst , most . farthest / furthest
as.....as	as tall as	

big -> bigger than
 thin -> thinner than
 hot -> hotter than
 sad -> sadder than
 mad -> madder than

Practice

Irregular forms		
Positive Form	Comparative form	Superlative form
good/well	better	best
bad/badly	worse	worst
much/many	more	most
little	less	least
far	farther/further	farthest/furthest

Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives in brackets.

- 1.- My sister is my brother. (intelligent)
- 2.- The blue whale is animal. (big)
- 3.- Iceland is than Spain. (cold)
- 4.- This is book I've ever read. (good)
- 5.- My neighbour is person I know (lucky)
- 6.- Friday is the day of the week. (busy)
- 7.- These trainers are much than those. (cheap)

Other forms of comparison

as + adjective/adverb + as

She's as tall as her sister.

not so/as + adjective/adverb + as

It isn't so/as far as we thought.

less + adjective/adverb + than

The film I saw yesterday was less interesting than the one I saw last week.

the least + adjective/adverb + of/in

That was the least amusing joke I've ever heard!

The more , the + comparative, the + comparative , the test.

comparative + and + comparative

The horse was running faster and faster.

Practice

1. It is getting _____ and hotter.
a. hot b. hotter c. hottest d. hotter than
2. The more hours you spend revising, the _____ marks you can get.
a. good b. better c. most d. best
3. The _____ he works, the more his boss appreciates him.
a. hard b. harder c. hardest d. harder than

Reading

In this section, you will read a passage and answer (2) selected response questions and (2) constructed response ones. Be sure to put your answer in the space provided.

1 Technology has become an essential part of our daily lives, shaping the way we communicate, learn, work, and even relax. In the realm of communication, smartphones and instant messaging apps allow people to stay connected with family and friends across the globe. Social media platforms such as Facebook, Twitter, and Instagram have made it possible to share moments, ideas, and news instantly, bridging distances and fostering new relationships. However, these platforms can also lead to misunderstandings or superficial interactions if not used thoughtfully.

2 In education, technology has revolutionized learning. Online courses, educational apps, and interactive whiteboards enable students to access information anytime and anywhere. For example, a student in a remote village can attend virtual classes and access digital libraries, breaking down barriers to quality education. Teachers use technology to create engaging lessons, track student progress, and provide personalized feedback, making learning more effective and inclusive.

3 The workplace has also been transformed by technology. Remote work, once a rare privilege, is now common thanks to video conferencing tools like Zoom and collaborative platforms such as Microsoft Teams. Employees can work from home, reducing commuting time and achieving a better work-life balance. Companies benefit from increased productivity and access to a wider talent pool. Yet, remote work can sometimes blur the boundaries between personal and professional life, leading to stress if not managed well.

4 Technology plays a significant role in health and well-being. Wearable devices track physical activity, heart rate, and sleep patterns, encouraging healthier lifestyles. Telemedicine allows patients to consult doctors remotely, making healthcare more accessible. On the other hand, excessive screen time can cause eye strain, poor posture, and disrupt sleep.

5 Entertainment has also evolved, with streaming services, online games, and digital books providing endless options for relaxation and cultural enrichment. Families can watch movies together or friends can play games online, regardless of distance.

6 Despite these benefits, technology presents challenges. Digital addiction is a growing concern, as people may spend too much time online at the expense of real-life interactions. Privacy is another issue, with personal data often collected and shared without users' full awareness. The digital divide means not everyone has equal access to devices or high-speed internet, creating gaps in opportunity.

7 To make the most of technology, it is important to use it mindfully. Setting limits on screen time, protecting personal information, and promoting digital literacy can help individuals and communities benefit from technological advances while minimizing risks.

1. What is the main idea of the text?

- a) The impact of technology on various aspects of daily life.
- b) The importance of online education for students.
- c) The risks of spending too much time on screens.
- d) The benefits of remote work for companies.

2. Which of the following is CLOSEST in meaning to the word “realm” in paragraph 1?

- a) area
- b) problem
- c) device
- d) message

3. Read the text again and decide if the statements below are True, False or Not Mentioned. Write (T), (F) or (NM).

Technology has made it easier to communicate with people worldwide.	
The text claims that technology has no negative effects on health.	

4. Based on the passage, mention two ways technology has improved education.

Benefit 1:	
Benefit 2:	

5. According to the passage, what are two challenges caused by the rapid growth of technology?

Issue 1:	
Issue 2:	

Writing An announcement

(Drama / Music / Acting / English / Broadcast / Debate / Reading) Club

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We're starting a! If you have a passion for or just want to explore the world of , come join us!

-Date: 23-10-2024

-Time: 9: 45 am every Sunday

-Location: School theatre

We'll talk about our plans, auditions, and upcoming projects. Every grade 11 student is welcome, whether you're experienced or just starting out!

Feel free to reach out to one of our teachers if you have any questions.