

تدريبات إثرائية لاختبار منتصف الفصل من مدرسة الفرقان



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج القطرية

موقع المناهج ⇨ المناهج القطرية ⇨ المستوى العاشر ⇨ لغة انجليزية ⇨ الفصل الأول ⇨ ملفات متنوعة ⇨ الملف

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ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي للمدرس

المزيد من مادة
لغة انجليزية:

إعداد: مدرسة الفرقان

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب المستوى العاشر



صفحة المناهج
القطرية على
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب المستوى العاشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

نموذج الإجابة أوراق عمل إثرائية منتصف الفصل من مدرسة الأندلس

1

أوراق عمل إثرائية منتصف الفصل غير مجابة من مدرسة الأندلس

2

أوراق عمل إثرائية القسم الثاني Endurance مجابة

3

أوراق عمل إثرائية القسم الثاني Endurance غير مجابة

4

نموذج إجابة مراجعة المواضيع المقترحة في الوجدتين الأولى والثانية

5

رؤيتنا

بناء شخصية قوية بعلمها معتزة بدينها وخلقها منتمية إلى وطنها مؤثرة في مستقبلها



مدرسة الفرقان الثانوية



مادة / اللغة الانجليزية

الصف / العاشر

منتصف الفصل الدراسي الأول

٢٠٢٥/٢٠٢٦ م

هذه الأوراق لا تغني عن الكتاب
المدرسي

vocabulary		P. 8 & 11	
cramped	ضيق	furnished	مفروش
spacious	واسع	Luxurious	فاخر فخم
move in	ينتقل الى	Inviting	جذاب
move out	ينتقل من	settle in	يستقر
check in	يسجل دخول	put sb. up	يستضيف
check out	يسجل خروج	drop by	يزور زيارة قصيرة

Choose the correct answer:

- The tiny apartment was so _____ that there was barely any space to move.
A. inviting B. luxurious C. spacious D. cramped
- The new large flat we moved into is very _____, with three bedrooms and a large living room.
A. polite B. thoughtful C. spacious D. cramped
- I want to rent a _____ flat, because I don't have money to buy my own things.
A. furnished B. luxurious C. spacious D. cramped
- Our hotel room was very _____, with a large bed and bathroom and a breathtaking view.
A. noisy B. luxurious C. unpleasant D. cramped
- It was an _____ garden with beautiful flowers.
A. noisy B. inviting C. unpleasant D. cramped
- My new flat is a little _____, so I haven't got much space for new furniture.
A. spacious B. cramped C. luxurious D. isolated
- You don't have to buy a sofa; the new house is _____.
A. spacious B. furnished C. luxurious D. isolated

Choose the correct preposition:

1. They **settled** _____ quickly at their new school.
(**out** - **by** - **up** - **in**)
2. All guests should **check** _____ by noon.
(**out** - **by** - **up** - **in**)
3. Tyler doesn't live with his parents anymore. He **moved** _____ a long time ago.
(**out** - **by** - **up** - **in**)
4. My friend was in the neighbourhood, so he **dropped** _____.
(**out** - **by** - **up** - **in**)
5. Could you **put** me _____ when I come to town.
(**out** - **by** - **up** - **in**)
6. Ahmed **moved** _____ a new house a long time ago.
(**out** - **by** - **up** - **in**)

Module 2 Vocab p. 21

harm	يؤذي	damage	ضرر	carry	يحمل - ينقل
hurt	يؤلم (جسدي)	destroy	يدمر - يحطم	pull	يشد - يسحب
injure	يؤذي (حادث)	ruin	انهيار - سقوط	drag	يسحب - يجر

hurt harm destroyed ruined injured *

1. I was skiing all day and now my knees _____.
2. Pollution can _____ our health.
3. Only two people were seriously _____ in the accident.
4. The bad weather _____ our plans to go on a picnic in the countryside.
5. Several buildings were completely by _____ the fire.

Module 2 Vocab p. 22

chilly	بارد	shining	مشع - ساطع	clear skies	سما صافية
foggy	ضباب	overcast	ملبد بالغيوم	blowing	يهب - ينفخ
Freezing	بارد جداً	mild	لطيف - معتدل	boiling	غليان

shining skies mild blowing boiling

1. It's _____ hot outside today, so we should go to the beach.
2. The storm came after days of clear _____ and hot weather.
3. When he woke again, the sun was _____ on her face.

thunder	رعد	blizzard	عاصفة ثلجية	dull	غائم
Lightning	البرق - صاعقة	drizzling	رذاذ - مطر خفيف	breeze	نسيم - نسمة
shower	رذاذ، مطر خفيف	wet	مبلل	pour	تمطر بغزارة

blizzard - breeze - drizzling - lightning - thunder

4. A loud crash of _____ broke the silence of the night.
5. The family were trapped in their car during the _____.
6. You don't need an umbrella. It's only _____.

Prepositions

in	countries in Qatar / in The US	in a flat in the city center in a cabin / cottage/ bungalow	county in Yorkshire
	cities in Doha / in London	in Khalifa Street / Road / Avenue / Lane	State in Florida
	in the suburbs of Doha in the country(side)	in a suburban area in a rural area	
on	on the out skirts of Doha	on the third floor	on campus
at	Address at 56 Webster Street		

Choose the Correct Answer

1. I live Qatar, a small but vibrant country in the Middle East.

☐ in ☐ on ☐ at ☐ to

2. Their new house is298 Al Waab Street., right near the sports city.

☐ in ☐ on ☐ at ☐ to

3. My brother used to live campus when he was in college.

☐ in ☐ on ☐ at ☐ to

4. I like to stay the countryside. Life is very peaceful and relaxed there.

☐ in ☐ on ☐ at ☐ to

5. Our flat is the third floor, so we get a nice view of the city.

☐ in ☐ on ☐ at ☐ to

2.B Vocabulary

S.B. Page 25

feeling		appearance	
irritated	منزعج	bald	أصلع
offended	يشعر بالاستياء / مجروح	pale	شاحب اللون / باهت
overjoyed	مبتهج / يشعر بسعادة غامرة	underweight	قليل الوزن
discouraged	محبط	handsome	وسيم / جميل
character			
arrogant	متكبر / متفطرس	witty	ذكي / بارع
devoted	مخلص لعائلته	reserved	متحفظ وقليل الكلام

Choose the Correct Answer

1. Hamad is so , he has a big idea of himself.

☐ reserved ☐ witty
☐ arrogant ☐ devoted

2. Susan loves and does her best for her family. She's to them

☐ reserved ☐ witty
☐ arrogant ☐ devoted

3. Jane is very You never know how she is feeling

☐ reserved ☐ witty
☐ arrogant ☐ devoted

4. My brother is very and makes everyone laugh with the things he says.

☐ reserved ☐ witty
☐ arrogant ☐ devoted

5. Jassem was to hear that he got full mark in the exam.

☐ discouraged ☐ offended
☐ irritated ☐ overjoyed

B- Grammar

Present Simple and present progressive

1- Circle the correct answer:

1. I usually _____ to the beach on Fridays.

- A. go B. is going C. went D. will go

2. Hamad always _____ his room.

- A. cleans B. is cleaning C. cleaned D. will clean

3. He _____ the plants every morning.

- A. waters B. is watering C. watered D. will water

4. Ahmed usually _____ a magazine.

- A. read B. is reading C. reads D. will read

5. Ahmed often _____ English stories.

- A. reads B. is reading C. will read D. read

6. My father sometimes _____ to work.

- A. drive B. drives C. will drive D. drove

7. They always _____ fish for lunch.

- A. eat B. eats C. ate D. is eating

8. I _____ sitting down at the moment.

- A. am B. is C. are D. was

9. I _____ a sandwich now.

- A. eat B. am eating C. will eat

10. They are busy right now. They _____ breakfast.

- A. have done B. are doing C. were doing

11. Why _____ sunglasses now? It's cloudy today.

- A. do you wear B. are you wearing C. do you wearing

12. She _____ a really good book at the moment.

- A. reads B. is reading C. read

13. Hamad _____ really hard at the moment because his company has just received a big order from China.

- A. is working B. was working C. worked

2- Correct the verbs between brackets:

1. Ahmed _____(watch) TV every day at night.
2. The earth _____(go) around the sun.
3. I _____(go) to school by bus every day.
4. She usually _____(walk) to school.
5. Every Sunday, we _____(go) to see my grandparents.
6. Hamad _____(ride) his bike 30 km every day.
7. He usually _____(get up) early in the morning.
8. You _____(not/see) her every day.
9. He _____(not /watch) the news every day.
10. What _____(they / play) at the club every day?
11. Water _____(boil) at 100° Celsius.
12. My sister _____(wash) the dishes right now.
13. Fortunately, recycling _____(become) more popular nowadays.
14. I _____(take) an English course this month.
15. Ali _____(learn) business this year.
16. I can't talk right now. I _____(drive).
17. Ahmed _____(have) a shower at the moment.
18. We _____(visit) London with some friends next month.
19. Look! He _____(leave) the house.
20. We _____(play) Monopoly at the moment.
21. He _____(wear) a t-shirt and shorts at this moment.
22. Look! They _____(leave) the house.

3- Practice forming direct questions

1. Hamad is in the building. (**Where**)

Question: Where _____?

4. His name is Ahmed Ali. (**What**)

Question: _____?

5. The car is green. (What colour)

Question: _____?

6. I graduated from school two years ago. (When)

Question: _____?

7. The mechanic repaired the car last week. (Who)

Question: _____?

8. He is always late because he never sets the alarm clock. (Why)

Question: _____?

9. I am going to wear the yellow dress at the ball. (What)

Question: _____?

11. The library is right across the street. (Where)

Question: _____?

12. She visited her parents last weekend. (When)

Question: _____?

4- Practice forming indirect questions

1. Why did she cry?

- **Can you tell me** _____?

2. Does she speak Greek?

- **I'd like to know** _____ Greek.

3. Where is the hospital?

- **Do you know** _____?

4. What time will the show start?

- **Do you have any idea** _____?

8. Is this the right train?

- **Can you tell me** _____ the right train?

5- Past Tenses

1- Choose the correct answer:

1. At this time last year, I _____ at a school in the city centre.

- A teach B have taught C will teach D was teaching

2. I was reading a detective story when I _____ a noise.

- A hear B heard C had heard D was hearing

3. The teacher took a photo of us while we _____ up the tree.

- A climb B climbed C had climbed D were climbing

4. They _____ English last week during vacation.

- A study B studies C have studied D were studying

5. At nine last night, we _____ TV.

- A watch B watched C are watching D were watching

6. While I _____, my phone rang.

- a. studied b. was studying c. had studied d. have studied

7. Last night, we _____ dinner together.

- a. eat b. ate c. have eaten d. are eating

8. The children _____ in the park all day yesterday.

- a. played b. were playing c. had played d. have played

9. I _____ a book when the phone rang.

- a. read b. was reading c. am reading d. have read

10. We _____ David in town a few days ago.

- a. see b. have seen c. will see d. saw

11. I _____ to the cinema three times last week.

- a. has gone b. went c. go d. will go

12. We _____ about the storm on the news yesterday.

- A. hear B. hears C. heard D. was hearing

13. I didn't _____ very well last night.

- A. Sleep B. sleeps C. sleeping D. slept

14. Did you _____ your coat in the cafe?

- A. Leave B. leaves C. leaving D. left

15. She didn't _____ us what to do for homework.

- A. tell B. tells C. telling D. told

16. When she was 5, she _____ her teeth twice before going to bed. Now she doesn't.

- a. use to brush b. brushes c. used to brush d. was brushed

17. When I was younger, I _____ climb trees in the backyard.

- a. used to b. will c. had to d. can

18. She _____ spend hours reading books in her room. Now she doesn't.

- a. used to b. use to c. had to d. could

2- Correct the word in brackets:

1. While we _____ (board) the plane, it started to rain.
2. While I _____ (look) for my mobile phone, I found my sister's diary.
3. My dad _____ (receive) an email while he was browsing the internet.
4. When his father came, mother _____ (do) the housework.
5. While she was studying English, her mother _____ (call) her.
6. When I woke up this morning, It _____ (snow).
7. He was listening to the radio while he _____ (eat) breakfast.
8. My dad _____ (fall) off the ladder while he was painting the carport.
9. We were watching television when the power _____ (go) off.
10. While Ali _____ (sleep) last night, someone stole his car.
11. While the chef _____ (prepare) the meal, the guests arrived.

3-Rewrite the following sentences:

1-When I was on holiday, I went to club every day. (used to)

2-When his father came, he was watching TV. (While)

3-He was playing tennis and he fell down suddenly. (When)

4-When I was young, I played in the club. (used to)

5-He went to school by bus. Now he goes in his father's car. (used to)

6-Jassim fell asleep. He was watching TV. (Use: While)

7-The teacher was explaining the lesson. Ali asked a question. (Use: When)

8-Mohamed broke his leg. He was playing football. (Use: While)

9. We were walking down the street. We saw an accident. While

10. The phone was ringing. I woke up. When

11. I was getting off the bus. I saw Mr. Ali. As

12. They were sitting in the park. They heard a loud noise. While

13. She was walking down the street. She found a bracelet. When

Reading / Comprehension

- 1 There are over 2,000 various kinds of tea in the world. This enormous number of teas can be divided into five categories: green tea, black tea, white tea, oolong tea and herbal tea. All these types of tea come from the same plant, camellia. Different teas are made by doing different things to the leaves of the camellia plant.
- 2 A variety of tea that has recently grown in popularity worldwide is green tea. There are several reasons why green tea has become popular. It has less caffeine than black tea and has a nicer flavour. But the most likely reason green tea has increased in popularity is the fact that many people think that drinking green tea is good for your health.
- 3 Green tea was first drunk in China more than 4,000 years ago and it still enjoys popularity there today. There are many kinds of green tea in China. Each province, or area, of China produces various kinds of teas. The most famous Chinese tea, called Longing Tea, comes from Zhejiang Province. This area of China has a very good climate for growing tea and there are many **famous** kinds of tea that come from there.
- 4 China isn't the only country to have tea drinking traditions. Japan, Korea, Vietnam, Thailand and many other Asian countries produce and drink green tea and have done so for thousands of years. Japan has an especially rich green tea culture. Like China, there are different areas of Japan that are famous for various kinds of tea.
- 5 People have thought for a long time that green tea has positive effects on our health. Firstly, many studies have shown that green tea can reduce heart disease, some kinds of cancer and improve brain functioning. Scientists also have studied green tea's effect on weight loss, cancer, heart disease, Parkinson's disease and glaucoma. The results of these studies have shown that green tea might help in treating or preventing these diseases. Whether you believe that it can cure all your diseases or not, green tea is very popular now and will most likely continue to be popular in the future.

1. What type of writing is the text above?

- A. Short story
- B. Formal letter
- C. Business report
- D. Magazine article

2. Read the following sentence from paragraph 2.

This area of China has a very good climate for growing tea and there are many famous kinds of tea that come from there.

Which of the following words is CLOSEST IN MEANING to the underlined word ?

- A. several
- B. normal
- C. popular
- D. interesting

3. Read the text again and decide if the statements below are True, False or Not Mentioned. Write (T), (F) or (NM).

All kinds of tea come from different plants.	
Green tea is the most expensive type of tea in the world.	

4. According to paragraph 2, why has green tea become popular?

Mention TWO reasons.

Reason 1:	
Reason 2:	

5. According to paragraph 5, Why do people think green tea has positive effects on health? Mention TWO positive effects.

Effect 1:	
Effect 2:	

Writing

Choose only ONE topic:

Your school magazine is holding a short story competition and you have decided to join. Your story must be entitled:

" A hard day in my life "

Or

Write **an informal e-mail** to Your Friend Hamad Telling him About **"Your Latest News."**