

سلسلة مذكرات تعليمية متكاملة استكشاف المفردات المنزلية وقواعد المضارع التام وتطبيقات الكتابة العملية



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج العمانية

موقع فايلاتي ← المناهج العمانية ← الصف السادس ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الثاني ← ملفات متنوعة ← الملف

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المزيد من مادة
لغة انجليزية:

إعداد: youssif Helmy

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السادس



صفحة المناهج
العمانية على
فيسبوك

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السادس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

تصنيف الأفعال الإنجليزية دليل تقسيم الأفعال الشاذة إلى مجموعات منتظمة للحفظ

1

موضوعات الكتابة الإعلامية استكشاف الثقافة العمانية والعادات اليومية والمغامرات

2

دليل شامل شرح قواعد اللغة

3

مراجعة الوحدة السادسة المغامرات

4

مراجعة الوحدة الرابعة البيوت السعيدة

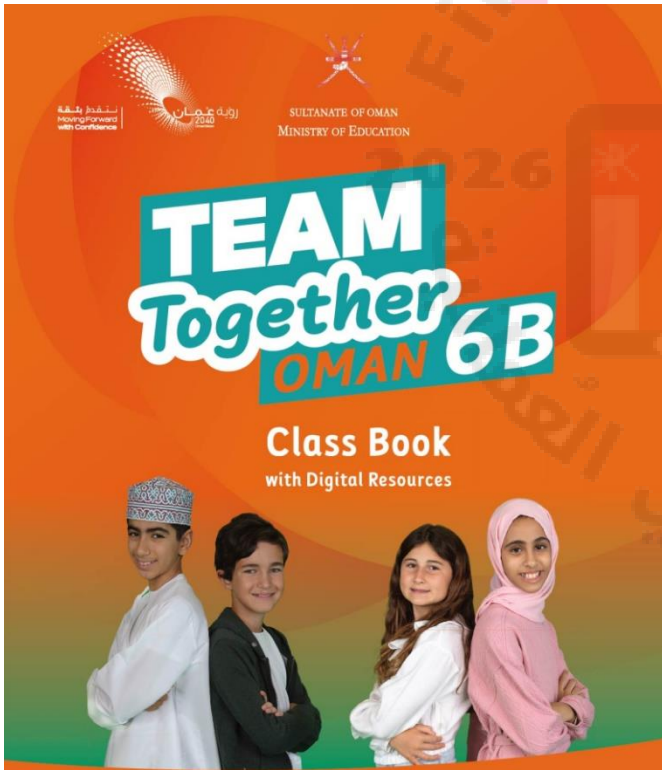
5

Easy English Series

Grade 6 B – Second Semester

سلسلة مذكرات اللغة الإنجليزية

للمصف السادس – الفصل الدراسي الثاني



Teacher: Helmy Youssif



Unit: 4 – Happy homes

No.	New Vocabulary	Meaning	Re-write the words (1)	Re-write the words (2)
1.	jobs	أعمال - مهام		
2.	do a job	يقوم بعمل		
3.	do a good job	يقوم بعمل جيد		
4.	do a bad job	يقوم بعمل سيء		
5.	house chores	أعمال المنزل		
6.	housework	عمل المنزل		
7.	jobs at home	أعمال في المنزل		
8.	tidy up	يُرتب / يُنظم		
9.	clear the table	ينظف الطاولة		
10.	vacuum the carpet	يكنس السجادة بالمكنسة		
11.	sweep the floor	يكنس الأرضية		
12.	dust the furniture	يُزيل الغبار من الأثاث		
13.	clean the windows	يُنظف الشبابيك		
14.	empty the bin	يُفرغ سلة المهملات		
15.	put away the clothes	يُعيد الملابس لمكانها		
16.	wash the car	يغسل السيارة		
17.	cook the dinner	يطبخ العشاء		
18.	water the plants	يسقي النباتات		
19.	take out the rubbish	يُخرج القمامة		
20.	make the bed	يُرتب الفراش		

Spelling Test

No.	Words	Meaning	Correction التصحيح
1.		أعمال	
2.		يقوم بعمل	
3.		يقوم بعمل جيد	
4.		يقوم بعمل سيء	
5.		أعمل المنزل	
6.		عمل المنزل	
7.		أعمال في المنزل	
8.		يُرتب / يُنظم	
9.		ينظف الطاولة	
10.		يكنس السجادة	
11.		بالمكنسة	
12.		يُزيل الغبار من الأثاث	
13.		يُنظف الشبابيك	
14.		يُفرغ سلة المهملات	
15.		يُعيد الملابس لمكانها	
16.		يغسل السيارة	
17.		يطبخ العشاء	
18.		يسقي النباتات	
19.		يُخرج القمامة	
20.		يُرتب الفراش	

Helping at Home

How can you help at home?

No.	Sentences	Meaning
1.	I tidy my room.	أنا أرتب غرفتي.
2.	I clear the table	أنا أنظف الطاولة.
3.	I sweep the floor.	أنا أكنس الأرضية.
4.	I take out the rubbish.	أنا أخرج القمامة.
5.	I water the plants.	أنا أسقي النباتات.
6.	I wash the car.	أنا أغسل السيارة.
7.	I clean the windows.	أنا أنظف الشبابيك.
8.	I put away the clothes.	أنا أعيد ترتيب الملابس بأماكنها.
9.	I dust the furniture.	أنا أزيل الغبار من على الأثاث.
10.	I cook the dinner.	أنا أطبخ العشاء.
11.	I vacuum the carpet.	أنا أكنس السجادة بماكينة المكنسة.
12.	I mop the floor.	أنا أمسح الأرضية.

ويمكنك أن تضيف بعض الكلمات بعد الضمير I وقبل الفعل لكي تعبر عن تكرار و عدد مرات قيامك بهذا الفعل.

I + (always – often – usually – sometimes – never) + Present Verb +

ولو كان الفاعل He – She فلا بد أن تضيف للفعل النهاية (s-es-ies)

(He – She) + (always – often – usually – sometimes – never) + Present Verb (s) +

Adverbs of Frequency	I	He/ She
always دائماً	I always tidy my room.	He always tidies his room.
often غالباً	I often clean the windows.	Sara often cleans the windows.
usually عادةً	I usually water the plants.	Omar usually waters the plants.
sometimes أحياناً	I sometimes wash the car.	Ahmed sometimes washes the car.
never أبداً	I never cook dinner.	Samy never cooks dinner.

Writing Exercise: How can you help at home?

1. I always tidy my room.

2. _____ .

3. _____ .

4. _____ .

5. _____ .

6. _____ .

7. _____ .

8. _____ .

9. _____ .

10. _____ .

11. _____ .

12. _____ .

▪ How can you help your mother in the kitchen?

No.	Sentences	Meaning
1.	I always help my mother.	أنا دائماً أساعد أمي.
2.	I clean the dining table.	أنا أنظف طاولة الطعام.
3.	I often clean the fridge.	أنا غالباً أنظف الثلاجة.
4.	I usually cook dinner with my mother.	أنا عادةً أطبخ العشاء مع امي
5.	I sometimes wash the dishes.	أنا أحياناً أغسل الأطباق.
6.	I always sweep the kitchen floor.	أنا دائماً أكنس أرضية المطبخ.
7.	I often clean the kitchen windows.	أنا غالباً أنظف نوافذ المطبخ
8.	I always serve the food.	أنا دائماً أقدم الطعام.
9.	I empty the bin.	أنا أفرغ سلة المهملات.
10.	I sometimes make a cake.	أنا أحياناً أصنع كيك.
11.	I wash and chop the fruit and vegetables.	أنا أغسل وأقطع الخضروات والفاكهة.
12.	I always lay the dining table.	أنا دائماً أفرش طاولة الطعام.
13.	I often make salad for lunch.	أنا غالباً أصنع السلطة للغذاء
14.	I sometimes mop the kitchen floor.	أنا أحياناً أمسح أرضية المطبخ.
15.	I prepare the food for my mother to cook.	أنا أقوم بتحضير الطعام لأمي لتطبخ.
16.	I sometimes make tea and coffee.	أنا أحياناً أصنع شاي وقهوة.

Writing Exercise: How can you help your mother in the kitchen?

1. I sometimes wash the dishes.

2. _____ .

3. _____ .

4. _____ .

5. _____ .

6. _____ .

7. _____ .

8. _____ .

9. _____ .

10. _____ .

11. _____ .

12. _____ .

▪ What are the outdoor home jobs (house chores) you do?

No.	Sentences	Meaning
1.	I grow some plants in the garden	أنا أزرع بعض النباتات في الحديقة.
2.	I water the plants.	أسقي النباتات
3.	I pick up the leaves in the garden.	أنا أجمع أوراق النباتات من الحديقة.
4.	I clean the garden.	أنظف الحديقة.
5.	I wash the car.	أغسل السيارة
6.	I clean the windows.	أنظف النوافذ.
7.	I take out the rubbish.	أخرج القمامة بالخارج.
8.	I feed the birds.	أنا أطعم الطيور.
9.	I always clean and sweep the house yard.	أنا أنظف و أكنس أرضية الحوش (ساحة المنزل).
10.	I always open the gate for visitors.	أفتح بوابة المنزل للضيوف (الزوار).
11.	I sometimes clean the swimming pool.	أحياناً أنظف حوض السباحة.
12.	I always help my father in the garden.	أنا دائماً أساعد أبي في الحديقة.
13.	I pick up fruit and vegetables in the garden.	أقطف الخضار والفاكهة في الحديقة.
14.	I help my dad cut the grass in the garden.	أساعد أبي في قص الحشائش
15.	I feed the cat in the garden.	أنا أطعم القط في الحديقة.
16.	I wash my brother's bike.	أغسل دراجة أخي.

LEARN SMART

Writing Exercise: What are the outdoor home jobs (house chores) you do?

1. I grow some plants in the garden.

2. _____ .

3. _____ .

4. _____ .

5. _____ .

6. _____ .

7. _____ .

8. _____ .

9. _____ .

10. _____ .

11. _____ .

12. _____ .

Unit: 4 – Happy homes

No.	New Vocabulary	Meaning	Re-write the words (1)	Re-write the words (2)
1.	surprise	مفاجأة		
2.	suddenly	فجأة		
3.	Hurry up!	أسرع		
4.	What a mess!	يا لها من فوضى		
5.	Hang on!	انتظر - تريث		
6.	Maybe	ربما - من المحتمل		
7.	later	فيما بعد - لاحقاً		
8.	soon	قريباً		
9.	already	بالفعل - حقاً		
10.	just	توّاً		
11.	never	أبداً		
12.	yet	بعد - حتى الآن		
13.	birthday party	حفلة عيد ميلاد		
14.	celebrate	يحتفل بـ		
15.	celebration	احتفال		
16.	festival	مهرجان		
17.	a story	قصة		
18.	a novel	رواية		
19.	a poem	قصيدة شعرية		
20.	a play	مسرحية		

Spelling Test

No.	Words	Meaning	Correction التصحيح
1.		مفاجأة	
2.		فجأة	
3.		أسرع	
4.		يا لها من فوزي	
5.		انتظر - تريث	
6.		ربما - من المحتمل	
7.		فيما بعد - لاحقاً	
8.		قريباً	
9.		بالفعل - حقاً	
10.		توأ	
11.		أبداً	
12.		بعد - حتى الآن	
13.		حفلة عيد ميلاد	
14.		يحتفل بـ	
15.		احتفال	
16.		مهرجان	
17.		قصة	
18.		رواية	
19.		قصيدة شعرية	
20.		مسرحية	

Unit: 4 – Happy homes

No.	New Vocabulary	Meaning	Re-write the words (1)	Re-write the words (2)
1.	character	شخصية		
2.	place	مكان		
3.	chapter	فصل في كتاب أو قصة		
4.	scene	مشهد من مسرحية		
5.	storyteller	الذي يحكي القصة		
6.	narrator	راوي الأحداث		
7.	come back	يعود – يرجع		
8.	That smells good!	يبدو أن رائحته طيبة		
9.	ready	جاهز – مستعد		
10.	think	يفكر – يعتقد		
11.	add	يضيف		
12.	delicious	لذيذ		
13.	web	شبكة		
14.	invite	يدعو		
15.	invitation	دعوة		
16.	the same thing	نفس الشيء		
17.	pull	يسحب – يشد		
18.	push	يدفع للأمام		
19.	at the top	في الأعلى		
20.	at the bottom	في القاع		

Spelling Test

No.	Words	Meaning	Correction التصحيح
1.		شخصية	
2.		مكان	
3.		فصل في كتاب أو قصة	
4.		مشهد من مسرحية	
5.		الذي يحكي القصة	
6.		راوي الأحداث	
7.		يعود – يرجع	
8.		يبدو أن رائحته طيبة	
9.		جاهز – مستعد	
10.		يفكر – يعتقد	
11.		يضيف	
12.		لذيذ	
13.		شبكة	
14.		يدعو	
15.		دعوة	
16.		نفس الشيء	
17.		يسحب – يشد	
18.		يدفع للأمام	
19.		في الأعلى	
20.		في القاع	

The Present Perfect المضارع التام

Form: = How to make a complete and correct sentence طريقة كتابة وتكوين جملة صحيحة ومكتملة

Subject + (have - has) + P.P (Form 3) التصريف الثالث للفعل

(have = 've)

Subject	Affirmative (Positive) +	Negative -	Examples
I	have = 've	have not = haven't	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I have finished my work. I haven't cleaned my room.
You			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You've applied for the job. You haven't written the lesson.
We			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> We have finished the exam. We haven't fixed the computer
They			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> They have arrived. They haven't painted their class.

(has = 's)

Subject	Affirmative (Positive) +	Negative -	Examples
He	has = 's	has not = hasn't	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> He has eaten his lunch. He hasn't bought a new car.
She			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> My sister has done her homework. She hasn't eaten her dinner.
It			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The internet has changed the world.

Exercise: Complete the following sentences using (have – has):

1. I _____ written my English homework.
2. My mother _____ cooked the lunch.
3. The children _____ tidied the toys.
4. My sister _____ made her bed.
5. He _____ washed the car.
6. My father _____ watered the plants in the garden.
7. They _____ eaten their lunch.
8. We _____ finished our project.

Exercise: Complete the following sentences using (have – has):

1. I **have** written my English homework.
2. My mother **has** cooked the lunch.
3. The children **have** tidied the toys.
4. My sister **has** made her bed.
5. He **has** washed the car.
6. My father **has** watered the plants in the garden.
7. They **have** eaten their lunch.
8. We **have** finished our project.

Online Exercise: have/ has

<https://wordwall.net/resource/56217732/present-perfect-tense-has-and-have>

Usage:

- To express unfinished actions which started in the past and still going on.
- يُستخدم زمن المضارع التام للتعبير عن أحداث غير منتهية (أحداث بدأت في الماضي وما زالت قائمة وسوف تستمر لفترة في المستقبل)
 - أنا التحقت بهذه المدرسة منذ العام 2016. . I have joined this school since 2016.
 - أنا أعيش في هذا المنزل منذ العام 2010. . We have lived in this house since 2010.
 - أنا أعمل بوظيفة معلم منذ العام 2000. . I have worked as a teacher since 2000.
- **Or** recently finished actions that have present effect.
- أو يستخدم للتعبير عن أحداث انتهت بالفعل ولكن انتهت مؤخراً (قبل قليل) والأثر موجود في الحاضر.
 - انتهت للتو من كتابة الدرس. I have just written the lesson.
 - لقد أطعمت طفلها بالفعل. She has already fed her baby.
- **Or** to express finished actions without a specific time
- أو يستخدم للتعبير عن أحداث انتهت في الماضي ولكن دون تحديد الوقت
 - I have completed my work. – I completed my work last week. لقد أكملت عملي.
 - She has finished her project. – She finished her project yesterday. لقد أنهت مشروعها.
- **Or** talk about life experiences (things we've done in the past) without telling the time. The focus is on what happened not when happened?
- أو يستخدم للتعبير عن الخبرات الحياتية التي قمنا بها في وقت معين في الماضي دون تحديد الوقت
 - I have visited the USA. لقد سبق لي زيارة الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية.
 - I have taken a photo with Ronaldo. لقد التقطت صورة مع رونالدو.

(already – just – never)

- هذه الكلمات الثلاث يمكنك أن تستخدمها عند صياغة جملة في زمن المضارع التام
- كل كلمة منهم لها معنى مختلف عن الآخر وعليك أن تتعلم الفرق بينهم في المعنى
- يمكنك أن تستخدم أي كلمة من الثلاثة بعد (have-has) وقبل التصريف الثالث

Subject +(have – has) + {already / just/ never} + P.P +

- كلمة **already** معناها (بالفعل – حقاً) وتستخدم لتأكيد أن الحدث قد وقع وتم مسبقاً قبل الوقت المتوقع
- كلمة **just** معناها (تواً) وتستخدم لتوضح أن الحدث قد وقع وتم منذ وقت قصير مضى (قبل قليل)
- كلمة **never** ومعناها (أبداً) وتستخدم لتوضح أن الحدث لم يقع أبداً مسبقاً على مدار الحياة كلها

Examples:

I have		I have already written the lesson.	أنا بالفعل كتبت الدرس
We have	بالفعل already	We have just eaten lunch	
They have	تواً just	I have never visited China.	
He has	أبداً never	She has never visited France.	
She has		He has already washed the car.	

▪ **just** (حدث قبل لحظة قصيرة)

1. I have just finished my homework. (*I finished my homework a short time ago.*)
2. She has just arrived home. (*She arrived home a few moments ago.*)

▪ **already** (حدث في وقت سابق غير متوقع)

1. He has already eaten lunch. (*He ate lunch earlier than expected.*)
2. We have already watched this movie. (*We watched this movie before now.*)

never (لم يحدث أبداً)

3. I have never been to Paris. (*I have not visited Paris in my life.*)
4. She has never tried sushi. (*She has not eaten sushi before.*)

Grammar Exercise: (just - already - never)**Complete the sentences using: (just, already, or never)**

1. I have _____ finished my homework. Can you check it for me?
2. She has _____ read this story, so she wants another one.
3. They have _____ eaten lunch, so they are not hungry.
4. We have _____ seen that movie before. Let's watch another one.
5. He has _____ arrived at the airport.
6. I have _____ been to Egypt. It's my first time here.
7. My father has _____ bought a new car. Let's see it. It's beautiful!
8. She has _____ called me, so I don't need to call her again.
9. We have _____ tried sushi before. It's our first time.
10. The teacher has _____ explained the lesson. It's time for exercises.
11. He has _____ finished his breakfast and is ready to go.
12. I have _____ met your brother. It's the first time. He seems very kind.
13. She has _____ cleaned her room. It looks very tidy.
14. We have _____ travelled to Turkey. This is our first visit.
15. My sister has _____ made a cake. It's still hot.
16. I have _____ been to France. I would love to go one day.
17. The baby has _____ fallen asleep. Don't make noise, please.
18. She has _____ completed the project, so she can relax now.
19. They have _____ visited the museum. They went there last week.
20. I have _____ visited China, but my friend visited it last year.

Grammar Exercise (Answers) : (just - already - never)

Complete the sentences using: (just, already, or never) – Model Answers

1. I have **just** finished my homework. Can you check it for me?
2. She has **already** read this story, so she wants another one.
3. They have **just** eaten lunch, so they are not hungry.
4. We have **already** seen that movie before. Let's watch another one.
5. He has **just** arrived at the airport.
6. I have **never** been to Egypt. It's my first time here.
7. My father has **just** bought a new car. Let's see it. It's beautiful!
8. She has **already** called me, so I don't need to call her again.
9. We have **never** tried sushi before. It's our first time.
10. The teacher has **already** explained the lesson. It's time for exercises.
11. He has **just** finished his breakfast and is ready to go.
12. I have **never** met your brother. It's the first time. He seems very kind.
13. She has **never** cleaned her room. It looks very tidy.
14. We have **never** travelled to Turkey. This is our first visit.
15. My sister has **just** made a cake. It's still hot.
16. I have **never** been to France. I would love to go one day.
17. The baby has **just** fallen asleep. Don't make noise, please.
18. She has **just** completed the project, so she can relax now.
19. They have **already** visited the museum. They went there last week.
20. I have **never** visited China, but my friend visited it last year.

How to write an e-mail! – (Short & Simple)

To:

From:

Subject:

Dear,



Hello How are you? I hope you are fine. I am writing this e-mail to tell you about

■ هناك أكثر من طريقة لكتابة المقدمة في بداية الایمیل – يمكنك أن تختار واحدة منهم – الأسهل لك (واحدة فقط) ولا تكتب كلمة **أبدأ** or **أبدأ**

Or Hello How are you? I hope you are fine. I would like to tell you about

Finally, try to reply soon. Write to me about your news. I hope we can meet soon.

■ هناك أكثر من طريقة لكتابة الخاتمة في نهاية الایمیل – يمكنك أن تختار واحدة منهم – الأسهل لك (واحدة فقط) ولا تكتب كلمة **أبدأ** or **أبدأ**

Or At the end, try to reply soon. Write to me about your news. I hope we can meet soon.

Best Wishes

Yours

.....

Writing Emails – Helping at Home

Situation: Imagine that you have a friend called Sara/ John.

Write an **e-mail** telling him/ her about how you can help at home

Your name is Maryam/Ahmed.

Your writing should be correct, clear and well-organised.

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Easy English Academy

Mr. Helmy Youssif

LEARN SMART

Writing Emails – Helping at Home

Situation: Imagine that you have a friend called Sara/ John.

Write an **e-mail** telling him/ her about how you can help at home.

Your name is Maryam/Ahmed.

Your writing should be correct, clear and well-organised.

To: John

From: Ahmed

Subject: How I can help at home

Dear John,

Hello John. How are you? I hope you are fine. I am writing this e-mail to tell you about how I can help at home.

At home, I do some jobs. I always tidy my room and make my bed. I sweep the floor and take out the rubbish. I sometimes vacuum the carpet and mop the floor.

In the kitchen, I help my mother when she cooks. I sometimes cook the dinner. I wash and cut the vegetables and fruit. Also, I sometimes make salad. I usually make tea and coffee.

I also do some outdoor jobs. I grow some plants and water them. I wash my father's car. I sometimes clean the house yard. I always open the gate for visitors. Helping at home makes me feel happy. It also makes my family happy and proud of me. I will try my best to help every day.

Finally, try to reply soon. Write to me about how you help at home. I hope we can meet soon.

Best Wishes

Yours

Ahmed

Grammar & Vocabulary Exercise

GRAMMAR/VOCABULARY (Items 1-10)

(10 marks)

For each item, shade in the bubble ☐ next to the correct option.

Helping at home is important. In my house, everyone helps with the housework. I always help my parents. I tidy my room and _____ (1) the floor. Also, I like the outdoor chores. I usually open the _____ (2) for visitors. My mother _____ (3) dinner every evening. My brother _____ (4) the carpet. He empties the bin and takes out the _____ (5). My father washes the car _____ (6) Fridays. My sister helps with the dishes after dinner. Yesterday, I planted some grass _____ (7) plants in the house _____ (8). I feel happy _____ (9) I help at home. Also, my parents feel _____ (10) of me.

1. ☐ sweep ☐ sweeping ☐ sweeps
2. ☐ windows ☐ gate ☐ class
3. ☐ cook ☐ cooks ☐ cooking
4. ☐ vacuuming ☐ vacuum ☐ vacuums
5. ☐ rubbish ☐ vegetables ☐ fruit
6. ☐ in ☐ at ☐ on
7. ☐ but ☐ and ☐ because
8. ☐ road ☐ beach ☐ garden
9. ☐ where ☐ when ☐ how
10. ☐ nervous ☐ angry ☐ proud

Grammar & Vocabulary Exercise – (Model Answers)

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Grammar & Vocabulary Exercise

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Every day, my brother and I _____ (1) our house chores. I _____ (2) the floor in the living room because it gets dusty. My brother _____ (3) the bin when it is full. At weekends, we _____ (4) the plants in the garden. My mother always _____ (5) the carpet in the living room.

Our house looks clean because we all help. My sister likes to _____ (6) her room and make it neat. My father takes the rubbish _____ (7) at night. _____ (8) also the floor in the kitchen after dinner. My mother asks _____ (9) to vacuum the carpet in the bedroom. Sometimes, I forget, but my father always reminds me to _____ (10) my chores.

1. ☐ do ☐ does ☐ doing
2. ☐ sweeps ☐ sweeping ☐ sweep
3. ☐ empty ☐ empties ☐ emptying
4. ☐ water ☐ waters ☐ watering
5. ☐ vacuums ☐ vacuuming ☐ vacuum
6. ☐ tidy ☐ cook ☐ plant
7. ☐ in ☐ at ☐ out
8. ☐ Us ☐ We ☐ Our
9. ☐ I ☐ me ☐ my
10. ☐ do ☐ did ☐ doing

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