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الروابط التالية هي روابط الصف الثامن على مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي

مجموعة الفيسبوك

صفحة الفيسبوك

مجموعة التلغرام

بوت التلغرام

قناة التلغرام

رياضيات على التلغرام

English 4 all

Unit 7

1-The Past Simple Tense:

Form : (V.2)

We have two types of the verbs:

- a) regular end with (ed or d).  
b) irregular have different shapes

Keywords : ( Yesterday – last – ago )

Negative : **did not + inf .**

Do as shown in brackets :

1. I ( visit ) my uncle to see him last week. ( correct )  
**Visited**
2. We ( buy ) our food from the market yesterday. ( correct )  
**bought**
- 3- Bader painted this picture last month. ( Negate )  
**Bader didn't paint this picture last month**
- 4- The boy ate a delicious cake two hours ago. (Ask a question)  
**When did the boy eat a delicious cake? / What did the boy eat two hours ago?**
- 5- Ali went to school by bus. (Ask a question)  
**How did Ali go to school?**
6. She watched a film after three hours ago . ( Negative )  
She **didn't watch** a film after three hours ago
7. They played football last Saturday . ( Ask )  
**When did they play football? / What did they play last Saturday ?**

2- Used to

"used to + inf. مصدر الفعل" ————— النفي ( لم يعتاد ان ) **didn't use to**

2-Do as shown between brackets

- 1- Sara **used to** walk for a long time when she was nine. (Change into negative)  
**didn't use to**
- 2- He **used to** be very fat. (Make a negative)  
**didn't use to**

3-Choose the correct answer:

I (use to - **used to** – am used to) drink milk when I was young, but I (**didn't** – don't – doesn't) use to drink coffee. All children at the same age of mine used (**in** – for – **to**) have the same habit. Also, , I used to (**drank** – drinks – **drink**) many other drinks.

### 3-Past continuous:

**While** ( was / were + ing ) , ( past simple)  
**When** ( past simple ) , ( was / were + ing )  
 ( past simple) **While** ( was / were + ing )  
 ( was / were + ing ) **When** ( past simple)

I - he - she - it → was  
 + v + ing

You - We - they → were

### 4-Choose the correct answer in brackets:

Last winter, John and his family ( goes – **went** – go) to France by plane. While they (**were flying** – was flying – flies), they saw nice views. It was snowing heavily when they (arrives – arrive – **arrived**) at the airport.

### 5-Do as shown between brackets:

- 1) I met Ali **while I (go)** to the club. ( Correct )  
**was going**
- 2) It was raining **when we (play)** yesterday ( Correct )  
**Played**
- 3) They found a shipwreck **while they ( dive )** in the sea. (Correct the verb)  
**Were diving**
- 4) **While my brothers ( swim )**, a boy drowned in water. ( Correct )  
**were swimming**

## Unit 8

### 4-Necessity/Obligation:

اثبات	نفي
( I , we , you , they ) → <u>have to</u> مضطر ان	( I , we , you , they ) → <u>don't have to</u> لم يكن مضطرا إلى
( he , she , it ) → <u>has to</u> مضطر ان	( he , she , it ) → <u>doesn't have to</u> لم يكن مضطرا إلى
<u>Must</u> يجب ان	<u>Mustn't</u> لا يجب ان

### 6-Choose the correct answer in brackets:

At school, students ( has to – **have to** – mustn't) wear a uniform. They (**must** – has to – mustn't) follow the school rules and obey the orders. On Friday, they ( doesn't – **must** – **don't**) have to go to school because it is a holiday.

**Do as shown between brackets:**

1. She has to take a taxi. (negative)  
*She doesn't have to take a taxi.*
2. I have to read this e-mail. (Ask)  
*What do you have to read?*
3. A marine biologist has to travel to many places. (negative)  
A marine biologist *doesn't have to* travel to many places.

**Unit 9**

had to اضطر إلى	didn't have to لم يكن مضطرا إلى
Should ان يجب	Shouldn't ان لا يجب
Why don't you + v inf فعل في المصدر.....?	سؤال يستخدم للتعبير عن النصيح

**8-Do as shown between brackets:**

- 1- Sami **had to** wake up early on last Friday. (Change into negative)  
*didn't have to*
- 3- Yesterday, we **had to** finish our work early. ( Change into negative )  
*didn't have to*

**6-Adverbs الحال / Adjectives الصفات**

Quick----- quickly	happy ----- happily
<b><u>Irregular adjectives</u></b>	
good ---- well	- fast ---- fast - hard----- hard

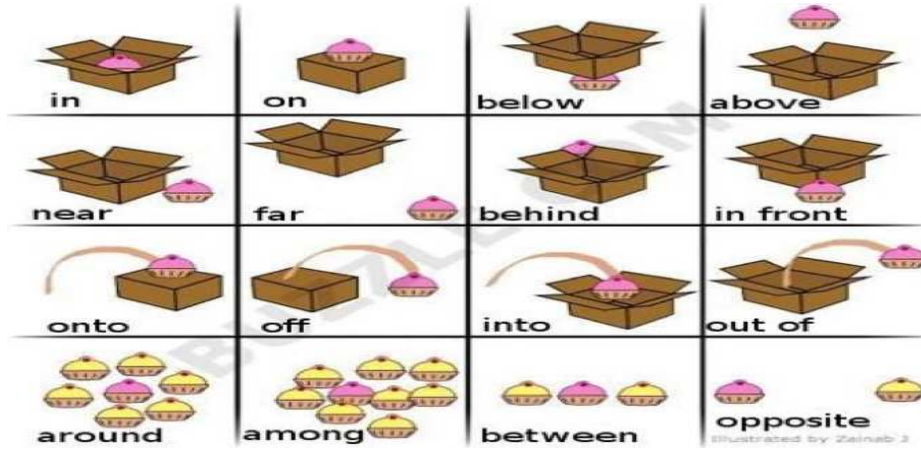
**Choose the correct answer in brackets:**

To be healthy, we ( **should** – **shouldn't** – **didn't have to** ) eat healthy food. We should also do exercises ( **regular** – **regularly** – **more regular** ) to keep fit. Our teacher always asks us, "Why don't you ( **walked** – **walks** – **walk** ) for thirty minutes every day?"

**Do as shown between brackets:**

- 1- Sami **had to** wake up early last Friday. (Ask)  
*When did Sami have to wake up early?*
- 2- People should drive their cars ( **slow** ) in snowstorms. ( Correct )  
*slowly*

Unit 10  
7- prepositions



at	at قبل الأماكن / at school / at lunch / at the weekend / at noon / at night at work / at the side / at the door / the grocer's تأتي مع الساعات / at 7 p.m / at six o'clock
on	تستخدم قبل الأيام / on National Day / on my birthday / on March 10th / on Monday on foot / on TV / on holiday / on time / سيرا على الأقدام
in	قبل فصول السنة / قبل السنة 2018 / في الشهر / في الصباح / في المساء / تأتي بمعنى في
by	تأتي بمعنى (بواسطة) و تأتي مع وسائل المواصلات by car / by bus / by plane

8- The relative pronouns ضمائر الوصل

- 1- **When** \_\_\_\_\_ time للوقت / للزمان
- 2- **who** \_\_\_\_\_ people للأشخاص (عقل) people
- 3- **which / that** \_\_\_\_\_ animals and objects للأشياء (غير عقل)
- 4- **Where** \_\_\_\_\_ places للمكان

Choose the correct answer in brackets:

My uncle is a doctor ( **which** – **who** – **when** ) is specialized in surgery. He always goes to his work early ( **in** – **on** – **at** ) the morning. He works in a big and modern hospital ( **when** – **that** – **where** ) he helps a lot of sick people.

### 9-Wh-questions:

Use one of these words: **what , when, where, whom** to complete questions

Questions form to be completed:	Possible answers
..... did you travel last holiday?	To Dubai.
..... did you travel there?	In Spring.
.....did you travel with?	My family.
..... did you stay?	With my relatives.

### 11-Do as shown between brackets:

1- They went to the zoo last month.

( Ask a question )

**Where did they go last month? / When did they go to the zoo?**

2- I stayed in Dubai for five days.

( Ask a question )

**How long did you stay in Dubai?**

3- February is the month. Kuwaitis celebrate the national day. ( Join)

**February is the month when Kuwaitis celebrate the national day.**

4- My father has got a car. It was made in 1980.

( Join using 'which' )

**My father has got a car which / that was made in 1980.**

5.Yesterday was a day. Everything went well .

(Join)

**Yesterday was a day when everything went well.**

6- I've lost my ring . It is very expensive.

(Join)

**I've lost my ring which / that is very expensive.**

7- That's the teacher . She teaches us French.

(Join)

**That's the teacher who teaches us French.**

8-.The spring is the time . People go camping in the spring.

(Join )

**The spring is the time when People go camping.**

9- This is my school . I go there to learn.

(Join)

**This is my school where I go to learn.**

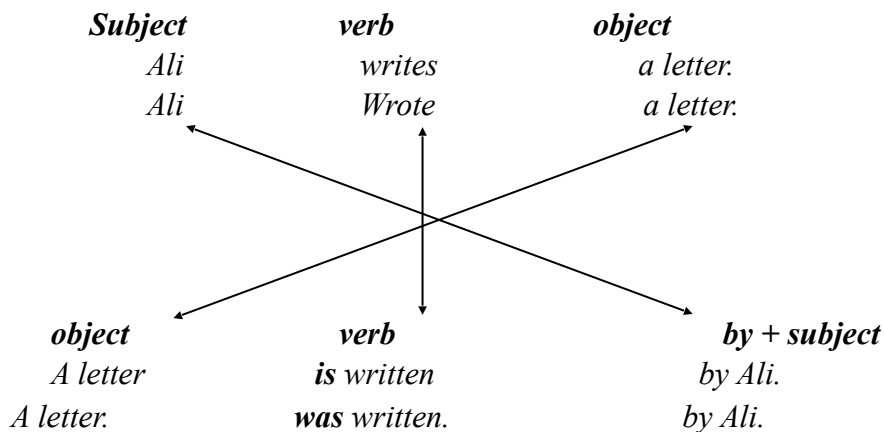
## Unit 11

### *10-The simple present / past Passive*

#### To change the sentence into passive :

1. Put the object at the beginning .
2. Use (is / was ) with singular or (are / were ) with plural + the past participle of the verb. (V3)

Ex: He paints a beautiful painting.  
A beautiful painting **is painted**.



\* Present passive: ( is / are + P.P ) ( is ) for sing. - ( are ) for pl.

- 1- I send an e-mail to my friend . ( Active )  
An e-mail is sent to my friend. ( Passive)

\*\*Past passive : ( was / were + P.P ) ( was ) for sing.- ( were ) for pl.

- 2- I sent an e-mail to my friend . ( Active )  
An e-mail was sent to my friend. ( Passive)

#### 12-Change these sentences into passive :

1-Scientists make **useful inventions** to save time and effort.  
*Useful inventions are made to save time and effort.*

2-We use **coal** for heating.

***Coal is used for heating .***

3-Grandmother tells **good stories**.

***Good stories are told by grandmother.***

4-The maid cleaned **the room** yesterday.

***The room was cleaned yesterday by the maid.***

5-The police arrested **the robbers**.

***The robbers were arrested by the police.***

6-We wrote **the e-mail** last week.

***The e-mail was written last week.***

### 11- Talking about the future:

1	am	am not
he-she it	is + <b>going to</b> + inf	isn't going to+ inf
we- you – they	are	aren't

### 13- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- We **are** going to play a new computer game. (Make negative)  
**aren't**
- 2- My sister **is** going to watch TV. (Make negative)  
**isn't**
- 7- She is going to visit her aunt tomorrow. (Ask)  
**When is she going to visit her aunt ?**
- 8- I (do) my homework after school. (Correct the verb)  
**am going to do**
- 9- Salim and Nasser (meet) their friends next weekend. (Correct the verb)  
**are going to meet / will meet**

### 12- Tag Question السؤال المذيل

#### Tag Question

is-----isn't	are-----aren't	was-----wasn't	were----weren't
isn't -----is	aren't -----are	wasn't -----was	weren't ----were
	will-----won't	can-----can't	

\* يأتي السؤال القصير في نهاية الجملة بمعنى (أليس كذلك؟) ويتكون من:

1- فعل مساعد .

2- نضع **n't** إذا كانت الجملة مثبتة ونحذف النفي إذا كانت الجملة منفية.

3- تنتهي بالفاعل ولا بد ان يتحول إلى ضمير

إذا لم يوجد فعل مساعد نأتي بـ :

- don't ..... إذا كان الفعل مضارع You like fish, don't you?
- doesn't ..... s ..... إذا كان الفعل مضارع به -Ali speaks English well, doesn't he?
- didn't ..... إذا كان الفعل ماضي Mona travelled to Egypt, didn't she?

### 14- Add question tags:

- We can swim, **can't we** ?
- They will travel to Qatar, **won't they** ?
- Our teacher wasn't at school, **was she / he** ?
- The picture is on the wall, **isn't it** ?
- Huda would like to be a teacher, **wouldn't she** ?
- We love our country, **don't we** ?
- Ahmed looks smart, **doesn't he** ?
- Aya went to the club, **didn't she** ?

## Unit 12. The Future

(1)  
**Will / won't + V1**  
certainty/uncertainty

(2)  
**Could / couldn't + V1**  
(Possibility)

(3)  
**May/ may not + V1**  
(Possibility)

### 15-Choose the correct answer in brackets:

Tomorrow , we (**will – could – may**) travel to Bahrain with my father on business . We (**couldn't – won't – may not**) go by car because my father can't drive for long distances. My mother (**may – will - could**) visit her old friend whom she missed so much . I don't know if my father (**could – may –will**) take us in a tour in the place as he is really busy.

### 16-Do as shown between brackets:-

1-She **will** visit her relatives on Saturday. ( change into negative )

**Won't**

2-Amani **could** paint in her free time. (Change into negative)

**Couldn't**

3-They will finish their project next Monday . (ask a question)

**When will they finish their project? / What will they do next Monday?**

## Conjunctions كلمات الربط

so (بعدها نتيجة)

سبب

نتيجة

Ali was ill. He went to the doctor. ——— Ali was ill **so** he went to the doctor.

because (بعدها سبب)

نتيجة

سبب

Ali went to the doctor. He was ill. ———. Ali went to the doctor **because** he was ill.

and (في الجملة المثبتة لإضافة معنى جديد)

I'd like to study. I'd like to go to bed. ——— I'd like to study **and** I'd like to go to bed.

but (تعبير عن التناقض بين جملتين)

Ali likes to eat fish. He doesn't like to eat meat. ——— Ali likes to eat fish, **but** he doesn't like to eat meat.

### Choose the correct answer :

Ahmed was ill last week (**so – and – because**) he didn't come to school .I asked my mum to visit him (**and – so – because**) he is my best friend . I (**buy – bought – buys**) some flowers .I visited him (**but – so – because**) I was so happy .

### Do as shown in brackets:

1- Nasser can't run fast. He is very fat. ( Use: ...because)

**Nasser can't run fast because he is very fat.**

2- She was very ill. She went to the doctor. ( Use: ...so )

**She was very ill so she went to the doctor.**