

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية

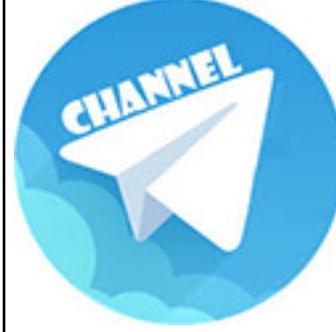


MANAF

الملف ملخص القواعد تشمل صيغة النفي والسؤال وصفات المقارنة وصفات التفضيل والصفات الأطول وضمانر الوصل

[موقع المناهج](#) ← [ملفات الكويت التعليمية](#) ← [الصف السابع](#) ← [لغة انجليزية](#) ← [الفصل الثاني](#)

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السابع



روابط مواد الصف السابع على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السابع والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

مذكرة للوحدات من (الوحدة السابعة وحتى الثانية عشر)	1
القواعد المقررة في اللغة الانكليزية الفترة الثانية	2
كلمات الاملاء كاملة	3
حل الكتاب الغير ملون	4
مواضيع	5



الصف السابع (قواعد)

7TH GRADE



MANAF.I.Ibrahim

https://t.me/MANAF_ENGLISH



Unit 5

GRAMMAR

Be(am-is-are) + used to +ing

We use it in the Present Simple Tense (V1)

Example:

She is used to buying purple shirts.

They are used to playing handball on Fridays.

We are used to (walk – walked – **walking**) on the beach daily on the weekends.

My brothers are used to (climbed – climb – **climbing**) trees.

Negative:(am-is-are) + not + used to

He **isn't** used to playing violin in front of the class.

Customers aren't used to (shopped – **shopping** – shop) online.

Yes-No Question

He is used to riding a bike in the park every Saturday.

Is he used to riding a bike every Saturday?

Yes, he is. No, he isn't.

Wh- Question

When is he used to riding a bike in the park?

What is he used to riding every Saturday?

Prepositions of movement

Prepositions	Meaning	Examples
across	Moving from one side to the other	They ran across the bridge.
towards	Moving in the general direction of something	He walks towards the masjid.
through	Moving within a 3D space from one side to another	The train goes through the tunnel.
into	Entering an enclosed space	He jumped into the pool.
over	Moving above or across an obstacle	The bird flew over the house.
around	Moving in a circular path or following a curve	He walked around the building.

Unit 6

GRAMMAR

Comparative adjectives

We use it with Adjectives to compare between two people or two things.

One syllable (big – small – old – young – cold) we add **-er** to the end of the word and then we add the word **than** after.

small --- smaller **than**

young --- younger **than**

good --- better **than**

bad --- worse **than**

Zakaria is **older than** Rajab.

Bahrain is **smaller than** Kuwait.

More than one syllable (amazing – difficult– interesting – beautiful – dangerous) we use **more** before the word, and we add **than** after.

Lions are **more dangerous than** tigers.

TV is **more useful than** radio.

Superlative adjectives

We use it with Adjectives to talk about one person or a thing in a group.

One syllable (big – small – old – young – cold) we add - **est** to the end of the word. and we use definite article **the** before it

small --- **the smallest/**

young ----- **the youngest**

good ---- **the best**

bad ---- **the worst**

Basel is **the oldest** student at school.

Bahrain is **the smallest** country in the Gulf Region.

More than one syllable (amazing – difficult– interesting – beautiful – dangerous) we use **the most** before the word.

Lions are **the most dangerous animals.**

TV is **the most useful** device.

(Present perfect tense)

We use it for something that **started in the past** and **continues in the present**:

We use (recently - already - yet - just - ever - rarely)

Dalal has already seen the film.

My friend hasn't prepared his homework yet.

My father has just lost his keys.

Have you ever been to Berlin?

Yes, I have. No, I have never.

has + (past participle) V3

He She It

For

(a period of time)

2 hours 2 weeks

2 months 2 years

short time

have + (past participle) V3

I We You They

since

(Specific time)

2 o'clock January

2022

This morning

Scientists **have recently discovered** a new breed of monkey.

Scientists **haven't discovered** a new breed of monkey.

My uncle **has just** watched news.

My uncle **hasn't** watched the news yet.

Yes / No Questions

Have you visited Medina Masjid in Kuwait City yet?

Yes, I have. No, I haven't.

Has Manar climbed that tree?

Yes, she has. No, she hasn't.

Wh—questions

What?things

Where?places

When? time

Who? people

Why?.....reason

How? way

Where has he travelled ?

How have they corrected the mistake?

Unit 7

GRAMMAR

Relative pronouns

Who / Which / When / Where / Whose

Who is used for **people**

The doctor is 35 years old. He works in Farwaniya Hospital.

The doctor **who** works in Farwaniya hospital is 35 years old.

Which is used for **things** or **animals**.

The table is brown. I bought yesterday

The table **which** I bought yesterday is brown

When is used for **time**

It was at night. I left the house yesterday

It was at night **when** I left the house yesterday

Where is used for **places**.

My brother plays football in the park. We can see many friends.

My brother plays football in the park **where** we can see many friends.

Whose is used for possession

Ahmad is my friend. His father works in near hospital

Ahmad is my friend **whose** father works in near hospital

Tag question (Past Simple)

A “**tag question**” is a small question that is attached, or “tagged”, to the end of a sentence.

Example:

He was praying in masjid, **isn't he?**

Jasim went to school by car, **didn't he?**

Saleem isn't studying science, **is he?**

They didn't drive the truck fast, **did they?**

The goats were eating grass, **weren't they?**

Masaya wasn't working in a private school, **was she?**

Unit 8

GRAMMAR

Reported speech: Imperative

Positive

'Go to school early' my friend advises me

My friend advised me **to** go to school early.

"Be quiet."

The teacher told the students to be quiet.

"Please stop it."

He asked her to please stop it.

Negative

'Don't stay up late' my dad told me.

My dad told me **not to** stay up late.

"Do not talk."

She told us not to talk.

"Never do that."

She told me not to do that.

Will+ infinitive

To talk about actions in the future

I will order orange juice after an hour

They won't order orange juice after an hour.

Negative

They will travel next week to Saudi Arabia.

Ask

Where will they travel next week?

When will they travel to Saudi Arabia?