

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية



الملف ملخص مفردات الوحدة الخامسة جذور الصداقة

[موقع المناهج](#) ⇨ [ملفات الكويت التعليمية](#) ⇨ [الصف السادس](#) ⇨ [لغة انجليزية](#) ⇨ [الفصل الثاني](#)

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السادس



روابط مواد الصف السادس على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

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المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السادس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

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EL PROFESSOR

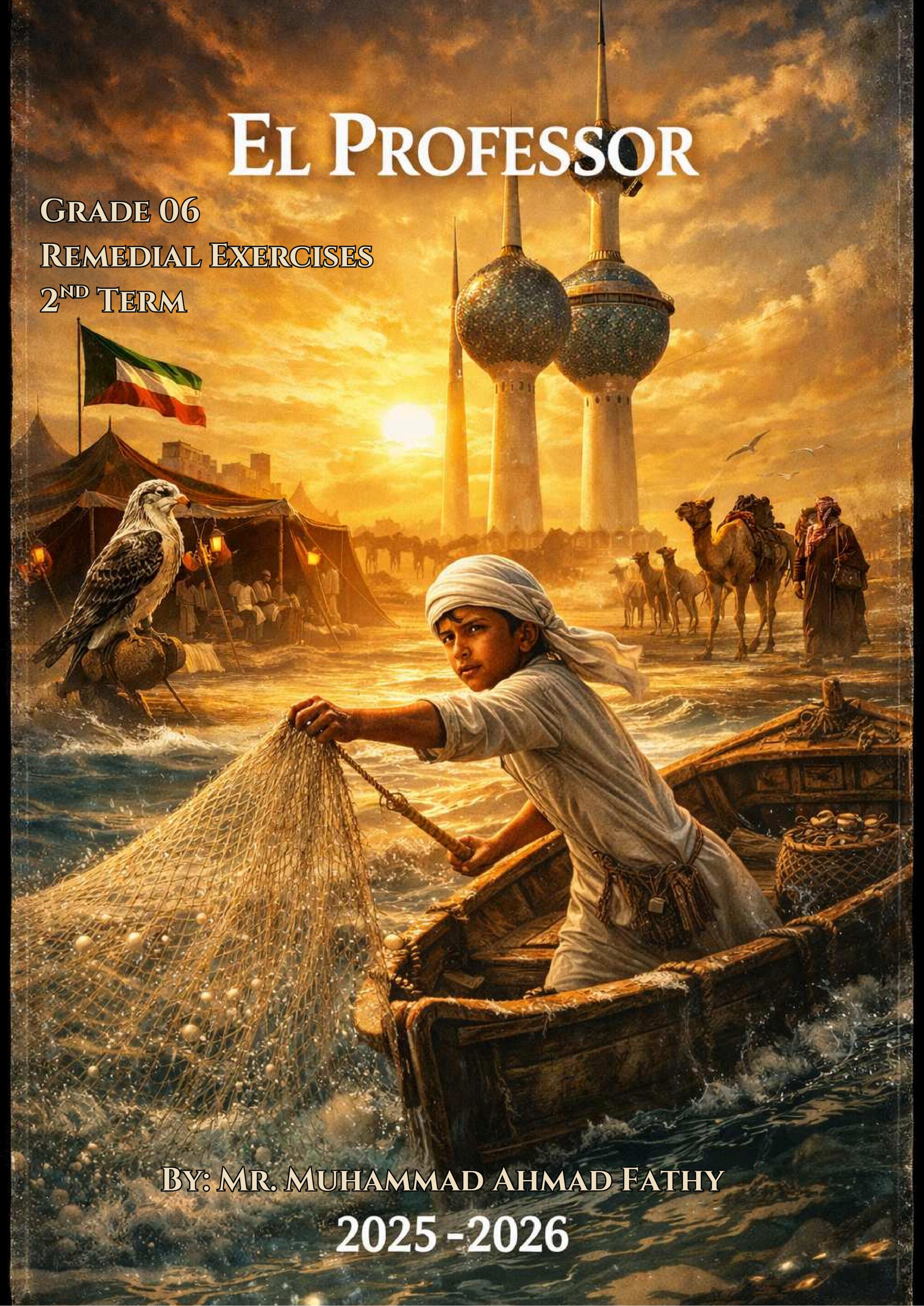
GRADE 06

REMEDIAL EXERCISES

2ND TERM

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Grade 06 - 2nd Term - 2025-2026**Unit 5 : The Roots of Friendship****Unit 5 | The Roots of Friendship**

U.5-L.1 Friendship begins at Home p.19			U.5-L.5 The Stage, the Crow and the Jackal p.24		
friendship	(n.)	صداقة	edge	(n.)	حافة / طرف
comfort	(n.)	راحة	field	(n.)	حقل
happiness	(n.)	سعادة	hunter	(n.)	صياد
loyalty	(n.)	الولاء	knot	(n.)	عقدة
manner	(n.)	سلوك	shame	(n.)	خزي
mistake	(n.)	خطأ	truth	(n.)	الحقيقة
prophet	(n.)	نبي	follow	(v.)	يتبع
respect	(n.)	احترام	intend	(v.)	ينوي - يقصد
relationship	(n.)	علاقة	reach	(v.)	يصل
society	(n.)	مجتمع	shine	(v.)	يلمع - يشرق
belong	(v.)	ينتمي	trap	(v.)	بصطاد-يوقع في فخ
cooperate	(v.)	يتعاون	fine	(adj.)	جميل
forgive	(v.)	يسامح	sneaky	(adj.)	مخادع - ماكر
please	(v.)	يُرضي	sweet	(adj.)	لطيف - حلو
caring	(adj.)	مهتم	falsely	(adv.)	كذباً - زيفاً
thankful	(adj.)	شاكراً	Softly	(adv.)	بلطف
kindly	(adv.)	بمودة	suddenly	(adv.)	فجأة
naturally	(adv.)	بشكل طبيعي			
often	(adv.)	غالباً			

Linkers

First	Next	Then	Finally	And	Also	because
أولاً	التالي	ثم	أخيراً	و	أيضاً	بسبب

Grammar	1	Articles (a, an, the, no article)
	2	Tag Question (present simple)

I. "Vocabulary"

A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:-

1. A strong is built on trust and helping each other in hard times.
a. field b. friendship c. mistake d. manner
2. After a long day at work, a hot shower gives me great
a. knot b. shame c. edge d. comfort
3. Farmers work together in the to grow crops and feed people.
a. society b. field c. relationship d. trap
4. True comes when we feel safe, loved, and satisfied with our lives.
a. loyalty b. friendship c. truth d. shame
5. The waited quietly for the animal to come closer.
a. relationship b. prophet c. manner d. hunter
6. A good student shows to teachers by listening and following rules.
a. edge b. comfort c. respect d. knot
7. I didn't to hurt your feelings; it was just a misunderstanding.
a. intend b. reach c. follow d. belong
8. Children should their parents' advice to stay safe.
a. trap b. please c. shine d. follow
- 9.
10. Every person should to a group where they feel accepted.
a. belong b. reach c. shine d. forgive
10. Good people learn from every instead of giving up.
a. truth b. happiness c. mistake d. society
11. The teacher spoke so the young students could understand her words.
a. suddenly b. softly c. falsely d. often
12. We should feel when someone helps us.
a. thankful b. sneaky c. fine d. thankful



B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:-

friendship – loyalty – respect – follow – kindly

12. Students should the teacher's instructions carefull.
13. The nurse spoke to the sick child.
14. True grows when people help and understand each other.
15. Soldiers showed great to their country.

belong - cooperate - society – naturally - relationship

16. Children want to to a group where they feel safe.
17. A strong needs trust and honest communication.
18. People live together in a with shared rules and values
19. He smiled when he met his old friend.

truth – shame – forgive – falsely – suddenly

20. We should learn to others when they apologize
21. He felt deep after lying to his parents.
22. Telling the builds trust between people.
23. The rumour spread through the school.

society – manner – shine – trap – softly

24. The hunter tried to the animal without hurting it
25. Stars brightly in the night sky
26. She spoke so the baby would not wake up
27. Good shows how polite and respectful a person is

II. “Reading Comprehension”

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

"Anime" is a Japanese cartoon style that is popular in films and television shows. It often combines colourful drawings with action stories. Much of "Anime" is made for children but some has adult stories. "Anime" is now popular all around the world.

"Anime" started in the 1900s. Modern "Anime" began in 1956 when Japan's first modern studio opened. Osamu Tezuka was the first artist to create one of the most popular "Anime" called "Astro Boy". It was about a robot boy and his adventures.

The popularity of "Anime" continued to grow in 1980s. The "Anime" style arrived at the USA and Japanese artists worked on several cartoons like "Transformers". In the 1986 an amazing "Anime" was introduced known as "Dragon Ball". It tells a story of a boy searching for 7 dragon balls. In 1970s, Japanese artists came up with the idea of super robots "Anime" and there were many incredible TV shows like "Mazinger Z" and "Grendizer".



Miyazak, a talented artist, expressed his love for "Anime" with his magical films. He works at Studio Ghibli which is known for its high quality in filmmaking. Miyazaki made a lot of movies like "Spirited Away" and "Howl's Moving Castle"

A. From a, b, c or d, choose the most suitable answer:

09. The best title for this passage would be:

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| a. History of "Anime" | b. Action Films |
| c. Japanese Artists | d. Watching TV |

10. The underlined word “colourful” in the 1st paragraph means: -

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| a. black and white | b. without colours |
| c. full of colours | d. with one colour |

11. The underlined word “which” in the 4th paragraph refers to: -

- a. Studio Ghibli
- b. Anime
- c. Films
- d. Love

12. Osamu Tezuka was a Japanese artist who created

- a. Magazine Z
- b. Dragon Ball
- c. Astro Boy
- d. Transformers

13. According to the passage, ONE of the following sentences is FALSE:

- a. Making modern “Anime” started in Japan in 1956.
- b. “Dragon Ball” is about a boy looking for seven dragon balls.
- c. The idea of super robots “Anime” came up in the 1990s.
- d. “Anime” TV shows are made for both children and adults.

14. The main purpose of the writer for writing this passage is to:

- a. advise people not to watch cartoon.
- b. talk about his favourite stories of all time.
- c. inform people about some facts about “Anime”.
- d. compare Japanese cartoon with American ones.

B. With reference to the passage, answer the following questions:-

15. What did the Japanese artists work on when they were in the USA?

.....

16. How did Miyazaki express his love for “Anime”?

.....

III. "GRAMMAR"

Articles (a, an, the, no article)

a	an	The	∅
<p>قبل a نستخدم:</p> <p>- اسم مفرد قابل للعد</p> <p>- لما نتكلم عن شيء عام ويبدأ بصوت حرف ساكن مش شكل الحرف.</p>	<p>an نستخدم قبل:</p> <p>اسم مفرد قابل للعد</p> <p>شيء عام</p> <p>ويبدأ بصوت حرف متحرك (a, e, i, o, u)</p>	<p>قبل the نستخدم:</p> <p>اسم محدد ومعروف</p> <p>المتكلم والسامع عارفين بالظبط</p> <p>إحنا بنتكلم عن إيه</p>	<p>ما نستخدمش أي أداة قبل:</p> <p>أفكار عامة</p> <p>أسماء جمع</p> <p>أيام، مدن، (أسماء علم دول)</p>
<p>أمثلة:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Hana bought a pen from the shop. There is a dog in the street. 	<p>أمثلة:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Adham ate an orange after lunch. It was an easy question. <p>مهم: ✨</p> <p>العبرة بالصوت مش بالحرف</p> <p>🕒 an hour</p> <p>مش h لأن الـ (منطوقة)</p>	<p>أمثلة:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The bus is late today. Hana spoke to the doctor you told her about. 	<p>أمثلة:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Children need care and love. Water is important for life. I live in Egypt. On Friday, we visit our family. 

Dreams are not what you see in your sleep, dreams are things which **do not let you sleep.**

Cristiano Ronaldo

A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:

1. My father bought new car from a big showroom near our house.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
2. Hana wants to be engineer who helps build safe houses for people.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
3. We watched moon as it appeared slowly in the dark sky.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
4. I need pencil to write my homework neatly in my notebook.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
5. honesty is important when we deal with others at school and home
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
6. Adham found old photo while cleaning his room yesterday afternoon.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
7. My brother plays football with his friends in the park after school.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
8. Dana spoke to teacher about the exam schedule after the class ended.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
9. We live near hospital that serves people from different areas.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
10. lions usually live together and protect each other in the wild.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
11. Rashid is reading story that his teacher recommended to him.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
12. She carried umbrella with her because the weather looked rainy.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø
13. We learned about history of our country during the social studies class
a. a b. an c. the d. no article Ø

قاعدة السؤال المذيل (في المضارع البسيط)

Tag Question (Present Simple)



الفكرة الأساسية

Tag Question السؤال المذيل

هو سؤال صغير نضيفه بعد الجملة لتأكيدها أو للسؤال عن صحتها.

- الجملة الأساسية: Positive (مثبتة) → Tag: Negative (منفية)
- الجملة الأساسية: Negative (منفية) → Tag: Positive (مثبتة)

باختصار: لو كان الفعل مثبت، نفيه و لو كان منفي، نشيل منه النفي.

He **is** a doctor,**isn't** he....?

He **isn't** a doctor, ... **is** he ...?

مع الأفعال المساعدة

to be (am / is / are / was / were)

لو كان الفعل واحد من اللي فوق،
هنمشي بنفس النظام اللي على اليمين،
لو كان الفعل مثبت، نفيه و لو كان
منفي، نشيل منه النفي.

He **is** happy, **isn't** he?

We **aren't** late, **are** we?

حسب نوع الفعل!!

مع الفعل العادي go, eat, play, study, drink, visit,

- الجملة مثبتة → لو الجملة مثبتة استخدم don't / doesn't / didn't في ال tag
- الجملة منفية → لو الجملة منفية استخدم do / does / did في ال tag

أمثلة مختلفة:

- They **play** football, **don't** they?
- Hana **doesn't** eat meat, **does** she?

B) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:

1. You like eating chocolate cake every weekend after lunch, ?
a. do you b. don't you c. aren't you d. are you
2. Cristiano Ronaldo is the greatest footballer of all time, ?
a. wasn't he b. does he c. isn't he d. is he
3. She doesn't play football with her friends in the park on Sundays,?
a. wasn't she b. isn't she c. is she d. does she

4. They are happy with their results and proud of themselves,?
a. don't they b. aren't they c. are you d. do they
5. Hana has a bicycle that she uses to go to school every day,?
a. doesn't she b. does she c. isn't she d. is she
6. I am late for the meeting this morning because the bus was late,?
a. am I b. don't I c. aren't I d. isn't I
7. We haven't finished our homework yet because it is very long,?
a. haven't we b. have we c. do we d. don't we
8. She is very kind and always helps everyone in the class,?
a. hasn't she b. doesn't she c. isn't she d. does she
9. They watch TV often because they prefer cartoon movies,?
a. do they b. don't they c. haven't they d. have they
10. Cristiano Ronaldo is about to score goal number 1000 in his career, ?
a. doesn't he b. is he c. isn't he d. has he



C) Add a question tag:

1. You study English every day at home and at school,?
2. She doesn't like eating apples or bananas,?
3. They are playing in the garden and having a lot of fun,?
4. He has a new phone that he bought last week,?
5. I am early for the meeting because I left home on time,?
6. We haven't seen this movie before, ,?
7. She is very friendly and always smiles at everyone,?
8. They don't go to school on Sunday because it is a holiday,?
9. He has finished his homework, so now he can play outside,?
10. We are ready to leave because the car is parked outside,?

