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الملف جدول كلمات و مرادفات للصف الرابع

موقع المناهج ⇐ ملفات الكويت التعليمية ⇐ الصف الرابع ⇐ لغة انجليزية ⇐ الفصل الأول

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الرابع



روابط مواد الصف الرابع على تلغرام

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## Grade 4 - Unit 4 Vocabulary Table

Word (POS)	Syllables	Arabic Meaning	Easy Synonym	Simple Collocation	Arabic Collocation Meaning	Emoji
poem (n)	po-em	قصيدة	verse	write a poem	يكتب قصيدة	
poet (n)	po-et	شاعر	writer	famous poet	شاعر مشهور	
culture (n)	cul-ture	ثقافة	tradition	learn about culture	يتعلم عن الثقافة	
magazine (n)	mag-a-zine	مجلة	publication	fashion magazine	مجلة أزياء	
ring/rang (v)	ring/rang	يرن / رن	chime	the phone rang	رن الهاتف	
Asia (n)	A-sia	آسيا	continent	Asia continent	قارة آسيا	
lie on (v)	lie on	يستلقي على	rest	lie on the bed	يستلقي على السرير	
meaning (n)	mean-ing	معنى	definition	understand the meaning	فهم المعنى	
capital (n)	cap-i-tal	عاصمة	main city	the capital city	المدينة العاصمة	
currency (n)	cur-ren-cy	عملة	money	foreign currency	العملة الأجنبية	
peacefully (adv)	peace-ful-ly	بسلام	calmly	live peacefully	يعيش بسلام	
island (n)	is-land	جزيرة	landmass	tropical island	جزيرة استوائية	
right (adj)	right	صواب	correct	do the right thing	افعل الشيء الصحيح	

<b>gulf (n)</b>	gulf	خليج	bay	Persian Gulf	الخليج الفارسي	
<b>Lebanon (n)</b>	Leb-a-non	لبنان	country	Lebanon capital	عاصمة لبنان	<b>LB</b>
<b>trip (n)</b>	trip	رحلة	journey	go on a trip	يذهب في رحلة	
<b>stay/stayed (v)</b>	stay/stayed	يبقى / بقي	remain	stay at a hotel	يبقى في فندق	
<b>hotel (n)</b>	ho-tel	فندق	inn	stay at the hotel	يظل في الفندق	
<b>Japan (n)</b>	Ja-pan	اليابان	country	Japan island	جزيرة اليابان	<b>JP</b>
<b>Japanese (adj)</b>	Ja-pa-nese	ياباني	from Japan	Japanese food	طعام ياباني	
<b>actually (adv)</b>	ac-tu-al-ly	في الواقع	really	actually true	في الواقع صحيح	
<b>castle (n)</b>	cas-tle	قلعة	fortress	visit the castle	زيارة القلعة	
<b>sushi (n)</b>	su-shi	سوشي	Japanese food	eat sushi	يأكل السوشي	
<b>chopsticks (n)</b>	chop-sticks	عيدان الأكل	utensils	use chopsticks	يستخدم العيدان	
<b>kimono (n)</b>	ki-mo-no	كيمونو	traditional dress	wear a kimono	يرتدي الكيمونو	

**Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.**

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1. The student wrote a short \_\_\_\_ about Kuwait.

- a) castle
- b) island
- c) poem
- d) sushi

---

2. The \_\_\_\_ wrote many famous poems.

- a) capital
- b) hotel
- c) poet
- d) ring

---

3. Music and food are part of our \_\_\_\_.

- a) magazine
- b) poem
- c) culture
- d) currency

---

4. I read a science story in a children's \_\_\_\_.

- a) magazine
- b) sushi
- c) gulf
- d) poet

---

5. The bell \_\_\_\_ loudly at 7 o'clock.

- a) rang
- b) lie on
- c) stayed
- d) meaning

---

6. Kuwait is in \_\_\_\_, the largest continent.

- a) Lebanon
- b) Asia
- c) island
- d) right

---

7. I like to \_\_\_\_ the sofa when I am tired.

- a) lie on
- b) trip
- c) sushi
- d) chopsticks

---

8. Can you tell me the \_\_\_\_ of this English word?

- a) kimono
- b) hotel
- c) culture
- d) meaning

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9. Riyadh is the \_\_\_\_ of Saudi Arabia.

- a) capital
- b) poet
- c) trip
- d) right

---

10. The dinar is the \_\_\_\_ of Kuwait.

- a) poem
- b) castle
- c) currency
- d) magazine

---

11. The baby is sleeping \_\_\_\_ in the cradle.

- a) peacefully
- b) actually
- c) right
- d) stayed

---

12. Failaka is an \_\_\_\_ near Kuwait.

- a) hotel
- b) island
- c) sushi
- d) poem

---

13. This is the \_\_\_\_ answer to the question.

- a) right

- b) sushi
  - c) trip
  - d) gulf
- 

14. The Arabian \_\_\_\_ is next to Kuwait.

- a) hotel
  - b) castle
  - c) island
  - d) gulf
- 

15. \_\_\_\_ is famous for cedar trees and mountains.

- a) Lebanon
  - b) Asia
  - c) capital
  - d) sushi
- 

16. Our class had a school \_\_\_\_ to the museum.

- a) kimono
  - b) poem
  - c) chopsticks
  - d) trip
- 

17. We will \_\_\_\_ in the hotel for three days.

- a) currency
  - b) castle
  - c) stay
  - d) lie on
- 

18. The tourists stayed in a big \_\_\_\_ by the sea.

- a) magazine
  - b) poet
  - c) island
  - d) hotel
- 

19. Mount Fuji is in \_\_\_\_.

- a) Asia
- b) capital
- c) Japan
- d) Lebanon

---

20. My favorite Japanese food is \_\_\_\_.

- a) culture
- b) sushi
- c) castle
- d) poem

---

21. The \_\_\_\_ language is spoken in Japan.

- a) gulf
- b) poet
- c) currency
- d) Japanese

---

22. The king lived in a stone \_\_\_\_.

- a) sushi
- b) hotel
- c) castle
- d) right

---

23. People in Japan eat rice with \_\_\_\_.

- a) chopsticks
- b) island
- c) poem
- d) magazine

---

24. A \_\_\_\_ is a traditional dress in Japan.

- a) kimono
- b) culture
- c) sushi
- d) castle

---

25. It looks hard, but \_\_\_\_ it is very easy.

- a) peacefully
- b) poem
- c) actually
- d) hotel

---

26. The phone will \_\_\_\_ when your friend calls.

- a) ring

- b) castle
  - c) sushi
  - d) trip
- 

27. The children like to \_\_\_\_ on the grass in the park.

- a) poem
  - b) magazine
  - c) stay
  - d) lie on
- 

28. The euro is the \_\_\_\_ of many European countries.

- a) hotel
  - b) poet
  - c) currency
  - d) chopsticks
- 

29. Tokyo is in \_\_\_\_.

- a) kimono
  - b) Asia
  - c) Lebanon
  - d) island
- 

30. We \_\_\_\_ in a hotel when we visited Japan.

- a) ring
  - b) sushi
  - c) stayed
  - d) poem
-



## The Past Continuous and Past Simple (الماضي المستمر & الماضي البسيط)

يتكون الماضي المستمر	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{was} \\ \text{were} + V1 \text{ (فعل)} + \text{ing} \end{array} \right\}$ He <b>was playing</b> football.	was → I -he-she-it were → We-they-you He <b>was playing</b> football. We <b>were eating</b> fish.
النفي الماضي المستمر	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{wasn't} \\ \text{weren't} + V1 \text{ (فعل)} + \text{ing} \end{array} \right\}$ They <b>weren't eating</b> fish.	wasn't → I -he-she-it weren't → We-they-you He <b>wasn't playing</b> football. We <b>weren't eating</b> fish.
الكلمات الدالة	when عندما He was playing football <b>when</b> I saw him.	
قاعدة when	يعبر الماضي المستمر عن حدث مستمر في وقت محدد بالماضي - وعندما يقطعه حدث آخر نضع الحدث الآخر في زمن الماضي البسيط. ( ماضي بسيط ) + فاعل + when + ( ماضي مستمر ) + فاعل $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{was} \\ \text{were} + v + \text{ing} \end{array} \right\} \text{ when } + \text{فاعل} + \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{فعل ماضي (V2)} \end{array} \right\}$ They <b>were playing</b> when it <b>rained</b> .	

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**Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.**

1. The boys ..... when Ali knocked on the door.  
a) was playing  
b) playing  
c) were playing  
d) plays
2. Hamad ..... television when she called.  
a) watching  
b) were watching  
c) was watching  
d) watches
3. She was ..... to the radio when the bell rang.  
a) listens  
b) listening  
c) listen  
d) listened
4. Adel ..... coffee when his friend came.  
a) drinking  
b) was drinking  
c) were drinking  
d) drinks
5. We ..... dinner when it rained.  
a) were eating  
b) was eating  
c) eating  
d) eat
6. Dad was sleeping when baby Omar .....  
a) crying  
b) cried  
c) cry  
d) cries
7. My classmates ..... on a project when the teacher came.  
a) working  
b) were working  
c) was working  
d) works
8. She was reading a story when her mum ..... into her room.  
a) came

- b) comes
  - c) come
  - d) coming
9. The thief ..... the bank when the police came.
- a) robbing
  - b) are robbing
  - c) was robbing
  - d) robs
10. We were tidying the room when we ..... some old photos.
- a) found
  - b) finding
  - c) find
  - d) finds
11. Haya ..... when one of her shoes broke.
- a) walking
  - b) was walking
  - c) walk
  - d) walks
12. I was writing my homework when the telephone .....
- a) rings
  - b) ring
  - c) rang
  - d) ringing
13. She ..... milk when she dropped the glass.
- a) drink
  - b) drinking
  - c) was drinking
  - d) drinks
14. They were watching a film when the lights ..... off.
- a) turned
  - b) turn
  - c) turns
  - d) turning
15. Ali ..... when he broke his leg.
- a) skating
  - b) was skating
  - c) were skating
  - d) skates
16. We ..... in the garden when it started to rain.
- a) were playing
  - b) playing
  - c) was playing
  - d) plays

17. The teacher ..... when the bell rang.  
a) speaking  
b) was speaking  
c) spoke  
d) speaks
18. I ..... dinner when the phone rang.  
a) made  
b) making  
c) was making  
d) make
19. Samira ..... her homework when her friend came.  
a) doing  
b) did  
c) was doing  
d) do
20. They ..... football when it got dark.  
a) playing  
b) were playing  
c) played  
d) play
21. He ..... a book when I visited him.  
a) reading  
b) read  
c) was reading  
d) reads
22. The children ..... cartoons when the lights went out.  
a) were watching  
b) watching  
c) watched  
d) watch
23. I ..... tea when the doorbell rang.  
a) was drinking  
b) drinking  
c) drank  
d) drink
24. She ..... in the park when it started to snow.  
a) running  
b) ran  
c) was running  
d) runs
25. We ..... the room when the cat jumped on the bed.  
a) were cleaning  
b) cleaning

- c) cleaned  
d) clean
26. He ..... on the phone when I came home.  
a) was talking  
b) talking  
c) talked  
d) talks
27. The baby ..... when the dog barked.  
a) sleeping  
b) was sleeping  
c) slept  
d) sleep
28. I ..... my lessons when my friend called.  
a) was reading  
b) reading  
c) read  
d) reads
29. They ..... dinner when the guests arrived.  
a) were having  
b) having  
c) had  
d) have
30. She ..... a picture when I visited her.  
a) drawing  
b) was drawing  
c) drew  
d) draws
-

## The Past Simple الماضى البسيط 😊

○ يعبر عن شيء حدث بالماضي وانتهى

يتكون من	إذا كان منتظماً يحول الفعل لصيغة الماضي بإضافة (d- ed- ied) play → He <u>played</u> football. إما إذا كان غير منتظم يحول للتصريف الثاني ( V2 ) go → He <u>went</u> to school.
النفى	( مصدر = فعل بدون اضافات ) didn't + (V1) He <u>went</u> to school. He <u>didn't go</u> to school.
السؤال	Wh (أداة الاستفهام) + did + فاعل + (V1)? <u>Where did Ali go?</u> Ali went to school.
الكلمات الدالة	تاريخ قديم - الأخير - أمس yesterday - في الماضي in the past <u>He went to 360 Mall yesterday.</u>

معنى الفعل meaning	حاضر present (V1)	ماضي past (V2)
يكون للمفرد	is	<u>was</u>
يكون للجمع	are	<u>were</u>
يذهب	go	<u>went</u>
يرى	see	<u>saw</u>
يأكل	eat	<u>ate</u>
يشترى	buy	<u>bought</u>

معنى الفعل meaning	حاضر present (V1)	ماضي past (V2)
يمتلك	have	<u>had</u>
يقضي	spend	<u>spent</u>
يلعب	play	<u>played</u>
يتصل هاتفياً	phone	<u>phoned</u>
يقص	clip	<u>clipped</u>
يسترخي	relax	<u>relaxed</u>

**Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.**

1. They ..... to the zoo yesterday.  
a) go  
b) going  
c) went  
d) goes
2. I ..... table tennis yesterday.  
a) played  
b) play  
c) plays  
d) playing
3. Jassim didn't..... sushi last week.  
a) ate  
b) eating  
c) eat  
d) eats
4. I .....my holiday in London last year.  
a) spend  
b) spent  
c) spends  
d) spending
5. Haya ..... her nails yesterday.  
a) clip  
b) clipped  
c) clips  
d) clipping
6. Where did you .....your dress, Nora?  
a) buy  
b) bought  
c) buys  
d) buying
7. Aisha ..... Heba last night.  
a) phone  
b) phoned

- c) phoning
  - d) phones
8. We ..... a movie yesterday.
- a) watched
  - b) watch
  - c) watches
  - d) watching
9. Ali ..... football last weekend.
- a) played
  - b) play
  - c) plays
  - d) playing
10. My mother ..... a cake yesterday.
- a) bake
  - b) baked
  - c) bakes
  - d) baking
11. They ..... to Paris last summer.
- a) going
  - b) went
  - c) go
  - d) goes
12. I ..... my homework last night.
- a) did
  - b) do
  - c) does
  - d) doing
13. Sara ..... a letter to her friend yesterday.
- a) write
  - b) writing
  - c) wrote
  - d) writes
14. We ..... pizza for dinner yesterday.
- a) eat
  - b) eats
  - c) ate
  - d) eating
15. The children ..... in the park last Sunday.
- a) play
  - b) played
  - c) plays
  - d) playing



16. Ahmed ..... his bag at school yesterday.  
a) forgot  
b) forget  
c) forgets  
d) forgetting
17. I ..... my phone yesterday.  
a) lose  
b) lost  
c) loses  
d) losing
18. She ..... a song at the party.  
a) sings  
b) sang  
c) sing  
d) singing
19. We ..... for the bus yesterday.  
a) waited  
b) wait  
c) waits  
d) waiting
20. My father ..... TV last night.  
a) watched  
b) watch  
c) watches  
d) watching
21. I ..... my friend last week.  
a) visiting  
b) visited  
c) visit  
d) visits
22. They ..... their homework yesterday.  
a) does  
b) doing  
c) did  
d) do
23. Haya ..... to music last night.  
a) listens  
b) listening  
c) listened  
d) listen
24. Ali ..... to school by bus yesterday.  
a) goes  
b) went

- c) go
  - d) going
25. We ..... a new game yesterday.
- a) played
  - b) play
  - c) plays
  - d) playing
26. My brother ..... a story yesterday.
- a) tell
  - b) telling
  - c) told
  - d) tells
27. I ..... my room yesterday.
- a) clean
  - b) cleaned
  - c) cleans
  - d) cleaning
28. She ..... her bag at the bus stop.
- a) found
  - b) find
  - c) finds
  - d) finding
29. They ..... a bird in the garden yesterday.
- a) saw
  - b) see
  - c) sees
  - d) seeing
30. We ..... a great time yesterday.
- a) had
  - b) have
  - c) has
  - d) having
-