

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع ملفات الكويت التعليمية



[com.kwedufiles.www//:https](https://www.kwedufiles.com)

*للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع الصفوف وجميع المواد اضغط هنا

* للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع مواد الصف الثاني عشر اضغط هنا

<https://kwedufiles.com/16>

* للحصول على جميع أوراق الصف الثاني عشر في مادة لغة انكليزية وجميع الفصول, اضغط هنا

<https://kwedufiles.com/16english>

* للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع مواد الصف الثاني عشر في مادة لغة انكليزية الخاصة بـ الفصل الثاني اضغط هنا

<https://www.kwedufiles.com/16english2>

* لتحميل كتب جميع المواد في جميع الفصول للـ الصف الثاني عشر اضغط هنا

<https://www.kwedufiles.com/grade16>

للحصول على جميع روابط الصفوف على تلغرام وفيسبوك من قنوات وصفحات: اضغط هنا [bot_kwlinks/me.t//:https](https://t.me/bot_kwlinks)

الروابط التالية هي روابط الصف الثاني عشر على مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي

مجموعة الفيسبوك

صفحة الفيسبوك

مجموعة التلغرام

بوت التلغرام

قناة التلغرام

رياضيات على التلغرام

7

MODULE 3: Lifestyles Long lives

chronic, deprived of, drowsy, genetic make-up, restless, shallow

Reading

1 Complete the following questionnaire about your sleeping habits and discuss good sleeping habits.

- What time do you go to sleep on school nights?
 - around 8 p.m.
 - around 9 p.m.
 - past 10 p.m.
- Why do you go to bed at a particular time?
 - because you want to get enough sleep for the following day's activities
 - because it fits best with the family schedule
 - because you feel sleepy
- What time do you wake up on school days?
 - before 6 a.m.
 - between 6 a.m. and 7 a.m.
 - between 7 a.m. and 8 a.m.
- What usually wakes you up on school days?
 - alarm clock
 - parent or other family member
 - noise
- What time do you sleep on weekend nights?
 - after 8 p.m.
 - after 9 p.m.
 - after 10 p.m.
- What time do you wake up on weekend days?
 - before 8 a.m.
 - around 9 a.m.
 - after 10 a.m.

2 Complete the table below with the actual times that you wake up and go to sleep over a period of seven days. Then write a paragraph comparing your findings with the answers you gave in the questionnaire in exercise 1.

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Wake up	at 6.00	at 6.00	at 6.00	at 6.00	at 6.00	at 11.00	at 11.00
Go to sleep	at 10.00	at 10.00	at 10.00	at 1.00	at 10.00	at 1.00	at 9.00

Compare your table with those of three other students. How similar or different are your sleeping habits?

Why is sleep important?

- How much sleep do you need each night? Are you getting enough sleep? What is the importance of sleep? The rest of this article will give some useful information and advice.
- Exactly how much sleep we need depends on several factors, including our age, our daily routine, the quality of our sleep and our genetic make up.
We know that most adults need about 8 hours' sleep a day, but this number can vary greatly: "short sleepers" may need only 5 hours, whereas "long sleepers" may need 9-10 hours. Babies need about 16 hours a day while many teenagers need an average of 9 hours.
- How do we know if we are getting enough sleep? In general, if you feel drowsy during the day, you need more sleep. You may think that you are sleeping for long enough, but these are some of the signs that you may need more:
 - you cannot concentrate at school or at work;

- you find it difficult to get up in the mornings;
- you are moody or irritable;
- you have memory problems.

4 So why is it important that we get enough sleep? According to the National Sleep Foundation (NSF), sleep is essential for a person's health and wellbeing. First, sleep helps the brain retain new information in one's memory. In studies, people who had slept after learning a task did better on tests later. Second, people who are deprived of sleep might gain weight because their bodies would process and store carbohydrates and alter levels of hormones that affect their appetite. Third, sleep loss contributes to a greater tendency to fall asleep during the daytime. These lapses may cause falls and mistakes such as medical errors, air traffic mishaps and road accidents. Finally, chronic sleep deprivation alters the immune system, including the activity of the body's killer cells.

5 How we sleep also affects us. When we fall asleep, our sleep can be deep and restful or light and shallow. Shallow sleepers awake still feeling tired, while deep sleepers wake up refreshed.

3 Read the article on pages 48-49 and match these headings with the paragraphs they relate to. There are two headings you do not need to use.

- A The effects of lack of sleep (3)---
 B How to stay awake while driving
 C Different kinds of sleep (5)---
 D The value of sleep (4)---
 E Questions to ask yourself (1)---
 F Sleeping positions
 G Different individuals have different needs (2)---

4 Read the article again and complete these sentences with a word or phrase.

- a Adults and teenagers need a lot less sleep than **babies**..... (1 word)

- b It is **elderly (old)** people..... who seem to need the least sleep. (2 words)
 c People who do not get enough sleep may find it difficult to **concentrate**.... at school or work. (1 word)
 d Sleep deprivation may cause weight gain by altering **hormone**..... **levels**..... (2 words)
 e Your immune system would be affected if you were **deprived**..... **of**..... sleep. (2 words)



5 Look at the article again. Are these statements True (T) or False (F)? Justify your answers.

- a The article gives information but no advice. True: None of the information in the text is advice. For example, the text doesn't tell you how to ensure better sleep
 b We do not all need the same amount of sleep. True: Several factors affect how much sleep we need
 c Factors that affect the amount of sleep we need include the colour of our hair and where we live. False: Sleep is affected by our age, our daily routines, the quality of sleep and genetic make
 d If you feel very lively during the day, you probably need more sleep. False: If you feel tired during the day, you probably need more sleep
 e Most teenagers need about nine hours sleep per night. True: Many teenagers need 9 hours sleep a night

6 Find the following verbs in the article on pages 48-49 and make nouns from them.

verb	noun
a. need	need
b. give	gift
c. know	knowledge
d. feel	feeling
e. think	thought
f. concentrate	concentration
g. cause	cause
h. alter	alteration

Over to you

7 How does sleep affect your lifestyle?

Language practice

- 1 Choose the correct word to complete the following sentences.
- We should make up for / do without the time we wasted waiting for the museum to open.
 - The victims should be treated with compassion / affection; they're human beings after all.
 - It is with much guidance / admiration that I dedicate this book to my dear friend, Ahmed.
 - He found his duties increasingly onerous / fatal but he could handle them.
 - It is integral / imperative that we meet the deadline for presenting our research paper.
 - ~~You have really offended your friend. You must make up for it by buying her some flowers.~~
You have really offended your friend. You must make up for it by buying her some flowers.

- 2 These sentences all use phrasal verbs. However, there are some mistakes within each sentence. Correct the mistakes and rewrite the sentences, underlining the phrasal verb.

- Your room absolutely full of rubbish. You must tidy it up before your cousin arrives.
Your room is absolutely full of rubbish. You must tidy it up before your cousin arrives.
- There is a serious shortage of sugar at the moment. You will have to do without it in your coffee.
There is a serious shortage of sugar at the moment. You will have to do without it in your coffee.
- You have really offended your friend. To make up for it you should apologise and buy her some flowers.

- 3 Report the questions and answers in these short conversations.

- a Boushra: What are you doing at the weekend?

Sabika: I'm going out with my parents.
Boushra asked Sabika what she was doing at the weekend. Sabika said / replied (that) she was going out with her parents.

- b Boushra: Where are you going?

Sabika: We're going to visit our cousins in the next town.
Boushra asked Sabika where she was going. Sabika said / replied that they were going to visit their cousins in the next town.

- c Naif: Can you take me to the airport tomorrow?

Nawwaf: What time do you have to be there?

Naif: My plane leaves at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Naif asked Nawwaf if he could take him to the airport the following day.

Naif replied that his plane left at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

- d Hessa: Did you enjoy your holiday?

Noura: Yes, it was very relaxing.

Hessa: When did you get back?

Noura: Very late last night. Our plane was delayed.

Hessa asked Noura if she had enjoyed her holiday.

Noura said that it had been very relaxing.

Hessa asked (Noura) when she had got back.

Noura replied (that she had got back) very late the previous night: their plane had been delayed.

- e Faisal: Have you seen my briefcase?

Anwar: No, I haven't. When did you last have it?

Faisal: I brought it home from work yesterday, but I haven't seen it since.

Faisal asked Anwar if he had seen his briefcase.

Anwar said he hadn't and asked

Faisal when he had last had it.

Faisal said he had brought it home from work the previous day, and added that he hadn't seen it since.

4 What were these people's actual words?

- a She asked me if I'd got the time.

Have you got the time?



- b He said he'd slept for ten hours the previous night.

I slept for ten hours last night

- c Amal asked her mother if she could go out with her friends.

(Please) can I go out with my friends?

- d Khaled asked whether Omar wanted to go swimming with him.

Do you want to go swimming with me?

- e Israa said she was enjoying her new job.

I'm enjoying my new job.

- f Mariam asked her friend if she would like to go shopping the following day.

Would you like to go shopping tomorrow?

5 Combine the following sentences into one sentence using *both* and *and*.

- a I have maths homework. I have English homework.

I have both maths and English homework

- b Turki plays football. Hamza plays football.

Both Turki and Hamza play football.

- c Turki plays football. Turki plays basketball. Hamza plays football.

Hamza plays basketball.

- (Both) Turki and Hamza play both football and basketball

- d The maths teacher was pleased with my homework. The English teacher was pleased with my homework.

Both the maths teacher and the English teacher were pleased with my homework

6 Complete the dialogue between a doctor and an elderly patient using the words and phrases below.

Doctor: Hello. What can I do for you today?

Mr B: Well Doctor, (h)

(1) _____

Doctor: Are you feeling unwell?

Mr B: No, not at all.

(2) _____ (d) But I'm

getting quite old and thought it was a good idea to see if anything was wrong.

Doctor: Great idea.

(3) _____ (a) Okay, I need to ask you a few questions.

Mr B: (4) _____ (g)

Doctor: Do you do regular exercise?

Mr B: Yes, (5) _____ (b)

Doctor: Anything else? (e)

Mr B: No, (6) _____

Doctor: Do you eat healthily?

Mr B: I try to, (7) _____ (i)

Doctor: Well, (8) _____ (f)?

Mr B: I always make sure to get my five-a-day.

Doctor: That's great. Okay, now, I'm going to take your blood pressure.

(9) _____ (c)

- a Not enough people look after themselves in old age
- b I go swimming three times a week
- c Nothing to worry about and it won't hurt a bit
- d In fact, I feel very healthy
- e I find running too strenuous
- f how much fruit and vegetables do you eat
- g Fire away
- h I was hoping to get a check-up
- i but obviously I occasionally overindulge

7 Choose the correct phrasal verbs to complete these sentences.

- a You shouldn't try to do away with / do without sleep. You need at least eight hours a night.
- b He said everything was play, but that was just a story he made up / made up to stop me from worrying.
- c You'd better do up / do up your boots properly to stop the sand from getting in.
- d She's up / up but she's bought me a new one made up / made up for it.
- e Many countries are doing what they can to do away with / do away with poverty and hunger.

- 1 Paragraphs A-C are the first paragraphs of three articles. Match each paragraph with the most suitable title and one of the illustrations.

Titles

Go on this diet if you want to stay fit

Exercise you'll enjoy

Keep moving to keep fit

Thinking is good for you

Enjoy your food and stay healthy

A Exercise you'll enjoy-2.

Are you getting enough exercise? Most people these days agree that regular exercise is an important part of a healthy lifestyle, especially for people who spend most of their time at work sitting in offices. Some people find exercise boring so they make excuses to avoid doing it but, in this article, I am going to suggest a few types of exercise which everyone will find enjoyable.

B Enjoy your food and stay healthy-3

How healthy is your diet? In the modern world experts frequently tell us that what we eat affects how healthy we are and how long we live. But most people like food and want to eat the things they enjoy. In this article I am going to suggest how you can eat the food you enjoy and still have a healthy diet.

C Thinking is good for you-1

One of the factors which affect how long people live and how much they enjoy their old age is "brain activity". Scientists have shown that people who keep their brains busy tend to live long, happy lives compared with those who do not. In this article I am going to suggest some interesting and enjoyable ways in which you can keep your brain active.



2 You are going to finish one of the three articles A-C. Decide which article you are going to finish. Here are some points you could make in each.

- A join a gym / take up a new sport / walk somewhere different every day
- B eat a different fruit every day / eat less sugar and fat / drink more water
- C do puzzles or quizzes / read more books / study a subject on the Internet

Write an outline for the article you have chosen, then finish your article using about 220 words of your own. Write three more paragraphs including your own ideas or the ideas above. The last paragraph should be a conclusion. Make what you write interesting to people of all ages.

Most people are interested in sports. Actually, sports are of great especially for those who work with their most of the day. Joining a sports club to practise any kind of sport makes our bodies fit and healthy. In football games sports teach the players the merits of co-operation through the spirit of the team work. Run ... and walking activate your circulatory system and makes you enjoy your life. playing tennis and shooting give you valuable practice in making eyes, brain and muscles work together in harmony. Moreover, sports teach us patience, obedience and love of others.

A sportsman should own the merit of something called "sporting spirit". Sporting spirit is the ability to endure hardship without losing your nervous.

It is the ability to smile in time of hard knocks. to win without boasting and to lose without complaining. He forgets himself in his loyalty to his team. He refuses to be when the game is going him and accepts his defeat.

Sports and any kind of sports are responsible for being healthy, fit and strong. Always put in your this proverb "All work and no play make Jack a dull boy." كثرة العمل وعدم الترفيه عن النفس يجعل الشخص غيباً

Town and country

1992

contingent, growth, denotation, some, virtual, village

References

- 1** Before reading the article, *Silk City*, match these words a-f with their meanings 1-8. There are two extra meanings.

- | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----|---|--|
| a | crown jewel | (7) | 1 | to separate or distinguish |
| b | inception | (5) | 2 | the outline of buildings defined against the horizon |
| c | demarcate | (1) | 3 | the infrastructure of a city |
| d | traverse | (8) | 4 | carefully and precisely |
| e | meticulously | (4) | 5 | the establishment or starting point of something |
| f | skyline | | 6 | the process of designing something |
| | | | 7 | a prized asset or achievement |
| | | | 8 | to travel across or through |

- 2 Read the article and answer these questions.

- a Why is the city being built?
To establish Kuwait as a commercial hub and to provide housing and jobs
- b How will the population of Madinat Al-Hareer be kept happy?
To ensure their happiness, people will always be near water or greenery
- c What is exceptional about Burj Mubarak Al-Kabir?
It is 1001 metres tall / 200 storeys / houses seven "vertical villages".

SNK-CLAY

The only way to find out if you are a member of the
which will be a great help to you in the future. It is a
very good idea to have a copy of the book "The
Name of the Way" in your home. It is a book that
will help you to find out if you are a member of the
which will be a great help to you in the future.

- 3 Use the words in the box taken from the article to complete the following sentences.

innovative habitation crown jewel
residential financial amenities

- a The **residential** area is where people live.
b Banks and other similar institutions can be found in the **financial** sector.
c The local **amenities** include parks, swimming pools and other leisure areas.
d Despite being in constant use, the building showed little sign of **habitation**.
e The new transport system is extremely modern and **innovative**.
f The new tower will be the **crown jewel** of this huge city.

- c What is the best definition of 'organic' as used in the text?

- 1 something related to, or derived from, living matter
- 2 characterised by continuous and natural development
- 3 a description of food produced without the use of pesticides and unnatural fertilisers

- d What is the best definition of 'vertical villages'?

- 1 the equivalent of several residential areas within a tall building
- 2 the equivalent of several villages aligned
- 3 the equivalent of several villages on an upward slope

- 5 Look back at the article on page 54. Summarise the differences between Silk City and other modern cities. Use bullet points.

The silk city will be a unique city because its layout has been completely and meticulously planned from its inception. The design is to create an architectural space. It is going to be built with its residents in mind. The city is also designed so that you will never be more than three blocks away from a garden or water.

Over to you

- 6 How do you think cities like Silk City will change the way we live?

will live comfortably and happily.

Language practice

- 1 Complete this paragraph with the correct form of noise words and phrases below. There are more words and phrases than you need.

bump into densely pluck up the courage
disturbance metropolis far and wide
glamour hub hustle and bustle spot
tranquil whereas

After searching (1) **far and wide** for a suitable apartment I finally found one in the (2) **metropolis**. Although it can be really busy I couldn't stand to be too far away from the (3) **hustle and bustle** of city life. It's (4) **densely** populated around here, but there is rarely any real (5) **disturbance**. If things get too much, there is a quiet (6) **spot** just around the corner where I can go and relax. It's incredibly beautiful and (7) **tranquil**. I even (8) **bumped into** an old friend there.

- 2 Rewrite these sentences replacing the underlined phrases with one of the phrases in the box. There is one extra phrase.

trial and error chalk and cheese
nearest and dearest odds and ends
pick and choose rough and ready

- a Graduates with first-class degrees can often select exactly the jobs they want.
pick and choose
- b I've never understood how they are still friends. They are like two completely different things.

chalk and cheese

- c I tidied my office the other day and found all kinds of different things on my desk.

odds and ends

- d He's never had any formal training. He learnt by trying things out and seeing what happened.

trial and error

- e We're having a big celebration next week, so we're inviting all our family and close friends.

nearest and dearest

- 3 Replace the word in bold with an appropriate word related to it. Then, see if the relative pronoun within the sentence is correct. Rewrite the sentences.

- a The city, who is very pollute, is home to over 250,000 people.

The city, which is very polluted, is home to over 20,000

- b The park, which I play football, is fame throughout the country.

The park, where I play football, is famous throughout the country

- c The actor, where I went to school with, obviously gained great enjoy from his profession.

The actor, who I went to school with, obviously gained great enjoyment from his profession

- d I'll always memory the day who I started school.

I'll always remember the day when I started school

- 4 What would you say in the following situations? Write full sentences.

- a You are moving to a new area and saying goodbye to some friends.

I'll miss you, Keep in touch.

- b An estate agent is showing you round a house which you don't like.

I don't think this house is suitable for me.

- c A decorator has painted your living room the wrong colour.

This isn't the colour I asked for.

- 5 Complete these sentences with one of these comparing or contrasting words or phrases. Use each word or phrase once.

instead of in comparison with
whereas however

- a in comparison with Seoul in South Korea, Warsaw, the capital of Poland, is quite a small city. ~~whereas~~ Seoul has a population of over 10 million people, Warsaw has only 2 million.

- b I've decided to learn Chinese instead of French at university. Chinese grammar is not too difficult. However, the pronunciation will be very hard for me.

- 6 Match sentences a-f with the corresponding second sentences 1-6 below. Then, write new sentences using the word or phrase in brackets.

- a Silk City is being meticulously planned prior to its construction. (*whereas*)
(5) Silk City is being meticulously planned prior to its construction, whereas Kuwait City emerged organically.

- b Kuwait City is the largest city in Kuwait. (*but*)
1- Kuwait City is the largest city in Kuwait, but Silk City will be almost as big

- c Kuwait City has a population of about 150,000. (*whereas*)
4- Kuwait City has a population of about 150,000, whereas Silk City will have a population of 750,000

- d Many cities mix financial, business and residential areas. (*while*)
2- Many cities mix financial business and residential areas, while Silk City will separate these sectors.

- e Kuwait City was established in the eighteenth century. (*in comparison with*)
6- Kuwait City was established in the eighteenth century, in comparison with Silk City will, which is going to be built in the 21st century

- f The Burj Mubarak Al-Kabir will dominate the skyline of Silk City. (*like*)
3- The Burj Mubarak Al-Kabir will dominate the skyline of Silk City like the Kuwait Towers, which tower above Kuwait City.

- 1 Silk City will be the most modern.
2 Silk City will separate these sectors.
3 The Kuwait Towers tower above Kuwait City.
4 Silk City will have a population of 750,000.
5 Kuwait City emerged organically.
6 Silk City, is going to be built in the 21st century.

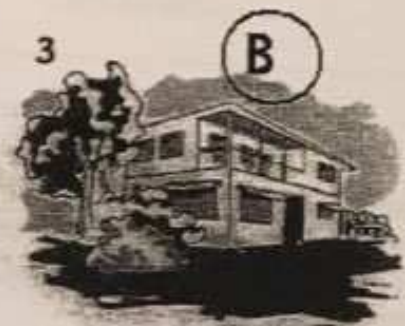
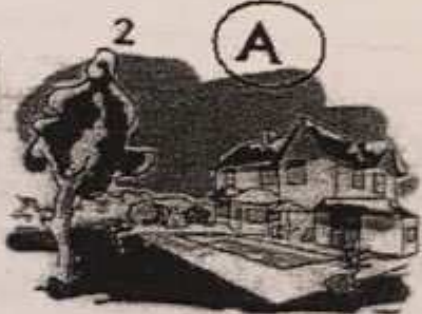
- 7 Write inverted and non-inverted sentences using the cues below.

- a never been / annoyed / lost mobile phone
Never have I been as annoyed as when I lost my mobile phone.
I have never been as annoyed as when I lost my mobile phone.
- b no sooner / finished dinner / doorbell rang
No sooner had finished my dinner than the doorbell rang.
As soon as I had finished my dinner the doorbell rang.
- c little expect / library / see my friend
Little did expect to see my friend at the library.
I little expected to see my friend at the library
- d rarely / excited / team won
Rarely have I been so excited as when my team won.
I have rarely been as excited as when my team won

Describing places to live

1 Match these descriptions A-C with the correct illustrations 1-3.

- A** This architect-designed house has two storeys and is located in a village two kilometres from the sea. It has tiled roofs which provide shady areas on both the ground floor and first floor. The house is surrounded by a colourful garden which has been well looked after. The property overlooks a luxurious swimming pool.
- B** This two-storey, modern house is situated on the outskirts of a medium-sized town. It is surrounded by a large garden with a lawn, trees, shrubs and hedges. It has a flat roof and there are balconies outside the first - floor windows. It is painted white and there are no other houses nearby.
- C** This modern two-storey building is located in a residential area in the suburbs of a large city. It has a small garden with recently planted trees and shrubs. The property is surrounded by a low wall which separates it from a quiet street. The house has a flat roof and is painted a bright yellow colour.



2 Read the descriptions again and complete the table.

	Descriptions of location	Adjectives to describe building and garden	Nouns for parts of building	Nouns for natural features
A	is located in a village two kilometers from the sea	architect - designed / tiled / shady / colourful / well looked after / luxurious	storeys / roofs / ground floor / first floor / garden / swimming pool	garden
B	is situated on the outskirts of a medium-sized town	two-storey / modern / medium- sized / large / flat .	garden / roof / balconies / windows	garden / lawn / trees / shrubs / hedges
C	is located in a residential area in the suburbs of a large city	two - storey / modern / residential / large / small / low / quiet / flat / bright yellow	garden / wall / roof	garden / trees / shrubs

3 Imagine you are advertising three buildings in a magazine. They could include the building you live in, your school, or famous buildings you know. Use the descriptions in exercise 1 as models and include the following:

- the location of the building
- the appearance of the outside of the building
- information about any natural features near the building

Use words and phrases like those you listed in exercise 2.
Write 60-80 words for each description.

The Al-Azhar Mosque مسجد الأزهر الشريف It is located in El-Hussein square is the most established in 972 (361 h) in a porticoed style shortly after the founding of itself. It was designed by Jawhar EL-Sequili. It is one of the most beautiful monuments from the 10th century. It was called Al-Azhar After Fatma AL-Zahraa, daughter of the prophet Mohammed (- and prayers Be up on Him) It was both a meeting for students and thought the centuries it has become a teaching institute, this is the oldest university in the world when the famous university grown around it, it is the most prestigious of Muslim schools. today the university near buildings and the mosque is for prayer.

Taj - Mahal تاج محل

It is located in Agra - India. It was built by Shan Jahan in memory of his wife Muntaz Mahal. It is considered the finest example of Mughal architecture. In 1983, it has become a UNESCO world heritage site. It is one of the present seven of the world. The white marble soleum is composed of identical facades a large bulb-shaped dome and four smaller surrounding it. The gate and.

Tower of London برج لندن

It is an ancient fortress in England, covering about 13 acres. It is now a museum. It was royal residence in the middle ages. Later it was a prison. The tower is enclosed by dry moat. It is flanked by four turrets and enclosed by two lines of fortifications. It was designed in 1078 and completed in 1097 and restored in the 18th century later buildings surrounding the tower include barracks and church. It the crown of and is one of the country's greatest tourist attractions.

New ways and old

contemporary, craftsman, in parallel, platform, pottery, promote, seamlessly, socialise

Reading

- 1 Do you know anything about Bayt Lothan? If not, what can you infer from the title?
- a Do you know of any other old buildings serving new purposes?
- b Do you know anything about Bayt Lothan? If not, what can you infer from the title?
- I don't know any about it. From the title I can infer that it is an old house but it serves new purposes today.
- I don't know any but Bayt Lothan.

Bayt Lothan: an old house serving new purposes

Located in Salmiyah, several kilometres south of the centre of Kuwait City, Bayt Lothan, or the house of shelter, is one of Kuwait's best known traditional coffee houses. Every day, people gather there to drink coffee, eat food and socialise in the tranquil open garden.

However, Bayt Lothan is more than just a coffee house. It also has an impressive history. The word 'lothan' means shelter. It was the original name of the area in which the house stands, so called because it was a place where ships could take refuge from storms. Today, Bayt Lothan provides a shelter in which human creativity, arts and crafts may flourish. Once built, Bayt Lothan became a residence of Sheikh Sabah Al-Salem Al-Sabah, the twelfth Amir of Kuwait. Now, the building acts as a centre and a sanctuary for the arts, and stands as testament to the changing uses of a building over time.

Covering over 4000 square metres, Bayt Lothan also houses an impressive art gallery and a successful community centre, which specialises in teaching art in both traditional and modern forms. Much of the space within the site has been transformed into workshops for arts, crafts and design. The site also provides a platform for artists and craftsmen to exhibit and promote their designs and artistic works. Workshops and lessons are held in the centre, with subjects as diverse as jewellery design and clay pottery being taught. The new and old mix seamlessly in these sessions, as contemporary photography is taught in parallel with Arabic calligraphy and manuscript decoration.

The directorship of the Bayt Lothan project also reflects the history of the site and the changes that have occurred over time. The project is now directed and managed by Sheikh Sabah Al-Salem Al-Sabah's daughter, Sheikha Amal Sabah Al-Salem Al-Sabah.

There are also many events held at the centre, such as exhibitions of new Kuwaiti artists. It is always great to go and see what's happening in Kuwait's burgeoning art scene. It's a place to learn new skills yourself. Who knows, one day you might end up in the Bayt Lothan.

Unit 9: New ways and old

Match these words with their meanings.
 You may need to check your ideas in a dictionary or in the glossary at the end of the Student's Book. There are more answers than you need.

- | | | |
|---|--------------|----|
| a | seamlessly | 10 |
| b | burgeoning | 2 |
| c | contemporary | 11 |
| d | clay | 5 |
| e | calligraphy | 8 |
| f | directorship | 9 |
| g | pottery | 6 |
| h | manuscript | 4 |
| i | craftsman | 7 |
- 1 substance that is used to change the colour of something
 - 2 beginning to grow or increasing rapidly
 - 3 having a special ability or talent
 - 4 book or text written by hand
 - 5 soft material used for making plates, cups, bowls, etc.
 - 6 the craft of producing objects such as plates, bowls, vases, etc.
 - 7 maker of decorative or useful things (usually by hand)
 - 8 decorative handwriting
 - 9 position held by the person responsible for running various aspects of a company
 - 10 a figurative expression to show things working well together
 - 11 belonging to or occurring in the present



3 Read the article again and answer these questions.

- a Which of these statements about Bayt Lothan is NOT true?
 - 1 Bayt Lothan holds exhibitions for painters.
 - 2 Bayt Lothan is now a training centre for arts and crafts.
 - 3 Bayt Lothan was originally a shelter for ships.
- b Which of these is not mentioned in the text?
 - 1 The original purpose of Bayt Lothan.
 - 2 Artists who have worked at Bayt Lothan.
 - 3 Things to do at Bayt Lothan.
- c Which of these statements could be inferred from the text?
 - 1 The art classes are extremely diverse and enjoyable.
 - 2 The coffee shop isn't worth visiting.
 - 3 Bayt Lothan costs money to join.

4 In a few sentences, summarise the changes of usage that have occurred at Bayt Lothan and its surroundings. Use information from the text.

It's turned into something that serves arts. It's used for making exhibitions for arts. Much of the space around it has been transferred into workshop for arts, crafts and designs. Workshops and lessons are held in the centre with subjects as diverse as jewellery designs and clay pottery being taught.

Over to you

5 Is it better to reuse old buildings, or build entirely new ones that perfectly suit a community's needs?

I think using old buildings helps people know about their past and present as well.

Language practice

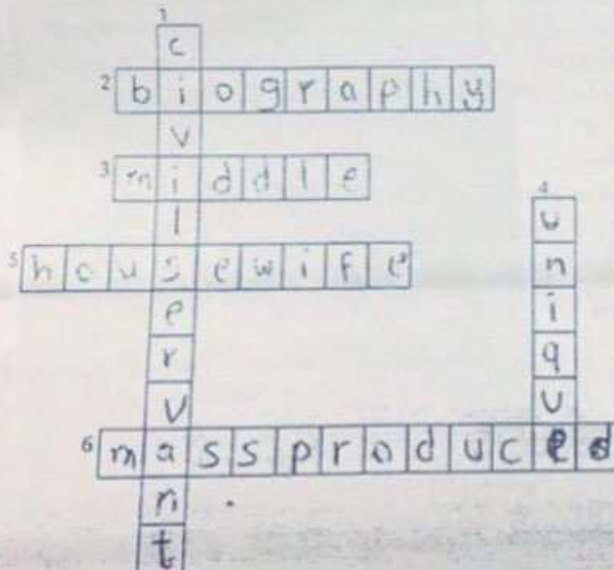
- 1 Complete the sentences with the missing words, then use them to fill the crossword puzzle. Remember, answers in crosswords don't usually include spaces or punctuation.

Across

- 2 For homework, our teacher asked us to research the life of our favourite author and write a
- 3 Both my parents are professionals. We're a class family.
- 5 My mother looks after our home. She's a
- 6 Items made in large quantities are

Down

- 1 My father works for the government. He is a (2 words)
- 4 No one else has a car like this. It's



- 2 Complete these sentences using the correct form of these idioms. There is one extra idiom.

to call the shots to be neck and neck
to toe the line below par just not cricket

- a She isn't working well with others and doesn't follow the instructions. She needs to learn to toe the line.
- b Your homework is below par I'd like you to do it again.
- c You should do what the manager says. He's the one who calls the shots.
- d Behaviour like that should not be allowed. It's just not cricket when someone acts like that.

Grammar assistant

Causative verbs

- Causative verbs can be used to show how an action was arranged.
- To form the causative use the verb **have** + object + past participle.
*She's **had** her dress altered.*
*They **had** their car fixed by the mechanic.*

- 3 Complete these sentences using the correct form of **having something done**. You may also have to think of a verb.

- a I couldn't repair my computer myself. I had to have it repaired by a computer expert.
- b We didn't build our own house. We had it built by a local construction company.
- c People don't service their cars themselves; they have them serviced professionally two or three times a year.
- d Do you like this photograph of our family? We had it taken/done by a local photographer.

