

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية

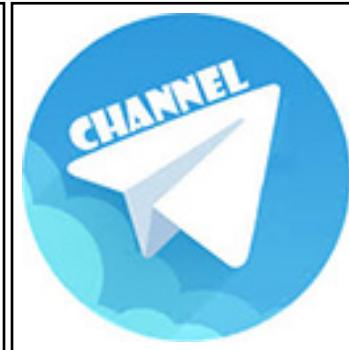
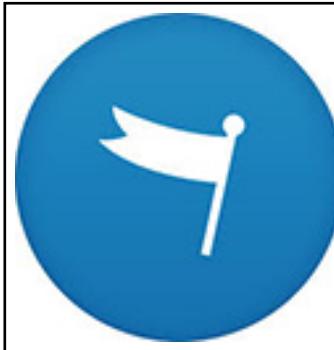


مدرسة الرفعة النموذجية

الملف مذكرة كلمات وقواعد غير محلولة

[موقع المناهج](#) ↔ [ملفات الكويت التعليمية](#) ↔ [الصف الثاني عشر الأدبي](#) ↔ [لغة إنجليزية](#) ↔ [الفصل الأول](#)

روابط موقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثاني عشر الأدبي



روابط مواد الصف الثاني عشر الأدبي على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر الأدبي والمادة لغة إنجليزية في الفصل الأول

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مؤسسة الجهراء الأهلية التعليمية
مدرسة الرفعة التموذجية (م + ث) بنون
العام الدراسي: 2023-2022

وزارة التربية
الإدارة العامة للتعليم الخاص
الفصل الدراسي الأول



موقع
المناهج الكويتية
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Grade 12

REMEDIAL EXERCISES

1ST TERM



Student's Name :

Class :

MODULE 1

UNIT 1

" The law "

UNIT 1 Lesson 1-2			UNIT 1 Lesson 4-5		
1	adoption (n)	التبني	27	bench (n)	متحف طوبيل - كرسي البرلمان منصة القاضي
2	civil (adj)	مدني	28	brief (n)	موجز - مختصر - مذكرة - ملخص الدعوى
3	code of law (n)	مجموعة قوانين	29	case (n)	دعوى قضائية (قضية) - حلقة (حقيقة)
4	consultation (n)	استشارة	30	defence (n)	دفاع - محامي الدفاع
5	define (v)	يعرف - يحدد	31	handcuffs (n)	كليشات - قيود
6	enforce (v)	ينفذ بالقوة - يطبق	32	note (v) - (n)	- يلاحظ - يسجل / مذكرة (ثوينة) - مذكرة دبلوماسية - ورقة تقديرية - نسخة موسيقية
7	govern (v)	يحكم	33	prosecute (v)	يقاضى - يقيم دعوى
8	guilty (adj)	متلب	34	row (n) - (v)	صف - يجد
9	impose (v)	يفرض	35	spring (n) - (v)	زفيركي - قصل الرابع - يفلز - ينشأ من
10	innocent (adj)	بريء	UNIT 1 Lesson 7-8		
11	judiciary (n)	السلطة القضائية - القضاء	36	claim (v)	يدعى - يطالب
12	jury (n)	هيئة المحلفين - المحلفون	37	clog up (phr. v)	يعوق - يعرقل - يمنع
13	legal (adj)	قانوني - شرعي	38	contend (v)	يجادل - يزكي - ينافس
14	penalty (n)	عقوبة - عقاب - جزاء	39	grievance (n)	ظلمة - شكري
15	persuasion (n)	معتقد - إقناع	40	in favour of (exp)	مؤيد - لصالح
16	principle (n)	مبادئ - قانون	41	intend (v)	ينوي
17	property (n)	ملكية - ممتلكات	42	litigation (n)	تقاضى - مقاضاة
18	prove (v)	يثبت - يبرهن	43	petty (adj)	تفاه - ضئيل
19	tolerant (adj)	صبور - متسلح	44	regardless (of) (adv)	دون لفوت - بعض النظر عن
20	violence (n)	عنف - قسوة	45	residential area (n)	منطقة سكنية
21	welfare (n)	رفاهية - خير	46	speed limit (n)	السرعة القصوى
UNIT 1 Lesson 3 WB			47	sue (v)	يقاضى - يقيم دعوى
22	break into (phr.v)	ي Intrude - يدخل عنوة	48	supporter (n)	مساند - مؤيد - مناصر
23	fake (adj)	مزيف - يزيف	49	ultimately (adv)	أخيرا - في الختام - في النهاية
24	invisible (adj)	غير مرئي - خفي			
25	techno-criminal (n)	مجرم (ينفذ جريمة باستخدام التكنولوجيا)			
26	worthless (adj)	عديم القيمة			

MODULE 1**UNIT 2****" Migration "**

UNIT 2 LESSON 1-2			UNIT 2 LESSON 4-5		
1	afford (v)	يتحمل ماليا - يزود	17	disgruntled (adj.)	ساخط - مسحأة - محبط
2	boom (n)	ازدهار اقتصادي	18	displace (v)	يزريج - يستبدل
3	decimate (v)	يُدمِّر - يُهدم	19	mass (adj.)	جماعي - على نطاق واسع
4	deteriorate (v)	يتدحرج - يسوء	20	meticulous (adj.)	شديد التدقيق - مهتم بالتفاصيل
5	emigrate (v)	يهاجر	21	migrant (n)	مهاجر - نازح
6	famine (n)	مجاعة	22	obliterate (v)	يُمحى - يزيل من الوجود
7	foreign (adj.)	أجنبي	23	perturbed (adj.)	قلق - مزعج - مشوش
8	hard-pressed (adj.)	مرهق - ضيق ذات اليد	24	resort (n)	منتجع
9	high-tech (adj.)	استخدام التكنولوجيا العالية المتقدمة	25	rift (n)	صدع - انشقاق - شق
10	necessitate (v)	يُستلزم - يستوجب	UNIT 2 LESSON 7-8		
11	seek (v)	يبحث - ينشد	26	animated (adj.)	مفعم بالحيوية
12	unfortunately (adv)	لسوء الحظ	27	arduous (adj.)	عسير - شاق
UNIT 2 LESSON 3 WB			28	engage in (ph v)	يُنشغل في - ينهمك في
13	instead (of) (adv)	بدلا (من)	29	major (adj.)	هام - رئيسي
14	periodic (adj.)	دوري - متكرر	30	minor (adj.)	صغير - ثانوي
15	plenty of (pro.)	كمية كبيرة من	31	nervously (adv)	بعصبية
16	swallow (v)	سنو - طائر صغير أكل للحشرات	32	rent (v)	يُستأجر - يُؤجر
			33	reside (v)	يقيم - يسكن
			34	strenuous (adj.)	جهيد - عنيف
			35	take a breather (exp)	يأخذ وقفة قصيرة للراحة

UNIT 3 Lesson 1-2			UNIT 3 Lesson 4-5		
1	abuse (n)	سوء معاملة - تعسف - إساءة استعمال	27	aggressive (adj)	عندي - هجومي
2	anthropologist (n)	متخصص في علم الإنسان	28	compassionately (adv)	بشفقة - برحمة
3	apparent (adj)	ظاهر - واضح - مفهوم	29	cry over spilt milk (idiom)	يتكى على اللبن المسكوب
4	attribute (n)	صفة - خصلة - ميزة	30	enfranchisement (n)	حق الاقتراع / التصويت
5	charitable (adj)	خير - محسن	31	extravagant (adj)	مسرف - مفرط - مبذور
6	compassion (n)	شفقة	32	frail (adj)	ضعف البنية - هش - رفق
7	discrimination (n)	تمييز - تفرقة	33	over a barrel (idiom)	في وضع صعب - عجز
8	diversity (n)	تنوع - اختلاف	34	over the hill (idiom)	عجز - ضعيف
9	empathy (n)	تعاطف	35	over the top (idiom)	مبالغ فيه - مفرط
10	ethnographer (n)	متخصص في وصف الشعوب	36	suffrage (n)	حق الاقتراع / التصويت
11	impulse (n)	دافع - قوة دافعة	37	tide someone over (idiom)	مساعد، يعن - مساعدة مؤقتة
12	incapable (adj)	عجز - غير قادر	UNIT 3 Lesson 7-8		
13	inevitable (adj)	محتم - لا مفر منه	38	alleviate (v)	يخفف - يلطف
14	legislation (n)	قانون - تشريع	39	appeal (n)	نداء - مناشدة - استغاثة
15	liberty (n)	حرية	40	avert (v)	يكتندي - يتجنب
16	minority (n)	أقلية	41	campaign (n)	حملة دعائية
17	overview (n)	عرض عام - نبذة	42	commitment (n)	الالتزام - تعهد
18	tolerance (n)	تسامح - صبر	43	dire (adj)	خطير - رهيب - ملح
19	universal (adj)	عالي - عام - شامل	44	donate (v)	يترفع
20	value (n - v)	قيمة - تقدير / يقيم - يقدر	45	extensive (adj)	واسع - شامل - ممتد
UNIT 3 Lesson 3 WB			46	humanitarian (adj)	إنساني - محسن - خير
21	aftermath (n)	عواقب، تداعيات (كارثة)	47	in leaps and bounds (exp)	بسرعة - بخفقة - برشاقة
22	deploy (v)	ينشر - ينتشر - يوزع	48	underprivileged (adj)	محروم من الأهمية والحقوق
23	ethnicity (n)	تمييز عرقي			
24	hardship (n)	شدة - ضيق - مشقة			
25	voluntary (adj)	تطوعي - اختياري			
26	vulnerable (adj)	حساس - سريع التأثر - عرضه للهجوم			

MODULE 2

UNIT 4

" The Earth at risk "

UNIT 4 Lesson 1-2			UNIT 4 Lesson 4-5		
1	climate (n)	المناخ	22	arid (adj)	جاف - قاحل - قليل المطر
2	desertification (n)	التصحر	23	atmosphere (n)	الغلاف الجوي
3	erode (v)	يدمر (بيطه) - يتأكل - ينتح	24	equator (n)	خط الاستواء
4	graze (v)	يررعى الحيوانات	25	flooding (n)	فيضان - طوفان
5	harsh (adj)	قاسي - جاف - صلب	26	forecasting (n)	تبؤ - توقع (حالة الجو)
6	increasingly (adv)	بشكل متزايد	27	frigid (adj)	بارد جدا - متجمد
7	kill off (v)	يدمر كلبا - يبيد	28	humid (adj)	رطب
8	overcultivate (v)	يزرع (بشكل مبالغ فيه)	29	misbehave (v)	يسى التصرف / السلوك
9	permanently (adv)	بشكل دائم	30	planting (v)	يزرع - يغرس (زراعة)
10	precipitate (v)	يُعجل بحدوث - يسرع	31	prevailing (adj)	سائد - شائع - منتشر
11	productive (adj)	منتج - مثمر - غير الإنتاج	32	reclaim (v)	يستصلاح الأرض
12	proportion (n)	جزء - قسم - نسبة	UNIT 4 Lesson 7-8		
13	soil (n)	نربة	33	curtail (v)	يقتل - يخفف - يقلص
14	treacherous (adj)	خطير - مخادع - غادر	34	hurdle (n)	حاجز - عقبة - عائق
15	unproductive (adj)	غير منتج - غير مثمر	35	implement (v)	يطبق - ينفذ
16	wash away (phr.v)	يجرف (ما في طريقه)	36	intrinsic (adj)	جوهرى - ضروري - حفظى
17	wildfire (n)	حريق هائل	37	paucity (n)	قلة - ندرة - نقص
UNIT 4 Lesson 3 WB			38	preservation (n)	حفظ - توفير
18	at the expense of (exp.)	على حساب - على نفقة	39	prevail over (v)	يسود - يغلب - يقهر
19	devastating (adj)	مؤثر - قوى - مدمر	40	scarcity (n)	قلة - ندرة - نقص
20	logger (n)	حطاب	41	spearhead (n)	فاندراند - (رأس حربة)
21	vital (adj)	ضروري - مهم - حيوى	42	unwarranted (adj)	غير مبرر

MODULE 1

UNIT 5

" PRECIOUS RESOURCES"

UNIT 5 Lesson 1– 2			20	incinerator (n)	محرقة القمامة – موقد
1	collection points (n)	أماكن جمع القمامة	21	irritation (n)	غضب. الزجاج – تهيج
2	concur (v)	يتفق مع - يوافق	22	keep up with (phr. v)	يواكب- يتماشى مع
3	crisis (n)	أزمة - كارثة	23	packaging (n)	مواد التعبئة و التغليف
4	machinery (n)	آلية - الالات	24	paperwork (n)	أعمال كتابية (روتينية)
5	offence (n)	خرق للقانون - جرم - إساءة	25	put up with (phr.v)	يتحمل- يتسامح - يقبل
6	pass a law (exp)	يقر قانون	26	red tape (idiom)	روتين حكومي
7	prohibitively (adv)	بشكل باهظ - بافراط	27	run out of (phr.)	ينفذ- يستنفذ - ينضب
8	reprocess (v)	يعيد معالجة	UNIT 5 Lesson 7 – 8		
UNIT 5 Lesson 3 WB			28	component (n)	عنصر- جزء أساسي - مركب
9	commercially (adv)	تجاريا - مربحا	29	compost (v)	يتحول إلى سماد طبيعي
10	partnership (n)	شراكة	30	constant (adj)	ثابت - مستمر - منتظم
11	wood pulp (n)	لب الخشب - عجين الخشب	31	constituent (n)	عنصر - جزء أساسي - مكون
UNIT 5 Lesson 4 – 5			32	duration (n)	مدة – فترة
12	administration (n)	ادارة	33	heartening (adj)	مشجع - ملهم
13	annoyance (n)	إزعاج - مضايقة	34	household waste (n)	مخلفات منزليه
14	bureaucracy (n)	بيروقراطية - روتين	35	incineration (n)	احراق النفايات - الإبادة بالحرق
15	come up against (phr. v)	يواجهه - يقابل - يصطدم بـ	36	material (n)	مادة خام
16	criticism (n)	نقد - انتقاد	37	quantity (n)	كمية - مقدار
17	cut down on (v)	يقلل - يخفض	38	trend (n)	اتجاه - ميل - نزعة
18	get rid of (v)	يتخلص من	39	upsurge (n)	زيادة سريعة - ارتفاع مفاجئ
19	go along with (v)	يتجاري- يوافق يتماشى مع			

MODULE 2
UNIT 6
" Under threat"

UNIT 6 Lesson 1-2			UNIT 6 Lesson 4 - 5		
1	acute (adj)	حاد - شديد - قوى	21	aware (adj)	واعي - مدرك
2	avoid (v)	يتجنب / يتفادى	22	bounty (n)	وفره - كثرة - سخاء
3	damp (adj)	رطب - ندى	23	cultivate (v)	يزرع
4	expansive (adj)	فسيح - ممتد - شامل	24	encroach (v)	يتجاوز / ينعدى على - ينتهك
5	extinction (n)	انقراض	25	grow (v)	ينمو - يزرع
6	fascinating (adj)	فاتن - رائع - ساحر	26	illegitimate (adj)	غير شرعي / غير قانوني
7	hibernate (v)	بيت بيات شتوي - يميت	27	nourishment (n)	غذاء - تغذية
8	permanent (adj)	دائم - مستمر - باق	28	recompense (n)	جزاء - مكافأة - تعويض
9	pose (v)	يشكل - يكون - يقدم	29	reward (n)	مكافأة / يكافأ
10	refuge (n)	ملجا - مأوى - ملاذ	30	trespass on (phr.v)	ينعدى على - ينتهك - يتجاوز
11	reservation (n)	حفظ - حجز	31	unsanctioned (adj)	غير شرعي - غير قانوني - غير مرخص
12	reticent (adj)	جبان - خجول	32	wealth (n)	ثروة - ثراء - وفرة
13	solitary (adj)	وحيد - منعزل	UNIT 6 Lesson 7 - 8		
14	stem (n)	جذع - ساق النبات	33	burgeoning (adj)	نامي - متزايد - مزدهر
15	threatened (v)	يهدد - مهدد - معرض للخطر	34	consensus (n)	موافقة بالإجماع
16	timid (adj)	جبان	35	dearth (n)	قلة - ندرة
UNIT 6 Lesson 3 WB			36	graduate (v)	يخرج من (جامعة)
17	carnivorous (adj)	أكل اللحوم	37	housing (n)	إسكان - مساكن - إيواء
18	enemy (n)	عدو	38	knock-on (adj)	متتابع - مسبب
19	inject (v)	يحقن	39	utilize (v)	يستخدم - يستغل - ينتفع
20	sting (n)	لدغة - لسعة - وخزه / يلدغ - يلسع	40	vociferously (adv)	بحماس - بصوت عالى
			41	wetland (n)	أرض مستنقعات - أرض مشبعة بالمياه

GRADE 12 – UNIT ONE – VOCABULARY

A- From a, b, c, and d choose the most suitable word

1. There are strict regulations concerning the of children.
a. adoption b. consultation c. litigation d. persuasion
2. My father is accustomed to sipping his coffee on a wooden in his garden.
a. bench b. case c. jury d. note
3. This restaurant received a for violating the health code.
a. row b. bench c. note d. principle
4. A meeting was held to discuss the policy and the goals of the company.
a. brief b. civil c. guilty d. petty
5. The was refused as there was no evidence.
a. case b. principle c. spring d. welfare
6. The man that he was innocent and didn't receive a fair trial.
a. governed b. intended c. prosecuted d. claimed
7. He chose to join the course abroad after with his parents and teachers.
a. welfare b. principle c. consultation d. jury
8. Television can encourage aggression in children.
a. litigation b. violence c. adoption d. defence
9. Culture can be as the knowledge, beliefs, laws, and customs of a group of people.
a. defined b. imposed c. contended d. governed
10. Laws against littering should be to save the environment.
a. enforced b. contended c. proved d. governed
11. Our society is by customs and values related to Islam.
a. governed b. prosecuted c. intended d. contended
12. He has a against the store for its poor customer service.
a. persuasion b. property c. grievance d. violence
13. He was proved to be of the crime therefore he was sent to prison.
a. brief b. petty c. legal d. guilty
14. The criminal was taken to the police station in
a. handcuffs b. cases c. notes d. grievances
15. Beware of your own taste on your children. Let them have their own say.
a. imposing b. proving c. contending d. suing
16. The organisation works on the that all members have the same rights.
a. welfare b. defence c. principle d. litigation
17. The judge took the new evidence into consideration and released the man.
a. legal b. innocent c. petty d. brief
18. They to visit all the touristic places in London.
a. prove b. enforce c. impose d. intend
19. The court proved that all the company business operations were
a. petty b. legal c. guilty d. tolerant

20. The government works on ending petty..... at courts.
 a. litigations b. benches c. principles d. handcuffs

21. The teacher asked us to make a..... of the questions they wanted to ask.
 a. case b. note c. penalty d. welfare

22. The company was given a severe..... for violating environmental rules.
 a. principle b. supporter c. penalty d. adoption

23. People should stop arguing around..... issues.
 a. petty b. civil c. tolerant d. innocent

24. People of..... are always respected and admired.
 a. cases b. handcuffs c. principles d. supporters

25. My uncle owns a..... in Scotland.
 a. persuasion b. consultation c. penalty d. property

26. We sat in a..... at the back of the room waiting for the lecturer to come.
 a. note b. row c. case d. spring

27. I will..... him for the damage he caused to my property.
 a. sue b. intend c. enforce d. claim

28. My brother is an enthusiastic..... of leading a healthy lifestyle.
 a. consultation b. supporter c. principle d. penalty

29. We should learn to be..... of those who disagree with us.
 a. petty b. guilty c. brief d. tolerant

30. Kuwaiti citizens work hard for the..... of their country.
 a. jury b. violence c. welfare d. penalty

31. He was terribly sick and went to see a famous physician for a
 a. adoption b. persuasion c. violence d. consultation

32. My brother..... to pursue his higher education abroad.
 a. sues b. prosecutes c. intends d. defines

33..... wars cause poverty and hunger all over the world.
 a. Civil b. Brief c. Guilty d. Tolerant

B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

sue / regardless / note / define / principle / ultimately

34. It was raining heavily, but we went out

35. The most important.....in our family is mutual respect.

36. The teacher asked us to read the new words and..... them.

37., we decided to buy a smaller house with a reasonable price.

38. There's a.....on the door saying when the shop will open again.

GRADE 12 – UNIT ONE – GRAMMAR

A- From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable answer:

1. They the law, they should be punished.
a. has broken b. have broken c. hadn't broken d. didn't break
2. I just my leg during the race.
a. had-broken b. didn't break c. has – broken d. have – broken
3. She never to London.
a. have – been b. has – been c. is – being d. was - being
4. The manager already the employee.
a. has – fired b. had been – fired c. have – fired d. has - been fired
5. My father's flight yet.
a. has arrived b. arrived c. hasn't arrived d. haven't arrived
6. He in this school for five years.
a. were teaching b. has been teaching c. have taught d. have been teaching
7. I this novel all day long. I am not done yet.
a. has been reading b. had read c. read d. have been reading
8. They in that area since 1999.
a. are living b. have been living c. were living d. has been living
9. My sister for the Olympics since last year.
a. is training b. has been training c. was training d. have been training
10. I in this neighbourhood for several years.
a. lives b. live c. have lived d. has lived
11. My new car is not comfortable the old one.
12. but b. whereas c. instead of d. in comparison with
13. Her phone for two minutes. It's quite annoying.
a. rang b. rings c. have been ringing d. has been ringing
14. My brother looks very tired. He without break since morning.
a. has been working b. will be working c. have worked d. worked
15. I prefer spending vacations in busy cities, my brother prefers small villages.
a. as well as b. whereas c. in comparison with d. instead of
16. I want to go out with friends, I must study for the exams.
a. but b. whereas c. on the other hand d. instead of
17. Staying at home is relaxing, you might feel bored.
a. Whereas b. Instead of c. On the other hand d. In comparison with
18. teaching, being a doctor is a hard profession.
a. But b. On the other hand c. Whereas d. In comparison with
19. Let's do some yoga jogging.
a. but b. instead of c. whereas d. on the other hand
20. The tallest buildings in London are small those in New York.
a. instead of b. in comparison with c. whereas d. but

B- From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

21. My friend plays computer games. He doesn't revise his lessons. (Join using: instead of)

- My friend instead of revising his lessons, was playing computer games.
- Instead of my friend playing computer games, he was revising his lessons.
- My friend plays computer games instead of revising his lessons.

22. He just (**send**) the email. **(Correct the verb)**

- He has just sent the email.
- He is just sending the email.
- He will just send the email.

23. My mother has cooked a delicious meal. **(Make Passive)**

- A delicious meal was cooked.
- A delicious meal has been cooked.
- A delicious meal will be cooked.

24. The boy has trained hard for the race,? **(Add a tag question)**

- The boy has trained hard for the race, hadn't he?
- The boy has trained hard for the race, doesn't he?
- The boy has trained hard for the race, hasn't he?

25. Salem (play) tennis since 2012. **(Correct the verb)**

- Salem plays tennis since 2012.
- Salem will play tennis since 2012
- Salem has been playing tennis since 2012.

26. If the weather improves, **(Complete the sentence)**

- If the weather improves, we will go for a walk.
- If the weather improves, we would go for a walk.
- If the weather improves, we would have gone for a walk.

GRADE 12 – UNIT TWO – VOCABULARY

A -From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable word :-

1. Learning a.....language is a process that requires practice and dedication.
a. disgruntled b. perturbed c. mass d. foreign
2. The competitors stood.....on the stage waiting for the judges' decisions.
a. meticulously b. nervously c. unfortunately d. regardless
3. Graduates from high-ranking universities usually.....well paid jobs.
a. emigrate b. decimate c. seek d. obliterate
4. Online shopping has recently witnessed a due to the impact of COVID-19.
a. famine b. rift c. migrant d. boom
5. The manager is.....to find an employee with good communication skills.
a. hard-pressed b. mass c. high-tech d. major
6. Overfishing has.....the shrimp's population in the Arabian Gulf.
a. resided b. rented c. decimated d. emigrated
7. we cannot attend the festival to meet our old friends.
a. Meticulously b. Regardless c. Unfortunately d. Nervously
8. Crop failure due to drought or flooding could result in.....and starvation.
a. famine b. resort c. rift d. boom
9. As we age, our ability to remember changes and our memory starts to
a. rent b. afford c. reside d. deteriorate
10. Nowadays, most colleges are equipped with.....systems and computers.
a. strenuous b. hard-pressed c. high- tech d. disgruntled
11. Many people have been.....from their homes because of natural disasters.
a. decimated b. afforded c. displaced d. rented
12. Citrus fruits, such as oranges and lemons, are a.....source of vitamin C.
a. high- tech b. major c. disgruntled d. strenuous
13. Before modern transportation, going for and performing Hajj was a/an.....journey.
a. arduous b. high-tech c. foreign d. meticulous
14. Effective online learning.....good preparation and proper teacher training.
a. resides b. necessitates c. displaces d. deteriorates
15. A/an.....employee was fired from his work because of his bad attitude.
a. arduous b. mass c. disgruntled d. strenuous
16. Language barrier is the biggest challenge a.....might face.
a. rift b. famine c. boom d. migrant
17. Hiroshima was nearly.....by the atomic bomb during World War II in 1945.
a. necessitated b. obliterated c. rented d. afforded
18. The destructive fires that swept across Australia.....thousands of houses.
a. afforded b. resided c. decimated d. rented
19. The UN World Food Programme is working on preventing.....in poor countries.
a. resort b. famine c. rift d. boom

20. My cat gets easily..... by loud noises such as doorbells and car horns.
 a. perturbed b. foreign c. mass d. major

21. Tourists usually.....luxurious houses or flats to enjoy their vacation.
 a. deteriorate b. necessitate c. obliterate d. rent

22. A period of economic growth occurred in Kuwait and created an economic
 a. boom b. famine c. rift d. migrant

23. The doctor advised me not to do any..... exercises to avoid injuries.
 a. mass b. high-tech c. strenuous d. foreign

24. Millions of people..... every year because of wars and civil conflicts.
 a. emigrate b. decimate c. seek d. necessitate

25. Old people like to..... in the countryside away from the city crowd.
 a. seek b. decimate c. reside d. afford

26. Producing a lot of identical or very similar products is called..... production.
 a. strenuous b. perturbed c. meticulous d. mass

27. Good sports shoes should.....support for the athlete's feet when running.
 a. obliterate b. afford c. reside d. decimate

28. Although my friend is a/an.....student, he still has difficulty managing his time.
 a. mass b. strenuous c. arduous d. meticulous

29. My brother became very.....when he received the college acceptance letter.
 a. foreign b. hard-pressed c. animated d. arduous

30. My friend is having a problem at school. I hope it is a.....one.
 a. minor b. mass c. perturbed d. high-tech

31. Even though he is.....about losing his job, he still wants one in the same area.
 a. minor b. arduous c. high-tech d. disgruntled

32. College students prefer to.....an apartment instead of living in a dorm.
 a. obliterate b. displace c. rent d. emigrate

B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

unfortunately / seek / meticulous / afford / nervously / mass

33. This new job will.....you with valuable experience and opportunities.
 34. The patient waited.....for the doctor to tell her the results of her tests.
 35. the conference has been cancelled due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
 36. Media plays an important role in increasing awareness about health education.
 37. To escape war, many people were forced to flee their homes and.....refuge and safety.

C- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

deteriorate / arduous / take a breather / engage in / decimate/ perturbed

38. The explorers had to make a/an.....journey through the mountains.
 39. Group work allows students to.....meaningful activities and discussions.
 40. Since my sister stopped her piano lessons, her playing skill has started to
 41. Working too much can lead to depression, so it is important to relax and
 42. There is nothing that makes me more.....than being stuck in a traffic jam.

GRADE 12 – UNIT TWO – GRAMMAR

A- From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable answer:

1. My friend..... an online course before she started working on her project.
a. has joined b. join c. had joined d. joins
2. Before the boy..... to the zoo, he had read a lot about animals.
a. goes b. went c. has gone d. had gone
3. The government had vacated the area..... the volcano erupted.
a. by b. yet c. before d. after
4. Before that day in Switzerland, the boy..... snow in his life.
a. can never see b. has never seen c. had never seen d. will never see
5. Before I went to the university, I..... as a carpenter for 2 years.
a. had worked b. have worked c. will work d. am working
6. I felt nervous because I..... a high mountain before.
a. can't climb b. won't climb c. hadn't climbed d. haven't climbed
7. Salim did not want to see the film because he..... the book yet.
a. doesn't read b. hadn't read c. hasn't read d. won't read
8. Ali had graduated, he got a job and bought his dream car.
a. By the time b. After c. Before d. So
9. After Fatma..... her work, she had lunch.
a. finishes b. has finished c. had finished d. will finish
10. The organisation..... on the new vaccine after the disease had spread.
a. works b. has worked c. worked d. had worked
11. The game had already started by the time the boys..... at the stadium.
a. arrived b. arrive c. had arrived d. will arrive
12. By the time Abdullah reached the office, the meeting..... ended.
a. had b. was c. will be d. has
13. the firefighting team arrived; the neighbours had already put the fire out.
a. So b. Because c. After d. By the time
14. the movie ended; we had already finished all the popcorn.
a. By the time b. After c. As d. So
15. When I read the message, I couldn't believe my eyes. I..... the competition.
a. win b. have won c. will win d. had won
16. When I got to the party, my friend was not there. He..... already left.
a. was b. had c. has d. is
17. The title of the book..... by the author.
a. was chosen b. will choose c. had chosen d. has chosen
18. Fatigue and headaches..... by lack of vitamins.
a. cause b. caused c. are caused d. will cause
19. They haven't attended the latest Tech conference,.....?
a. do they b. will they c. have they d. did they
20. You have never worked in a big company,.....?
a. did you b. have you c. do you d. had you

B- From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

21. I washed the floor. The painter left. (Join using: after)
a. I had washed the floor after the painter had left.
b. I washed the floor after the painter had left.
c. I had washed the floor after the painter left.

22. I saved my document. The computer crashed. (Begin with: Before)
a. Before I saved my document, the computer had crashed.
b. Before I had saved my document, the computer had crashed.
c. Before I had saved my document, the computer crashed.

23. Salim arrived at the ceremony. Everyone left. (Join using: By the time)
a. By the time Salim had arrived at the ceremony, everyone had left.
b. By the time Salim had arrived at the ceremony, everyone left.
c. By the time Salim arrived at the ceremony, everyone had left.

24. Ali had worked on the English project by himself. (Ask a question)
a. What does Ali do by himself?
b. What will Ali do by himself?
c. What had Ali done by himself?

25. They had arrived in New York before it got dark. (Ask a question)
a. When did they arrive in New York?
b. When have they arrived in New York?
c. When had they arrived in New York?

26. The teacher had divided the students into groups before the activity. (Make negative)
a. The teacher hasn't divided the students into groups before the activity.
b. The teacher doesn't divide the students into groups before the activity.
c. The teacher hadn't divided the students into groups before the activity.

28. We had revised well before we took the exam. (Make negative)
a. We hadn't revised well before we took the exam.
b. We don't revise well before we took the exam.
c. We haven't revised well before we took the exam.

29. Trained teachers taught students how to write short stories. (Make passive)
a. Students are taught how to write short stories by trained teachers.
b. Students were taught how to write short stories by trained teachers.
c. Students will be taught how to write short stories by trained teachers.

30. Newspapers include a list of TV programmes. (Make passive)
a. A list of TV programmes will be included in newspapers.
b. A list of TV programmes was included in newspapers.
c. A list of TV programmes is included in newspapers.

GRADE 12 – UNIT THREE – VOCABULARY

A- From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable word:

- 1- The more students know the of time, the more they use it efficiently.
a. value b. impulse c. overview d. commitment
- 2- You can your clean and reusable but unwanted items to charities.
a. donate b. value c. avert d. alleviate
- 3- His Highness, late Sheikh Sabah was named the leader of work in 2016 by the United Nations.
a. incapable b. universal c. humanitarian d. frail
- 4- More students should be encouraged to join campaigns.
a. universal b. aggressive c. extravagant d. charitable
- 5- Islam teaches us to appreciate our differences and the of our world.
a. abuse b. diversity c. discrimination d. appeal
- 6- study and describe the customs of different people and cultures.
a. Ethnographers b. Campaigns c. Minorities d. Attributes
- 7- Efforts are being made to war and find a diplomatic solution to the crisis.
a. value b. alleviate c. donate d. avert
- 8- I couldn't resist the to laugh when I heard my friend's joke.
a. impulse b. attribute c. minority d. anthropologist
- 9- Unemployment among the youth has become a/an problem.
a. incapable b. extravagant c. universal d. frail
- 10- British women first gained in the early 20th century, specifically in 1918.
a. empathy b. suffrage c. impulse d. overview
- 11- It is normal to like or dislike someone for no reason.
a. frail b. incapable c. apparent d. charitable
- 12- Medical items have been to the areas most hit by the pandemic.
a. valued b. alleviated c. averted d. donated
- 13- Lots of people have dedicated themselves to helping families upon their
a. value b. impulse c. overview d. appeal
- 14- Many online were launched to warn people of the overuse of social media.
a. liberties b. attributes c. campaigns d. minorities
- 15- Our business has been growing It is now attracting more and more clients.
a. over the hill b. in leaps and bounds c. over a barrel d. over the top
- 16- Countries have legislation protecting minorities from and discrimination.
a. commitment b. attribute c. empathy d. abuse
- 17- Kuwaiti laws preserve the rights of all people against
a. discrimination b. appeal c. impulse d. liberty
- 18- Many people suffer from conditions and poverty all over the world.
a. extensive b. dire c. extravagant d. apparent
- 19- Local news made an extensive , asking for blood donations after the accident.
a. appeal b. attribute c. legislation d. suffrage
- 20- During dire situations, Kuwaitis show great with people in need.
a. compassion b. diversity c. ethnographer d. liberty

21- Kuwaitis get the voting..... at the age of 21.
a. appeal b. anthropologist c. appeal d. enfranchisement

22- The accident was.....due to his careless driving at extremely high speed.
a. charitable b. underprivileged c. inevitable d. frail

23- Young people have become a..... in the countryside by moving to the city.
a. liberty b. legislation c. minority d. diversity

24- When the other team discovered our secret plans, they could put us ..
a. over a barrel b. over the hill c. over the top d. in leaps and bounds

25- Many companies establish job opportunities for people in..... areas.
a. aggressive b. underprivileged c. apparent d. extravagant

26- Young people should learn the importance of..... work and how it helps society.
a. charitable b. underprivileged c. apparent d. extravagant

27- Many injured people sent an..... for special rescue teams after the earthquake.
a. Discrimination b. liberty c. impulse d. appeal

28- Medical discoveries and remedies for diseases have..... many patients' suffering.
a. valued b. alleviated c. averted d. donated

29- I like to be a/an..... because humanity related science is full of secrets.
a. anthropologist b. impulse c. minority d. attribute

30- Effective communication is an essential..... for a successful employee.
a. appeal b. attribute c. legislation d. suffrage

31- During the holy month of Ramadan,..... organisations receive donations.
a. charitable b. aggressive c. inevitable d. frail

32- My brother showed sincere..... to his obligations as a doctor.
a. commitment b. appeal c. impulse d. abuse

33- We should treat the elderly with great respect and deal..... with them.
a. compassionately b. unfortunately c. nervously d. regardless

34- Doctors should develop....., trust, and compassion with their patients.
a. empathy b. suffrage c. impulse d. overview

35- The injured employee had the right to compensation, but his claims were.....
a. underprivileged b. charitable c. perturbed d. extravagant

36- Special.....was passed to protect the rights and preservation of animals.
a. compassion b. attribute c. legislation d. suffrage

37- The manager has the.....to develop the business and position of the company.
a. discrimination b. appeal c. impulse d. liberty

38- The lead scientist asked his team for a brief.....of all the findings of the research.
a. empathy b. suffrage c. impulse d. overview

39- The student's jokes were so..... that everyone got upset.
a. over the hill b. in leaps and bounds c. over a barrel d. over the top

40- Although he is 65 years old, he is not yet ..
a. over the hill b. in leaps and bounds c. over a barrel d. over the top

C -Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(suffrage / incapable / crying over spilt milk / diversity / aggressive / tiding someone over)

- 41- The teams are upset after their defeat, but there is no point
- 42- London Zoo has a rich.....of animal and plant life, making it worth visiting.
- 43- In 2005 in Kuwait, women were granted their.....and full political rights.
- 44- We must extend a helping hand to those who are physically and mentally
- 45- Some children may become..... Parents should help them learn patience and respect.

GRADE 12 – UNIT THREE – GRAMMAR

A – From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

- 1- The play was very sad. The final scene ended
a. tragedy.com/kw b. tragically c. tragedies d. tragic
- 2- If it hadn't been for your sincere effort, you.....your job.
a. lost b. will lose c. lose d. would have lost
- 3- You will probably become ill.....you continue eating fatty meals.
a. unless b. if c. in order to d. unlike
- 4- A newborn baby should be held.....
a. care b. careful c. caring d. carefully
- 5- If you hadn't wasted your time, you.....high marks.
a. get b. would have got c. will get d. are getting
- 6- You can hear what I'm saying.....you keep quiet.
a. if b. unless c. although d. Despite
- 7- If he.....me to his birthday party, I will attend it.
a. invites b. had invited c. inviting d. invited
- 8- The man was.....injured in the accident. It took him long to recover.
a. serious b. more serious c. seriously d. as seriously as
- 9- The shoes don't fit.....I think I need a bigger size.
a. comfortably b. more comfortable c. comfortable d. most comfortable
- 10- If people follow traffic rules, car accidents.....a thing of the past.
a. would become b. will become c. would have become d. became

From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

- 11- If I were a scientist, I (do) my best to invent a vaccine for COVID-19. **(Correct the verb)**
a- If I were a scientist, I will do my best to invent a vaccine for COVID-19.
b- If I were a scientist, I would do my best to invent a vaccine for COVID-19.
c- If I were a scientist, I would have done my best to invent a vaccine for COVID-19.
- 12- This boy behaves in a nice way to every person he meets. **(Use: nicely)**
a- This boy behaves in a nicely way to every person he meets.
b- This boy behaves in a nicely to every person he meets.
c- This boy behaves nicely to every person he meets.

13- You need a passport if (Complete)

- a- You need a passport if you want to travel abroad.
- b- You need a passport if you wanted to travel abroad.
- c- You need a passport if you had wanted to travel abroad.

14- Had he come earlier, he (Complete)

- a- wouldn't miss the beginning of the movie.
- b- wouldn't have missed the beginning of the movie.
- c- won't miss the beginning of the movie.

15- We should treat the needy with compassion. (Use: compassionately)

- a- We should treat the needy compassionately.
- b- We should treat the needy with compassionately.
- c- We should treat the needy in compassionately.

16- My brother didn't watch the film because he had slept early . (Use: If)

- a- My brother will watch the film, if he doesn't sleep early.
- b- My brother would watch the film, if he didn't sleep early.
- a- My brother would have watched the film, if he hadn't slept early.

17- He had not trained well, so he lost the match. (Use : If)

- a- If he had trained well, he would not lose the match.
- b- If he had trained well, he would not have to lose the match.
- c- If he had trained well, he would not have lost the match.

18- If he hadn't been under a lot of stress, (Complete)

- a- he would have passed his driving test.
- b- he would pass his driving test.
- c- he will pass his driving test.

19- Schools are allowed to declare a holiday if it (**rain**) heavily. (Correct)

- a- rains
- b- rained
- c- is raining

20- He can't melt butter. He needs to heat it on fire. (Complete)

If he heats butter on fire,

- a- he would have melted it.
- b- he would melt it.
- c- he can melt it.

21- If he had attended all lessons, he (Complete)

- a- would have got higher marks.
- b- will get higher marks.
- c- gets higher marks.

GRADE 12 – UNIT FOUR – VOCABULARY

A- From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable word :-

20. Large areas of land in Africa have climates, so nothing can grow there.
 a. intrinsic b. arid c. treacherous d. unwarranted

21. News of the active volcano the precautionary measures to protect the area.
 a. eroded b. reclaimed c. misbehaved d. precipitated

22. The of food that many countries suffer from is the result of deforestation.
 a. scarcity b. climate c. equator d. forecasting

23. Countries on the witness too much heat, humidity and rainy weather.
 a. spearhead b. equator c. climate d. hurdle

24. We were astonished to see our friend react in such a strange way; it was
 a. humid b. unproductive c. unwarranted d. arid

25. It is very important for farmers to let their cattle on the grass. It's healthier.
 a. plant b. reclaim c. precipitate d. graze

26. It is not advisable to go out in this weather. It's too dangerous to drive.
 a. unproductive b. treacherous c. productive d. intrinsic

27. It has been announced that some roads have been closed due to the
 a. flooding b. scarcity c. paucity d. desertification

28. Logical reasoning and righteous actions always the emotional impulses.
 a. wash away b. kill off c. prevail over d. engage in

29. It is advisable to delete all personal data on your laptop before selling it.
 a. increasingly b. permanently c. nervously d. unfortunately

30. Weather is of great help to fisherman to be careful before going out to sea.
 a. atmosphere b. wildfire c. scarcity d. forecasting

b. B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:
climate / permanently / curtail / increasingly / implement / hurdle

9. The situation would get difficult if no serious actions were taken.

10. The recent floods are said to be caused by change.

11. Illiteracy is considered the main to development.

12. We have to the consumption of water to conserve the life on Earth.

13. They need to such great suggestions as soon as possible.

D- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:
wash away / spearhead / prevailing / overcultivate / proportion / unwarranted

14. A large of national income must be assigned to education and health.

15. The weather conditions on the equator are humidity and high temperatures.

16. When farmers their land, it makes it dry and unproductive.

17. Inhabitants on the riverbanks are afraid that floods will their land and crops.

GRADE 12 – UNIT FOUR – GRAMMAR

A – From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1. A diver needs a knife..... protect himself from dangerous sea creatures.
a. to b. so that c. because d. with the result that

2. The manager couldn't attend the meeting..... his father was sick.
a. because b. so that c. in order to d. to

3. Bad weather caused several delays,..... the work was not completed on time.
a. with the result that b. in order to c. to d. because

4. Lack of vitamins and minerals are..... the child's illness.
a. the cause of b. with the result that c. lead to d. because

5. My brother went to bed early yesterday..... he could get up early this morning.
a. so that b. because c. to d. in order to

6. Following a poor diet is..... obesity and heart problems.
a. so that b. because c. the cause of d. in order to

7. obtain valuable wood, many people cut down trees and destroy forests.
a. So that b. In order to c. Because d. With the result that

8. Some students don't read questions carefully,..... they lose marks.
a. because b. to c. lead to d. with the result that

9. Large areas have turned into deserts..... farmers always overcultivate them.
a. in order to b. so that c. in order to d. because

10. I had to take a taxi..... I wouldn't be late for my meeting with the manager.
a. in order to b. so that c. leading to d. to be the cause of

11. High speed and careless driving..... the increasing of road accidents.
a. to b. in order to c. lead to d. with the result that

12. The doctor decided to X-ray the patient..... identify the broken bone.
a. so that b. in order to c. to lead to d. with the result that

13. It is believed that drought and climate change are..... desertification.
a. so that b. in order to c. with the result that d. the cause of

14. Doing exercises and following a healthy lifestyle are..... keeping fit and healthy.
a. in order to b. with the result that c. the cause of d. to

15. The mother sang some lullabies for her baby..... help him sleep.
a. so that b. with the result that c. to lead to d. to

16. The students..... exert a lot of effort get top marks.
a. whose b. which c. who d. where

17. We stayed in a nice hotel in..... we enjoyed our vacation.
a. where b. which c. who d. whose

18. We decided to travel..... the summer vacation began last June.
a. who b. which c. when d. where

19. We stayed in a nice hotel..... overlooks the sea.
a. who b. which c. where d. whose

20. Do you remember the day.....our local team won the cup?
 a. which b. when c. who d. whose

21. My brother,.....ambition is to be a doctor, succeeds with flying colour.
 a. which b. when c. who d. whose

22. The police managed to arrest the criminal.....committed the crime.
 a. which b. where c. whose d. who

23. I finally bought the car..... I have always wanted. It's a dream come true!
 a. who b. which c. when d. where

24. The writer,..... novel received great praise, was interviewed on TV.
 a. who b. which c. whose d. that

25. Sometimes, it.....heavily in this part of the world.
 a. rained b. rains c. rain d. raining

26. Mobile phones.....a necessity for ever one recently.
 a. has become b. became c. becoming d. have become

B- From, a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

27. He joined the sports centre. He wanted to be fit and healthy. (Join using: **so that**)
 a. He joined the sports centre so that he is fit and healthy.
 b. He joined the sports centre so that he can be fit and healthy.
 c. He joined the sports centre so that he could be fit and healthy.

28. He felt very tired. He couldn't go out for a walk. (Join using: **because**)
 a. He couldn't go out for a walk because he felt tired.
 b. He felt very tired because he couldn't go out for a walk.
 c. Because his tiredness, he couldn't go out for a walk.

29. We arrived late to work. The streets were very crowded. (Join: **with the result that**)
 a. We arrived late to work, with the result that the streets were very crowded.
 b. The streets were very crowded, with the result that we arrived late to work.
 c. We arrived late to work, with the result that crowded streets.

30. Storms and heavy rain destroyed many old buildings. (Rewrite using: **the cause of**)
 a. Storms and heavy rain were the cause of destroyed many old buildings.
 b. Storms and heavy rain were the cause of many old buildings.
 c. Storms and heavy rain were the cause of destroying many old buildings.

31. The explorers couldn't cross the river. The tide was too strong. (Use: **because**)
 a. The explorers couldn't cross the river because the tide was too strong.
 b. The explorers couldn't cross the river because being too strong.
 c. The explorers couldn't cross the river because the too strong tide.

32. We need to hurry up. We want to attend the meeting on time. (Join using: **in order to**)
 a. We need to hurry up in order to we want to attend the meeting on time.
 b. We need to hurry up in order to want to attend the meeting on time.
 c. We need to hurry up in order to attend the meeting on time.

33. Air and land pollution are the result of smoke from factories. (Rewrite using: **lead to**)
a. Air and land pollution lead to smoke from factories.
b. Smoke from factories leads to air and land pollution.
c. Air and land pollution leading to smoke from factories.

34. We visited the National Museum. We learned about history at the museum. (Join: **where**)
a. We visited the National Museum where we learned a lot about history.
b. We visited the National Museum at where we learned about history.
c. We visited the National Museum where we learned a lot about history at the museum.

35. The sloth feeds on leaves and fruits. It is a slow-moving animal. (Join using: **which**)
a. The sloth feeds on leaves and fruits which is a slow-moving animal.
b. The sloth feeds on leaves and fruits which it is a slow-moving animal.
c. The sloth, which is a slow moving animal, feeds on leaves and fruits.

36. The scientists were honoured. Their inventions helped humanity. (Join using: **whose**)
a. The scientists were honoured whose inventions helped humanity.
b. The scientists whose honoured helped humanity.
c. The scientists, whose inventions helped humanity, were honoured.

37. My brother got a new job last week. (Form a question)
a. When did your brother get a job?
b. Why did your brother get a new job?
c. How did your brother get a new job?

GRADE 12 – UNIT FOUR – LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

B- Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1. Your brother wants to know the reasons behind desertification.
.....
2. You try to persuade your friends to start a campaign to save the environment.
.....
3. A friend of yours wants you to suggest solutions to reduce water consumption at home.
.....
4. Your neighbour wants to know your opinion about a poster he has made.
.....
5. Your car broke down and a stranger gave you a lift.
.....
6. Your brother has started planting some trees in the backyard.
.....
7. Your cousin and his friends try to make a small roof garden and need your help.
.....
8. Your sister blames you for demolishing and removing the green area in the yard.
.....

GRADE 12 – UNIT FIVE – VOCABULARY

A- From a, b, c, and d, choose the most suitable word:

1. It is the third time my little brother has been convicted of a traffic
a. offence b. irritation c. annoyance d. criticism
2. Factories depend mainly on highly powerful..... for their production.
a. criticism b. offence c. annoyance d. machinery
3. The doctors..... that the patient needed surgery soon.
a. composted b. reprocessed c. concurred d. reclaimed
4. I did not like the....., but the gift inside made me extremely happy.
a. annoyance b. material c. irritation d. packaging
5. We were driving along the seaside, suddenly, we..... petrol.
a. got rid of b. ran out of c. came up against d. put up with
6. The manager argues that the..... must look for alternative sources of revenue.
a. incinerator b. duration c. annoyance d. administration
7. You're not only fat but also diabetic; you have to..... sugar from now on.
a. put up with b. keep up with c. cut down on d. come up against
8. All the..... that my friend received had left her feeling totally upset.
a. paperwork b. bureaucracy c. criticism d. annoyance
9. Some countries rely on..... to dispose of their waste.
a. incineration b. material c. quantity d. upsurge
10. Recycling is not just a/an..... ; it is the best way to get rid of harmful waste.
a. duration b. trend c. administration d. crisis
11. We took four trains, so the overall..... of the journey was 72 hours.
a. crisis b. trend c. administration d. duration
12. Deciding on the best way to..... this amount of rubbish is a big problem.
a. get rid of b. go along with c. come up against d. put up with
13. It is..... to see the determination of these disabled players.
a. constant b. heartening c. humid d. frigid
14. The course has three main..... business, finance, and management skills.
a. crises b. components c. upsurges d. constituents
15. The new..... at the factory helped the business double its profits.
a. annoyance b. offence c. machinery d. criticism
16. It is an/a..... to get rid of our rubbish in the street.
a. red tape b. offence c. bureaucracy d. packaging
17. When he..... new ideas, he always went to the library to research.
a. got rid of b. cut down on c. came up against d. put up with
18. My friend's behaviour caused great..... to his colleagues so they avoid him.
a. packaging b. annoyance c. paperwork d. bureaucracy
19. The new employee's..... talking was starting to annoy everybody in the team.
a. heartening b. treacherous c. humid d. constant
20. I had to deal with the university's..... before I could change from one course to another.
a. criticism b. bureaucracy c. irritation d. annoyance

B- Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

trend / run out of / keep up with / crisis / constant / heartening

21. All doctors must..... the latest breakthroughs in medical discoveries.
22. My mother always makes sure I have my favourite food even before I.....it.
23. The first two exams were very....., especially after getting the full mark.
24. The latest.....in waste disposal is recycling, and it's the best way.
25. The company was able to survive after the.....and grow better than before.

GRADE 12 – UNIT FIVE – GRAMMAR

A- From a, b, c, and d, choose the most suitable answer:

1. I'm sorry, I don't know where he lives. I wish I..... that.
a. will know b. would know c. know d. knew
2. I wish I..... my money so I could go shopping with my friends.
a. save b. had saved c. will save d. have saved
3. Our neighbours are always noisy. I wish they.....the noise down.
a. keep b. would keep c. had kept d. will keep
4. I wish I..... at home. The weather was too humid.
a. stay b. had stayed c. staying d. will stay
5. My friend can't attend my birthday party. I wish his circumstances
a. changed b. are changing c. change d. would change
6. My friend left my book at home. I wish she..... it.
a. won't forget b. wouldn't forget c. hadn't forgotten d. hasn't forgotten
7. You waste too much paper. I wish you.....the iPad I gave you.
a. will use b. would use c. use d. had used
8. The magazine was heavy and full of pictures. I wish it..... more articles.
a. has b. could have c. had had d. will have
9. I wish I..... soon, I need to go mountain climbing.
a. could travel b. travelled c. had travelled d. travelling
10. My uncle didn't win the marathon last week. He wished he.....faster.
a. ran b. running c. had run d. run
11. I would really like to go on a picnic. I wish it.....raining.
a. will stop b. would stop c. stopped d. had stopped
12. My sister wishes she a writer. She has so many stories to tell.
a. be b. can be c. were d. will be
13. I didn't go on holiday last year. I wish I.....to the Maldives, but I couldn't.
a. went b. would go c. had gone d. will go
14. I wish I could..... to school next week. I miss my friends and teachers.
a. go b. gone c. had gone d. went
15. I would really like to listen to the news. I wish my brother.....talking.
a. will stop b. would stop c. stopped d. had stopped
16. I didn't watch the play with my friends yesterday. I wish I.....with them.
a. went b. would go c. had gone d. will go
17. I wish I could..... the piano. I think I'll take lessons next month.
a. play b. played c. had played d. have played

18. As a hobby, I decided to take.....writing stories.
a. down b. up c. with d. for

19. I am so glad to find you working.....a new book.
a. down b. up c. on d. in

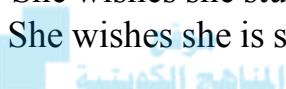
20. Mr. Jones seems quite exhausted as he.....tennis since the early morning.
a. is playing b. plays c. has been playing d. will play

21. My father is on the way. He.....home yet.
a. won't arrive b. doesn't arrive c. hasn't arrived d. is arriving

B- From a, b and c choose the correct answer as required:

22. Alice didn't get a good grade. She wishes she (study) harder. **(Correct the verb)**

- a. She wishes she had studied harder
- b. She wishes she studies harder
- c. She wishes she is studying harder



23. People drive too fast on the inner roads, between the houses. **(Complete)**

I wish
a. I wish people will drive carefully.
b. I wish people can drive carefully.
c. I wish people would drive carefully.

24. I wish they (stop) littering everywhere. It is very annoying. **(Correct the verb)**

a. I wish they can stop littering everywhere.
b. I wish they would stop littering everywhere.
c. I wish they will stop littering everywhere.

25. The driver was driving in the rain when he had an accident. He wishes he (be) careful.
(Correct the verb)

26. I saw the perfect outfit at the store yesterday but it's expensive. **(Complete)**
I wish
a. I wish it is cheaper.
b. I wish it will be cheaper.
c. I wish it had been cheaper.

27. I'm sorry, I don't know how to use the computer. I wish I (do). **(Correct the verb)**
a. I wish I did.
b. I wish I could do.
c. I wish I have done.

28. Salem and Ali are equally good at playing the piano. **(Use: as... as)**

- Salem is as good as Ali at playing the piano.
- Salem is as best as Ali at playing the piano.
- Salem is as better as Ali at playing the piano.

29. Our teacher has checked the notebooks this morning. **(Make passive)**

- The notebooks were checked this morning.
- The notebooks have checked this morning.
- The notebooks have been checked this morning.

30. I spend my time in a more effective way than all my friends do. **(Use: effectively)**

- I spend my time than all my friends do more effectively.
- I spend my time more effectively than all my friends do.
- I spend my time effectively than all my friends do.

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GRADE 12 – UNIT FIVE – LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

B- Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. Your grandfather thinks that life in the past was more enjoyable than it is nowadays.

.....
.....

2. Your brother thinks that strict traffic laws will reduce car accidents.

.....
.....

3. One of your friends asks you about the best place to travel to next summer holiday.

.....
.....

4. Your teacher wants to know why you chose to study abroad.

.....
.....

5. Your friend thinks that environmental laws will reduce air pollution.

.....
.....

Grade 12

Unit 6

Choose the right answer from a, b, c , or d :

- 1- The problem of poverty is particularly in rural areas.
a- acute b- expansive c- fascinating d- damp
- 2- I left the whole place to fight
a- threatened b- pose c- avoid d- hibernate
- 3- The of the dinosaurs occurred millions of years ago.
a- refuge b- extinction c- reservation d- stem
- 4- The panda is a timid and animal.
a- damp b- permanent c- illegitimate d- reticent
- 5- The climbers slept in a mountain
a- refuge b- stem c- reservation d- extinction
- 6- It was a , misty morning.
a- solitary b- timid c- permanent d- damp
- 7- The panda is in danger of
a. stem b. reservation c. refuge d. extinction
- 8- Most animals for a long time.
a. pose b. avoid c. hibernate d. get rid of
- 9- Dogs have a / an sense of smell.
a. acute b. threatened c. solitary d. extensive
- 10- Are you looking for a / an or a temporary job?
a. permanent b. damp c. fascinating d. acute
- 11- I made a for a table for two in the name of Morgan.
a. stem b. reservation c. incineration d. extinction

Fill in the spaces with words from the list :

{ **expansive / pose / reservation / solitary / stem / fascinating / vociferously** }

- 1- The of the palm tree is very tall.
- 2- There was an view from the window.
- 3- Kuwait authorities have set up special which are expansive enough for 1000 animals.
- 4- He was a child . He enjoyed being alone .
- 5- They opposed the state of emergency imposed by the government.

{ **hibernate / permanent / threatened / timid / acute / inject** }

- 1- She is looking for a place to stay.
- 2- Turtles in shallow holes for six months of the year.
- 3- They to kill him unless he did as they asked.
- 4- My kid is a bit and is easily frightened by strangers .
- 5- Snakes are They are fed on small animals and insects .
- 6- My father is a diabetic and has to himself with insulin every day.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

From a, b ,c and d choose the correct answer :

1. Some people push themselves to extreme limits.....set new world records.
a. due to b. so that c. in order to d. because
2. He travelled to Egypt.....he could join the faculty of medicine.
a. so as to b. for c. with the result that d. so that
3. Global warming is..... deforestation and pollution worldwide.
a. because of b. the cause of c. with the result that d. in order to
4. Smoking is.....the fatal lung and heart diseases.
a. due to b. because c. the cause of d. because
5. Farmers tend to overcultivate their land ,..... the soil becomes unproductive.
a. to b. so as to c. with the result that d. so that
6. I was so angry.....my friend because she didn't invite me to her birthday party.
a. to b. with c. of d. for
7.the bear family, pandas don't hibernate.
a. Like b. Despite c. Unlike d. Although

Do as shown in brackets:

1. Although the weather was very bad, my friends went fishing. (Use: Despite)
a- Despite the weather was very bad, my friends went fishing.
b- The weather was very bad, despite my friends went fishing.
c- Despite the very bad weather, my friends went fishing.

2. He travelled to London to learn English. He worked hard to earn his living. **(Use: In addition to)**
a- In addition to He travelled to London to learn English. He worked hard to earn his living.
b- He travelled to London to learn English in addition he worked hard to earn his living.
c- In addition to travelling to London to learn English , he worked hard to earn his living.

3. I'm interested....reading about nature, but I'm not keen....listening to music. **(Add Prepositions)**
- I'm interested **at** reading about nature, but I'm not keen **in** listening to music.
- I'm interested **on** reading about nature, but I'm not keen **in** listening to music.
- I'm interested **in** reading about nature, but I'm not keen **on** listening to music.

4- People have cut forests to use the land for farming. (Focus)
a- Forests have cut to use the land for farming.
b- Forests has been cut to use the land for farming.
c- Forests have been cut to use the land for farming.

5 -The play was not interesting. Some viewers fell asleep. **(Join using “with the result that”)**
a - With the result that , the play was not interesting , some viewers fell asleep.
b - The play was not interesting , with the result that some viewers fell asleep.
c - The play was not interesting , some viewers fell asleep with the result that.

6- The government is building new hospitals . They want to provide citizens with better health service. **(Use: so that)**
a- The government is building new hospitals so that they want to provide citizens with better health service.
b- The government is building new hospitals so that they can want to provide citizens with better health service.
c- The government is building new hospitals so that they can provide citizens with better health service.

8-Our parents always advise us to respect the elderly. (passive)
-We always advise to respect the elderly.
-We have always been advised to respect the elderly.
-We are always advised to respect the elderly.

9-The company chose the new manager to attend the conference. (Make passive)
a-The new manager chose to attend the conference.
b- The new manager is chosen to attend the conference.
c- The new manager was chosen to attend the conference.

12-We have to find a proper solution to this problem. (passive)
a- A proper solution has been to find to this problem.
b- A proper solution have to be found to this problem.
c- A proper solution has to be found to this problem.