

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الكويتية

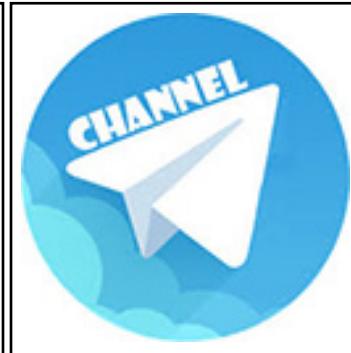


Sami Bin Younes

الملف الخطة العلاجية الشاملة للمنهج

موقع المناهج ← ملفات الكويت التعليمية ← الصف الحادي عشر الأدبي ← لغة انجلزية ← الفصل الثاني

روابط موقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الحادي عشر الأدبي



روابط مواد الصف الحادي عشر الأدبي على تلغرام

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الحادي عشر الأدبي والمادة لغة انجلزية في الفصل الثاني

عرض تحليلي لمخططات المنهج

1

دليل قواعد اللغة الوحدات السابعة إلى العاشرة

2

مراجعة شاملة لقواعد ومهارات

3

نموذج اختبار قراءة استيعابي قصة نجاح شخصية في الإقلاع عن التدخين

4

قائمة مفردات المنهج

5



GRADE 11

(الخطة العلاجية للفصل الثاني - الصف 11)

موقع
المناهج الكويتية
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REMEDIAL PLAN SECOND TERM (2021 - 2022)



VOCABULARY ITEMS
GRAMMAR PRACTICE
FUNCTIONS
SET BOOK QUESTIONS
WRITING
READING COMPREHENSION
SUMMARY MAKING
TRANSLATION

STUDENT'S NAME:

CLASS: GROUP:

ملاحظة: تهدف هذه الخطة العلاجية للرفع من مستوى الطالب و هي لا تقتصر على كتاب الدروس و لا عن كتاب التمارين



-----SAMI BIN YOUNES-----

ABDALLAH BIN ABBAS SECONDARY SCHOOL FOR BOYS

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression		P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1	broadcast	n	a radio or television programme or transmission	
2	collectively	adv.	cooperatively	
3	digital	adj.	relating to or using signals or information represented by discrete values (digits) of a physical quantity, such as voltage or magnetic polarization, to represent arithmetic numbers	
4	dispatch	v	to send off to a destination or for a purpose	
5	entertainment	n	the action of providing amusement or enjoyment	
6	evolve	v	to develop gradually, esp. from a simple to a more complex form	
7	film industry	n	motion picture business	
8	invention	n	economic activity concerned with the processing of	
9	set	n	a radio or television receiver	
10	station	n	a company involved in broadcasting of a specified kind	
11	transistor	n	a portable radio using circuits containing transistors rather than vacuum tubes	
12	video recorder	n	a device that when linked to a television set, can be used for recording on and playing videotapes	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

- I think nobody needs a/an nowadays.
a. entertainment b. station c. invention d. video recorder
- Satellites in the space ensure radio and TV all over the world.
a. broadcast b. film industry c. invention d. transistor

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(set / station / entertainment / evolve / transistor / dispatch)

- The invention of has made great improvements in electronics.
- The USA will astronauts to planet Mars in a few years.
- The television is an electronic that displays images and sounds.
- I consider computer games as the best
- I think that television will continue to remarkably in the future.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

- What is meant by "the media"?

.....

.....

- What role do the media play in society?

.....

.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression		P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1	adversely	adv.	harmfully	
2	dedication	n	the quality of being dedicated or committed to a task or purpose	
3	deterrent	n	a thing that discourages or is intended to discourage someone from doing something	
4	glorify	v	to describe or represent as admirable, esp. unjustifiably or undeservedly	
5	innumerable	adj.	too many to be counted	
6	remote	adj.	far away; distant	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(glorify / adversely / dedication / innumerable / deterrent / remote)

1. Smoking and eating junk food can affect our health
2. At night, you can see stars in the sky.
3. The manager wants the workers to him and his fake achievements.
4. I couldn't have reached that village without my car.
5. I have never doubted my father's to the well-being of our family.

SET BOOK QUESTIONS

Answer the following questions:

1. What are the advantages of the media?

.....

.....

.....

2. What are the disadvantages of the media?

.....

.....

.....

3. Why is it necessary to keep the media under control?

.....

.....

.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 bring about	ph. v	to cause something to happen	
2 demonstrate	v	to clearly show the existence or truth of	
3 disappointing	adj.	failing to fulfill someone's hopes or expectations	
4 half	n	either of two equal periods of time into which a sports game or performance is divided	
5 potential	adj.	natural qualities or abilities that may be developed and lead to future success or usefulness	
6 prominent	adj.	important; famous	
7 resident	n	a person who lives somewhere permanently or on a long-term basis	
8 reveal	v	to make (previously unknown or secret information) known to others	
9 telecommunication	n	communication over a distance by cable, telegraph, telephone or broadcasting	
10 teleprinter	n	a device for transmitting and receiving telegraph messages	
11 tension	n	the state of being stretched tight	
12 transatlantic	n	of, relating to, or situated on the other side of the Atlantic	
13 victory	n	an act of defeating an enemy in a battle, game or competition	
14 zealous	adj.	having or showing passionate support to something that a person believes in strongly	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / ph. v: phrasal verb / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

1. Hamad's bad results during the first term were for his parents.
 a. zealous b. prominent c. transatlantic d. disappointing
2. A achieved by cheating is a masked defeat.
 a. tension b. resident c. victory d. teleprinter
3. As a of this city, I find it really wonderful to live here.
 a. resident b. half c. tension d. telecommunication

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(prominent / telecommunication / half / bring about / transatlantic / zealous)

4. Two of the three goals were scored during the first of the match.
5. tankers may face terrifying storms in oceans.
6. Many actors and actresses have attended the film festival.
7. Unsolved conflicts between countries may wars.
8. The domain of has evolved remarkably thanks to the Internet.

GRAMMAR

A. RELATIVE CLAUSES:

A relative clause is a part of a sentence that gives more information about a preceding noun. This clause is usually introduced by a relative pronoun. There are types of relative clauses:

1. Defining Relative Clause:

The defining relative clause describes the preceding noun in such a way to distinguish it from other nouns of the same class. In this case, the relative clause is essential in the sentence.

Example: The man who robbed the bank has been arrested.

2. Non-defining Relative Clause:

Non-defining relative clauses are placed after an indefinite noun to add more information about it. They are not essential in the sentence and can be omitted. They are separated from their noun by commas.

Example: Fahad, who lost his job last week, will emigrate to Canada.

B. RELATIVE PRONOUNS:

relative pronoun	used for
who	person (subject)
whom	person (object)
whose	possession
which	thing & animal
when	time
where	place
why	reason
that	person, animal & thing

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer to complete the following sentences:

1. The house my brother lives has a very beautiful garden.
a. which b. when c. where d. who
2. A man, looked like a thief, jumped on my neighbour's fence.
a. how b. who c. which d. when
3. They can't remember the time they first met.
a. when b. where c. which d. why
4. The two books I lost yesterday were found by my friend.
a. when b. which c. where d. who
5. The painter paintings are sold all over the world is going to hold an exposition next month in a famous gallery.
a. why b. whose c. whom d. who

B. From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required between brackets:

1. A player was rewarded. The player expressed his great joy. **(Join with 'who')**
 - a. The player who was rewarded expressed his great joy.
 - b. The player who expressed his joy was rewarding.
 - c. The player was rewarded who expressed his joy.
2. These trees will be cut down. These trees are unfruitful. **(Join with 'which')**
 - a. These trees are unfruitful which will be cut down.
 - b. These trees which are unfruitful will which be cut down.
 - c. These trees which are unfruitful will be cut down.
3. Very few people can remember the day **(Complete)**
 - a. where they first came into primary school.
 - b. which they first came into primary school.
 - c. when they first came into primary school.
4. William Shakespeare, , wrote so many plays and poems. **(Complete)**
 - a. who was born in 1564 and died in 1616
 - b. whom was born in 1564 and died in 1616
 - c. whose was born in 1564 and died in 1616
5. I live in a house. The house is near the seashore. **(Join with 'where')**
 - a. The house I live in where is near the seashore.
 - b. The house where I live is near the seashore.
 - c. I live in a house where is near the seashore.

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression		P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1	consume	v	to use up (a resource)	
2	electronic device	n	having or operating with the aid of many small components, esp. microchips and transistors, that control and direct an electric current	
3	electronics	n	the branch of physics and technology concerned with the design of circuits using transistors and microchips, and with the behaviour and movement of electrons in a semiconductor, conductor, vacuum or gas	
4	portable	adj.	able to be carried	
5	rank <small>رتبة</small>	v	to give a place within a grading system based on quality	

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EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(electronics / rank / electronic device / portable / consume)

1. Most electronic devices that we use nowadays used to be big and heavy.
2. It has become difficult to the new mobile phones because each brand has some fantastic features.
3. Doctors often advise people not to too much salt and sugar.
4. It is said that people who study are usually very talented.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

What would you say in the following situations?

1. Your friend wants to know how people can benefit from the media.

.....
.....

2. Your friend says that most TV programmes are boring.

.....
.....

3. Your brother says that radio broadcasting should be stopped.

.....
.....

WRITING AN ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAY

Many people believe that the media play positive roles in our life, whereas many others have an opposite opinion. Plan and write an essay of not less than 14 sentences in which you present the two opinions and their arguments, and you express your own opinion about this issue.

OUTLINE

Introduction:

Body 1:

Body 2:

Conclusion:

Writing

Date:

GRADE 11 – MODULE 3 – UNIT 7

SUMMARY MAKING (1)

Although only few people are attracted by the gardening activity at the present time, yet the number is growing rapidly. Gardening could be started from a small scale that is home. For this, first you need to choose the plants that grow best in your area, depending on the climate and the soil you are using for them. Thereafter, you should define your budget, which is very important so that you know how much money you can spend. Then select the location which is appropriate for the plants to grow and flourish. Finally, you should get the necessary gardening tools that you are going to use. When you have everything ready, you can start gardening.

Write a four-sentence summary paragraph in response to the following question:

- What preparations should a person do before starting gardening?

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

TRANSLATION

(UNIT 7)

Translate the following sentences into good English:

1. تتابع وسائل الإعلام الكويتية الرسمية سياسة مرنة. (SB/page: 57)

1.
.....
.....

2. ترتكز وسائل الإعلام الكويتية على التعاون المشترك واحترام شؤون البلدان الأخرى. (SB/page: 57)

2.
.....
.....

3. كان للناس دائماً مخاوف من الاختراعات الجديدة. (SB/page: 57)

3.
.....
.....

GRADE 11 *** MODULE 3: The Media *** UNIT 7: Broadcasting

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Arabic Meaning
1 & 2	1 broadcast	n	a radio or television programme or transmission	بث ارسال
	2 collectively	adv.	cooperatively	جماعيا
	3 digital	adj.	relating to or using signals or information represented by discrete values (digits) of a physical quantity, such as voltage or magnetic polarization, to represent arithmetic numbers	رقمي
	4 dispatch	v	to send off to a destination or for a purpose	يرسل / يبعث
	5 entertainment	n	the action of providing amusement or enjoyment	تسليه / ترفيه
	6 evolve	v	to develop gradually, esp. from a simple to a more complex form	يتطور
	7 film industry	n	motion picture business	صناعة الأفلام
	8 invention	n	economic activity concerned with the processing of	اختراع
	9 set	n	a radio or television receiver	جهاز
	10 station	n	a company involved in broadcasting of a specified kind	محطة ارسال
	11 transistor	n	a portable radio using circuits containing transistors rather than vacuum tubes	مذياع ا راديو صغير
	12 video recorder	n	a device that when linked to a television set, can be used for recording on and playing videotapes	مسجل الفيديو
3	1 adversely	adv.	harmfully	بشكل سلبي او ضار
	2 dedication	n	the quality of being dedicated or committed to a task or purpose	تكريس / التزام
	3 deterrant	n	a thing that discourages or is intended to discourage someone from doing something	مانع - رادع
	4 glorify	v	to describe or represent as admirable, esp. unjustifiably or undeservedly	يمجد
	5 innumerable	adj.	too many to be counted	لا يحصى ولا يعد
	6 remote	adj.	far away; distant	بعيد
4 & 5	1 bring about	ph. v	to cause something to happen	يسبب
	2 demonstrate	v	to clearly show the existence or truth of	يُظهر - يُبدي
	3 disappointing	adj.	failing to fulfill someone's hopes or expectations	محبط
	4 half	n	either of two equal periods of time into which a sports game or performance is divided	شوط
	5 potential	adj.	natural qualities or abilities that may be developed and lead to future success or usefulness	قدرة كامنة
	6 prominent	adj.	important; famous	مشهور / يارز
	7 resident	n	a person who lives somewhere permanently or on a long-term basis	ساكن / مقيم
	8 reveal	v	to make (previously unknown or secret information) known to others	يكشف عن / يُفتشي
	9 telecommunication	n	communication over a distance by cable, telegraph, telephone or broadcasting	الاتصال عن بعد
	10 teleprinter	n	a device for transmitting and receiving telegraph messages	الطاولة المبرقة
	11 tension	n	the state of being stretched tight	توتر
	12 transatlantic	n	of, relating to, or situated on the other side of the Atlantic	عبر المحيط الأطلسي
	13 victory	n	an act of defeating an enemy in a battle, game or competition	انتصار
	14 zealous	adj.	having or showing passionate support to something that a person believes in strongly	متعصب
7 & 8	1 consume	v	to use up (a resource)	يستهلك
	2 electronic device	n	having or operating with the aid of many small components, esp. microchips and transistors, that control and direct an electric current	جهاز الكتروني
	3 electronics	n	the branch of physics and technology concerned with the design of circuits using transistors and microchips, and with the behaviour and movement of electrons in a semiconductor, conductor, vacuum or gas	علم الالكترونيات
	4 portable	adj.	able to be carried	يمكن حمله
	5 rank	v	to give a place within a grading system based on quality	يُرتب - يُصنف

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression		P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1	age-appropriate	adj.	suitable for a certain age	
2	channel-surf	v	to change frequently from one channel to another, using a remote control device	
3	comedy	n	a play, film or programme that makes one laugh	
4	inactivity	n	idleness, immobility	
5	mentally	adv.	in one's mind	
6	miss out on	ph. v	to not get the chance to do or have something that one would enjoy or that would be good for one, esp. a chance that other people succeed in getting	
7	promote	v	to further the progress of (something, esp. a cause, venture, or aim); to support or actively encourage	
8	provoke	v	to stimulate or give rise to a reaction or emotion (typically a strong or unwelcome one) in someone	
9	tune out	ph. v	to stop paying attention to something, esp. because one is tired or bored	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / ph. v: phrasal verb / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(miss out on / provoke / mentally / age-appropriate / inactivity / comedy)

1. TV programmes should be so that they can satisfy all the audience.
2. Continuous criticism may a strong feeling of discomfort.
3. is one of the main negative effects of TV watching.
4. Old people should stay active both physically and
5. His illness made him his best friend's graduation party.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. What positive effects does television have on teenagers?

.....
.....

2. What negative effects does television have on teenagers?

.....
.....

3. How can people avoid the negative effects of television?

.....
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 accuracy	n	the quality or state of being correct or precise	
2 core programming	n	the central or most important programme	
3 fractional	adj.	related to the separation of components of a mixture	
4 on average	exp.	normally, usually	
5 primarily	adv.	for the most part; mainly	
6 prime time	n	the regularly occurring time at which a television or radio audience is expected to be greatest, generally regarded in the television industry as the hours between 8 and 11 p.m.	
7 staggering	adj.	astonishing	
8 teaching aid	n	materials and equipment used in teaching	
9 visualise	v	to imagine	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / exp.: expression / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE**Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:****(prime time / teaching aid / visualise / core programming / staggering / fractional)**

1. It is hard to the difficult conditions in which National Geographic reporters film their documentaries.
2. The best films are usually broadcast in the
3. I think the for tonight will be the football match.
4. The figures presented by the ministry of health about the number of infected people were really
5. Every that a teacher uses makes the lesson more successful.

SET BOOK**Answer the following questions:**

1. How can television be used as a teaching aid?

.....

.....

2. How can television enhance the study of other cultures and languages?

.....

.....

3. How can students benefit from television programmes?

.....

.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 get behind with	ph. v	to not make as much progress as others	
2 get down to	ph. v	to start doing something seriously	
3 get on	ph. v	to have a good relationship with someone	
4 get over	ph. v	to recover	
5 get through	ph. v	to manage to contact someone	
6 occasionally	adv.	sometimes; from time to time	
7 record	v	to set down in writing or some other permanent form for later reference, esp. officially	
8 tune in	ph. v	to listen to or watch a particular programme on radio or television	

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adv.: adverb / ph. v: phrasal verb / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

1. Ali called his friend many times yesterday, but he couldn't
 a. get behind with b. get on c. get over d. get through
2. If you keep off school for a long time, you will certainly lessons.
 a. get down to b. get through c. get on d. get behind with
3. Now that the holiday is over, I must my studies.
 a. get on b. get through c. get down to d. get over
4. My little daughter very well with her friends at school.
 a. gets down to b. gets over c. gets behind with d. gets on
5. The doctor advised Hamad to stop smoking if he wanted to his disease.
 a. get through b. get behind with c. get down to d. get over

B. Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(get through / record / get down to / occasionally / get over / tune in)

6. Young children usually when there is a cartoon film on TV.
7. The doctor assured that my grandfather will very soon.
8. The secretary has to all the manager's orders and recommendations.
9. You should writing your report right now if you intend to give it to your teacher tomorrow.
10. I watch some educational programmes on TV.

GRAMMAR

Reported Speech: infinitive with to (advise, like, prefer, tell, want)

A. From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer to complete the following sentences:

1. The doctor advised the old man smoking.
a. will stop b. stopped c. had stopped d. to stop
2. My friend wanted me late to his graduation party.
a. will come b. not to come c. had come d. would come
3. My parents preferred me my time playing video games.
a. to not waste b. not wasting c. not to waste d. had wasted
4. My brother liked me a football match with him on TV.
a. to watch b. is watching c. has watched d. watched

B. From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer as shown between brackets:

1. "You should do your homework", said our teacher. (Report)
a. Our teacher advised us not to do our homework.
b. Our teacher advised us to should do our homework.
c. Our teacher advised us to do our homework.
2. "Don't drive very fast", said my father. (Report)
a. My father told me not to drive very fast.
b. My father told me to not drive very fast.
c. My father told me to drive very fast.
3. "I want you to come with me to the new mall", said my brother. (Report)
a. My brother wanted you to come with me to the new mall.
b. My brother wanted me to come with him to the new mall.
c. My brother wanted me to come with her to the new mall.
4. "I prefer you stay away from these bad friends", said my father. (Report)
a. My father preferred me to stay away from this bad friend.
b. My father preferred me not to stay away from those bad friends.
c. My father preferred me to stay away from those bad friends.

C. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(anywhere / somebody / somewhere / anything / everywhere / everybody)

1. must have informed the police about the theft.
2. Nowadays, needs to learn how to use a computer.
3. I am sure that my keys are in my room.
4. You can't find kangaroos else in the world except in Australia.
5. I looked for my book, but I couldn't find it.

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression		P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1	convict	v	to prove or officially announce that someone is guilty of a crime	
2	equestrian	adj.	of or relating to horse-riding	
3	evidence	n	the available body of facts or information indicating whether a belief or proposition is true	
4	newcomer	n	a person or a thing that has recently arrived in a place or joined a group	
5	news team	n	two or more people working together on broadcast or published report of news	
6	prosecution	n	the institution and conducting of legal proceedings against someone in respect of a criminal charge	
7	thriller	n	a novel, play or movie with an exciting plot, typically involving crime	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

1. Fahad is fond of films. He collects them avidly.
 a. newcomer b. evidence c. thriller d. news team
2. The lawyer presented a strong to prove the innocence of his client.
 a. news team b. prosecution c. newcomer d. evidence
3. It seems that the on this channel get on very well with each other.
 a. evidence b. news team c. thriller d. prosecution
4. Refusing to pay back a loan will certainly entail by the bank.
 a. prosecution b. newcomer c. evidence d. thriller
5. Any to this city may face housing problems.
 a. thriller b. news team c. prosecution d. newcomer

B. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(equestrian / prosecution / convict / newcomer / news team / evidence)

6. I like to listen to the news on BBC radio because the are very fluent.
7. Due to the lack of proofs, the judge couldn't the defendant.
8. The of murder crimes usually takes a long time.
9. My father is keen on watching sports on TV.
10. The fingerprints on a crime arm may be the strongest in a murder case.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. Your brother intends to delete all the educational channels on your receiver.

.....

2. Your friend says that we don't benefit much from TV programmes.

.....

3. Your father asks you about your favourite TV programmes.

.....

WRITING AN ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAY

Many people believe that television can only be an entertainment device, whereas many others believe that television can be a teaching aid. Plan and write an essay of not less than 14 sentences in which you present the two opinions and their arguments, and you express your own opinion about this issue.

OUTLINE

Introduction:

Body 1:

Body 2:

Conclusion:

Writing

Date:

GRADE 11 – MODULE 3 – UNIT 8

SUMMARY MAKING (2)

No matter what your fitness level, the general benefits of swimming are yours to go out and grab and make your own. Swimming uses all the muscles in the body so you will get a full body workout. Just 30 minutes of swimming three times a week is the best way to stay fit and healthy and maintain a positive mental outlook. Swimming regularly can lower stress levels, reduce depression, and improve your sleep patterns. A gentle swim can burn over 200 calories in just half an hour, more than double that of walking. Swimming just 30 minutes a week can help to guard against heart disease and stroke. Swimming is a brilliant way to stay active and healthy.

Write a four-sentence summary paragraph in response to the following question:

- What are the benefits of swimming?

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

TRANSLATION

(UNIT 8)

Translate the following sentences into good English:

1. يمكن للتلفاز أن يشجع على السلوك الجيد من خلال تحفيز العقل. (SB/page: 63)

1.
.....
.....

2. يعلّمنا التلفاز كيف نطور و نستخدم مخيلتنا. (SB/page: 63)

2.
.....
.....

3. إن الإفراط في مشاهدة التلفاز لا يترك لك سوى القليل من الوقت للقيام بأنشطة أخرى. (SB/page: 63)

3.
.....
.....

GRADE 11 *** MODULE 3: The Media *** UNIT 8: Television Watching Habits

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Arabic Meaning
1 & 2	1 age-appropriate	adj.	suitable for a certain age	مناسب لسن معين
	2 channel-surf	v	to change frequently from one channel to another, using a remote control device	يُقلب القنوات التلفزيونية
	3 comedy	n	a play, film or programme that makes one laugh	الكوميديا
	4 inactivity	n	idleness, immobility	الخمول \ كسل
	5 mentally	adv.	in one's mind	ذهنياً
	6 miss out on	ph. v	to not get the chance to do or have something that one would enjoy or that would be good for one, esp. a chance that other people succeed in getting	يُفوت على نفسه فرصة
	7 promote	v	to further the progress of (something, esp. a cause, venture, or aim); to support or actively encourage	يدعم \ يرتقي بـ
	8 provoke	v	to stimulate or give rise to (a reaction or emotion, typically a strong or unwelcome one) in someone	يُستفز
	9 tune out	ph. v	to stop paying attention to something, esp. because one is tired or bored	يُشغّل عن
3	1 accuracy	n	the quality or state of being correct or precise	الدقة
	2 core programming	n	the central or most important programme	البرنامج الأساسي
	3 fractional	adj.	related to the separation of components of a mixture	تجزئي
	4 on average	exp.	normally, usually	في العادة
	5 primarily	adv.	for the most part; mainly	مبدئياً \ بـالأساس
	6 prime time	n	the regularly occurring time at which a television or radio audience is expected to be greatest, generally regarded in the television industry as the hours between 8 and 11 p.m.	ساعة يكون فيها المشاهدون بأكبر عدد
	7 staggering	adj.	astonishing	مُذهل
	8 teaching aid	n	materials and equipment used in teaching	وسيلة تعليمية
	9 visualise	v	to imagine	يُتخيل
4 & 5	1 get behind with	ph. v	to not make as much progress as others	يختلف عن
	2 get down to	ph. v	to start doing something seriously	يهم بـ فعل شيء
	3 get on	ph. v	to have a good relationship with someone	ينسجم مع شخص
	4 get over	ph. v	to recover	يتغافى من مرض
	5 get through	ph. v	to manage to contact someone	يتصل بشخص ما بالهاتف
	6 occasionally	adv.	sometimes; from time to time	أحياناً
	7 record	v	to set down in writing or some other permanent form for later reference, esp. officially	يُسجل \ يُدون
	8 tune in	ph. v	to listen to or watch a particular programme on radio or television	يُتابع بـنامجا
7 & 8	1 convict	v	to prove or officially announce that someone is guilty of a crime	يُدين شخص
	2 equestrian	adj.	of or relating to horse-riding	فرّوسي
	3 evidence	n	the available body of facts or information indicating whether a belief or proposition is true	دليل \ حجة إثبات
	4 newcomer	n	a person or a thing that has recently arrived in a place or joined a group	قادم جديد
	5 news team	n	two or more people working together on broadcast or published report of news	فريق الأخبار
	6 prosecution	n	the institution and conducting of legal proceedings against someone in respect of a criminal charge	مقاضاة
	7 thriller	n	a novel, play or movie with an exciting plot, typically involving crime	رواية مثيرة

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 capability	n	power or ability	
2 consumer	n	the person purchasing goods and services for personal use	
3 ENG	abb.	Electronic News Gathering	
4 high-end	adj.	denoting the most expensive of a range of products	
5 hydraulic	adj.	denoting, relating to or operated by a liquid moving in confined space under pressure	
6 motion picture	n	a story or event recorded by a camera as a set of moving images and shown in a theatre or on television	
7 nowadays	adv.	at the present time; in contrast with the past	
8 pedestal	n	the base or support on which a statue or column is mounted	
9 period drama	n	a play belonging to or characteristic of a past historical time	
10 stabilising	adj.	causing to become stable	

abb.: abbreviation / adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

1. This organisation defends the rights of and protects them.
 - a. consumers
 - b. capabilities
 - c. pedestals
 - d. period dramas
2. Your camera can be more stable if you put it on a
 - a. capability
 - b. consumer
 - c. period drama
 - d. pedestal
3. Doctors say that vitamin C can enhance the body's to fight diseases.
 - a. period drama
 - b. capability
 - c. motion picture
 - d. consumer
4. Many computer programmes can edit easily and professionally.
 - a. motion pictures
 - b. pedestals
 - c. consumers
 - d. capabilities
5. I often spend my free time watching on TV.
 - a. capabilities
 - b. consumers
 - c. period dramas
 - d. pedestals

B. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(hydraulic / high-end / pedestals / stabilising / nowadays / period dramas)

6. In stadiums, cameras are usually fixed on to make them stable.
7. Othello, Macbeth and Henry V are three famous
8., electronic devices have dominated every aspect of our life.
9. electronics are usually the most expensive in markets.
10. The huge machines that are used in mining work on power.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. How have television cameras developed?

.....
.....
.....

2. What materials can be recorded with a professional camera?

.....
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1	anticipation	n	the act of predicting and expecting something	
2	cast	n	the actors in a play or film	
3	everyone's a critic	exp.	everyone has a right to express an opinion (often used in an ironic manner)	
4	soundtrack	n	a recording of the musical accompaniment to a movie	
5	up to scratch	exp.	up to standard	

exp.: expression / n: noun

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(up to scratch / everyone's a critic / anticipation / cast / soundtrack)

1. I wish I could download the of this film from the Internet.
2. The actors were waiting in to know the winner of the Oscar Prize.
3. Most critics agree that the film was not
4. It seems that the of this film were well-chosen to fit the roles.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. What is meant by a film review?

.....
.....
.....

2. Which elements of a film should a film review focus on?

.....
.....
.....

3. According to you, how can a film be successful?

.....
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 amicably	adv.	friendly	
2 audience	n	all the people who listen to a speech or a concert	
3 beckon away	ph.v	to leave a place because you are drawn to another	
4 bring up	ph.v	to raise children	
5 category	n	a class or division of people or things regarded as having particular shared characteristics	
6 characterise	v	to describe the qualities of something or someone in a particular way	
7 cityscape	n	the visual appearance of a city or urban area; a city landscape	
8 commentator	n	a person who comments on events, esp. on television or radio	
9 court	n	the people, esp. the judge and the jury, who examine evidence and decide whether someone is guilty or not	
10 feature	n	a distinctive attribute or aspect of something	
11 producer	n	a person responsible for the financial and managerial aspects of making of a movie or broadcast or for staging a play, opera, etc.	
12 screen	v	to show (a movie or video) or broadcast (a television programme)	
13 spotlight	n	a lamp projecting a narrow, intense beam of light directly onto a place or person, esp. a performer on stage	
14 sprawling	adj.	spreading out in different directions	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / ph. v: phrasal verb / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

1. People usually resort to the to solve their conflicts and problems.
 a. spotlight b. cityscape c. audience d. court
2. The iPad has many that the lap-top doesn't have.
 a. commentators b. features c. spotlights d. courts
3. The president's speech will be at seven o'clock this evening.
 a. characterised b. brought up c. screened d. beckoned away
4. The accent of this is strange.
 a. commentator b. spotlight c. category d. cityscape
5. The expects to make a lot of money from his film.
 a. category b. spotlight c. cityscape d. producer

B. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(producer / court / amicably / beckon away / sprawling / audience / feature)

5. They welcomed their guests and with much respect.
6. The president's speech had a remarkable influence on the
7. It is really wonderful to see white rabbits in the garden.
8. The didn't expect his film to be a bestseller.
9. Big cities attract many villagers and make them their villages.

GRAMMAR

Passive Verbs

- We form the passive with **the appropriate tense of the verb “be” + the past participle of the main verb.**

Example: Millions of mobile phones are made in China every year.

- To say who did the action of the verb (the agent), we can include a by phrase

Example: My friend has been rewarded by the headmaster.

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the correct completion of the sentences below:

1. The film by many reviewers and critics.
a. was appreciated b. had appreciated c. is appreciating d. will appreciate
2. Many producers by film industry.
a. is attracted b. will attract c. will be attracting d. are attracted
3. Old movies in black and white.
a. are filmed b. were filmed c. had filmed d. had been filming
4. This film to realise a great success this week.
a. has expected b. expected c. is expected d. will be expecting

B. From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1. They will invite many friends to the party. **(Make passive)**
**a. Many friends are invited to the party.
b. Many friends will be invited to the party.
c. Many friends are inviting to the party.**
2. This poem (**write**) by William Shakespeare. **(Correct the verb)**
**a. This poem was written by William Shakespeare.
b. This poem is being written by William Shakespeare.
c. This poem will be written by William Shakespeare.**
3. My teacher told me that my report **(Complete the sentence)**
**a. My teacher told me that my report is corrected soon.
b. My teacher told me that my report would be corrected soon.
c. My teacher told me that my report will be correcting soon.**
4. Many flights have been cancelled,? **(Add a question tag)**
**a. Many flights have been cancelled, weren't they?
b. Many flights have been cancelled, didn't they?
c. Many flights have been cancelled, haven't they?**

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression		P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1	basically	adv.	fundamentally, essentially	
2	catch	v	to capture or seize	
3	congested	adj.	so crowded with traffic	
4	fundamentally	adv.	in central or primary respects	
5	inexpensive	adj.	cheap; low-priced	
6	voice-over	n	a piece of narration in a movie or broadcast, not accompanied by an image of the speaker	
7	wholeheartedly	adv.	sincerely	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / v: verb

 almanahj.com/kw**EXERCISE****Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:****(congested / inexpensive / voice-over / basically / catch / wholeheartedly)**

1. Mobile phones are made for communication.
2. The of Shrek is performed by the famous actor Mike Myers.
3. I feel pity for the homeless people who spend the cold winter nights in streets.
4. Every morning, the roads in our city become very
5. mobile phones usually lack many features.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS**Write what you would say in the following situations:**

1. A friend of yours says that the camera is the most important part of a mobile phone.
.....
.....
2. Your brother asks why some cameras are extremely expensive.
.....
.....
3. Your father intends to install a surveillance camera outside your house.
.....
.....
4. Your brother believes that old cameras are better than modern cameras.
.....
.....

WRITING AN ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAY

Nowadays, surveillance cameras are installed in malls, banks and many other buildings. Many people approve of the presence of these cameras, whereas many others disapprove of it. Plan and write an essay of not less than 14 sentences in which you present the two opinions and their arguments, and you express your own opinion about this issue.

OUTLINE

Introduction:

Body 1:

Body 2:

Conclusion:

WRITING

Date:

GRADE 11 – MODULE 3 – UNIT 9

SUMMARY MAKING (3)

Technology has endowed us with lots of gadgets aimed at making life easy. One innovative product is the drone. The drone is used in the agricultural industry, real estate, sport and in security surveillance. It is easy to operate, which makes it very handy and adaptable. Setting up and operating the drone is simple for anyone and it only takes a couple of minutes before you can have it roaming in the air. With a drone, you can keep the worries of carrying huge luggage when you travel because it can be easily carried around. Moreover, the drone is ideal for the photographers who seek to cover a large area while capturing high-definition shots.

Write a four-sentence summary paragraph in response to the following question:

What are the advantages of the drone?

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

TRANSLATION

(UNIT 9)

Translate the following sentences into good English:

1. تفتقر كاميرات الأستوديو إلى القدرة على التسجيل. (SB/page: 69)

1.
.....
.....

2. تُستخدم الكاميرات الإحترافية لتصوير مقاطع فيديو متنوعة بدقة عالية. (SB/page: 69)

2.
.....
.....

3. تُستخدم كاميرات السرعة على الطريق لمنع السائقين من القيادة بسرعة عالية. (SB/page: 70)

3.
.....
.....

MODULE 3 * The Media *** UNIT 9: Uses of Cameras**

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Arabic Meaning
1 & 2	capability	n	power or ability	القدرة
	consumer	n	the person purchasing goods and services for personal use	المستهلك
	ENG	abb.	Electronic News Gathering	التجميع الإلكتروني للأخبار
	high-end	adj.	denoting the most expensive of a range of products	من طراز رفيع
	hydraulic	adj.	denoting, relating to or operated by a liquid moving in confined space under pressure	يدار بالسائل المضغوط
	motion picture	n	a story or event recorded by a camera as a set of moving images and shown in a theatre or on television	شريط مصور
	nowadays	adv.	at the present time; in contrast with the past	في أيامنا هذه
	pedestal	n	the base or support on which a statue or column is mounted	القاعدة الارتكازية
	period drama	n	a play belonging to or characteristic of a past historical time	مسرحية تاريخية
	stabilising	adj.	causing to become stable	مثبت
3	anticipation	n	the act of predicting and expecting something	توقع
	cast	n	the actors in a play or film	فرقة تمثيلية
	everyone's a critic	exp.	everyone has a right to express an opinion (often used in an ironic manner)	لكل الحق في التعبير
	soundtrack	n	a recording of the musical accompaniment to a movie	الموسيقى التصويرية
	up to scratch	exp.	up to standard	في المستوى
	amicably	adv.	friendly	بود و حميمية
4 & 5	audience	n	all the people who listen to a speech or a concert	الجمهور
	beckon away	ph. v	to leave a place because you are drawn to another	يُهاجر
	bring up	ph. v	to raise children	يربي
	category	n	a class or division of people or things regarded as having particular shared characteristics	صنف
	characterise	v	to describe the qualities of something or someone in a particular way	يُميز
	cityscape	n	the visual appearance of a city or urban area; a city landscape	المشهد الحضري
	commentator	n	a person who comments on events, esp. on television or radio	معلق
	court	n	the people, esp. the judge and the jury, who examine evidence and decide whether someone is guilty or not	محكمة
	feature	n	a distinctive attribute or aspect of something	سمة - صفة
	producer	n	a person responsible for the financial and managerial aspects of making of a movie or broadcast or for staging a play, opera, etc.	منتج
	screen	v	to show (a movie or video) or broadcast (a television programme)	يعرض على الشاشة
	spotlight	n	a lamp projecting a narrow, intense beam of light directly onto a place or person, esp. a performer on stage	دائرة الضوء
	sprawling	adj.	spreading out in different directions	يُنتشر
7 & 8	basically	adv.	fundamentally, essentially	بالأساس
	catch	v	to capture or seize	يُمسك - يقبض على
	congested	adj.	so crowded with traffic	شديد الازدحام
	fundamentally	adv.	in central or primary respects	جوهريا
	inexpensive	adj.	cheap; low-priced	زهيد الثمن
	voice-over	n	a piece of narration in a movie or broadcast, not accompanied by an image of the speaker	رواية أو قصة مروية
	wholeheartedly	adv.	sincerely	بكل صدق

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 attached	adj.	Joined to something	
2 automatically	adv.	spontaneously, without conscious thought or intention	
3 cloth	n	woven or felted fabric made from wool, cotton or a similar fiber	
4 collide	v	to hit with force when moving	
5 cushion	v	to soften the effect of an impact on ...	
6 detect	v	to discover or identify the presence or existence of ...	
7 diluted	adj.	(of a liquid) made thinner or weaker by having had water or another solvent added to it	
8 feasible	adj.	possible to do easily or conveniently	
9 inflate	v	to fill (a balloon, tire or other expandable structure) with air or gas so that it becomes enlarged	
10 plug	n	a device for making an electrical connection, esp. between an appliance and a power supply, consisting of a casing with metal pins that fit into holes in an outlet	
11 restraint	n	a measure or condition that keeps someone or something under control or within limits	
12 safeguard	v	to protect against something	
13 strain	n	a specific type of animal, micro-organism or plant	
14 strip	n	a long, narrow piece of cloth, paper, plastic etc.	
15 vehicle	n	a thing used for transporting people or goods, esp. on land, such as a car, truck or cart	
16 warning	n	a statement or event that indicates a possible danger, problem or unpleasant situation	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

- I think you need to this tyre. It's almost flat.
a. detect b. safeguard c. inflate d. collide
- If it is not replaced, this may cause a short circuit.
a. plug b. warning c. restraint d. strain
- You must wrap his wounded arm with a piece of
a. plug b. cloth c. vehicle d. warning
- During rain, cars may slide and dangerously.
a. collide b. inflate c. safeguard d. cushion
- There's a no-smoking sign on the wall at the entrance of the hospital.
a. vehicle b. plug c. strain d. warning

B. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(diluted / strain / safeguard / strips / warning / vehicles)

- Last year, a group of scientists discovered a of microbes that had existed millions of years ago.
- Parents' main concern is to and provide for their children.
- On the side of the road, there were two old abandoned
- If salt is into water, it will make it taste salty.
- The walls were decorated with long of colourful paper.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. How can smoke alarms save people's lives?

.....
.....
.....

2. How can airbags save people's lives in the case of a road accident?

.....
.....
.....

3. Vaccination helps to save many human lives. Explain.

.....
.....
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 bias	n	imbalance; unequal distribution of force	
2 collision	n	a crash of an object into something	
3 considerably	adv.	significantly; greatly	
4 foolproof	adj.	incapable of going wrong or being misused	
5 retain	v	to keep possession of	
6 skid	v	(of a vehicle) to slide, typically sideways or obliquely, on slippery ground or as a result of stopping or turning too quickly	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / v: verb

**EXERCISE****Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:**

(foolproof / considerably / bias / skid / collision / retain)

- When it's raining, cars may dangerously on the road.
- A between two trains in India caused the death of ten people.
- It is hard to find a manufactured product that is
- The between the front and the rear brakes can affect the car stability.
- Cars have changed during the last twenty years.

SET BOOK**Answer the following questions:**

- What safety measures are there in modern cars?

.....

- Why is it necessary to wear seatbelts while driving a car?

.....

- What factors may cause road accidents?

.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 acquainted with	adj.	knowing about something and being familiar with it because one has seen it, read it or used it	
2 confidential	adj.	intended to be kept secret	
3 daydream	v	to indulge in a series of pleasant thoughts that distract one's attention from the present	
4 decelerate	v	(of a vehicle, machine or process) to reduce speed; to slow down	
5 deviate	v	to depart from an established course	
6 disregard	v	to pay no attention to; to ignore	
7 drag	v	to pull (someone or something) along forcefully, roughly or with difficulty	
8 inexperienced	adj.	unpractised; untrained	
9 securely	adv.	firmly	
10 shred	v	to tear or cut into shreds	
11 slam into	ph. v	to crash into something with a lot of force	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / ph. v: phrasal verb / v: verb

EXERCISES**A. From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes each sentence below:**

1. Drivers must when they reach the roundabout.

a. shred b. drag c. decelerate d. daydream

2. One must not away from his basic principles and beliefs.

a. slam into b. shred c. disregard d. deviate

B. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(confidential / securely / shred / disregard / inexperienced / drag)

3. This machine can many papers in one minute.

4. A policeman is holding the thief so that he can't run away.

5. They refused his application for the job because he was

6. To succeed in your life you must other people's criticism.

7. The secretary must not reveal the information of her employer.

GRAMMAR**Should have / Shouldn't have****A: Form****should + the base form of the verb:**Example: You should always wear a seatbelt.Example: You shouldn't use your mobile phone while driving.

Should + have + past participle of the verb:

Example: The motorist should have driven more carefully.

Example: You should have given your report to the teacher on time.

B: Use / Meaning

1. We use *should* for advice or recommendation:

Example: You should wear a seatbelt. (I think it is important.)

2. We use *should have* to criticise or give advice about something in the past:

Example: He should have driven more carefully. (But he didn't drive carefully.)

Example: You shouldn't have driven so fast. It was dangerous.

Example: You should have locked the door.

EXERCISE

From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer to complete the following sentences:

1. You touched the electric wire with your bare hands.
a. should b. shouldn't c. should have d. shouldn't have
2. My friends come to class on time yesterday morning.
a. should have b. shouldn't c. should d. shouldn't have
3. Patients respect doctors' recommendations for their own good.
a. shouldn't b. should c. shouldn't have d. should have
4. We consume canned food after the end of their expiry date.
a. should b. shouldn't c. should have d. shouldn't have
5. Parent advise their children to be polite and respect other people.
a. should have b. shouldn't have c. shouldn't d. should

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 cautious	adj.	attentive to potential problems or dangers	
2 falsehood	n	the state of being untrue	
3 fundamental	adj.	forming a necessary base or core; of central importance	
4 intentional	adj.	done on purpose; deliberate	
5 overcome	v	to succeed in dealing with (a problem or difficulty)	
6 perseverance	n	persistence in doing something despite difficulty or delay in achieving success	
7 toothy	adj.	having or showing large, numerous or prominent teeth	
8 unsung	adj.	not celebrated	
9 venomous	adj.	(figurative) full of hatred or anger	
10 watchful	adj.	watching or observing someone or something closely	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d choose the word that best completes each sentence below:

1. A policeman must be always and ready to act.
 - a. **toothy**
 - b. **intentional**
 - c. **fundamental**
 - d. **watchful**
2. murders are punishable by the law.
 - a. **Toothy**
 - b. **Fundamental**
 - c. **Intentional**
 - d. **Cautious**
3. You must be very when you handle electric wires.
 - a. **cautious**
 - b. **unsung**
 - c. **intentional**
 - d. **venomous**

B. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(fundamental / overcome / watchful / perseverance / intentional / toothy)

1. and hard work will eventually lead to success.
2. The police think that the shooting was
3. Technology has become in our lives.
4. "Keep of your young brother till I return," said the mother.
5. If you insist on achieving your goals, you will all hardships.

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression		P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1	CEO	abb.	Chief Executive Officer	
2	emergency services	n	the public organizations that respond to and deal with emergencies when they occur, esp. those that provide police, ambulance and firefighting services	
3	fire drill	n	a practice of the emergency procedures to be used in case of fire	
4	monkfish	n	a bottom-dwelling anglerfish of European waters	
5	object	v	to say something to express one's disapproval of or disagreement with something	
6	over the moon	exp.	happy; joyful	
7	wed 	v	to link or combine closely	

abb.: abbreviation / exp.: expression / n: noun / v: verb

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EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(emergency services / CEO / monkfish / fire drill / wed / over the moon)

1. A group of firefighters are preparing for a in a nearby forest.
2. If you hard work and good skill, you will be the perfect worker.
3. The declared that he would resign if problems in the company persisted.
4. My brother says that a grilled is tastier than a fried one.
5. I feel! I finally got my driving licence.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. A friend of yours says that traffic laws are useless.

.....

.....

2. Your brother asks you about the main cause of car accidents.

.....

.....

3. Your friend believes that driving licences should be given to teenagers under 18.

.....

.....

4. Your brother keeps exceeding the speed limit whenever he drives his car.

.....

.....

WRITING AN ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAY

Many people believe that the responsibility for road accidents lays only on drivers, whereas many others believe that there are many other factors for these accidents. Plan and write an essay of not less than 14 sentences in which you present the two opinions and their arguments, and you express your own opinion about this issue.

OUTLINE

Introduction:

¹⁰ See, for example, the discussion of the 1993 Constitutional Conference in the section on the Constitutional Conference in this volume.

.....

Body 1:

Page 10 of 10

Body 2:

Conclusion:

.....

Writing

GRADE 11 * MODULE 4: Being Prepared *** UNIT 10: Accidents**

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Arabic Meaning
1 & 2	attached	adj.	Joined to something	مُرْتَبِطٌ بِ... مُتَصَّلٌ بِ...
	automatically	adv.	spontaneously, without conscious thought or intention	آلِيًّا تِلْفَانِيًّا
	cloth	n	woven or felted fabric made from wool, cotton or a similar fiber	قُمَاشٌ نِسَجٌ
	collide	v	to hit with force when moving	يُصْطَدُ بِ...
	cushion	v	to soften the effect of an impact on ...	يُخَفِّفُ مِنْ حَدَّةِ الصَّدْمَةِ
	detect	v	to discover or identify the presence or existence of ...	يَكْتَشِفُ
	diluted	adj.	(of a liquid) made thinner or weaker by having had water or another solvent added to it	مُخَفَّفٌ بِإِضَافَةِ سَائِلٍ
	feasible	adj.	possible to do easily or conveniently	قَابِلٌ لِلِّإِنْجَازِ
	inflate	v	to fill (a balloon, tire or other expandable structure) with air or gas so that it becomes enlarged	يُمْلِئُ شَيْئًا مَا هَوَاءِ
	plug	n	a device for making an electrical connection, esp. between an appliance and a power supply, consisting of a casing with metal pins that fit into holes in an outlet	قَابِسٌ مَقْبِسٌ
	restraint	n	a measure or condition that keeps someone or something under control or within limits	ضَابِطٌ ضَاغِطٌ
	safeguard	v	to protect against something	يَحْفَظُ عَلَى
	strain	n	a specific type of animal, micro-organism or plant	عِيَنَةٌ حَيَوَانِيَّةٌ أَوْ نَبَاتِيَّةٌ
	strip	n	a long, narrow piece of cloth, paper, plastic etc.	شَرِيطٌ
	vehicle	n	a thing used for transporting people or goods, esp. on land, such as a car, truck or cart	عَرْبَةٌ مَرْكَبَةٌ
	warning	n	a statement or event that indicates a possible danger, problem or unpleasant situation	تحْذِيرٌ
3	bias	n	imbalance; unequal distribution of force	عدُمُ التَّوازنِ
	collision	n	a crash of an object into something	اصطدامٌ
	considerably	adv.	significantly; greatly	بِشَكْلِ كَبِيرٍ
	foolproof	adj.	incapable of going wrong or being misused	لَا يَقْبَلُ الْخَطَاً أَوْ سَوْعَ الْإِسْتَعْمَالِ
	retain	v	to keep possession of	يَحْتَفِظُ بِ...
	skid	v	(of a vehicle) to slide, typically sideways or obliquely, on slippery ground or as a result of stopping or turning too quickly	يَنْزَلِقُ
4	acquainted with	adj.	knowing about something and being familiar with it because one has seen it, read it or used it	عَلِمَ بِ... مُعَادَةٌ عَلَى
	confidential	adj.	intended to be kept secret	سَرِيًّا
	daydream	v	to indulge in a series of pleasant thoughts that distract one's attention from the present	يَسْتَغْرِقُ فِي أَحَلَامِ الْيَقْنَةِ
	decelerate	v	(of a vehicle, machine or process) to reduce speed; to slow down	يُبَطِّئُ السَّيِّرَ يُخَفِّضُ السَّرْعَةَ
	deviate	v	to depart from an established course	يَحْيِدُ عَنْ مَسَارٍ
	disregard	v	to pay no attention to; to ignore	يَتَجَاهَلُ لَا يُعِيرُ إِهْتِمَامًا
	drag	v	to pull (someone or something) along forcefully, roughly or with difficulty	يَجْرِي يَسْحبُ
	inexperienced	adj.	unpractised; untrained	تَنَصَّهُ التَّجْرِيَّةِ
	securely	adv.	firmly	بِالْحَكَمِ
	shred	v	to tear or cut into shreds	يَمْزُقُ
	slam into	ph.v.	to crash into something with a lot of force	يُصْطَدُ بِ...
5	cautious	adj.	attentive to potential problems or dangers	حَذِيرٌ مُحَرِّسٌ
	falsehood	n	the state of being untrue	الْكَذْبُ الْبَهَانَةُ
	fundamental	adj.	forming a necessary base or core; of central importance	أَسَاسِيٌّ جَوْهَرِيٌّ
	intentional	adj.	done on purpose; deliberate	مَقْصُودٌ مُتَعَمِّدٌ
	overcome	v	to succeed in dealing with (a problem or difficulty)	يَتَخَطَّى يَتَجاوزُ صَعْوَدَةً

	6	perseverance	n	persistence in doing something despite difficulty or delay in achieving success	الإصرار \ المثابرة
	7	toothy	adj.	having or showing large, numerous or prominent teeth	بارز الأسنان
	8	unsung	adj.	not celebrated	الغير مُحتفى به
	9	venomous	adj.	(figurative) full of hatred or anger	حقود \ ضغف
	10	watchful	adj.	watching or observing someone or something closely	يقظ \ مُنتبة
7 & 8	1	CEO	ab.	Chief Executive Officer	المدير التنفيذي
	2	emergency services	n	the public organizations that respond to and deal with emergencies when they occur, esp. those that provide police, ambulance and firefighting services	خدمات الطوارئ
	3	fire drill	n	a practice of the emergency procedures to be used in case of fire	تدريب على إطفاء حريق
	4	monkfish	n	a bottom-dwelling anglerfish of European waters	نوع من الأسماك
	5	object	v	to say something to express one's disapproval of or disagreement with something	يعارض \ يعترض على
	6	over the moon	exp.	happy; joyful	فرح جداً
	7	wed	v	to link or combine closely	يُزاجُ بين \ يُوصل بين

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 appraise	v	to judge the value or quality of	
2 aquaculture	n	the rearing of aquatic animals or the cultivation of aquatic plants for food	
3 deforestation	n	the cutting or burning down of all trees in an area	
4 ecological	adj.	biological, environmental	
5 fund	v	to provide with money for a particular purpose	
6 joint	adj.	shared, held or made by two or more people or organizations together	
7 marine	adj.	of, found in or produced by the sea	
8 overall	adj.	total	
9 partnership	n	association; collaboration	
10 recreation	n	activity done for enjoyment when one is not working	
11 red tide	n	a discoloration of seawater caused by a bloom of toxic red organisms	
12 sting	v	to feel or cause to feel a sharp tingling or burning pain	
13 sustainable	adj.	able to be maintained at a certain rate or level	
14 unbearable	adj.	not able to be tolerated	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d choose the correct word to complete the following sentences:

- is one of the most dangerous problems in oceans.
 a. Recreation b. Red tide c. Deforestation d. Partnership
- Specialists estimate his wealth of about 7 billion dollars.
 a. unbearable b. ecological c. sustainable d. overall

B. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(partnership / unbearable / fund / sustainable / marine / aquaculture)

- Governments must environmental organizations regularly.
- The between the two companies brought so many profits.
- brings hundreds of tons of fresh fish to local markets.
- I like watching life documentaries very much.
- The problem of air pollution in China has become

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

- What environmental problems may threaten life on Earth?

.....

.....

- What benefits do people get from protecting the environment?

.....

.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 hybrid	n	the offspring of two plants or animals of different species or varieties	
2 kidnap	v	to take (someone) away illegally by force	
3 latter	adj.	denoting the second or second mentioned of two people or things	
4 nominal	adj.	existing in name only	
5 toenail	n	the nail at the top of each toe	
6 tusk	n	a long, pointed tooth that sticks out of the mouth of animals like elephants	

adj.: adjective / n: noun / v: verb

**EXERCISE****Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:**

(nominal / kidnapped / hybrid / toenail / tusks / latter)

1. Sometimes, elephants use their to defend themselves against enemies.
2. Most environmentalists believe that environmental laws are not practical.
3. My hurts so much. I stumbled and fell in the stairs yesterday.
4. This orange rose is a between two different species of roses.
5. A gang of criminals a wealthy man and asked for a ransom to set him free.

SET BOOK**Answer the following questions:**

1. In your opinion, why should we protect the endangered animal species?

.....

2. How can human activities cause the extinction of some animal species?

.....

3. How important are forests for human beings and animals?

.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 anticipate	v	to regard as probable; to expect or predict	
2 consent	v	to give permission for something to happen	
3 contradict	v	to deny the truth of (a statement), esp. by asserting the opposite	
4 dread	v	to anticipate with great apprehension or fear	
5 dump	v	to deposit or dispose of (garbage, waste or unwanted material), typically in a careless or hurried way	
6 exhaust pipe	n	a pipe on a car or machine through which waste gases pass	
7 fell	v	to cut down	
8 landfill site	n	a place to dispose of refuse and other waste material by burying it and covering it over with soil, esp. as a method of filling in or extending usable land	
9 smokestack	n	a chimney or pipe for discharging smoke from locomotive, ship, factory, etc.	
10 suspect	v	to doubt the genuineness or truth of	

n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d choose the best word to complete the following sentences:

1. It's really annoying to see some people their waste in the park.
 a. suspect b. fell c. contradict d. dump
2. I to get excellent marks in the final exams.
 a. dread b. contradict c. anticipate d. fell
3. If I suggest to hold my birthday party at home, my parents will certainly
 a. consent b. dump c. fell d. suspect
4. Most countries a nuclear war that may kill millions of people.
 a. dump b. fell c. consent d. dread
5. People's deeds must not their words.
 a. contradict b. fell c. dump d. anticipate

B. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(**landfill sites** / **dumping** / **exhaust pipe** / **dread** / **fell** / **smokestacks**)

1. This factory's can be seen from a long distance.
2. My father said that he would some dead trees in our garden.
3. I think that recycling waste is better than throwing it in
4. Most people COVID-19 disease very much.
5. "Stop rubbish everywhere in the room," said the mother.

GRAMMAR

Stative vs. Dynamic Verbs

EXAMPLES OF STATIVE VERBS

EXAMPLES OF STATIC VERBS				
Thought / opinion	Possession	Senses	Emotion	Appearance
know	have	taste	like	seem
believe	possess	hear	dislike	look (= seem)
understand	contain	smell	hate	sounds
recognize	consist	see	love	appear
remember	belong	feel	want	
disagree	own		need	

EXAMPLES OF DYNAMIC VERBS

EXAMPLES OF DYNAMIC VERBS				
Activity	Process	Physical condition	Beginning of an action or event	Actions of short duration
ask	grow		arrive	hit
cook	speed up	ache	die	jump
call	slow down	hurt	fall	kick
rain	widen	itch	land	knock
read	shrink	throb	leave	leap
swim	change		lose	

GRAMMAR PRACTICE

A. From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1. Listen. I someone is knocking on the door.
a. am thinking b. think c. had been thinking d. will think

2. When I arrived at the airport, I that I had forgotten my passport.
a. will realise b. have realised c. realised d. would realise

3. This food very delicious.
a. tastes b. is tasting c. tasted d. had tasted

4. When I met him, he much younger than I had thought.
a. will seem b. has seemed c. seemed d. is seeming

B. From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required between brackets:

From a, b and c, choose the correct answer as required between brackets.

1. I enjoy (watch) documentary films in my free time. (Correct the verb)
a. I enjoy watched documentary films in my free time.
b. I enjoy have watched documentary films in my free time.
c. I enjoy watching documentary films in my free time.
2. People remember important events in their lives,? (Add a question tag)
a. don't they?
b. aren't they?
c. didn't they?
3. My friend (love) computer games very much. (Correct the verb)
a. My friend loves computer games very much.
b. My friend is loving computer games very much.
c. My friend is being loved computer games very much.
4. Hunters kill thousands of wild animals every day. (Make passive)
a. Thousands of wild animals have been killed by hunters every day.
b. Thousands of wild animals are killed by hunters every day.
c. Thousands of wild animals will be killed by hunters every day.

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 amend	v	to make better; to improve	
2 anxiety	n	a feeling of worry, nervousness, or unease, typically about an unpleasant event or something with an uncertain outcome	
3 chiefly	adv.	above all; mainly	
4 confront	v	to threaten	
5 international	adj.	existing, occurring or carried on between two or more nations	
6 plight	n	a dangerous, difficult or otherwise unfortunate situation	
7 symposium	n	a conference or meeting to discuss a particular subject	
8 tackle	v	to make determined efforts to deal with a problem or difficult task	
9 worldwide	adj.	extending or reaching throughout the world	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(chiefly / plight / symposium / confront / anxiety / international)

1. Pollution has become a worldwide
2. If pollution continues at this pace, we will more ecological disasters.
3. Teachers are concerned about improving their students' levels.
4. A /An about the environment must be held annually.
5. Students usually go through a period of tension and before exams.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. Your friend wants to know what people should do to reduce pollution.

.....

2. Your brother says that we don't need to worry too much about the environment.

.....

3. One of your classmates wants to know how to save water.

.....

4. Your sister believes that there are other habitable planets other than Earth.

.....

WRITING AN ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAY

Many people believe that human activities are the only causes of the increasing ecological problems, whereas many others say that there are many other factors that cause these problems. Plan and write an essay of not less than 14 sentences in which you present the two opinions and their arguments, and you express your own opinion about this issue.

OUTLINE

Introduction:

Body 1:

Body 2:

Conclusion

Writing

GRADE 11 *** MODULE 4: Being Prepared *** UNIT 11: The Planet in Danger

L	Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Arabic Meaning
1 & 2	1 appraise	v	to judge the value or quality of	يُقيِّمُ يُثْمِنُ
	2 aquaculture	n	the rearing of aquatic animals or the cultivation of aquatic plants for food	الزراعة البحرية
	3 deforestation	n	the cutting or burning down of all trees in an area	قطع و إحراق الغابات
	4 ecological	adj.	biological, environmental	بيئي ذو علاقة بالبيئة
	5 fund	v	to provide with money for a particular purpose	يُموّلُ
	6 joint	adj.	shared, held or made by two or more people or organizations together	مُشترِكٌ
	7 marine	adj.	of, found in or produced by the sea	بحري
	8 overall	adj.	total	شامل عامٌ
	9 partnership	n	association; collaboration	شراكة
	10 recreation	n	activity done for enjoyment when one is not working	ترفيه
	11 red tide	n	a discoloration of seawater caused by a bloom of toxic red organisms	المَد الأحمر
	12 sting	v	to feel or cause to feel a sharp tingling or burning pain	يسُنُغُ يُذَاعِ
	13 sustainable	adj.	able to be maintained at a certain rate or level	دائم مستدام
	14 unbearable	adj.	not able to be tolerated	لا يُحتمل لا يُطاقُ
3	1 hybrid	n	the offspring of two plants or animals of different species or varieties	هجين
	2 kidnap	v	to take (someone) away illegally by force	يُخطفُ
	3 latter	adj.	denoting the second or second mentioned of two people or things	الآخر
	4 nominal	adj.	existing in name only	بالإسم فقط و ليس بالفعل
	5 toenail	n	the nail at the top of each toe	ظفر إصبع القدم
	6 tusk	n	a long, pointed tooth that sticks out of the mouth of animals like elephants	نَابُ الفيل
4 & 5	1 anticipate	v	to regard as probable; to expect or predict	يتوقع يتطلع إلى
	2 consent	v	to give permission for something to happen	يُوافقُ على يقبلُ بـ ...
	3 contradict	v	to deny the truth of (a statement), esp. by asserting the opposite	يُنَاقِضُ
	4 dread	v	to anticipate with great apprehension or fear	يرتَأِعُ يَرْهَبُ
	5 dump	v	to deposit or dispose of (garbage, waste or unwanted material), typically in a careless or hurried way	يُلْقِي التَّفَاهِيَّاتِ دونِ إِكْتَرَاثٍ
	6 exhaust pipe	n	a pipe on a car or machine through which waste gases pass	أنبوب العادم في السيارة
	7 fell	v	to cut down	يقطعُ
	8 landfill site	n	a place to dispose of refuse and other waste material by burying it and covering it over with soil, esp. as a method of filling in or extending usable land	مَكْبُثْ نَفَاثَاتٍ
	9 smokestack	n	a chimney or pipe for discharging smoke from locomotive, ship, factory, etc.	مَدْخَنَةٌ
	10 suspect	v	to doubt the genuineness or truth of	يرتَأِبُ يُشتبِهُ يشكُ
7 & 8	1 amend	v	to make better; to improve	يحسّنُ يطَوَّرُ
	2 anxiety	n	a feeling of worry, nervousness, or unease, typically about an unpleasant event or something with an uncertain outcome	قلق إنزعاج
	3 chiefly	adv.	above all; mainly	في المقام الأول خاصة
	4 confront	v	to threaten	يُجَاهِدُ يُوَاجِهُ
	5 international	adj.	existing, occurring or carried on between two or more nations	دولي عالمي
	6 plight	n	a dangerous, difficult or otherwise unfortunate situation	ورطة مأزق
	7 symposium	n	a conference or meeting to discuss a particular subject	ندوة مؤتمر
	8 tackle	v	to make determined efforts to deal with a problem or difficult task	يُعالِجُ مشكلًا
	9 worldwide	adj.	extending or reaching throughout the world	في كل العالم

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 accumulate	v	to gather together or acquire an increasing number or quantity of	
2 alongside	prep.	close to the side of; next to	
3 calamity	n	an event causing great and often sudden damage or distress; a disaster	
4 costly	adj.	costing a lot; expensive	
5 expert	n	a person who has a comprehensive and authoritative skill in a particular area	
6 flare up	ph. v	to burn with a sudden intensity	
7 mullet	n	a chiefly marine fish that is widely caught for food	
8 overflow	v	to flood or flow over a surface or area	
9 prohibit	v	to prevent; to make impossible	
10 prolonged	adj.	continuing for a long time or longer than usual; lengthy	
11 quake	v	(esp. of the earth) to shake or tremble	
12 remarkable	adj.	worthy of attention; striking	
13 remedy	n	a means of counteracting or eliminating something undesirable	
14 shortage	n	a state or situation in which something needed cannot be obtained in sufficient amounts	

adj.: adjective / ph. v: phrasal verb / prep.: preposition / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISES

A. From a, b, c and d choose the correct word to complete the following sentences:

- Some natural can be disastrous and extremely destructive.
 a. experts b. calamities c. mullets d. remedies
- When the ground severely, buildings may fall easily.
 a. overflows b. prohibits c. accumulates d. quakes

B. Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list below:

(prolonged / remedy / prohibit / costly / flare up / shortage)

- Doctors and scientists are trying to find a final to cancer.
- Oxygen makes fire and become uncontrollable.
- Some African countries witness a period of draught annually.
- The project that you suggested is very We can't afford it.
- It is absolutely impossible to the occurrence of volcanoes.

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

- How can the power of nature be extremely destructive?

.....

- How should we deal with natural disasters?

.....

.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 intensity	n	strength; power	
2 lethal	adj.	sufficient to cause death	
3 moist	adj.	slightly wet; damp or humid	
4 spinning	adj.	rotating; revolving; turning around	
5 storm cellar	n	a room below ground level, typically used for hiding in during strong storms such as tornadoes	
6 vortex	adj.	(of a mass of wind or water) spinning rapidly and pulling things into the center	

adj.: adjective / n: noun



EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(**storm cellars / lethal / vortex / moist / intensity / spinning**)

1. I heard that a small boat sunk in a huge in the sea.
2. The of the wind may sometimes be very destructive.
3. In winter, you can see droplets of water form on the windshield of the car because the outside air is very
4. The authorities must build in every city to protect people.
5. Some natural disasters are extremely

SET BOOK

Answer the following questions:

1. How can meteorologists collect information about tornadoes?

.....
.....
.....

2. How can tornadoes be dangerous?

.....
.....

3. What can governments do to protect people from tornadoes?

.....
.....
.....

Date:

VOCABULARY:

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 announce	v	to make a public and typically formal declaration about a fact, occurrence or intention	
2 come in	ph. v	when the tide comes in, the sea moves towards the land	
3 go out	ph. v	1. to become extinguished 2. to recede to low tide	
4 mansion	n	a large, impressive house	
5 perilously	adv.	dangerously, hazardously	
6 previous	adj.	existing or occurring before in time or order	
7 regularly	adv.	often, frequently	
8 turnoff	n	a junction at which a road branches off from a main road	

almanahj.co adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / ph. v: phrasal verb / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE**Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:**

(turnoff / regularly / mansion / announce / perilously / previous)

1. They live in a fantastic by the seashore.
2. He has visited the museum since he was seven.
3. Global warming will affect marine life.
4. Be careful! There's a truck coming from the right at the
5. In his speech, the president will that he will make some changes in the government.

GRAMMAR
REPORTED SPEECH

- We use the reported speech to report what people say in a specific time. When we report what people say, we use a reporting verb and make changes to the speaker's actual words:

Direct speech: Ahmed: 'I am very busy'.

Reported speech: Ahmed said that he was very busy.

- In general, the verb in reported speech is more in the past than the verb in direct speech.
- Many other changes occur when we report someone's speech. These changes include the following: **pronouns, time references, place references, demonstrative pronouns, verb tenses and modal auxiliaries.**

DIRECT SPEECH / REPORTED SPEECH

DIRECT SPEECH	REPORTED SPEECH
1. Pronouns : I _____ you _____ we _____ me _____ my _____ our _____ your _____	he / she me / us they him / her his / her their my / our
2. Time References : now _____ today _____ yesterday _____ last week _____ next week _____ tomorrow _____ this year _____	then / at that time that day the previous day / the day before the previous week / the week before the following week / the week after the following day / the day after that year
3. Place / Location References: here _____	there
4. Demonstrative Pronouns: this _____ these _____	that those
5. Tenses: present simple _____ present continuous _____ present perfect _____ past simple _____ past continuous _____	past simple past continuous past perfect past perfect past perfect continuous
6. Modal Auxiliaries: will _____ can _____ may _____ must _____	would could might had to

EXERCISE

From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer as shown between brackets:

1. “I travelled to London with my family last week”, said Ali. **(Report)**
 - a. Ali said that he has travelled to London with her family the previous week.
 - b. Ali said that he travelled to London with his family the previous week.
 - c. Ali said that he had travelled to London with his family the previous week.

2. “I will start a new business tomorrow”, said my father. **(Report)**
 - a. My father told me that she will start a new business tomorrow.
 - b. My father told me that he would start a new business the following day.
 - c. My father told me that he will start a new business the following day.

Date:

VOCABULARY:

SAMI BIN YOUNES

Expression	P.S.	Meaning	Translation
1 absolutely	adv.	with no qualification, restriction or limitation; totally	
2 demanding	adj.	requiring much skill or effort	
3 impractical	adj.	not sensible or realistic	
4 lessen	v	to make or become less; to diminish	
5 map out	ph. v	to plan something carefully or to explain carefully what your plans are	
6 propose	v	to put forward (an idea or plan) for consideration or discussion by others	
7 pros and cons	exp.	advantages and disadvantages	
8 standard	adj.	serving as or conforming to a standard of measurement or value	
9 supply	n	an amount available or sufficient for a given use; stock	
10 wasteful	adj.	using or expending something of value carelessly	

adj.: adjective / adv.: adverb / exp.: expression / ph. v: phrasal verb / n: noun / v: verb

EXERCISE

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:

(propose / wasteful / lessen / supply / pros and cons / absolutely)

1. If you intend travel to the desert, take with you a good of food and water.
2. Every single word that my father had told me was true.
3. My mother always advises me to use my money properly and not to be
4. I think the Internet has its
5. The new minister of economy will a new economic policy.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. Your friend wants to know what governments can do to save lives in disasters.

.....
.....

2. Your brother says that natural disasters can be very destructive.

.....
.....

3. Your brother wants to know how floods occur.

.....
.....

WRITING AN ARGUMENTATIVE ESSAY

For many people, the damage caused by natural disasters can be reduced. For many others, it is impossible to reduce this damage. Plan and write an essay of not less than 14 sentences in which you present the two opinions and their arguments, and you express your own opinion about this issue.

OUTLINE

Introduction:

Body 1:

Body 2:

Conclusion:

Writing

GRADE 11 *** MODULE 4: Being Prepared *** UNIT 12: The Power of Nature

L	Expression	P. S.	Meaning	Arabic Meaning
1 & 2	accumulate	v	to gather together or acquire an increasing number or quantity of	يجمع
	alongside	prep	close to the side of; next to	بِمُحَاذَةٍ / بجانب
	calamity	n	an event causing great and often sudden damage or distress; a disaster	كارثة
	costly	adj.	costing a lot; expensive	مُكلَّفٌ / باهظ التكلفة
	expert	n	a person who has a comprehensive and authoritative skill in a particular area	خبير
	flare up	ph. v	to burn with a sudden intensity	يُضطَرُمُ / يشتعل فجأةً
	mullet	n	a chiefly marine fish that is widely caught for food	سمك بوري
	overflow	v	to flood or flow over a surface or area	يُفِيضُ / يغمر
	prohibit	v	to prevent; to make impossible	يُمْنَعُ / يحرّم
	prolonged	adj.	continuing for a long time or longer than usual; lengthy	مُطْلَقٌ
	quake	v	(esp. of the earth) to shake or tremble	يُهْزَّ / يرتج
	remarkable	adj.	worthy of attention; striking	ملحوظ
	remedy	n	a means of counteracting or eliminating something undesirable	علاج
	shortage	n	a state or situation in which something needed cannot be obtained in sufficient amounts	نقصٌ في ...
3	intensity	n	strength; power	قوّةً / حدةً
	lethal	adj.	sufficient to cause death	قاتلً / مميتً / مهلاً
	moist	adj.	slightly wet; damp or humid	نديً / مبللً
	spinning	adj.	rotating; revolving; turning around	دوران
	storm cellar	n	a room below ground level, typically used for hiding in during strong storms such as tornadoes	ملاجأً مخباً من العاصف
	vortex	adj.	(of a mass of wind or water) spinning rapidly and pulling things into the center	دُوَامَةً
4 & 5	announce	v	to make a public and typically formal declaration about a fact, occurrence or intention	يُعلنُ
	come in	ph. v	when the tide comes in, the sea moves towards the land	الماء
	go out	ph. v	1. to become extinguished 2. to recede to low tide	1. يختفي / ينطفئ (الحريق) 2. ينراوح (الماء)
	mansion	n	a large, impressive house	منزل فخمً / فاخرً
	perilously	adv.	dangerously, hazardously	بخطرة
	previous	adj.	existing or occurring before in time or order	السابق
	regularly	adv.	often, frequently	ياستمرار
	turnoff	n	a junction at which a road branches off from a main road	تفرّعً (الطريق)
7 & 8	absolutely	adv.	with no qualification, restriction or limitation; totally	تمامًا / مطلقاً
	demanding	adj.	requiring much skill or effort	يتطلب مهارةً أو جهداً
	impractical	adj.	not sensible or realistic	غير واقعي أو عقلاني
	lessen	v	to make or become less; to diminish	يُخَفِّضُ / يُنقصُ
	map out	ph. v	to plan something carefully or to explain carefully what your plans are	يخططُ بإحكامٍ
	propose	v	to put forward (an idea or plan) for consideration or discussion by others	يقترح
	pros and cons	exp.	advantages and disadvantages	مزايا و مساوىء
	standard	adj.	serving as or conforming to a standard of measurement or value	قياسي
	supply	n	an amount available or sufficient for a given use; stock	مؤونةً / مخزون
	wasteful	adj.	using or expending something of value carelessly	مسرفً / مبذّر

GRADE 11

READING COMPREHENSION (1)

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

The revolution technology has brought to the world is great. People no longer have to work so hard or for long hours yet results have improved. The entertainment industry and in particular the music field can use technology to deliver better results to their fans. One of the media house quoted saying that her previous music efforts have been a great success because of embracing technology. So, what are the many benefits of using technology in the music industry? The article below highlights some of them.

Decades ago, musicians and bands were limited to using few musical instruments which could hardly serve all the fans in a big show. The recording quality in the studio was bad and so were other **logistics** that involved instruments. However, today, we have various musical instruments that use the latest technology like electric guitars, amplifiers, mixers, mini keyboards and many more. All these have enhanced the delivery of music to the fans in one excellent way.

When musicians have a show, they can now sell their tickets online and accept many cashless payments. Indeed technology has made work easier for them and their support staff like accountants and managers. Apart from just selling the tickets, there are others like digital diaries and schedules of the tour that can be directly shared to their Smartphones and have reminders.

When musicians produce some music, they can use a show to promote it. However, most of the promotions are done through marketing and communication through their fans. It is technology that allows the use of various digital marketing platforms like a website, video sharing, and social media interactions. According to various digital marketers in the entertainment industry, there is nothing effective in making musicians rise to fame than the power of sharing **their** music content online.

Today, music stars have so many avenues of making money through the use of technology. One of the greatest is through the use of selling their music online. There are many playlist selling platforms, and they are doing well. Also, they can create various blogs and channels where people subscribe, and advertisers get to advertise their products there at a fee. Therefore, it is highly recommended that all musicians should embrace technology in all aspects of their career. It will help them to get the maximum out of it.

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer:

1. This text is mainly about:
 - a. the difficulties faced by musicians.
 - b. the problems of selling musical instruments online.
 - c. the benefits of using technology by musicians.
 - d. the problems of modern technology.
2. The underlined word "logistics" in the 2nd paragraph is **closest** in meaning to:
 - a. plans
 - b. instruments
 - c. guitars
 - d. markets
3. The underlined word "their" in the 4th paragraph refers to:
 - a. interactions
 - b. platforms
 - c. marketers
 - d. musicians
4. According to paragraph 3, online marketing can help musicians to:
 - a. sell their tickets.
 - b. send emails to computer companies.
 - c. learn English lessons easily.
 - d. watch the latest news.
5. According to the passage, which of the following sentences is **NOT TRUE?**
 - a. Technology is a successful way for musicians to make more money.
 - b. Technology can facilitate musicians work.
 - c. Technology can increase musicians' fame and profits.
 - d. Technology can cause many problems to musicians.

B. Answer the following questions:

6. What is the main purpose of the writer from this passage?

.....

7. How was the recording quality in studios in the past?

.....

8. How can musicians sell their productions by using technology?

.....

9. How do advertisers benefit from online blogs and channels?

.....

GRADE 11

READING COMPREHENSION (2)

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

When talking about weight, it is usually a sensitive topic. However some people struggle with losing weight, and especially with a **lousy** lifestyle, this does not help at all. There are many reasons for why you're struggling to lose your weight; those reasons might consist of poor diet choice, lack of exercise and many more which you might not realize at all.

If you're looking for some tips to lose some weight, don't worry, we got you. In this article, we have provided some tips to cut down your fat, consider reading this article if you want to know what those tips are.

If your diet consisted of junk food and accompanied by soda or sugary drinks, this might be one of the reasons why you're not losing weight. If you want to cut down some of that body fat, consider changing your diet. Start by looking for alternatives to your favorite food, for example swapping your favorite fried chicken with grilled chicken, start small and soon you'll know what to do.

If you want to be precise about your exercise, it might be a good idea to install a fitness application on your smartphone. Installing the application doesn't automatically make you lose your weight, but **it** helps to track on what you eat, how many calories you take and how much it went out by your exercise. Another usage of fitness application is to know whether you're making enough steps for the day or not, which is a bit crucial when you don't have time to squeeze in some exercise for yourself.

There's no sugarcoating this, so let's get to the point. Changing your diet will help a lot with your weight loss, but if you want more help with losing your weight, you have to accompany your diet with exercises. You don't have to force yourself to become a bodybuilder in a night. Instead, you can start by doing light workouts, such as jogging or yoga. It's not about how heavy your exercise is, but it's all about consistency. Fifteen minutes of walking or jogging every day is more than enough.

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer:

1. This text is mainly about:
 - a. the ways to consume junk food.
 - b. the problems of heart diseases.
 - c. the benefits of studying online.
 - d. the ways to lose weight.

2. The underlined word "lousy" in the 1st paragraph is **closest** in meaning to:

- a. active
- b. terrible
- c. interesting
- d. happy

3. The underlined word "it" in the 4th paragraph refers to:

- a. doing exercise.
- b. making enough steps.
- c. installing a fitness application.
- d. losing weight.

4. According to paragraph 4, a fitness application is useful to:

- a. track the number of calories and the duration of exercise.
- b. buy cheap healthy food online.
- c. take beautiful photos and record short videos.
- d. call friends and family members easily.

5. According to the passage, which of the following sentences is **NOT TRUE?**

- a. Using a fitness application can help to lose weight.
- b. Jogging and yoga can help to lose weight.
- c. Changing diet is the only way to lose weight.
- d. Changing diet and doing exercise are both useful to lose weight.

B. Answer the following questions:

6. According to the passage, how can a person lose weight?

.....
.....

7. What are the reasons for not losing weight?

.....
.....

8. What examples of exercises does the writer recommend to lose weight?

.....
.....

9. What does the writer mean by this sentence: "It's not about how heavy your exercise is, but it's all about consistency."?

.....
.....