مراجعة الاختبار الأول في اللغة الإنجليزية





تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع مناهج مملكة البحرين

موقع المناهج ← مناهج مملكة البحرين ← الصف السابع ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الثاني ← ملفات متنوعة ← الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 27-10-2025 01:31:26

ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس

المزيد من مادة لغة انجليزية:

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السابع











صفحة مناهج مملكة البحرين على فيسببوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السابع والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني	
نموذج إجابة أسئلة امتحان نهاية الفصل الثاني للعام 2017	1
نموذج أسئلة امتحان نهاية الفصل الثاني للعام 2017	2
نموذج أسئلة امتحان نهاية الفصل الثاني للعام 2016	3
إجابة أسئلة امتحان نهاية الفصل الثاني للعام الدراسي 2019	4
إجابة أسئلة امتحان نهاية الفصل الثاني للعام الدراسي 2023	5



REVISION BOOKLET FOR TEST 1 for 1st Intermediate

Prepared by T. Amira Rajab





Part 12025 Listening





Useful links to practice the listening

http:
//www.esllounge.co
m/student/listening.
php

http:
//learnenglishteen.brit
ishcouncil.org/skills/li
stening-skills-practice

03 http://www.esl-lab.com/







Part 2 2026 2025 Grammar



Preposition of place

Prepositions of Place

General Specific

IN

Neighborhoods (Chinatown)

Cities

(Washington)

Countries

(The United States)

*Places with a Boundary

ON

Streets, Avenues (Pennsylvania Ave.)

Islands

(Fiji)

Large vehicles

(train, bus, ship)

*Surfaces

AT

Addresses

(1600 Pennsylvania Ave.)

Specific locations

(home, the corner)

*Points











Preposition of time

IN

SEASONS

AT

MONTHS

in the summer

in the spring

in April

on Tuesday

- on Saturday
- on my birthday
- on Christmas day
- on Halloween

at lunchtime

DECADES

YEARS

in the 80s

in 1990

CENTURIES

in the 20th century

LONG PERIODS

- in the ice age
- in the present
- in the past

PARTS OF THE DAY

- in the morning
- in the afternoon
- in the evening
- <u> at</u> night

DATES

ON

DAYS

- on 15th June
- on 20th May
- on our anniversary

PARTS OF SPECIFIC DAY

- on Monday morning
- on Friday evening
- on Saturday night
- on Sunday afternoon

(LAST/NEXT

at/in/on

- Call me at the next weekend.
- Call me next weekend.
- I met her on the last Friday.
 - I met her last Friday.

TIMES OF DAY

- at 4 o'clock
- at 10:30
- at noon
- at midnight

MEALTIMES

- at dinnertime

HOLIDAYS

- at Christmas
- at Easter
- at the weekend

EXPRESSIONS

- at present
- at the moment
- at night



TO BE

VERBS



S + am/is/are + predicate...

S + verb + object...



S + am/is/are + not + predicate...

S + don't/doesn't + verb + object...



Am/Is/ Are + S + predicate?

Do/ Does + S + verb + object?

Usage

Example

Express general truth

The sun rises in the east.

Habits

I play badminton every Tuesday.

Our train leaves at 9 am.

I won't go out until it stops raining.

Future timetables

Future after "when", "until"...

He works in a bank.

Permanent situations

Man enters space.

For newspaper headlines

I believe that you are innocent.

With non-progressive

Suddenly, the window opens and a masked man enters.

When telling stories

First of all, you break the eggs and whisk with sugar.

For giving directions and instructions







Articles

WHAT IS AN ARTICLE?



An article is a word used to modify a noun, which is a person, place, object, or idea. An article comes before a noun to show if it's specific or general. In English there are three articles: a, an, and the.

EXAMPLES

I have read <u>a</u> book

My mom bought <u>an</u> umbrella

The weather was so nice









A

- "A" is used in front of singular countable nouns (a person, animal or thing) which are not specific.
- · We don't use a before uncountable or plural nouns.
- If a noun starts with a consonant sound (b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, etc.), "a" comes before the noun.

E.g. a dog, a chicken, a boy, a teacher, a girl, a lesson, a website, etc.

An

- "AN" is used in front of singular countable nouns which are not specific.
- · We don't use a before uncountable or plural nouns.
- If the noun starts with a vowel sound (a, e, i, o, u), "an" comes before the noun.

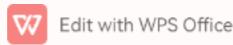
E.g. an umbrella, an owl, an image, an hour, an enemy, an author, etc.

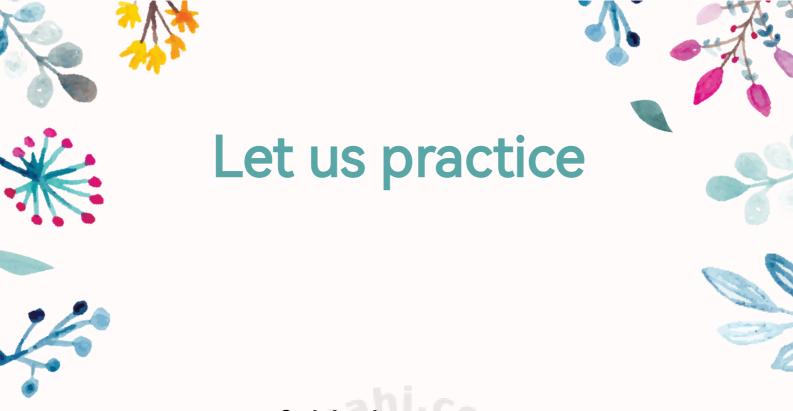
The

 We use 'THE' in front of all nouns (It does not matter whether the nouns are singular, plural countable or uncountable) to describe someone or something specific or unique.

E.g. the Moon, the world, the Sun, the atmosphere, the rain, the South, the West, the North, etc.







Useful link to practice grammar

https://www.englischhilfen.de/en/exercises/tenses/simple_ past_present_perfect.htm





Read the following and answer the questions:





Imagine a long queue at a market and you are standing at the end. You are in a hurry but the queue is moving very very slowly. How do you feel?

Liam Lark, a psychology professor, studies the feelings of people in queues. Then, he helps companies make their queues better. According to Mr Lark, queues can make people

feel very angry and frustrated. But some queues are fun to wait in.

One theme park has got computer games and video cameras for people waiting at the queue. There, waiting can be more enjoyable.

Lark says something else interesting. Information helps. Some places like banks or chemists for example, give numbers so clients know how many people are in front of them. Disneyland has got signs with the waiting time for rides so people can choose to wait or leave. Sometimes a sign says there's a 40 minute wait, but the queue moves quickly and it's only 30 minutes wait. The people in the queue feel lucky and not angry!

Understanding queues is a science and with Liam Lark's help, maybe we can enjoy standing in them!









1	Who is Liam Lark?
2,-	What does he do?
3	Do you like waiting at queues?
4	How do you feel when you see a long queue?
5	Do you play with your mobile phone while waiting?
6	Do people want to know their number in a queue?

match the two columns

1.- take

2.- watch

3.- tell

4.- buy

5.- read

6.- drink

7.- study

8.- borrow

a.- photos

b.- magazines

c- a cup of tea

d.- books

e.- jokes

f.- the lesson

g.-medicines

h.- a movie







Example 1

Last week, our neighborhood park was always dir ty, empty, sad with lots of rubbish and little dead grass. T ben some students in our local school decided to volunteer and turned it into a welcoming park. T by did a great job. First, they worked on cleaning the park and removed all the rubbish and yellow dead grass. T be penches were painted in red, they repaired the playground, and planted a lot of f bwers. If you come to the park, you will not recognize it. It is a beautiful place filed with laughter and joy. Now, ever play we can enjoy walking there and see colour fil and sweet-smiling f bwers with green grass. Ever ycorner has a red rubbish bin which makes people use them and stop throwing rubbish in the park. We love going to our clean and splendid park now.





Example 2



A new bedroom

Last Sunday, my father and I wanted to change my bedroom. This is because my bed was broken, the painting was dull, the rug was full of dirt and the AC was very old. Therefor, we went to the shop to buy a new bed. I chose a white bed with beautiful flowers. My brother Ahmed and I painted the walls white and drew some stars. My father also has changed the lights and the AC. We placed a grey rug under the bed. After that, we cleaned the room and had some coffee to enjoy the place.

Now, I feel so happy and relaxed in my room.





Example 3



Our classroom

Last month, my classmates and I changed the classroom. It was dirty, the AC wasn't working, tables and chairs were broken and the walls were dull. So, we decided to make our classroom more beautiful to make it our safe and encouraging place to learn. Our teacher bought new chairs and tables. We saved some money and bought decorations. We cleaned the classroom. We fixed the AC and the broken board. Also, we painted the walls light pink. We brought a vase of flowers and the teacher's placed it desk. on Now, we feel happy and we enjoy studying in our classroom.



