

Grammar review



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية

موقع المناهج ⇨ المناهج الإماراتية ⇨ الصف الثامن ⇨ لغة انجليزية ⇨ الفصل الثالث ⇨ ملفات متنوعة ⇨ الملف

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المزيد من مادة
لغة انجليزية:

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التواصل الاجتماعي حسب الصف الثامن



صفحة المناهج
الإماراتية على
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثامن والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثالث

Revision worksheet - UAE Travel Blog

1

Term 3 assessment 1 practice

2

Unit 8: World Festivals - Grammar and Vocabulary Exercises الهيكل

3

Unit 8 World festivals Vocabulary List

4

Unit 9 Great expeditions Vocabulary List الامتحان

5



Overview of Grammatical Rules Covered

1. **G.2.8 Adverbs (degree) / Extreme Adjectives:** Adverbs of degree (e.g., *absolutely, completely*) modify extreme adjectives (e.g., *freezing, hilarious*), which already contain the meaning of "very." Standard adverbs like *very* modify base adjectives (e.g., *cold, funny*).
2. **G.15.1 Future Time (Simple Future: will/shall):** Used for spontaneous decisions, predictions without present evidence, promises, or formal offers (*shall* is primarily used with *I* or *we* in formal contexts).
3. **G.15.3 Future Time (Present Continuous for Future):** Used for confirmed personal arrangements and fixed plans where the time and place are already decided.
4. **G.1.2 Adjectives (Comparatives):** Used to compare differences between two objects, using *-er than* for short adjectives and *more ... than* for longer adjectives.
5. **G.14.1 Past Time (Past Simple including 'to be'):** Used for completed actions in a specific, finished time in the past (*was/were, regular -ed, or irregular forms*).

6. **G.14.3 Past Time (Past Continuous):** Used for ongoing actions interrupted by another past action, or background scenes in a past narrative (*was/were + verb-ing*).
 7. **G.10.6 Passives (Present Perfect Simple Passive):** Used to focus on the object receiving an action that happened at an unspecified time before now (*has/have + been + past participle*).
 8. **G.6.2 Conjunctions (Subordinating):** Connects an independent clause to a dependent clause, establishing relationships of time, cause, or condition (e.g., *although, because, whereas, provided that*).
 9. **G.19.1 Verb Forms (Gerunds):** Verbs acting as nouns (*verb-ing*), used after specific verbs (e.g., *enjoy, avoid*), as subjects, or after prepositions.
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100-Question Assessment

Part 1: G.2.8 Adverbs (Degree) & Extreme Adjectives

1. The comedy show last night was absolutely _____.
 - a) funny
 - b) hilarious
 - c) amusing

Explanation: "Absolutely" is used with extreme adjectives like "hilarious." "Funny" and "amusing" take standard adverbs like "very."

2. I need to wear a heavy coat because it is _____ freezing outside.
 - a) completely

b) very

c) slightly

Explanation: "Freezing" is an extreme adjective and cannot be modified by standard adverbs of degree like "very" or "slightly."

3. The view from the top of the Burj Khalifa was utterly _____.

a) nice

b) beautiful

c) breathtaking

Explanation: "Utterly" pairs with non-gradable/extreme adjectives like "breathtaking."

4. By the time we finished the desert safari, we were absolutely _____.

a) tired

b) exhausted

c) sleepy

Explanation: "Exhausted" means extremely tired, making it compatible with the extreme modifier "absolutely."

5. The price of the hotel suite was completely _____.

a) expensive

b) high

c) outrageous

Explanation: "Outrageous" is an extreme adjective that fits with the absolute modifier "completely."

6. The water in the Hatta pools was _____ boiling during mid-July.

- a) positively
- b) very
- c) moderately

Explanation: "Boiling" is extreme; "positively" acts as an intensifying adverb for non-gradable adjectives.

7. The historical museum in Sharjah was totally _____.

- a) fascinating
- b) interesting
- c) good

Explanation: "Fascinating" is an extreme adjective modified correctly by "totally."

8. I found the final exam questions to be completely _____.

- a) hard
- b) impossible
- c) difficult

Explanation: "Impossible" is extreme, matching the absolute adverb "completely."

9. The room was _____ filthy after the construction workers left.

- a) slightly
- b) absolutely
- c) a bit

Explanation: "Filthy" means extremely dirty, requiring an extreme modifier like "absolutely."

10. Her performance at the Dubai Opera was utterly _____.

- a) superb
- b) good
- c) satisfactory

Explanation: "Superb" is the extreme equivalent of good/excellent, matching "utterly."

11. After running the marathon, he was _____ starving.

- a) extremely
- b) fairly
- c) literally

Explanation: "Starving" is extreme; "literally" can act as an intensifier, whereas "extremely" typically modifies base adjectives like "hungry."

12. The ancient ruins they discovered were absolutely _____.

- a) old
- b) tiny
- c) ancient

Explanation: "Ancient" means extremely old, pairing perfectly with "absolutely."

Part 2: G.15.1 Future Time (Simple Future: Will/Shall)

13. Don't worry about the heavy suitcases; I _____ carry them for you.
- a) will
 - b) shall to
 - c) am going to
14. _____ we proceed with the opening remarks for the ceremony?
- a) Will
 - b) Shall
 - c) Going to
15. Scientists predict that smart cities _____ dominate urban planning by 2035.
- a) will
 - b) shall

c) are arranged to

16. If you don't study your vocabulary lists regularly, you _____ struggle on the exam.

a) shall

b) will

c) are continuous to

17. Wait, I see you don't have a pen. I _____ lend you mine.

a) shall

b) am lending

c) will

18. What time _____ we meet the curriculum development team tomorrow?

a) will

b) shall

c) are

19. I promise I _____ submit the Grade 10 Advanced assessment sheets tonight.

a) will

b) shall be

c) am submitting

20. Perhaps we _____ find a sustainable solution to food diversity issues soon.

a) will

b) shall not

c) are going to

21. I _____ never forget the wonderful hospitality of the people in Hatta.

a) shall

b) will

c) am going to

.

22. Leave the document editing to me; I _____ fix the typos right away.

a) will

b) shall to

c) am fixing

23. _____ I print out these reading comprehension passages for the class?

- a) Will
- b) Am I
- c) Shall

24. The weather forecast says it _____ probably rain over the mountains tomorrow.

- a) will
- b) shall
- c) is raining

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Part 3: G.15.3 Future Time (Present Continuous for Future Arrangements)

25. My supervisor _____ a presentation on animal communication systems this Friday at 10 AM.

- a) will give
- b) is giving
- c) gives

Explanation: The present continuous is used for fixed, confirmed personal arrangements with a specific time/date.

26. We _____ the new Ministry of Education materials at the Dubai headquarters tomorrow morning.

- a) are reviewing

b) will be review

c) shall review

Explanation: "Are reviewing" implies a pre-arranged schedule or meeting.

27. I can't attend the workshop tomorrow because I _____ my cousins in Sharjah.

a) will visit

b) visit

c) am visiting

Explanation: This represents a planned personal conflict, requiring the present continuous for future arrangements.

28. Dr. Safa Adel _____ to London next Sunday to attend the global sustainability summit.

a) flies

b) is flying

c) will fly

Explanation: The ticket and date are fixed arrangements, making "is flying" the most appropriate form.

29. What time _____ you _____ the principal this afternoon?

a) will / see

b) are / seeing

c) do / see

Explanation: Asks about a scheduled personal plan or appointment.

30. They _____ a formal dinner tonight to celebrate the winners of the competition.

a) host

b) will hosted

c) are hosting

Explanation: An event tonight is an arranged, imminent plan.

31. I _____ Mahmoud Ashraf at the university library later today to review the rubric.

a) am meeting

b) meet

c) will met

Explanation: Present continuous represents a mutually agreed arrangement.

32. The assessment committee _____ via Zoom at 2:00 PM to allocate the remaining prize funds.

a) will meet

b) is meeting

c) meets

Explanation: A specific time indicates a fixed arrangement, best expressed via present continuous.

33. We _____ out to a restaurant in Dubai Marina this weekend; table reservations are confirmed.

- a) go
- b) are going
- c) will go

Explanation: Confirmed reservations emphasize a fixed arrangement.

34. Layan Adel _____ her driving exam on Monday morning at 9:00 AM sharp.

- a) is taking
- b) takes
- c) will take

Explanation: This is an officially scheduled personal appointment.

35. I can't help you pack worksheets tonight because I _____ dinner with my family.

- a) will have
- b) am having
- c) have

Explanation: Present continuous indicates a scheduled future event that blocks other commitments.

36. The school _____ a drill for the digital examinations platform tomorrow.

- a) is running
- b) runs
- c) will run

Explanation: A scheduled institutional event affecting individuals uses present continuous.

Part 4: G.1.2 Adjectives (Comparatives)

37. This new reading passage is much _____ than the one we used last semester.

- a) complexer
- b) more complex
- c) most complex

Explanation: Long adjectives (two or more syllables) form the comparative using "more."

38. Life in Dubai is significantly _____ than it was twenty years ago due to technological growth.

- a) busier
- b) more busy
- c) busyer

Explanation: Two-syllable adjectives ending in -y change the -y to -i and add -er.

39. Testing grammar structures online is often _____ than using traditional paper methods.

- a) efficienter
- b) more efficient
- c) efficient

Explanation: "Efficient" requires "more" to form its comparative state.

40. The climate in the coastal regions is _____ than the dry atmosphere of the inland desert.

- a) humidier
- b) more humid
- c) humider

Explanation: "Humid" uses "more" for its comparative structure.

41. My grade 10 students scored _____ on the passive voice section than on the conditionals section.

- a) higher
- b) more high
- c) highly

Explanation: Short, one-syllable adjectives add "-er" to form the comparative.

42. Managing the second cycle of the competition proved to be _____ than the first cycle.

- a) demandinger
- b) more demanding
- c) most demanding

Explanation: Participle adjectives like "demanding" always use "more" for comparatives.

43. The Hatta mountain trails are _____ to navigate than city streets.

- a) difficult
- b) more difficult
- c) difficulter

Explanation: Multi-syllable adjectives require "more."

44. A smart city configuration is structurally _____ than an unmonitored municipal area.

- a) advanceder
- b) more advanced
- c) advanced

Explanation: "Advanced" forms its comparative with "more."

45. The vocabulary worksheet you prepared today is _____ than yesterday's copy.

a) clear

b) clearer

c) more clear

Explanation: One-syllable adjectives form the comparative by adding "-er."

46. Traveling by metro is often _____ than sitting in highway traffic during rush hour.

a) comfortable

b) more comfortable

c) comfortabler

Explanation: Multi-syllable adjective requiring "more."

47. The public transport system in Sharjah is becoming _____ than it used to be.

a) moderner

b) more modern

c) modern

Explanation: "Modern" takes "more" in standard English comparison.

48. This year's curriculum guidelines are _____ to follow than the old ones.

a) simpler

b) more simple

c) simple

Explanation: "Simple" can accept "-er," making "simpler" the ideal comparative form.

Part 5: G.14.1 Past Time (Past Simple including 'to be')

49. Last year, Mahmoud Ashraf _____ chosen to lead the English curriculum rewrite project.

a) was

b) were

c) did

Explanation: Singular subject "Mahmoud Ashraf" requires the singular past form of to be ("was").

50. The assessment committee _____ all the test materials yesterday afternoon.

a) review

b) reviewed

c) reviewing

Explanation: "Yesterday" signals a completed past action, requiring the past simple regular form (-ed).

51. There _____ many student submissions for the Sultan Khalifa Competition last month.

a) was

b) were

c) did be

Explanation: Plural subject "submissions" requires the plural past form of to be ("were").

52. We _____ to the Hatta farmhouse last winter to plan our academic calendar.

a) went

b) go

c) gone

Explanation: Irregular past simple form of "go" is "went."

53. The principal _____ satisfied with the digital exam statistics presented last Tuesday.

a) were

b) did

c) was

Explanation: Singular subject "principal" matches with past simple "was."

54. I _____ my degree in ESL education from a renowned international institution in 2018.

a) obtain

b) obtained

c) did obtained

Explanation: Specific past date marker "in 2018" requires past simple tense.

55. The students _____ not understand the zero conditional rules during the initial lesson.

a) did

b) were

c) do

Explanation: Negative past simple statements for active verbs use "did + not + base verb."

56. Mido Adel _____ the top scorer in the spelling bee competition last week.

a) was

b) were

c) did

Explanation: Singular subject "Mido Adel" takes past simple "was."

57. Where _____ you deliver the hard copies of the reading passages yesterday morning?

a) did

b) were

c) was

Explanation: Past simple question structure uses "Where + did + subject + base verb."

58. The textbook authors _____ the entire chapter on sustainable food sources last night.

a) write

b) wrote

c) written

Explanation: Irregular past tense of "write" is "wrote."

59. It _____ a sunny day when we conducted the field research in Dubai.

a) did

b) were

c) was

Explanation: Third person singular impersonal pronoun "it" takes "was."

60. They _____ not present at the curriculum developer workshop last Thursday.

a) were

b) did

c) was

Explanation: Plural past negative state requires "were not."

Part 6: G.14.3 Past Time (Past Continuous)

61. I _____ the grading rubric when the head of department walked into the office.

a) wrote

b) was writing

c) were writing

Explanation: Explains an ongoing background action interrupted by a sudden past simple event.

62. While Safa Adel _____ the reading passages, her laptop screen began to flicker.

a) was editing

b) edited

c) were editing

Explanation: "While" introduces a continuous action that was occurring over a period of time in the past.

63. The students _____ listening attentively while the audio track was playing.

a) was

b) did

c) were

Explanation: Plural subject "students" requires plural past continuous auxiliary "were."

64. At 3:00 PM yesterday, we _____ the final draft of the zero conditional worksheet.

a) were printing

b) printed

c) was printing

Explanation: Shows an action in progress at a specific pinpoint moment in the past.

65. What _____ you _____ when the fire alarm sounded inside the school building?

a) did / do

b) was / doing

c) were / doing

Explanation: Inquires about an ongoing action interrupted by an event.

66. The printer _____ working properly when suddenly the paper jammed.

a) was

b) were

c) did

Explanation: "The printer was working" establishes the ongoing background state.

67. While we _____ through the Hatta valley, we discussed the impact of globalization on local farms.

a) were driving

b) drove

c) was driving

Explanation: Plural subject "we" matches with "were driving" to express simultaneous conversations or actions.

68. The software developers _____ fixing bugs all evening while the teachers tested the exam app.

a) was

b) were

c) did

Explanation: Parallel continuous actions in the past require "were + verb-ing."

69. I _____ sleeping when the text message containing the closing remarks arrived.

a) were

b) did

c) was

Explanation: First-person singular past continuous uses "was."

70. They _____ planning the ceremony itinerary when they received notice of the date shift.

a) were

b) was

c) did

Explanation: Plural past continuous structure.

71. Layan _____ revising her essay on smart cities while her brother was working on mathematics.

a) was

b) were

c) did

Explanation: Singular past continuous background activity.

72. The rain _____ pouring down while we were attempting to load the event equipment.

a) did

b) was

c) were

Explanation: "Rain" is an uncountable singular noun, hence "was pouring."

Part 7: G.10.6 Passives (Present Perfect Simple Passive)

73. The exam papers _____ by the senior curriculum supervisor already.

- a) have been approved
- b) has been approved
- c) have approved

Explanation: Plural passive recipient "papers" requires "have been + past participle."

74. A sustainable water system _____ installed at the local farmhouse project recently.

- a) have been
- b) has been
- c) was been

Explanation: Singular passive recipient "system" requires "has been + past participle."

75. Hundreds of multiple-choice questions _____ generated for the Grade 10 database this week.

- a) has been
- b) have been
- c) are been

Explanation: Plural recipient "questions" requires "have been."

76. The opening remarks document _____ finalized by the event organizers.

- a) has been
- b) have been
- c) is being

Explanation: Singular recipient "document" requires "has been."

77. Several modifications to the passive voice testing guidelines _____ announced today.

- a) has been
- b) have been
- c) were being

Explanation: Plural subject "modifications" requires "have been."

78. The prize fund for the second cycle of the competition _____ fully allocated.

- a) have been
- b) has been
- c) has allocated

Explanation: Uncountable/singular noun "fund" takes "has been."

79. _____ all the grammar assessments been uploaded to the digital cloud system yet?

- a) Have

b) Has

c) Were

Explanation: Present perfect passive question for plural "assessments" begins with "Have."

80. The impact of neural growth research _____ discussed in the latest science passage.

a) have been

b) has been

c) is been

Explanation: The head noun "impact" is singular, requiring "has been."

81. Our school's digital server infrastructure _____ upgraded to prevent cheating.

a) has been

b) have been

c) is been

Explanation: Singular recipient "infrastructure" requires "has been."

82. The certificates for the Sultan Khalifa Competition winners _____ printed.

a) has been

b) have been

c) was been

Explanation: Plural recipient "certificates" takes "have been."

83. This particular vocabulary term _____ defined inaccurately in the glossary sheet.

a) have been

b) has been

c) was being

Explanation: Singular recipient "term" takes "has been."

84. Many smart cities _____ constructed across the UAE over the past decade.

a) has been

b) have been

c) have built

Explanation: Plural object "cities" acted upon requires "have been + past participle."

Part 8: G.6.2 Conjunctions (Subordinating)

85. We will complete the 100-question test on time, _____ all students log into the system simultaneously.

a) although

b) provided that

c) whereas

Explanation: "Provided that" is a subordinating conjunction introducing a necessary condition.

86. _____ globalization brings diverse food to city centers, it can harm traditional farming.

a) Although

b) Because

c) Since

Explanation: "Although" introduces a concession or contrast.

87. The students failed to complete the comprehension task _____ the vocabulary was too advanced.

a) even though

b) unless

c) because

Explanation: "Because" introduces a clause stating the cause or reason.

88. You cannot receive a completion certificate _____ you attend all sections of the workshop.

a) unless

b) if

c) as long as

Explanation: "Unless" means "if not," introducing a negative condition.

89. I reviewed the grammar rules for past continuous _____
my colleague checked the passives.

- a) while
- b) unless
- c) so that

Explanation: "While" introduces a time clause showing actions happening concurrently or in contrast.

90. The school scheduled an extra review session _____
students could master the zero conditional.

- a) although
- b) so that
- c) provided that

Explanation: "So that" introduces a purpose clause.

91. _____ Mido Adel studied diligently every evening, he
passed his assessment with ease.

- a) Since
- b) Unless
- c) Even though

Explanation: "Since" here acts as a causal subordinating conjunction meaning "because."

92. The advanced class completed the assignment quickly,
_____ the general class needed extra time.

- a) whereas
- b) because
- c) provided that

Explanation: "Whereas" highlights a direct contrast between two clauses.

93. We will hold the awards ceremony outdoors in Hatta
_____ it does not rain.

- a) unless
- b) as long as
- c) although

Explanation: "As long as" states a positive condition equivalent to "on the condition that."

94. _____ the digital portal crashed yesterday, teachers had to print physical paper copies.

- a) As
- b) Although
- c) Unless

Explanation: "As" serves to explain a reason ("Because the digital portal crashed...").

Part 9: G.19.1 Verb Forms (Gerunds)

95. _____ clear reading rubrics is an essential task for curriculum developers.

- a) Create
- b) Creating
- c) To created

Explanation: A gerund ("Creating") functions as the grammatical subject of the sentence.

96. My students completely enjoy _____ about smart cities and sustainable technology.

- a) reading
- b) read
- c) to reading

Explanation: The verb "enjoy" must be followed by a gerund.

97. You can improve your ESL score by _____ every day.

- a) practice
- b) practicing
- c) to practice

Explanation: Prepositions like "by" must be followed by a gerund.

98. The administration recommended _____ the digital exam application before Monday.

a) updating

b) update

c) to update

Explanation: The verb "recommend" takes a gerund object when not followed by a 'that' clause.

99. He is afraid of _____ the deadline for the Sultan Khalifa Competition submission.

a) miss

b) missing

c) to miss

Explanation: The preposition "of" requires the gerund form "missing."

100. _____ vocabulary words in context helps students retain definition details longer.

a) Memorizing

b) Memorize

c) Having memorize

Explanation: Functions as a gerund subject clause.

Answer Key Reference Sheet

Q	Ans	Q	Ans	Q	Ans	Q	Ans	Q	Ans
1	b	21	b	41	a	61	b	81	a
2	a	22	a	42	b	62	a	82	b
3	c	23	c	43	b	63	c	83	b
4	b	24	a	44	b	64	a	84	b
5	c	25	b	45	b	65	c	85	b
6	a	26	a	46	b	66	a	86	a
7	a	27	c	47	b	67	a	87	c
8	b	28	b	48	a	68	b	88	a
9	b	29	b	49	a	69	a	89	a
10	a	30	a	50	b	70	a	90	b

Q	Ans	Q	Ans	Q	Ans	Q	Ans	Q	Ans
11	c	31	a	51	b	71	a	91	a
12	c	32	b	52	a	72	b	92	a
13	a	33	b	53	a	73	a	93	b
14	b	34	a	54	b	74	b	94	a
15	a	35	b	55	a	75	b	95	b
16	b	36	a	56	a	76	a	96	a
17	c	37	b	57	a	77	b	97	b
18	b	38	a	58	b	78	b	98	a
19	a	39	b	59	c	79	a	99	b
20	a	40	b	60	a	80	b	100	a