

## حل مراجعة كتابة revision Writing الوحدة التاسعة



### تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية

موقع المناهج ⇨ المناهج الإماراتية ⇨ الصف الثامن ⇨ لغة انجليزية ⇨ الفصل الثالث ⇨ ملفات متنوعة ⇨ الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 12:58:30 2025-05-17

ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب | اختبارات الكترونية | اختبارات | حلول | عروض بوربوينت | أوراق عمل  
منهج انجليزي | ملخصات وتقارير | مذكرات وبنوك | الامتحان النهائي | للمدرس

المزيد من مادة  
لغة انجليزية:

إعداد: Awad Eman

### التواصل الاجتماعي حسب الصف الثامن



صفحة المناهج  
الإماراتية على  
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

### المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثامن والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثالث

حل مراجعة كتابة revision Writing مواضيع متنوعة وفق الهيكل الوزاري

1

أوراق عمل نص Titanic the of Sinking The فهم قرائي وكتابة

2

شرح درس Present time (simple perfect present) مع تدريبات

3

مراجعة وفق الهيكل الوزاري متبوعة بالإجابات المسار المتقدم

4

مراجعة وفق الهيكل الوزاري متبوعة بالإجابات

5

## Grade 8 Unit 9 Writing

### A) Opinion Question

The Nile river helped ancient Egyptians survive and thrive.

Do you think the Nile River was the most important factor in ancient Egypt's success?

Why?

*Example answer:*

Yes, the Nile was crucial because it provided fertile soil, food, and transportation.

Without its yearly floods, Egyptians could not have farmed, built cities, or traded. The river's resources—like fish, mud bricks, and papyrus—made it the foundation of Egypt's civilization.

Write an essay about the Nile River's role in ancient Egypt.

### B) Plan

**Introduction:**

- The Nile was ancient Egypt's lifeblood.
- It made civilization possible in the desert.

**Body:**

- **Farming:** Floods gave fertile soil for crops (wheat, barley, flax).
- **Food and water:** Fish from the river; water for drinking/irrigation.
- **Materials:** Mud for bricks (houses/pyramids); papyrus for paper/boats.
- **Trade/transportation:** Nile served as a highway for goods and travel.

**Conclusion:**

- The Nile provided everything: water, food, protection.
- Without it, Egypt would not have thrived.



### C) Essay

The Nile River was the lifeblood of ancient Egypt. **As a matter of fact**, its yearly floods provided fertile soil, **which** allowed Egyptians to grow wheat, barley, and flax. **In addition**, Egyptians caught fish from the river for food.

**Moreover**, they used Nile mud to make bricks for houses and even pyramids. The river also gave them papyrus, **which** they turned into paper and boats. **As a result**, the Nile became Egypt's main highway for trade.

**Although** Egypt was mostly desert, the Nile provided water, food, and protection. **In short**, without the Nile, Egypt would not have become a great civilization.

### D) Inference and justification Question

**Read this passage about the Nile:**

The Nile's floods were so reliable that Egyptians called their land the "Gift of the Nile." They believed the river was a god's blessing, and its water symbolized life. When floods came, they celebrated; when they delayed, they prayed. Even Egypt's enemies feared crossing the Nile, as it acted as a natural shield.

**Question:** How did the Nile shape ancient Egyptians' beliefs and safety? Justify your answer.

**Inference :** The Nile shaped their beliefs by being seen as a divine gift. They celebrated its floods and prayed for them, showing deep respect. It also kept them safe by acting as a barrier against enemies, proving its role as both a spiritual and physical protector.

**justification :** The text says Egyptians believed the Nile was "a god's blessing" and "its water symbolized life," showing it shaped their spiritual beliefs. It also states "even Egypt's enemies feared crossing the Nile," which proves it acted as a natural defense.

