حل تدريبات للاختبار النهائي وفق الهيكل الوزاري الجديد





تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية

موقع المناهج ← المناهج الإماراتية ← الصف الثالث ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الأول ← ملفات متنوعة ← الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 07-11-2025 19:51:21

ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس

المزيد من مادة الغة انجليزية:

إعداد: المدرس Zabi Al Awasia Mariam

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثالث











صفحة المناهج الإماراتية على فيسببوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثالث والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول	
كراسة تدريبية مراجعة وفق الهيكل الوزاري الجديد المسار العام	1
أوراق عمل الأسبوع التاسع networks Transportation شبكات النقل	2
أوراق عمل الأسبوع الثامن life City حياة المدينة	3
أوراق عمل preparation Exam writing and Reading قراءة وكتابة استعداداً للاختبار	4
أوراق دعم book Activity الأسابيع الخمسة الأولى	5





End Of Term Exam Practice

Grade

3

Term 1 2025-2026

تدريبات للاختبار النهائي للفصل الدراسي الأول العام الأكاديمي 2026\2025

Student ID		رقم الطاب
Student Name		اسم الطلب
Grade s Stream	Grade 3	المسلرالصف
Subject / Book	English	اكتب الملة

Timeline for Academic Term 1

Dates	Assessment
15-19 Sep	Diagnostic Assessments
20-28 Nov	End-of-Term Exams
04-05 Dec	End-of-Term Exams
08-12 Dec	Term 1 Make-up Exams



Assessment Structure

For all formal assessments, all final scores are entered into the gradebook out of 100.

Cycle 1						
Grade	Grade Assessment					
Grades 1 & 2	School-based (formal) – 25%	SSA (centrally guided) – 10%				
Grades 3 & 4	School-based (formal) – 10%	EOT1 (centralized) – 25%				

Structure

Centralised

The assessment is divided into three parts:

- Part 1 Vocabulary: Assesses skills at Mastery level
- Part 2 Reading: Targets working towards Mastery and working at Mastery
- Part 3 Reading: Targets working at Mastery and Mastery with Greater Depth
- . Part 4 Writing: Assesses student writing ability at Mastery level



Academic Year 2025-2026: End of Term 1 Exam: Grade 3 - Test Specifications



Grade Class	Grade 3 3 General		EFR	A1
Language Domains	Literacy Readiness, Reading and Writing	Total Marks Platform	Reading: 60 Paper-based	Writing: 40 Paper-based

Part	Level	Theme		Vocabulary	
		Back to School Talk about school subjects, express preferences	High frequency words; school, different, I, am, like, the Vocabulary: classroom, library, computer, book, di	fficult, easy, interesting, different	
	Working at Mastery: Accurately reads and spells	Daily Routines Describe school/home routines	High frequency words: always, before, get, go, at, the Vocabulary: wake up, brush teeth, get dressed, eat breakfast, go to school, do homework, take a shower, go to bed		
Part 1A: Vocabulary	grade-level high frequency words and simple	Task Description	Achievement Objectives	Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs)	Construct Limits
	homophones in reading and writing tasks.	Matching (word-image) Match the word to the correct picture. There is one example. Skills Assessed: Sight Word Recognition Semantic Understanding (Vocabulary Knowledge)	Recognise, read, and spell grade appropriate high frequency words accurately in varied contexts, including homophones and words with irregular spelling patterns.	High Frequency Words 3.LR.HFW.1: Read and spell grade-level high-frequency words, including homophones.	• 10 words, 10 pictures • 2 marks each (total: 20) • 1 example

Part	Level	Theme		Vocabulary	
		What We Wear Describe clothing and personal style	High frequency words: wearing, my, your, this, clothes, hav Vocabulary: uniform, clothes, wear, comfortable,		
		My Body, My Health Talk about health and body parts	High frequency words: can, can't, feel, head, hurt, better Vocabulary: shoulder, back, stomach, toothache, headache, feel, hurt, better		
Part 1B:	Working at Mastery: Accurately reads and spells grade-level high frequency	Task Description	Achievement Objectives	Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs)	Construct Limits
Vocabulary	words and simple homophones in reading and writing tasks.	Gap-fill + Visual matching Complete the sentences from the word bank and match the sentence to the correct picture. There is one example. Skills Assessed: Word recognition	Use context, word parts, and reference tools to determine the meaning of new vocabulary in grade-level texts.	Vocabulary Development 5 x 3.R.VD.1: Identify the meaning of new words using sentence clues and word parts.	■ 5 sentences with one gap ■ 5 pictures ■ 2 marks each (total 10) ■ 1 example

Part	Level	Theme	Vocabulary	Language Structures / Grammar Focus	Functional Language
		City Life (Give directions and describe places)	High frequency words: go, turn, left, right, wall Vocabulary: supermarket, hospital,	straight , "Turn lett/right , "It's opposite", "Excuse me, where is?"	FL. 6 Describing places FL.11 Asking for and giving directions
	Working Toward Mastery: Asks and answers literal questions; responses may need prompting for		cinema, market, mosqu park, beach, desert	Prepositions (movement) + Imperatives	directions
	completeness.	Task Description	Achievement Obje	Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs)	Construct Limits
Part 2: Reading	Working at Mastery:	Sentence Cloze			
	working at mastery. Independently asks and answers both literal and inferential questions with complete, accurate responses.	Read the text. Complete the sentences by choosing the correct words from the text bank. There are two words you do not need. There is one example. Skills Assessed: Reading comprehension Grammar	Demonstrate compreh grade-level texts by ide key ideas, summarising information, making ini and supporting answer evidence.	ntifying Reading Comprehension 5 x 3.R.RC.1: Answer literal and inferences, inferential questions	1 descriptive text of 80 words (10% either way) 1 word bank with 5 correct answers, 2 distractors and 1 example 5 questions with gap-fill (3 marks each, total: 15) 1 example
Part	Level	Theme	Vocabulary	Language Structures / Grammar Focus	Functional Language
1 311	Love	monte	v o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	Cangaage Ortuotales / Crammai 1 0003	T dilotional Earlyuage

	Working at Mastery Independently answers questions using appropriate details from the text as	Transportation Networks Talk about transport and travel routines	High frequency words: bus, car, by, in, on, at <u>Vocabulary:</u> bus, car, plane, train, boat, ticket, driver, passenger	"How do you get to?", "I go by", "I travel fromto", "How long does it take?", "It takes" Prepositions (movement) + Present Simple	FL. 6 Describing places FL.11 Asking for and giving directions
	support.	Task Description	Achievement Objectives	Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs)	Construct Limits
Part 3: Reading	Mastery with Greater Depth Supports answers with strong, specific examples and can explain how their evidence supports their thinking.	Mutiple-Choice Questions Read the text and answer the questions. Choose the correct answer. Choose A, B or C. Skills Assessed: Reading Comprehension Grammar	Demonstrate comprehension of grade-level texts by identifying key ideas, summarising information, making inferences, and supporting answers with evidence.	Reading Comprehension 2 x 3.R.RC.1: Answer literal and inferential questions using text details. 3 x 3.R.RC.5: Support answers with examples or details from the text.	1 descriptive text of 100- 120 words (10% either way) 5 questions with 3 options (3 marks each, total: 15)

Level	Theme	Vocabulary	Language Structures / Grammar Focus	Functional Language
Working at Mastery Consistently spells grade-level sight words	Our Homes Describe different homes and rooms	High frequency words: there, is, are, in, on, next Vocabulary: apartment, balcony, garden, upstairs, downstairs, next to, in, on	"There is/are", "Where is the?", "It's next to/in/on", "We have", "My house has" Prepositions (place) + Nouns (plurals regular)	FL.7 Describing objects
independent writing.	Task Description	Achievement Objectives	Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs)	Construct Limits
grammatically correct simple and compound sentences using varied subjects and verb forms.	Guided constructed response	Demonstrate comprehension	Spelling & Word Use 3.W.SWU.1: Spell grade-level sight words correctly.	3 constructed response
Produces consistently legible handwriting with correct letter size, shape and slant during structured writing tasks.	Write a complete sentence for the picture. Use the words in the circle to help you.	of grade-level texts by identifying key ideas, summarising information, making inferences, and supporting answers with evidence.	Writing Production 3.W.WPD.1: Write grammatically correct simple and compound sentences using varied subjects and verb forms. Handwriting & Presentation 3.LR.HP.2: Produce legible handwriting with	1 image per response 1 word bank with 3 words per response 2 lines per response 40 marks, based on rubric
	Working at Mastery Consistently spells grade-level sight words correctly in independent writing. Consistently writes grammatically correct simple and compound sentences using varied subjects and verb forms. Produces consistently legible handwriting with correct letter size, shape and slant during structured writing	Working at Mastery Consistently spells grade-level sight words correctly in independent writing. Consistently writes grammatically correct simple and compound sentences using varied subjects and verb forms. Produces consistently legible handwriting with correct letter size, shape and slant during structured writing words in the circle to help you.	Working at Mastery Consistently spells grade-level sight words correctly in independent writing. Consistently writes grammatically correct simple and compound sentences using varied subjects and verb forms. Produces consistently legible handwriting with correct letter size, shape and slant during structured writing structured writing works and supporting answers with words in the circle to help you. Light frequency words: there, is, are, in, on, next Vocabulary: apartment, balcony, garden, upstairs, downstairs, next to, in, on Achievement Objectives Guided constructed response Demonstrate comprehension of grade-level texts by identifying key ideas, summarising information, making inferences, and supporting answers with	Working at Mastery Consistently spells grade-level sight words correctly in independent writing. Consistently writes grammatically correct simple and compound sentences using varied subjects and verb forms. Produces consistently legible handwriting with correct letter size, shape and slant during structured writing structured writing structured writing structured writing structured writing structured writing stasks. Wocabulary: apartment, balcony, garden, upstairs, downstairs, next to, in, on Achievement Objectives Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs) Spelling & Word Use 3.W.SWU.1: Spell grade-level sight words correctly witens, summarising information, making inferences, and supporting answers with evidence. Write a complete sentence for the picture. Use the words in the circle to help you. High frequency words: there, is, are, in, on, next Vocabulary: apartment, balcony, garden, upstairs, downstairs, next to, in, on Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs) Spelling & Word Use 3.W.SWU.1: Spell grade-level sight words correctly Writing Production 3.W.WPD.1: Write grammatically correct simple and compound sentences using varied subjects and verb forms. Handwriting & Presentation

الجزء الأول في الاختبار A

Task Description	Achievement Objectives	Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs)	Construct Limits
Matching (word-image) Match the word to the correct picture. There is one example. Skills Assessed: Sight Word Recognition Semantic Understanding (Vocabulary Knowledge)	Recognise, read, and spell grade appropriate high frequency words accurately in varied contexts, including homophones and words with irregular spelling patterns.	High Frequency Words 3.LR.HFW.1: Read and spell grade-level high-frequency words, including homophones.	■ 10 words, 10 pictures ■ 2 marks each (total: 20) ■ 1 example

وصف الهمة	أهداف الإنجاز	مخرجات ثعلم الطلاب المحددة (SSLOS)	كيفية السؤال
Matching (word - image) توصيل الكلمة بالصور ٤)	التعرف على الكلمات البصرية المناسبة وقراءتها وتهجنتها بدقة في سياقات مننوعة، بما في ذلك الكلمات	قراءة وتهجئة الكلمات البصرية على 3.LR. HFW.1	10 كلمات و 10 صور 2 علامة لكل منها
Match the word to the correct picture.	المتجانسة والكلمات دات الأنماط الإملائية غير المنتظمة	.حسب المستويات ، بما في ذلك الكلمات المتجانسة	(المجموع: 20)
There is one example. سيتم إعطاء مثال واحد			1 مثال

Part 1 A Literacy Readiness \ Vocabulary			
سيكون التركيز على الوحدة من خلال هذه الكلمات	Back to School Talk about school subjects, express preferences		
High frequency words الكلمات البصرية	School, different, I, am, like, the		
Vocabulary کلمات الدر وس	مختلف ممتع سهل صعب كتاب يجيبوتر المكتبة غرفة الصف classroom, library, computer, book, difficult, easy, interesting, different		

Part 1 A Literacy Readiness \ Vocabulary **Daily Routines** سيكون التركيز على الوحدة Describe school/home routines خلال هذه الكمآت High frequency words الكلمات البصرية always, before, get, go, at, the اكل الفطور الاستيقاظ من التوم أفرش اسناني ألبس ملابسي أذهب الى المدرسة brush teeth , get dressed, eat breakfast, go to school, wake up, Vocabulary كُلمات الدروس do homework, take a shower, go to bed أذهب الى (السرير) النوم 🚵 أحل الواجب

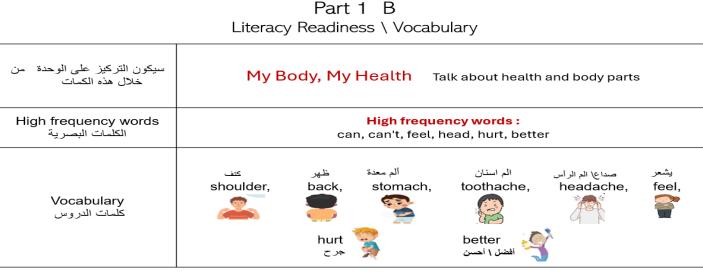
Example: computer. 1. do homework. 2. library. 3. classroom. 4. eat breakfast. 5. go to bed 6. interesting 7. Book 8. Difficult 9. Easy 10. Different 20/.....

go to bed. **Example:** 1. do homework. 2. go to school. 3. classroom. 4. get dressed. 5. Take a shower. 6. interesting. 7. brush teeth. 8. difficult. 9. Wake up. 10.different. 20/.....

Task Description	Achievement Objectives	Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs)	Construct Limits
Gap-fill + Visual matching Complete the sentences from the word bank and match the sentence to the correct picture. There is one example. Skills Assessed: Word recognition	Use context, word parts, and reference tools to determine the meaning of new vocabulary in grade-level texts.	Vocabulary Development 5 x 3.R.VD.1: Identify the meaning of new words using sentence clues and word parts.	 5 sentences with one gap 5 pictures 2 marks each (total 1 1 example

وصف البعة	أهداف الإنجاز	مخرجات تعلم الطلاب المحددة (SSLOs)	كيفية السؤال
املئ الفراغ + المطابقة بالصورة أكمل الجمل من بنك الكلمات وقم بمطابقة الجملة مع الصورة الصحيحة. هناك مثال واحد. المهارات المقيمة: التعرف على الكلمات	استخدم السياق وأجزاء الكلمات لتحديد معنى المفردات الجديدة في الجمل على حسب المستويات	x 5تطوير المفردات تحديد معنى الكلمات الجديدة 3.R.VD.1 باستخدام الكلمات المفتاحية :	5 جمل مع فراغ 5 صور 2 علامة لكل منهما (إجمالي 10 درجات) 1 مثال

Part 1 B Literacy Readiness \ Vocabulary سيكون التركيز على الوحدة What We Wear Describe clothing and personal style خلال هذه الكمات High frequency words **High frequency words:** الكلمات البصرية wearing, my, your, this, clothes, have ملابس يلبس مريح ملابس دافئه ملون uniform, clothes, colourful, wear, comfortable, warm, Vocabulary كلمات الدروس cool, special ملابس بارده



Part 1B Vocabulary Fill in the black and complete the sentences from the word bank and match the sentences to the correct picture . There is one example

uniform, -clothes, comfortable, colourful, warm, cool, special

Example:

We are studying about _____ clothes .



1. We all look the same in our school uniform



2.I wear a T-shirt in summer, It's cool



 The school asks the students to wear a special clothes in UAE national day.



4. My dress is red, yellow, green ,blue and purple, It's a <u>colorful</u>.



5. He is wearing a <u>comfortable</u> clothes , He can walk fast.



2 marks for each.

Part 1B Vocabulary Fill in the black and complete the sentences from the word bank and match the sentences to the correct picture . There is one example

uniform, wear, comfortable, colourful, warm, cool, special

Example:

I wear <u>cool</u> clothes in hot weather.



1. These shoes are very soft. They are comfortable



2. We usually Wear our school uniform.



3. We wear **Special** clothes for Emirates party.



4. My T-shirt is red, green, and blue. It is **colorful**



5. A jacket is <u>Warm</u> in winter.



2 marks for each.

Part 1B Vocabulary Fill in the black and complete the sentences from the word bank and match the sentences to the correct picture . There is one example

shoulder, back, stomach, toothache, headache, feel,,

Example:

I <u>feel</u> better when go to bed early.



I ate too much candy, I have a stomachache



2. My head hurts. I have a headache



3. These are my shoulders



4. I fell down and hurt my back



toothache

I have a _____ My tooth hurt me.

2 marks for each.

Part 1B Vocabulary

Fill in the black and complete the sentences from the word bank and match the sentences to the correct picture . There is one example

shoulder, back, stomach, toothache, headache, feel,

Example:

These are my <u>Shoulders</u>.

1. We feel better when we do exercise.



- 2. I don't feel well my teeth hurts, I have a toothache
- 3. My head hurts It is painful, I have a headache
- 4. I hurt my back I have a heavy backpack.

stomachache
I have a _____ when I eat un-healthy food,

2 marks for each.

10/.....

Teacher: Mariam Awasia Al Zabi

Task Description	Achievement Objectives	Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs)	Construct Limits
Read the text. Complete the sentences by choosing the correct words from the text bank. There are two words you do not need. There is one example. Skills Assessed: Reading comprehension Grammar	Demonstrate comprehension of grade-level texts by identifying key ideas, summarising information, making inferences, and supporting answers with evidence.	Reading Comprehension 5 x 3.R.RC.1: Answer literal and inferential questions using text details.	1 descriptive text of 80 words (10% either way) 1 word bank with 5 correct answers, 2 distractors and 1 example 5 questions with gap-fill (3 marks each, total: 15) 1 example

وصف الهمة	أهداف الإنجاز	مخرجات تعلم الطلاب المحددة (SSLOs)	كيفية السؤال
جمل الفراغات اقرأ النص. أكمل الجمل باختيار الكلمات الصحيحة من بنك النص. هناك كلمتان لا تحتاجهما. هناك مثال واحد. المهارات التي تم تقييمها: فهم القراءة	إظهار فهم النصوص على مستوى الصف من خلال تحديد الأفكار الرئيسية وتلخيص المعلومات.	فهم القراءة. 5 x 3.R.RC. الإجابة عن الأسئلة باستخدام تفاصيل النص	 نص وصفي من 80 كلمة بنك كلمات مع 5 إجابات صحيحة ، مشتتات و 1 مثال أسئلة مع املا الفراغ درجات لكل منها ، المجموع: 15) مثال

Part 2		
Reading		
City Life (Give directions and describe places)		
High frequency words : go, turn, left, right, walk,		
مسجد محل سينما مكتبة مستشفى سويرماركت Supermarket, hospital, library, cinema, market, mosque, المستفى سويرماركت Supermarket, hospital, library, cinema, market, mosque, المستفى سويرماركت المستفد المستفد		
How do I get to?", "Go straight", "Turn left/right", "It's opposite", "Excuse me, where is?" Prepositions (movement) + حروف الجر الحركية (movement)		

Part 2 Reading

Read the text. Complete the sentences by choosing the correct words from the word bank.

There are two words you do not need.

One is done for you.

My city is very big and beautiful. Every morning, I go to the **school** near the mosque. There is a big market where I can buy food and fruit. When I feel sick, I visit the hospital to see a doctor.

On weekends, my family and I go to the beach to relax and play. My brother likes reading stories in the library.

The cinema is in front of the mall, so it's easy to go there. Some people can go to ride camels and see the sand dunes.

library – supermarket – beach – desert – hospital – opposite- school

Fill in the blanks with the correct word from the box below:

1. The mosque is next to the school.



- 2. I want to buy some food. Let's go to the supermarket
- 3. My father is sick. We are going to the hospital.
- 4. The cinema is **Opposite** the mall.
- 5. I can ride a camel in the desert.

3 marks for each. 15/......

Part 2 Reading

Read the text. Complete the sentences by choosing the correct words from the word bank.

There are two words you do not need.

One is done for you.

Hello! My name is Omar. Every morning, I walk to school with my friend Ali. We go straight the mosque and then we turn right at the traffic lights. The park is next to our school. After school, we sometimes go to watch a movie. On saturdays, my family and I go to the beach to play and have fun.

Word box:

park - walk - cinema - turn - go - hospital - left - right -

Fill in the blanks with the correct word from the box below:

1. 1. Ali and I ______ straight to pray.



- 2. The school is next to the park
- 3. We like to go to the <u>cinema</u> to watch a film.
- 4. Turn right at the traffic light.
- 5. My parents and my sisters go to enjoy in the beach

3 marks for each. 15/......

Task Description	Achievement Objectives	Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs)	Construct Limits
Mutiple-Choice Questions Read the text and answer the questions. Choose the correct answer. Choose A, B or C. Skills Assessed: Reading Comprehension Grammar	Demonstrate comprehension of grade-level texts by identifying key ideas, summarising information, making inferences, and supporting answers with evidence.	Reading Comprehension 2 x 3.R.RC.1: Answer literal and inferential questions using text details. 3 x 3.R.RC.5: Support answers with examples or details from the text.	1 descriptive text of 100- 120 words (10% either way) 5 questions with 3 options (3 marks each, total: 15)

وصف المهنة	أهداف الإنجاز	ىخرجات تعلم الطلاب المحددة (SSLOs)	كيفية السؤال
Mutiple-Choice Questions اقرأ النص وأجب عن الأسئلة. اختر A, B or C	إظهار فهم النصوص على مستوى الصف من خلال تحديد الأفكار الرئيسية وتلخيص المعلومات	فهم القراءة أجب عن الأسئلة باستخدام :2 x 3.R.RC.1 تفاصيل النص. دعم الإجابات بأمثلة أو :3 x 3.R.RC.5	1 نص وصفي من 100-120 كلمة 5 أسئلة مع 3 خيارات (3 علامات لكل منهما ، المجموع: 15)
المهار ات التي تم تقييمها: فهم القراءة القواعد		تفاصيل من النص.	

Part 3		
	Reading	
سيكون التركيز على الوحدة من خلال	Transportation Networks Talk about transport and travel routines	
High frequency words الكلمات البصرية	High frequency words: bus, car, by, in, on, at	
Vocabulary کلمات الدروس	مسافر یسوق تذکرهٔ قارب قطار طائرهٔ سیارهٔ حافلهٔ bus, car, plane, train, boat, ticket, driver, passenger	
Language Structures / Grammar Focus استخدام القواعد النحوية	movement prepositions حروف الجر الحركية (by from- to over through) "How do you get to?", "I go by", "I travel fromto", "How long does it take?", "It takes	

Part 3
Reading

Multiple-Choice Questions. Read the text and answer the questions. Choose the correct answer

Sara lives in a busy city. Every morning, she goes to school by bus with her friends. The bus is sometimes crowded, but she enjoys talking to her classmates on the way. On weekends, her father drives the family in the car to visit her grandmother.

Sara says she likes all kinds of transportation. She thinks buses are fun because she can meet friends, cars are comfortable with family, trains are fast and relaxing, planes are exciting, and boats look interesting.

Last month, Sara's family went to the beach. They traveled by train because it was faster than the car. Sara loved looking out of the window and watching the trees and rivers pass by. At the beach, she also saw many boats. She wanted to ride one, but her little brother was afraid, so they only watched.

In the summer holiday, Sara went on her first trip by plane. She flew with her mother to another country to visit her aunt. Sara was very excited when the plane went up into the sky. She looked through the window and saw the clouds and the sea far below.

1. How does Sara go to school?

- a) By bus
- b) By train
- c) By car

2. What does Sara's father use on weekends?

- a) A bicycle
- b) A car
- c) A plane

3 marks for each.

Multiple-Choice Questions. Read the text and answer the questions. Choose the correct answer

3. Where does Sara's grandmother live?

- a) In another part of the city
- b) In another country
- c) Near the beach

4. Why did Sara's family take the train to the beach?

- a) It was cheaper than the bus
- b) It was faster than the car
- c) It was safer than the plane

5. What happened at the beach?

- a) Sara rode a boat with her family
- b) Sara's brother was afraid of the boat
- c) They went swimming in the river

6. (Inference) Which transport has Sara not used yet?

- a) Train
- b) Boat
- c) Plane

- 7. (Opinion in the text) Which transport does Sara think is fast and relaxing?
- a) Train
- b) Car
- c) Plane
- 8. (Future wish) What kind of trip does Sara hope to have one day?
- a) A trip by car
- b) A trip by boat
- c) A trip by bicycle

3 marks for each. 15/......

Part 3
Reading

Multiple-Choice Questions. Read the text and answer the questions.

Choose the correct answer

"Ways We Travel"

People use many kinds of transport to move from one place to another. In big cities, many people take buses or trains because they are fast and cheap. Some people prefer to drive their own cars, but traffic can be a big problem during busy hours.

In small towns, people often ride bicycles or walk because places are closer together. In some countries, people use boats to travel between islands. Airplanes are the fastest way to travel long distances, but they are also the most expensive.

Today, many people are thinking about the environment. They try to use transport that does not cause pollution, such as electric cars or public transport.

- 1. Why do many people in big cities take buses or trains?
- A. Because they are expensive
- B. Because they are slow
- C. Because they are fast and cheap
- 2. What is a common problem for people who drive cars
- A. Weather
- B. Traffic
- C. Parking

Multiple-Choice Questions. Read the text and answer the questions.

Choose the correct answer

- 3. How do people in small towns often travel?
- A. By airplanes
- B. By cars only
- C. By bicycles or walking
- 4. Which transport is the fastest for long trips?
- A. Bus
- B. Airplane
- C. Boat
- D. Bicycle
- 5. What kind of transport helps protect the environment?
- A. Cars using a lot of gas
- **B.** Airplanes
- C. Electric cars or public transport

3 marks for each.

Task Description	Achievement Objectives	Specific Student Learning Outcomes (SSLOs)	Construct Limits
Guided constructed response Write a complete sentence for the picture. Use the words in the circle to help you.	Demonstrate comprehension of grade-level texts by identifying key ideas, summarising information, making inferences, and supporting answers with evidence.	Spelling & Word Use 3.W.SWU.1: Spell grade-level sight words correctly. Writing Production 3.W.WPD.1: Write grammatically correct simple and compound sentences using varied subjects and verb forms. Handwriting & Presentation 3.LR.HP.2: Produce legible handwriting with consistent letter size, shape, and slant.	3 constructed responses 1 image per response 1 word bank with 3 words per response 2 lines per response 40 marks, based on rubric

ومف الهنة	أهداف الإنجاز	مخرجات ثعلم الطلاب المحددة (SSLOs)	كيفية السؤال
لئ الفراغ + المطابقة بالصورة كتب جملة كاملة للصورة. استخدم كلمات الموجودة (تتوفر كلمتين لمساعدتك	المستويات من خلال تحديد الأفكار الرئيسية وتلخيص المعلومات وإجراء الاستدلالات	التهجئة واستخدام الكلمات كتابة الكلمات االبصرية بشكل صحيح:3.W.SWU.1 الكتابة والصياغة اكتب جمل بسيطة ومركبة صحيحة نحويا :3.W.WPD.1 باستخدام موضوعات وأشكال أفعال متنوعة. الكتابة والخط 3.LR.HP.2 الكتابة ب خطيد مقروء بحجم وشكل وميل متسق.	3 أسئلة 1 صورة لكل سؤال 1 بنك كلمات مع 3 كلمات لكل سؤال 2 سطرين لكل سؤال 40 درجة بناءا على أدوات التقييم Rubrics

Part 4: Writing			
سيكون التركيز على الوحدة من خلال	Our Homes Describe different homes and rooms Describing objects		
High frequency words الكلمات البصرية	High frequency words: here, is, are, in, on, next		
Vocabulary کلمات الدروس	فوق داخل بجانب الطابق السفلي الطابق العلوي حديقة شرفة شقة apartment, balcony, garden, upstairs, downstairs, next to, in, on		
Language Structures / Grammar Focus استخدام القواعد النحوية	"There is/are", "Where is the?", "It's next to/in/on", "We have", "My house has		

Part 4 Writing

Write complete sentences for the picture. Use the words in the circle to help you.

live apartment



We live in an apartment.

house upstairs



Our house is upstairs.

room balcony



There is a balcony in my room.

Task completion/8	Spelling/8	Handwriting/8	Use Vocabulary/8	Punctuation/8	Total/ 40

Part 4 Writing

Write complete sentences for the picture. Use the words in the circle to help you.

garden flowers



There are many flowers in the garden.

next to school



My house is next to the school.

girl on



The girl is sitting on the table.

Task completion/8	Spelling/8	Handwriting/8	Use Vocabulary/8	Punctuation/8	Total/ 40