

دليل هيكل اللغة الإنجليزية



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية

موقع المناهج ⇨ المناهج الإماراتية ⇨ الصف الثاني عشر ⇨ لغة انجليزية ⇨ الفصل الأول ⇨ ملفات متنوعة ⇨ الملف

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ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل
منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس

المزيد من مادة
لغة انجليزية:

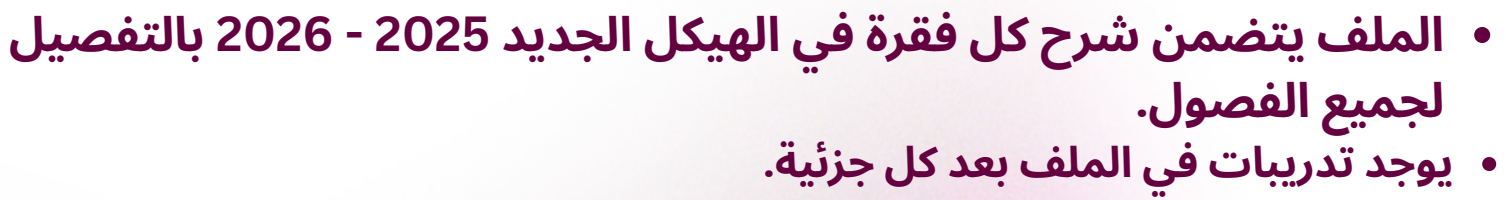
التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثاني عشر



صفحة المناهج
الإماراتية على
فيسبوك

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

عرض بوربوينت مراجعة نهائية سريعة مع الإجابات المسار المتقدم	1
عرض بوربوينت مراجعة نهائية سريعة مع الإجابات المسار العام	2
عرض بوربوينت شرح كتابة مواضيع الكتابة مع الإجابات المسار العام	3
عرض بوربوينت شرح كتابة مواضيع الكتابة مع الإجابات المسار المتقدم	4
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عام و نظرياتي

AND

مَدْفُون

TI

- الملف يتضمن شرح كل فقرة في الهيكل الجديد 2025 - 2026 بالتفصيل لجميع الفصول.
- يوجد تدريبات في الملف بعد كل جزئية.

القراءة (60 درجة)	الكتابي (40 درجة)
الثاني عشر : إلكتروني (سويقت أسيس) الحادي عشر : إلكتروني (سويقت أسيس)	الثاني عشر : إلكتروني (سويقت أسيس) الحادي عشر : ورقي

• الجزء الأول : مفردات

• صيغة السؤال :

اختيار من متعدد (املاً الفراغات) - اختر الكلمات الصحيحة لإكمال الجمل.
Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

• الشكل في الإمتحان:

- نص واحد يتكوّن من 170 كلمة ($\pm 10\%$) يحتوي على 7 فجوات تركّز على المفردات المستهدفة.
- 3 خيارات لكل فجوة، إحداها صحيحة.
- درجتان لكل سؤال → المجموع: 14 درجة.

• موضوع الفقرة من الكتاب :

Unit: Money Talks | Topic: Making a Profit and Helping People, Entrepreneurs
الوحدة: المال يتحدث | الموضوع: تحقيق الربح ومساعدة الناس - رواد الأعمال

• الكلمات المطلوب التركيز عليها:

- determined (مصمّم / عازم)
- independently (بشكل مستقل)
- motivate (يحفّز / يشجّع)
- pride (فخر)
- primarily (في الأساس / بشكل رئيسي)
- reward (مكافأة)
- successfully (بنجاح)
- surprising (مفاجئ / مثير للدهشة)
- found (يؤسس / ينشئ)
- highly (بدرجة كبيرة / للغاية)
- hire (يوظّف)
- identify (يحدّد / يتعرّف على)
- in common (مشارك / بينهم قواسم مشتركة)
- quantity (كمية)
- raise capital (يجمع رأس مال)
- remarkable (ملحوظ / استثنائي)
- take risks (يخاطر / يجازف)
- vision (رؤية مستقبلية)

• الجزء الثاني : قواعد اللغة

• صيغة السؤال :

اختيار من متعدد (املاً الفراغات)، اقرأ النص واختر الكلمة (الكلمات) الصحيحة لإكمال الجمل.

Multiple-choice gap-fill — Read the text and choose the correct word(s) to complete the sentences.

• الشكل في الإمتحان:

- نص توضيحي واحد من 160 كلمة (10٪ أكثر أو أقل) مع 7 فراغات.
- 3 خيارات، أحدها هو الإجابة الصحيحة.
- درجتان لكل خيار (المجموع: 14 درجة).

• موضوع الفقرة من الكتاب:

Nail that job | Career trends in a changing world
احصل على وظيفة أحلامك | اتجاهات العمل في عالم متغير

• الكلمات المطلوب التركيز عليها:

- distract (يُشتّت / يُلْهي)
- overworked (مُرهَق من كثرة العمل)
- worldwide (على مستوى العالم / عالمي)
- drawback (عيب / سلبية / نقطة ضعف)
- livelihood (وسيلة العيش / الرزق)
- secure (يؤمّن / يحمي / يضمن)
- upgrade (يرقّي / يُحسّن / تحديث)
- workaholism (إدمان العمل)
- gridlock (ازدحام مروري خانق / شلل مروري)
- overcrowding (الاكتظاظ / الازدحام الشديد)
- background (خلفية / خلفية اجتماعية أو مهنية)
- overwork (إرهاق بسبب كثرة العمل / يفرط في العمل)
- overdo (يُفْرِط في فعل شيء / يبالغ)
- overdue (متأخر عن الموعد / فات أوانه)
- overcrowded (مكتظ / مزدحم جدًا)
- overestimate (وُيَبالغ في التقدير / يُقدّر أكثر من اللازم)
- overpopulated (مكتظ بالسكان / ذو كثافة سكانية عالية)

• القواعد المطلوب التركيز عليها:

- Adjectives (compound adjectives) - الصفات (المركبة)
- Nouns (compound nouns) - الأسماء (المركبة)

• الجزء الثالث : القراءة

صيغة السؤال:

اختيار من متعدد (املاً الفراغات)، اقرأ النص. اختر الإجابة الصحيحة.
Multiple choice – Read the text. Choose the correct answer.

الشكل في الإمتحان:

- نص جدلي واحد يتراوح عدد كلماته بين 330 و 300 كلمة ($\pm 10\%$).
- 8 أسئلة مع 3 خيارات لكل سؤال، أحدها هو الإجابة الصحيحة.
- درجتان لكل سؤال (المجموع: 16 درجة).

موضوع الفقرة من الكتاب:

Money Talks | Consumerism and the human brain, Does money talk?
المال يتكلم | الاستهلاك والعقل البشري، هل المال يتكلم؟

• الكلمات المطلوب التركيز عليها:

- access (وصول / إمكانية الدخول أو الاستخدام)
- consume (يستهلك / يستخدم)
- consumers (المستهلكون / المستخدمون للمنتجات أو الخدمات)
- economy (الاقتصاد / نظام إنتاج وتوزيع السلع والخدمات)
- identical (مطابق / متماثل تمامًا)
- items (عناصر / قطع / أشياء)
- victim (ضحية)
- sustainably (بشكل مستدام / بطريقة تحافظ على الموارد دون إهدارها)
- consumerism (الاستهلاك / الاهتمام المفرط بالشراء والاقتناء)
- motivation (الدافع / الحافز)
- accomplishment (إنجاز / تحقيق هدف)
- autonomy (الاستقلالية / الحرية في اتخاذ القرار)
- creativity (الإبداع / القدرة على التفكير بطرق جديدة)
- critical thinking (التفكير النقدي / تحليل الأفكار بعمق ومنطق)
- mastery (إتقان / مهارة عالية في مجال معين)
- purpose (هدف / غاية / نية)

• القواعد المطلوب التركيز عليها:

قواعد اللغة المرحلة الثامنة – Stage 8 Grammar

صيغة السؤال:

اختيار من متعدد (املاً الفراغات)، اقرأ النص. اختر الإجابة الصحيحة.
Multiple choice – Read the text. Choose the correct answer

الشكل في الإمتحان:

- نص تفسيري واحد يتراوح عدد كلماته بين 330 و 300 كلمة ($\pm 10\%$).
- 8 أسئلة مع 3 خيارات، أحدها هو الإجابة الصحيحة.
- علامتان لكل سؤال، المجموع: 16 درجة.

موضوع الفقرة من الكتاب:

Nail that job | Creating a vision for your career
أنجز عملك على أكمل وجه | ابتكر رؤية لمسيرتك المهنية

الكلمات المطلوب التركيز عليها:

- job-hunting (البحث عن عمل / السعي لإيجاد وظيفة)
- unique (فريد / مميز / لا مثيل له)
- long-term career (مسار مهني طويل الأمد / مهنة مستقرة على المدى البعيد)
- approach (أسلوب / طريقة / منهج في التعامل مع شيء)
- encourage (يشجّع / يحفّز / يدعم)
- evaluate (يقيّم / يقدّر / يحلل)
- accomplishment (إنجاز / نجاح تحقق بجهد)
- uncover (يكشف / يُظهر)
- motivated (متحفّز / لديه دافع قوي)
- distracted (مشتّت / غير مركز)
- leisure time (وقت الفراغ / أوقات التسلية والراحة)
- powerful (قوي / مؤثر / فعّال)

• القواعد المطلوب التركيز عليها:

Future tense (going to) - زمن المستقبل (سوف)
Modal verbs (can, should) - الأفعال المساعدة (يمكن، يجب)

• الجزء الخامس : الكتابة

صيغة السؤال الأول :

اقرأ النص بعناية.
هل كان للكاتب رأي واضح في النص؟ وهل توافق معه؟ اذكر السبب.

صيغة السؤال الثاني:

اقرأ النص مرة أخرى.
المطلب الكتابي الرئيسي:
• المطلب 1
• المطلب 2
• المطلب 3
اكتب ما لا يقل عن 200 كلمة.

الشكل في الإمتحان:

- نص واحد من 180 كلمة متعلق بالموضوع، يعرض رأي الكاتب ويقدم بعض الحقائق والحجج.
- سؤال واحد يسأل عن رأي الكاتب وهل يتفق الطالب معه، مع سبب واضح.
- سؤال آخر يطلب من الطالب التعبير عن رأيه الشخصي حول القضية المطروحة في النص، مدعومًا بأمثلة وأسباب من النص نفسه.
- يحتوي على ثلاث مطالب (prompts) تُوجّه الطالب لكتابة نص جدلي
- عدد الكلمات: 200 كلمة
- الدرجة الكلية: 40 علامة
-

موضوع الفقرة من الكتاب:

Unit: Nail That Job | Topic: My Dream Job and How I Plan to Get There
الوحدة: احصل على الوظيفة | الموضوع: وظيفتي الحلم وكيف أخطط للحصول عليها

الكلمات المطلوب التركيز عليها:

جميع مفردات الفصل الدراسي الأول Term 1 Vocabulary

• القواعد المطلوب التركيز عليها:

أسلوب الكلام المنقول - G.18 Reported Speech

• طريقة الكتابة خطوة بخطوة

• المقدمة (Introduction)

- ابدأ بجملة عامة تمهّد لموضوع النص (عن الوظائف، الطموح، أو تحقيق الأحلام).
- ثم لخص بإيجاز الفكرة أو وجهة النظر التي يطرحها الكاتب.
- اختتم بجملة توضّح أنك ستقارن أو تناقش رأيك حولها.
- نموذج جاهز: 
- The text discusses the idea of choosing a dream job and the importance of following one's passion. This essay will explain the writer's opinion, compare it with my own, and give reasons supported by examples from the text.

• نصائح سريعة:

- المقدمة المثالية = 3 جمل فقط.
- لا تبدأ مباشرة بقول "In this essay I will..."
- استخدم لغة طبيعية وواضحة.

• الفقرة الأولى (Body Paragraph 1) - رأي الكاتب وتحليله

- اشرح بوضوح ما هو رأي الكاتب في النص، وما الأسباب أو الحجج التي استخدمها لدعمه.
- استخدم أسلوب Reported Speech (الكلام المنقول) مثل:
...The writer says that... → The writer said that
...The writer believes that... → The writer believed that
- نموذج: 
- The writer believed that choosing a career should not only be about money but about passion and purpose. He said that helping others gives life more meaning than earning a high salary. According to him, hard work and dedication are the keys to achieving one's dream job.

• نصائح:

- استخدم 3 إلى 4 جمل.
- استخدم Reported Speech بدقة (لأنها من قواعد الفصل).

• الفقرة الثانية (Body Paragraph 2) - رأيك الشخصي

- اذكر ما إذا كنت تتفق أو تختلف مع رأي الكاتب ولماذا.
- قدّم سببين أو ثلاثة فقط، وادعمهم بتفكير منطقي.
- نموذج: 
- Personally, I agree with the writer's opinion that passion should guide career choices. When people work with purpose, they feel more motivated and satisfied. I believe that money can bring comfort, but true happiness comes from doing something meaningful.

النوع	كلمات مفيدة
للمقارنة والتشابه	both...and, similarly, likewise, in the same way
لاختلاف والتباين	however, whereas, while, on the other hand, in contrast
لإضافة الأفكار	moreover, also, in addition, furthermore
لإعطاء أمثلة	for example, for instance, such as, to illustrate
للتائج أو الخاتمة	therefore, thus, as a result, in conclusion, to sum up

نصائح ذكية للعلامة الكاملة

1. اقرأ النص مرتين قبل أن تكتب.
2. استخدم لغة بسيطة وواضحة بدل التعقيد.
3. لا تنس علامات الترقيم (النقطة، الفاصلة، إلخ).
4. اترك سطرًا صغيرًا بين الفقرات لتبدو منظمة.
5. استخدم 20 دقيقة للفهم + 30 دقيقة للكتابة + 10 دقائق للمراجعة.

Vocabulary Training – Nail That Job!

Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

Many successful entrepreneurs are (1) _____ (determined / surprising / hired) people who refuse to give up even when things get tough. They often start their projects (2) _____ (independently / primarily / successfully), without waiting for anyone else's approval. What really (3) _____ (motivates / hires / identifies) them is not just money, but a deep sense of (4) _____ (pride / reward / quantity) in creating something meaningful.

Entrepreneurs usually have a clear (5) _____ (vision / capital / colleague) of what they want to achieve, and they know how to (6) _____ (raise capital / take risks / found) when they need funds to expand their ideas. They often need to (7) _____ (hire / motivate / identify) talented people to help them reach their goals.

It's (8) _____ (remarkable / surprising / highly) how many entrepreneurs start small but grow (9) _____ (primarily / successfully / in common) into huge companies. They all share one thing (10) _____ (in common / independently / highly): the courage to (11) _____ (take risks / found / raise capital) and the drive to keep going, no matter what.

Answer Key:

1.determined, 2. independently, 3. motivates, 4. pride, 5. vision, 6. raise capital, 7. hire, 8. remarkable, 9. successfully, 10. in common, 11. take risks



Grammar Training – The Overworked City!

Read the text and choose the correct word(s) to complete the sentences.

In today's (1) _____ (worldwide \ overworked \ background) economy, cities are growing faster than ever before. This rapid growth has led to (2) _____ (overcrowding \ livelihood \ gridlock) and higher living costs. Many people spend hours stuck in traffic or dealing with (3) _____ (overwork \ overdo \ overestimate), trying to keep up with the demands of modern life. As a result, (4) _____ (overworked \ overpopulated \ overdue) citizens often feel exhausted and (5) _____ (bored \ boring \ distracted) by constant pressure. Experts warn that (6) _____ (workaholism \ livelihood \ drawback) is becoming a serious health issue in many (7) _____ (worldwide \ overcrowded \ overdue) cities.

Governments are now trying to (8) _____ (secure \ upgrade \ overdo) public spaces and transport systems to reduce stress and improve people's (9) _____ (livelihood \ gridlock \ overestimate). However, these projects are sometimes (10) _____ (overdue \ overworked \ background) and take years to complete.

Despite these (11) _____ (drawbacks \ overwork \ upgrades), many still choose to live in the city because it offers more opportunities and a strong sense of (12) _____ (background \ livelihood \ security). With careful planning, we can (13) _____ (secure \ overestimate \ upgrade) our cities for a healthier and more balanced future.



Correct Answers:

Answer Key: worldwide, overcrowding, overwork, overworked, distracted, workaholism, overcrowded, upgrade, livelihood, overdue, drawbacks, livelihood, upgrade

The Truth About Multitasking

In today's world, people are constantly surrounded by screens, notifications, and endless to-do lists. Many believe that being able to multitask is a sign of intelligence and efficiency. At first glance, this may give the impression that someone who can answer emails, listen to music, and study at the same time is more productive. However, scientific research suggests otherwise.

Studies have shown that the human brain cannot fully focus on more than one complex task at a time. Instead of working on both tasks successfully, it rapidly switches between them, losing time and concentration with every change. This constant shifting makes people feel busy but actually less competent.

In one experiment, participants were asked to read an article while replying to text messages. Compared to those who focused on one task, the multitaskers remembered fewer details and made more mistakes. Their memory skills declined, and their performance became more inefficient. The researchers concluded that the brain's energy is divided rather than multiplied during multitasking.

There are, of course, some rare exceptions. For example, tasks that are automatic—like walking and talking—can be done together because one requires little conscious effort. But when both tasks require attention, the results usually suffer. Even computer-based work, which seems easier, can become stressful when people try to handle multiple programs or meetings simultaneously.

So, what is the solution? Experts recommend focusing on one goal at a time. When people fully concentrate, they can memorize information better, solve problems faster, and finish tasks more effectively. True productivity isn't about doing more—it's about doing one thing well. In a world that celebrates busyness, focusing might just be the smartest choice we can make.

Multiple Choice – Read the text. Choose the correct answer.

What is the main idea of the passage?

- A) Multitasking improves intelligence.
- B) Multitasking often reduces efficiency.
- C) Multitasking is always helpful at work.

According to the text, why do people believe multitasking is effective?

- A) It gives the impression of productivity.
- B) It improves memory skills.
- C) It reduces stress.

What happens when the brain switches between tasks?

- A) It becomes more competent.
- B) It loses time and concentration.
- C) It improves problem-solving.

In the experiment, what did multitaskers do worse than others?

- A) Memorize and recall information.
- B) Type faster messages.
- C) Read more pages.

What does the text say about rare exceptions?

- A) They are usually computer-based.
- B) They involve simple or automatic tasks.
- C) They always improve performance.

Why can computer-based multitasking be stressful?

- A) It requires too little concentration.
- B) It involves using many programs at once.
- C) It helps divide the brain's energy.

What do experts recommend for true productivity?

- A) Working longer hours.
- B) Doing several things at once.
- C) Focusing on one goal at a time.

What can people do better when they focus?

- A) Memorize and solve problems.
- B) Work in a stressful environment.
- C) Multitask successfully.

✔ Answer Key:

B, A, B, A, B, B, C, A



Overpopulation Fuels Megacities – For Better or Worse

In recent decades, the world has witnessed rapid urbanization, as millions of people migrate from rural areas to cities in search of better opportunities. This trend has given rise to megacities—urban areas with more than ten million dwellers. Cities like Tokyo, Mumbai, and Cairo have become symbols of progress but also examples of serious challenges.

One main reason behind this growth is manufacturing. Factories and industries in large cities attract workers who hope for stable incomes and better living conditions. As a result, populations increase faster than the cities' infrastructure can handle. Roads, housing, and public transport often become overcrowded, leading to pollution, traffic, and rising costs of living.

However, many experts believe that overpopulation does not always have to be negative. When managed correctly, it can make a city more thriving and innovative. A larger population can incorporate diverse ideas, talents, and skills that drive technological advancement and cultural growth. Cities like Singapore and Seoul have shown that with optimal planning, urban areas can remain organized, efficient, and environmentally friendly despite high population density.

Still, the environmental cost is undeniable. Increased transportation and industrial activities result in higher emissions, which contribute to climate change and poor air quality. To balance progress with sustainability, governments must invest in green energy, efficient public transport, and modern housing solutions.

In the end, the story of overpopulation is one of both opportunity and warning. Urbanization can transform nations, but only when it is paired with thoughtful planning and smart resource management. Whether megacities become a blessing or a burden depends on the choices we make today.

Multiple Choice – Read the text. Choose the correct answer.

What is the main idea of the passage?

- A) Urbanization has no impact on modern cities.
- B) Overpopulation creates both opportunities and challenges for cities.
- C) Rural areas are better places to live than megacities.

Why do people migrate from rural areas to cities?

- A) To find better jobs and living conditions.
- B) To escape industrial pollution.
- C) To avoid modern infrastructure.

What problem results from cities growing too quickly?

- A) Decrease in cultural diversity.
- B) Overcrowded infrastructure and pollution.
- C) Lack of manufacturing industries.

What does the text say about manufacturing?

- A) It causes people to move back to rural areas.
- B) It attracts workers and increases city populations.
- C) It reduces urbanization.

How can overpopulation become positive according to experts?

- A) When cities incorporate diverse ideas and plan optimally.
- B) When fewer people migrate to cities.
- C) When factories close down.

What example does the text give of well-managed megacities?

- A) Cairo and Mumbai.
- B) Singapore and Seoul.
- C) Tokyo and Mexico City.

What environmental issue is linked to overpopulation?

- A) Higher emissions from transport and industry.
- B) Reduction in manufacturing jobs.
- C) Decrease in public transport use.

What is the final message of the text?

- A) Megacities are always harmful.
- B) Urbanization must be managed wisely to ensure progress.
- C) Rural life is the only sustainable choice.

✔ Answer Key:

B, A, B, B, A, B, A, B

✧ Question 1: Understanding the Writer's Opinion

اقرأ النص بعناية. هل كان للكاتب رأي واضح في النص؟ وهل توافق معه؟ اذكر السبب.

Read the text. Was the writer's opinion in the text, and do you agree with it? Give a reason for your answer.

Text: My Dream Job – Turning Passion into Purpose

(≈ 180 words)

From a young age, I have always believed that choosing a career should not be about money alone, but about finding purpose. For me, becoming a doctor has always been more than a dream — it is a calling. I remember watching my grandmother struggle with illness, and I promised myself that one day I would help people like her.

Many say that medicine is a stressful and demanding field, and they are right. It requires long years of study, strong determination, and emotional strength. Yet, I believe that the reward of saving lives and making a difference is worth every effort. My plan is simple but clear: I will study hard, join volunteer medical programs, and learn from experienced doctors. I also plan to develop my communication and teamwork skills, because a good doctor listens as much as they treat.

In the end, my dream job is not about prestige or wealth. It's about compassion — using knowledge and skill to heal, to comfort, and to serve humanity.

✓ Model Answer – Question 1 (الإجابة النموذجية)

Yes, the writer clearly expresses a strong opinion in the text. The writer believes that a job should be based on purpose and passion, not money, and uses the dream of becoming a doctor as an example of this belief.

I personally agree with the writer's opinion. Doing something meaningful makes a career more satisfying and sustainable. When people work with purpose, they not only succeed professionally but also feel emotionally fulfilled.

Word Count: 70

Question 2: Main Writing Prompt (Essay)

Read the text again.

Main Writing Prompt:

- Describe the writer's dream career and their stance on meaningful work.
- Explain if you agree or disagree with their opinion, and give reasons.
- Discuss how you, too, can achieve your dream career, using a clear plan.

Write at least 200 words.

اقرأ النص مرة أخرى.

موضوع الكتابة الرئيسي:

- صف الوظيفة المثالية التي يحلم بها الكاتب وموقفه من العمل الهادف.
 - اشرح ما إذا كنت تتفق أو تختلف مع رأيه، وقدم الأسباب.
 - ناقش كيف يمكنك أنت أيضاً تحقيق وظيفة أحلامك، باستخدام خطة واضحة.
- اكتب 200 كلمة على الأقل.

Text: My Dream Job – Turning Passion into Purpose

(≈ 180 words)

From a young age, I have always believed that choosing a career should not be about money alone, but about finding purpose. For me, becoming a doctor has always been more than a dream — it is a calling. I remember watching my grandmother struggle with illness, and I promised myself that one day I would help people like her.

Many say that medicine is a stressful and demanding field, and they are right. It requires long years of study, strong determination, and emotional strength. Yet, I believe that the reward of saving lives and making a difference is worth every effort. My plan is simple but clear: I will study hard, join volunteer medical programs, and learn from experienced doctors. I also plan to develop my communication and teamwork skills, because a good doctor listens as much as they treat.

In the end, my dream job is not about prestige or wealth. It's about compassion — using knowledge and skill to heal, to comfort, and to serve humanity.

✔ **Model Answer – Question 2 (Essay)** – الإجابة النموذجية –

The writer of the text believes that a dream job should be based on passion and purpose rather than money. In the passage, the writer explains the dream of becoming a doctor, describing it as a calling to help others and make a difference. This idea reflects a deeper understanding of success — that it is not measured by wealth, but by the positive impact one leaves on others.

I completely agree with this point of view. A career without purpose often leads to stress and emptiness, no matter how high the salary is. When someone loves what they do, they stay motivated, keep improving, and feel proud of their achievements. Helping others brings emotional rewards that money cannot replace.

As for me, my dream job is to become a medical researcher. I want to discover new treatments that could save lives and improve global health. To achieve this, I plan to study medicine, join research programs, and learn how to conduct scientific studies. I also intend to develop strong teamwork and problem-solving skills, as modern research always depends on collaboration and creativity.

In conclusion, a meaningful career is not just about personal success — it's about contributing to the world. Following your passion with dedication can turn a simple dream into a lifelong mission.

Word Count: 250

اضغطوا في اي مكان
على الملف

9

تابعوا قفانا

