

# Grade 12 A & 11 A Final Revision (2025 - Term 2)

## By Mr Ahmed Abdelfattah

### I- Grammar (Grade Level) (Maze 1)

#### 1- Future perfect passive

##### Form:

**will/shall + have + been + past participle**

“**be**” in the future perfect is (**will have been**)

##### Examples:

- The business proposal **will have been written by** (*before*) the 1st of September.
- The order **will have been delivered by** the time he receives his invoice.
- A new sports arena **will have been built by** next year, creating many business opportunities.
- The accounts for the project **will have been completed by** next week.

##### Usage:

We use **the future perfect passive** to talk about something that will **be completed before a certain time or future event**.

- **Conservationists will have protected** the Arabian **leopard by** the year 2030. (**Active**)

**Passive = Object + be + past participle**

- The Arabian leopard **will have been protected by** the year 2030. (**Passive**)
- **Scientists will have studied** the population of the Arabian **oryx by** next year. (**Active**)
- The population of the Arabian **oryx will have been studied by** next year. (**Passive**)

##### Exercises:

- 1- The pollution control plan (**will complete / completing / will have been completed**) **by** the time the inspection team arrives.
- 2- The new marketing **campaign** (**will have been launched / will have been launching / shall launch**) by the company **by** the time the sales report is released.
- 3- The wildlife preservation **project** (**have been fund / will have funded / will have been funded**) by many organizations **by/before** the environmental summit.
- 4- Several environmental **laws** (**will have been passed / passing / will have passed**) by the government **by** the end of this year.
- 5- The energy-saving **devices** (**will have installed / will have been installing / will have been installed**) in all offices **by** the end of the month.
- 6- The environmental report (**will prepare / will have been prepared / preparing**) by the manager **by/before** the conference starts.
- 7- All business proposals (**review / will have been reviewed / will have been reviewing**) by experts **by** the end of the week.
- 8- The new policy (**will be implementing / will implement / will have been implemented**) by all factories **by/before** the deadline.
- 9- The damaged equipment (**will be replacing / will have been replacing / will have been replaced**) by technicians **by** next Monday.
- 10- The polluted river (**will clean / will have been cleaned / cleaning**) **by** the end of the project.

#### 2- Clefting and fronting

(No matter)

##### Examples:

- **No matter what you say**, I will still be attending the meeting.
- **No matter how challenging the journey is**, we are capable of doing it.
- **No matter how hard you try**, you cannot change the past.
- **No matter where we go**, we will always stay in touch.
- **No matter how much that eco-friendly product costs**, we are buying it.
- **No matter the risk**, it is certainly worth a try.
- It will eventually close down, **no matter how much you try and save the business**.

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**Usage:**  
We use '**Fronting**' to emphasize the information in the first clause '**No matter how much....**'. In this case, using '**No matter**' emphasizes that '**regardless of the circumstances**' the outcome will be the same. '**Clefting**' means a single message is divided across two clauses. We use **cleft sentences** to connect what is already understood to what is new to the listener. **Emphasis is placed on the new information by moving it to the beginning of the sentence.**

**Exercises:**

- 1- The CEO won't approve the project (**in spite / no matter / however**) **how much** profit it promises if it harms the environment.
- 2- (**No matter how effective / No matter how many / No matter who**) the marketing campaign is, long-term **success** depends on ethical business **practices**.
- 3- No matter (**where / how much / who**) new technologies are developed, all other **places** can benefit from them.
- 4- (**No matter who / No matter where / No matter how**) **leads** the green initiative, it will require strong teamwork.
- 5- (**No matter how / No matter what / No matter who**) **much** funding is provided, the project must be carefully managed.
- 6- (**If / No matter / Unless**) when sustainability guidelines are implemented, they should be reviewed regularly.
- 7- (**No matter what / Despite / What matter**) the production costs are, businesses should focus on minimizing waste.
- 8- (**No matter how / No matter who / No matter which**) competitive the industry gets, ethical practices must always come first.
- 10- (**No matter who / No matter what / No matter where**) the new factory is built, it must meet environmental standards.

**3- Cleft sentences in the past, present and future tense**

**Form:**

**It-cleft sentences:**

**It + be + noun + that/who relative clause**

**Wh-cleft sentences:**

**Wh-clause + be + emphasized word / phrase**

**Examples:**

- **It's the performance at Dubai Opera** we are attending, not Zabeel Theatre! **What we need to do is travel** across the city, quick!
- **It wasn't until he learnt how to control his anger that** he felt happier.
- **What she said was she's been wanting to see the film**, not that she's seen it.
- **How I feel about this demonstrates that** it is very important to me.
- **What you need to do is sleep** 7 to 8 hours a day. This will help you focus during the day.
- I saw your brother **Ahmad** at the gym yesterday. No, **it was Ali that** you saw!
- **The fact is that** we can't go back in time and change the past.
- **What we'll do is take** the train from France.
- **What we all want is** for our team to win.
- **What I need now is** a cup of hot cocoa!
- **What they need is** a long holiday in Europe.
- **What Ali said was that** he doesn't need our help.
- **It was Hamad who** injured his knee.
- **It is my parents who** always support me.
- **It is the team's spirit that** will motivate me to do better.
- **It was Nadia's attitude that** helped her sister win the race.

**Usage:**

We use **cleft sentences** to emphasize new information. **It-cleft sentences:** The information that comes after it is emphasized for the listener. We use that to begin the clause that contains information that is already understood.

**Wh-cleft sentences:** Usually with **what**, but we can also use **why, where, how, etc.** The information in the Wh-clause is typically understood information.

### Exercises:

- 1- It was **John (whose / who / which)** initiated the recycling project at the company.
- 2- It **(is / will be / was)** Mr. Green who **led** the environmental campaign successfully **last week**.
- 3- It was **last month (these / that / where)** the company launched its new eco-friendly product line.
- 4- It was **yesterday (when / where / who)** I met the new business partner during the environmental conference.
- 5- It was the factory's plan that **(was improved / improved / improves)** **by** the manager to reduce carbon emissions. **(passive)**
- 6- It **(is / has been / was)** the CEO you **spoke** to about the sustainability strategy **yesterday**.
- 7- The **thing** that **usually impresses** me more than anything else **(was / were / is)** your commitment to green initiatives.
- 8- **(Those / These / It)** **was** only last year **(that / there / where)** I decided to switch to a more sustainable business model.
- 9- **What I (want / wanting / wanted)** **was** a partnership focused on renewable energy.
- 10- **(Which / When / What)** I really **needed (was / were / being)** a mentor who could guide me in eco-friendly business practices.
- 11- **What we need to do is (got / gets / to get)** more clients who value sustainable practices.
- 12- **What we need to do is (got / gets / get)** more green investments for the future.
- 13- The **reason (what / where / why)** we adopted the policy **(is / being / were)** to reduce our environmental impact.
- 14- **What you should do is (issue / issued / have issued)** a sustainability certification for the business.
- 15- **What's really important to me (should be / should being / being)** ensuring that we contribute positively to the environment.
- 16- **It's** the sustainability meeting **(then / than / that)** we are attending, not the annual corporate dinner!
- 17- **(When / What / Which)** we need to do is **head** to the conference room, quickly!
- 18- **It (will be / was / is)** when the company **invested** in renewable energy that it **became** known for its green initiatives.
- 19- **It's (sustainable / sustainably / sustainability)** that the CEO said should be a top priority, not just an afterthought.
- 20- It's the **way** the engineers approached the eco-friendly project that **(demonstrates / demonstrating / demonstrate)** their commitment to positive environmental change.
- 22- It **(were / was / is)** my mentor who **guided** me to start my successful business last year.
- 23- **It was** Ms. Green **(who / which / whose)** introduced me to sustainable business practices.
- 24- **(He / It / She)** **was** their dedication to eco-friendly solutions that made the startup succeed.
- 25- **It was** the new technology **(where / that / when)** helped the company reduce its carbon footprint.
- 26- **(Why / Where / What)** **I need is** a solid business plan to secure investors.
- 27- **What we all want (is / are / have)** a sustainable approach to reducing waste.
- 28- **What the manager said was that** he **(will check / may check / would check)** the environmental impact report later.

### Clefting and fronting

#### Form:

**adverbial phrase + subject + verb + rest of sentence**

#### Usage:

A **fronted adverbial** is a **word** or **phrase** that **starts** a **sentence** and **occurs before** the **sentence subject**. Fronted adverbials **emphasise** to other people that **the speaker is making a comment** and **giving their opinion**. The **adverbial phrase** is usually **separated** from the **sentence** by a **comma**.

#### Examples:

- 1- **At the end of the day**, I'll decide what is best for the business.
- 2- **Practically speaking**, laptops are more convenient than desk top computers.
- 3- **Taking the long view**, the company will be financially stronger next year.
- 4- **Undoubtedly**, Dubai is a fantastic place to live and work.

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## Exercises:

- 1- (**Doubted / Undoubtedly / Although**), air pollution harms the environment.
- 2- (**Practically speaking / Practical speak / Practical**), working from home is more comfortable.
- 3- There were a few challenging business decisions, but (**point of view / view / taking the long view**), this will help us in future growth and success.

## Cleft sentences

### Inversion (only if + first conditional/second conditional)

## Examples:

- **Only if** you **work** hard and stay persistent, **will you** find success as an entrepreneur. (**inversion**)
- **Only if** we **act** now to reduce emissions, **will we** make a meaningful impact on the environment. (**First conditional**)
- **Only if** I **received** a large grant, **would I** expand my eco-friendly startup internationally. (**Second conditional**)
- **Only if** you **make** a breakthrough in your environmental research, **will you** be recognized as a leading environmentalist. (**First conditional**)
- **You can** secure a successful investment for your green project **if you demonstrate** its long-term sustainability.

## Exercises:

- **If** you **submit** your proposal on time, (**will you secure / you will secure / would you secure**) funding for your eco-friendly project.
- **Only if** you work consistently, (**you will / you have / will you**) achieve success as an entrepreneur.
- **Only if** the environmental committee approved, (**would we / have we / we would**) start the reforestation project.
- **You can** launch your start-up **only if** (**you conduct / do you conduct / you conducting**) proper market research.
- (**If / Unless / Only if**) we present a strong business case **can we** attract investors for the sustainable energy project.
- **If** she **doesn't prepare** her pitch, she **may not** (**get / got / getting**) support from green investors.
- **Unless** he (**preparing / prepare / prepares**) an innovative solution, his start-up **may not gain** attention.

## 4- Passives: with reporting verbs

## Form:

**Noun phrase + 'be' + 'thought / considered / believed / reported / etc. to' + infinitive + rest of sentence**

## Usage:

**Passives** are used with **reporting verbs** such as '**thought, believed, considered, reported,**' etc. to express opinions, assumptions, claims or reports, in a **formal** or **impersonal** way. The focus is on the **information** that is being reported, **not** the **people** who are reporting it. This is achieved by changing the **active** version of the sentence '**People think that the new owner of the company is a highly skilled programmer**' to the **passive** structure above.

## Examples:

- The new owner **is thought to be** a highly-skilled programmer.
- They **are reported to be** the most talented chefs in town.
- Everyone **was believed to have** passed the exam.
- This mountain range **is thought to be** the most beautiful in the world.
- **People** think **that** she is a highly skilled mechanical engineer. (**active**)
- She **is thought to be** a highly skilled mechanical engineer. (**passive = be + past participle**)
- **It is thought that** she is a highly skilled mechanical engineer. (**passive**)
- **It is thought to be** the case **that** she is a highly skilled mechanical engineer.
- They **were reported to be** the most innovative entrepreneurs in the industry.
- It **was reported that** they were the most innovative entrepreneurs in the industry.
- The company **was believed to have** achieved net-zero emissions last year.
- It **was believed that** the company had achieved net-zero emissions last year.
- It **is thought that** the new green policy will reduce pollution significantly.
- The new green policy **is thought to reduce** pollution significantly.
- Ms. Green **is said to be** the best at promoting sustainable practices.
- It **is said that** Ms. Green is the best at promoting sustainable practices.
- It **is believed that** more than 100 companies attended the environmental conference.

- More than 100 companies **are thought** to attend the environmental conference.

### Exercises:

- 1- Mr. Rashid (**are believing / is believed / believe**) to be the best manager.
- 2- Mouza (**is reported / reporting / report**) to be the first businesswoman in the UAE.
- 3- It (**thinks / thinking / is thought**) that all students will pass the exam.
- 4- Twitter (**has been considered / has considered / has been considering**) the best platform by experts.
- 5- It (**is announcing / was announced / was announcing**) that the competition will be too tough.
- 6- It (**was reported / was reporting / were reported**) that thousands of people were killed in the earthquake.
- 7- The company (**is saying / was saying / was said**) to lose more than 100 million dollars last year.
- 8- It (**is thinking / is thought / thought**) that the child ate all the chocolate which was in the fridge.

### 5- Past perfect continuous (ing)

#### Form:

**subject + relative pronoun (who, which, that) + had + been + verb -ing + main clause**

#### Usage:

The **past perfect continuous** can be used in **relative clauses** to describe **ongoing** actions in the past that **happened before another event in the past**. The main clause 'The scientists published their findings' is an event that **happened** in the past while the relative clause 'who had been monitoring air pollution levels' describes the **ongoing action that occurred before the main event**.

#### Examples:

- The scientists, **who had been monitoring** air pollution levels for a decade, **published** their findings in a journal.
- The forest, **which had been recovering** slowly from years of deforestation, **showed** signs of new growth.
- The company **that had been struggling** to increase its market share finally **launched** a successful product.

#### Exercises:

- 1- Greta Thunberg, (**who had been advocating / who were advocating / who have advocated**) for climate action, **inspired** millions around the world.
- 2- The company, (**which have been worked / which was work / which had been working**) on eco-friendly packaging, **launched** a new product line.
- 3- The entrepreneur, (**who promoting / who had been promoting / who promote**) renewable energy solutions, **received** an international award.
- 4- The factory, (**which had been emitting / which emitting / who has emitted**) harmful pollutants, was **fined** by the environmental agency.
- 5- The non-profit organization (**whose raised / that had been raising / that raising**) awareness about deforestation, **received** additional funding.
- 6- Elon Musk, (**who had been developing / which developed / where had been developing**) electric vehicles, **revolutionized** the automotive industry.
- 7- The environmentalist, (**who were campaigned / whom had been campaigning / who had been campaigning**) against plastic waste, **gained** global recognition.
- 8- The business, (**when invests / where had invested / which had been investing**) in solar energy, **reported** a significant reduction in costs.
- 9- The community (**that had been cleaning / that shall clean / cleans**) the local river, **was praised** for its efforts.
- 10- The CEO, (**who promote / who had been promoting / who have promoted**) sustainable business practices, **was invited** to speak at the global summit.

### 6- 'not only' + 'but also'

#### Form:

**not only \_\_\_\_\_ (,) but ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) also \_\_\_\_\_.**

#### Usage:

We use the **correlative conjunctive structure** 'not only ....but also' to **connect two nouns or clauses** which **hold equal value**. In this example, both pieces of information (**enduring extreme heat and adapting to a lack of food and water**) are equally important. 'But' and 'also' can be split with a **subject and verb in between**. When 'not only' is used at the **beginning** of a sentence, **invert** the subject and the helping verb.

#### Examples:

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- Desert animals **not only** endure extreme heat, **but also** adapt to a lack of food and water.
- Skiing is **not only** an exciting sport to do, **but also** an enjoyable one to watch.
- Establishing a business is **not only** tiring, **but** it is **also** time consuming.
- **Not only will we** attend the entrepreneurial conference, **but** we'll **also** visit the shopping mall afterwards.
- The company **not only** adopted sustainable practices, **but also** invested in renewable energy projects.
- Elon Musk **not only** founded innovative businesses, **but also** promoted electric vehicles to reduce emissions.
- The environmentalist **not only** advocated for clean air policies, **but also** worked on river restoration projects.
- The startup **not only** designed eco-friendly packaging, **but also** donated a percentage of profits to conservation efforts.
- The CEO **not only** led the business towards financial success, **but also** prioritized sustainability initiatives.

#### Exercises:

- 1- Implementing green practices (**not as / not only / only if**) **improved** the company's environmental impact, **but** it **also enhanced** its reputation among clients.
- 2- The new electric car **is not only** environmentally friendly (**but / but also / but too**) **feels** smooth to drive.
- 3- Greta Thunberg is **not only** one of the most well-known environmental activists, (**in addition / moreover / but also**) an inspiration for millions around the world.
- 4- **Not only** (**did the company reduce / the company reduced / the company reduces**) its carbon emissions, **but** it **also** invested in renewable energy projects.
- 5- The startup **not only** focuses on innovative solutions (**but / but also / but too**) promotes sustainable business practices.
- 6- The non-profit organization (**not as / not only / only if**) educated the public about climate change, **but** it **also** organized clean-up drives.
- 7- The entrepreneur is **not only** known for his successful business ventures, (**in addition / nor / but also**) for his commitment to green initiatives.
- 8- **Not only** (**did the company launch / the company launched / the company launches**) an eco-friendly product line, but it also introduced a recycling program.
- 9- The CEO (**not as / not only / only if**) supports environmental projects, **but** he **also** promotes diversity and inclusion within the company.
- 10- The team **not only** participated in the local sustainability conference, (**but / but also / but too**) shared innovative ideas for reducing waste.

#### 7- Never (before) + Past perfect simple (inversion)

##### Form:

**Never (before) + (had) + subject + main verb + clause**

##### Usage:

**This structure** is used to **emphasise an experience or action that is being described as unique**. It **highlights** the fact that **this action (winning in such a dramatic way) did not occur before** that specific moment. It often appears in formal or literary contexts **to stress the rarity or significance of the event**. The **auxiliary/helping verb 'had'** and **the subject** are **inverted** after '**never (before)**'.

##### Examples:

- **Never before had the team** won a championship in such a dramatic way.
- **Never had I** seen such a beautiful sunset.
- **Never before had she** felt so confident about her future.
- **Never had he** visited such an interesting place, with magnificent forests, leaving him in awe of the scenery.
- **Never before had the company** implemented a sustainability policy that made such a significant impact on reducing emissions.
- **Never had I** seen a project so dedicated to restoring local wildlife habitats and promoting biodiversity.
- **Never before had Greta Thunberg** felt so hopeful about global climate action as when she saw millions joining the movement.
- **Never had the entrepreneur** launched a business that focused so extensively on renewable energy solutions.
- **Never before had the environmentalist** witnessed such strong community support for a local initiative.

##### Exercises:

- 1- **Never before** (**had the company invested / the company had invested / the company didn't invest**) so much in sustainable practices to reduce its carbon footprint.
- 2- **Never** (**have the entrepreneur founded / the entrepreneur was founding / had the entrepreneur founded**) a business so dedicated to eco-friendly solutions.
- 3- **Never before** (**the environmentalist had seen / had the environmentalist seen / the environmentalist has seen**) such a large turnout at a climate change rally.
- 4- **Never had the organization** (**launching / launches / launched**) such an ambitious recycling program in the community.
- 5- **Never before** (**do / had / having**) **the CEO emphasized** sustainability as a key business value.
- 6- **Never** (**had the start-up received / the start-up has received / shall the start-up receive**) such recognition for its innovative green technology.
- 7- **Never before** (**the team has worked / the team had worked / had the team worked**) so hard on an eco-friendly initiative.
- 8- **Never** (**had the non-profit organized / shall the non-profit organize / the non-profit had organized**) such a successful tree-planting campaign.
- 9- **Never before** (**the project is achieving / had the project achieved / the project had achieved**) such significant results in waste reduction.
- 10- **Never** (**had the community / the community had / the community is**) **come** together so strongly to support an environmental cause.

## II- Grammar (Prerequisite) (Maze 1)

### 1- Present Perfect Passive

#### Form:

**has/have + been + past participle (V3)**

#### Usage:

We use **the present perfect passive** when the exact **time** of the action is **not important** or when the focus is on the **result** rather than **who** performed the action.

#### Examples:

- 1- The reforestation project **has been completed** by students successfully.
- 2- Many new policies **have been introduced by** governments to reduce deforestation.
- 3- A large **area** of forests **has been cleared by** companies for logging.
- 4- The latest **reports** on/about/concerning global warming **have been sent by** researchers to environmental organizations.
- 5- Many scientific **studies** **have been written by** scientists about the impact of deforestation on climate change.

#### Exercises:

- 1- A new **office** building (**has built / has been built / has been building**) by Microsoft in Silicon Valley.
- 2- The latest iPhone models (**have sent / have been sent / has been send**) to Apple stores worldwide.
- 3- A significant **amount** of investment (**has been raised / have been raised / has raised**) for Microsoft's AI research.
- 4- A new advertisement campaign poster (**has painted / has been painting / has been painted**) by Apple's creative team.
- 5- The financial reports (**have been given / has been gave / have given**) to the CEO for review.

### 2- Clauses with 'What ...' to Emphasize the Topic or Main Point

#### Form:

**What + subject + verb + is/was + emphasized idea**

#### Usage:

Clauses with "**What ...**" are used to **emphasize** a **specific part** of a sentence. They **highlight** the **key idea** or **main point** in a statement.

#### Examples:

- **What needs urgent attention is** the conservation of the **Arabian Oryx** and **Hawksbill Turtle**.
- **What has made the UAE a business hub is** its strong economy and investor-friendly policies.
- **What the UAE has recently focused on is** the protection of its **natural reserves** and **marine life**.

- **What the government has done to boost entrepreneurship is** introduce funding programs and innovation hubs.
- **What attracts millions of visitors every year** is the country's rich heritage and modern landmarks.

#### Exercises:

- 1- (**What / Where / When**) **needs urgent attention is** the protection of the Arabian Oryx.
- 2- What has contributed the most to the UAE's **economic** (**successful / success / succeed**) is its strong trade and tourism sector.
- 3- What the UAE has made is preserving (**it's / his / its**) coral reefs.

### 3- Verbs of State Change in the Passive with Object Complements

#### Form:

**Subject + be + past participle (V3) + object complement**

#### Usage:

Verbs of **state change** (e.g. **consider, declare, elect, find, judge, make, name ... etc.**) **describe how something transitions from one condition to another**. When used in the **passive voice**, these verbs often include **an object complement** that describes the new state of the **subject**.

#### Examples:

- The startup **was declared successful** after securing major investment.
- The endangered **species was found critically at risk** due to deforestation.
- The CEO **was considered a key innovator** in the tech industry.
- The rainforest **was judged essential** for maintaining global biodiversity.
- The young entrepreneur **was named the most promising leader** in the industry.

#### Exercises:

- 1- The new tech startups **were declared** (**difficult / innovative / easy**) **by** investors.
- 2- The African elephant **was found** (**rare / industrial / financial**) due to illegal poaching.
- 3- The successful business **leader** (**was considering a risk-taker / were considered a risk-taker / was considered a risk-taker**) in the corporate world.
- 4- The Amazon rainforest **trees** (**was judged essential / were judged essential / has been judged essential**) for the planet's oxygen supply.
- 5- The new marketing strategy **was** (**naming / name / named**) groundbreaking **by** industry analysts.

### 4- Past Continuous to Refer to Temporary or Changing Past States or Situations

#### Form:

**was/were + verb (-ing)**

#### Usage:

The **past continuous** is used to describe **actions, situations, or states** that **were temporary** or **changing** at a **specific time in the past**. This tense is often used to **compare different conditions** or **describe how something was developing** over time.

#### Examples:

- Many young entrepreneurs **were struggling** to secure funding while government employees **were enjoying** stable salaries.
- Air pollution **was increasing** rapidly while conservation programs **were being implemented** to control it.
- Aspiring entrepreneurs **were developing** their leadership skills while others **were relying** on traditional job security.
- While governments **were trying** to pass stricter laws, industries **were continuing** to pollute rivers.
- Small business owners **were facing** difficulties in the market while large corporations **were expanding** globally.

#### Exercises:

- 1- While she (**walking / were walking / was walking**) in the street, she **met** her old friend.
- 2- When I **arrived** home, my little sisters (**was sleeping / sleeping / were sleeping**).

### 5- Linking Clauses and Sentences with Basic Connectors

#### Usage:



**Connectors** (also called **conjunctions** or **linking words**) help **join ideas** in **sentences**. They are divided into **coordinating conjunctions (FANBOYS)** and **subordinating conjunctions (used in complex sentences)**.

### 1- FANBOYS – Coordinating Conjunctions

FANBOYS stands for **For, And, Nor, But, Or, Yet, So**. These are used to link **independent clauses (two complete ideas)**.

**Examples:**

<b>Connector</b>	<b>Use</b>	<b>Example</b>
<b>For</b>	Gives a reason	He became an entrepreneur, <b>for</b> he wanted to be his own boss.
<b>And</b>	Adds information	The government supports startups, <b>and</b> many young people are launching businesses.
<b>Nor</b>	Links two negative ideas	She didn't want a corporate job, <b>nor</b> did she apply for one.
<b>But</b>	Shows contrast	He had a government job, <b>but</b> he left to start his own company.
<b>Or</b>	Offers a choice	You can work for a company, <b>or</b> you can start your own business.
<b>Yet</b>	Shows contrast (like "but")	The environmental law is strict, <b>yet</b> many companies still pollute.
<b>So</b>	Shows result	The startup received funding, <b>so</b> it expanded internationally.

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### 2- Complex Sentences – Subordinating Conjunctions

These join an **independent clause (main idea)** with a **dependent clause (extra information)**.

<b>Connector</b>	<b>Use</b>	<b>Example</b>
<b>Because</b>	Shows reason	The company shut down <b>because</b> it was losing money.
<b>Although</b>	Shows contrast	<b>Although</b> he had a stable job, he wanted to start a business.
<b>Since</b>	Gives reason or time	<b>Since</b> environmental laws were passed, pollution has decreased.
<b>Unless</b>	Shows condition	You can't receive funding <b>unless</b> you have a solid business plan.
<b>While</b>	Shows contrast or simultaneous actions	<b>While</b> the government promotes eco-friendly businesses, some still harm the environment.
<b>If</b>	Shows condition	<b>If</b> you develop strong leadership skills, your business will succeed.
<b>Even though</b>	Shows strong contrast	<b>Even though</b> the startup was new, it gained many customers.
<b>Despite</b>	Shows contrast (followed by a noun or gerund)	<b>Despite</b> the risks, she invested in the new venture.
<b>In spite of</b>	Shows contrast (followed by a noun or gerund)	<b>In spite of</b> economic challenges, the company grew rapidly.
<b>As long as</b>	Shows condition	You will succeed <b>as long as</b> you stay committed.
<b>Provided that</b>	Shows condition	You can enter the competition <b>provided that</b> you meet the requirements.
<b>So that</b>	Shows purpose	She saved money <b>so that</b> she could start her own business.
<b>Even if</b>	Shows hypothetical contrast	<b>Even if</b> he fails, he will try again.
<b>Though</b>	Shows contrast	<b>Though</b> the company was small, it made a big impact.
<b>Whereas</b>	Shows contrast between two things	Some businesses focus on profits, <b>whereas</b> others prioritize sustainability.

Connector	Use	Example
<b>Due to</b>	Shows reason (followed by a noun)	The event was cancelled <b>due to</b> bad weather.

### Exercises:

- 1- He had a high-paying job, (**and / but / so**) he quit to start his own company.
- 2- The factory was polluting the river. (**Consequently / However / If**), the government imposed strict regulations.
- 3- She worked hard to improve her leadership skills, (**and / or / yet**) she still struggled to manage her team.
- 4- Many forests **were being cut** down (**if / although / for**) conservationists raised awareness campaigns.
- 5- He hadn't any investors, **nor** (**he managed / do he manage / did he manage**) to grow his business successfully.
- 6- She wanted to expand her business, (**unless / and / because**) she applied for a business loan.
- 7- (**Since / Despite / However**) the company lacked funding, it had to delay product development.
- 8- The company adopted eco-friendly policies, (**and / in spite / yet**) its carbon footprint remained high.
- 9- More entrepreneurs are starting businesses, (**for / but / or**) the economy is benefiting from innovation.
- 10- He took a big financial risk, (**so / but / unless**) his company became a huge success.
- 11- (**If / Unless / Although**) a startup **has** a strong business plan, investors **will be** more likely to support it.
- 12- The company will face difficulties (**if / but / nor**) it does not adapt to market trends.
- 13- (**However / Because / Or**) an entrepreneur takes calculated risks, **they** are more likely to succeed.
- 14- (**In spite of / Although / Yet**) financial difficulties, the startup managed to succeed.
- 15- (**Despite / But / Or**) the challenges, many entrepreneurs are starting successful businesses.
- 16- (**If / Yet / Unless**) people reduce waste, environmental pollution will continue to rise.
- 17- (**Neither / Either / While**) government jobs **nor** unstable startups appealed to him.
- 18- (**While / However / Despite**) some companies focus on profit, others prioritize environmental sustainability.
- 19- Many entrepreneurs faced difficulties (**when / so / but**) they launched their first business.
- 20- The company expanded globally (**after / because / or**) **securing** a major investment.
- 21- She **had developed** strong leadership skills (**before / or / unless**) **starting** her own company.
- 22 (**Both / Either / Neither**) startups **and** established companies require strong financial management.
- 23- You can (**either / neither / both**) work for a corporation **or** start your own business.
- 24- The new policy encourages remote work, (**because / while / before**) some employees still prefer working in the office.
- 25- (**Despite / Because / So that**) **having** limited resources, the startup managed to expand globally.
- 26- (**Unless / If / In spite of**) the heavy rain, the football match continued as scheduled.
- 27- You can borrow my car (**as long as / unless / due**) you return it by tomorrow.
- 28- The contract will be signed (**though / despite / provided that**) both parties agree to the terms.
- 29- He turned down the volume (**despite / whereas / so that**) he wouldn't disturb his neighbors.
- 30- (**Even if / Due to / Neither**) you apologize, she might not forgive you.
- 31- (**Due to / Since / Though**) she was very tired, she kept working until midnight.
- 32- She loves classical music, (**whereas / so that / due to**) her brother prefers rock.
- 33- The flight was canceled ( **whereas / unless / due to**) bad weather.

### 6- Conditional (IF)

(If zero) (present meaning)

(There is no "modal – can/could/will/would/shall/should/may/might/must/ought to" in the second sentence of "IF")

Form:

**If + present simple, present simple.**

Usage:

We use (If zero) for **facts, general truths**, or **situations** that are always **true when certain conditions are met**.

Examples:

- If you **heat** water to **100°C**, it **boils**.
- If people **exercise** regularly, they **stay** healthier.
- If it **rains**, the ground **gets** wet.

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- **Should** you **require** any assistance, please **let us know** immediately. (*We can use "Should" instead of "If"*)

### (If 1) (present meaning)

**Form:**

**If + present simple, will + (infinitive/form 1).**

**Usage:**

We use **(If 1)** to describes **real** or **possible situations** in the **future** and their **likely** results.

**Examples:**

- **If she learns** about other cultures, she **will** understand their customs better.
- **If the new technology arrives** on time, we **may** upgrade our system.
- **If you introduce** him to the team, he **can** contribute to the project.
- **Should** they **embrace** our traditions, we **will** be ready to welcome them warmly.

### (If 2) (present meaning, but false past form)

**Form:**

**If + past simple, ... would + (infinitive/form1)**

**Usage:**

We use the **second conditional** to talk about **hypothetical** or **unreal situations** in the **present** or **future**. These situations are **imagined** or **unlikely to happen / impossible**.

**Examples:**

- **If I had** more knowledge about different cultures **now**, I **would attend** international festivals.
- **If she had** more time **these days**, she **would research** the history of ancient traditions.
- **If they lived** in a more connected community, they **would share** their customs more often.
- **If you practiced** using new technology **this year**, you **would improve** your digital skills.
- **If he discovered** groundbreaking technology **now**, he **would start** his own tech company.
- **If Salma didn't have** so many professional commitments, she **would engage** in cultural exchanges.
- **If my colleagues weren't** busy **this evening**, they **would join** us for a discussion on cultural diversity.
- What **would** you **do if** you **invented** a revolutionary piece of technology?
- **Would** you **explore** a different culture **if** you **had** the opportunity?
- (**I were / I was / Were I**) you, I **would** accept the new job.

### (If 3) (Real past meaning and form) (Regret in the past)

**Form:**

**If + past perfect, would + have + (past participle/form 3)**

**Usage:**

We use **(If 3)** to describe **hypothetical situations** in **the past** and their **possible results**, often used to express **regret** or to **imagine a different past**.

**Examples:**

- **If Dana had known** about the traditional wedding ceremony in the UAE, she **would have attended** it.
- **If I had seen** you at the international food festival **last night**, I **would have shared** a dish with you.
- **If they had left** earlier, they **wouldn't have missed** the AI conference.
- **Had Fatima known** how social media could influence the local festival, she **would have promoted** it online.
- **Had we arrived** earlier at the heritage village, we **would have experienced** the Emirati hospitality first-hand.

### (Mixed Conditional) (If 2 + If 3) / (If 3 + If 2)

**Form:**

**If + past perfect (for the past event), would + Infinitive (for an impossible present result).**

**Usage:**

We combine the **third** and **second conditionals**, often to **express hypothetical situations** where **the past affects the present**.

**Examples:**

- **If** tourists **had learned** more about traditional wedding customs in the UAE, they **would enjoy** them **now**.

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- If they **had explored** local and international foods earlier, they **would enjoy** a cultural dining experience **now**.
- If she **had studied** social media marketing in depth, she **would be managing** festival promotions in the UAE **now**.
- If they **had trained** in hospitality earlier, they **would excel** at offering premium Emirati experiences **now**.
- **Had** she **researched** UAE heritage more deeply, she **wouldn't miss** opportunities to promote cultural tourism **now**.
- If they **had joined** a technology entrepreneurship program earlier, they would be launching their startup **now**.

### Exercises:

- 1- If I (**moved / will move / would move**) out of the UAE, I **would miss** attending traditional and modern weddings. (If 2)
- 2- If you **tried** harder, you (**shall succeed / succeeding / would succeed**) in organizing the local food festival. (If 2)
- 3- She (**would buy / is buy / buys**) advanced AI software **if** she **had** more resources **now**. (If 2)
- 4- If they (**knew / know / would know**) how to manage social media campaigns better, they **would attract** more festival attendees. (If 2)
- 5- If we (**was / were / are**) knowledgeable about Emirati hospitality, we **would host** guests more elegantly. (If 2)
- 6- If he (**worked / will work / work**) on preserving UAE heritage, he **would gain** more recognition. (If 2)
- 7- They (**would have / having had / has**) more fun **if** they **joined** us for the local festival this evening. (If 2)
- 8- What (**does you do / would you do / you do**) **if** you **met** a famous technology entrepreneur? (If 2)
- 9- If the weather (**being / were / have been**) pleasant **tomorrow**, we **would visit** the heritage village. (If 2)
- 10- If I (**knows / knew / will know**) more about traditional foods now, I **would prepare** an Emirati feast for everyone. (If 2)
- 11- If she (**study / studies / studying**) AI tools, she **will develop** innovative solutions. (If 1)
- 12- If I (**am / is / were**) you, I **would attend** the modern wedding ceremony. (If 2)
- 13- If they **had known** about the heavy traffic, they (**has left / would have left / left**) for the festival earlier. (If 3)
- 14- If it (**rain / rained / will rain**), the traditional outdoor wedding **would be postponed**. (If 2)
- 15- If she (**doesn't forgot / hadn't forgotten / don't forget**) the recipes, she **would not have struggled** to cook Emirati dishes. (If 3)
- 16- If you (**read / reading / will read**) about other cultures, you **will be** more open to the world. (If 1)
- 17- If he (**had / has / will have**) more funds now, he **would invest** in an AI startup. (If 2)
- 18- If we (**finish / finishing / finishes**) the wedding arrangements on time, the bride **will be** delighted. (If 1)
- 19- If she (**are / being / had been**) cautious, she **would not have made** that error in the social media post. (If 3)
- 20- If they (**arrive / arriving / had arrived**) earlier, they **would have witnessed** the wedding ceremony. (If 3)
- 21- **Unless** (If + not) you (**study / will study / studying**) hard, you **won't (will not) excel** in AI development. (If 1)  
(If you **don't study** hard, you **won't (will not) excel** in AI development.) (If 1)
- 22- **Should** it **rain**, we (**will reschedule / would have rescheduled / reschedules**) the outdoor dates festival. (If 1)
- 23- **Had** I **seen** the announcement, I (**would go / will going / wouldn't have gone**) to the wrong venue. (If 3)

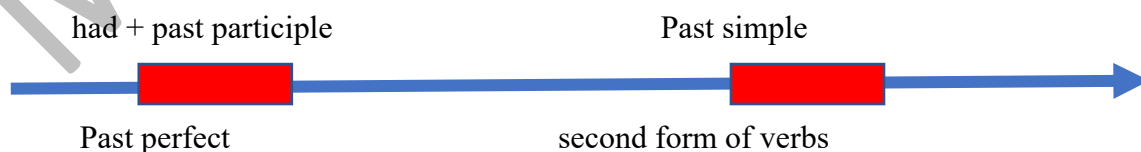
### 7- Past perfect simple

#### Form:

#### had + past participle

I **had finished** (past perfect) my homework **before** I went (past simple) to the party.

I went (past simple) to the party **after** I **had finished** (past perfect) my homework.



#### Examples:

- 1- I **hadn't realised** there were any job vacancies **until** you **told** me.
- 2- It wasn't **until** he **had learned** about eco living that he **began** volunteering.
- 3- I **failed** my exams **because** I **had relaxed** instead of studying hard.  
I **had relaxed** instead of studying hard, **so** I **failed** my exams.

4- The reason why I **hadn't come** to see you **before** now is that I **had** to focus on my exams.

#### Usage:

We use the **past perfect simple** to talk about something that happened **before certain time** or **before another action**.

#### Exercises:

- 1- **After** I (**have passing / am passing / had passed**) the driving test, my dad **bought** me a new car.
- 2- **Before** my dad **bought** me a new iPhone, I (**have getting / had get / had got**) a full mark in my exam.
- 3- **After** I **had** (**eaten / eating / ate**) my breakfast, I **went** to school.
- 4- Raisa **painted** her room **after** she (**had / has / is**) **finished** school.
- 5- Students (**submit / submitting / had submitted**) their projects **before** they **took** the final exam.
- 6- My father (**have phoned / are phoning / had phoned**) my Mum, **before** he **arrived** home.

### III- Language Functions

#### 1- Expressing agreement and disagreement

##### Examples:

- **I couldn't have put it better myself.**
- **I see what you're saying, but I think there's more to it.**
- **That's a valid point, and I think you're right.**
- **I'm sorry, but I just don't agree with that.**
- **I think we might be looking at this in very different ways.**
- **I can understand your perspective, but I think there's an alternative.**
- **That's a good point.**
- **I completely disagree!**
- **I hate to say it, but I think you're right. I must begin to think about a career change.**
- **I see what you mean, but I disagree with your idea on how we can balance the income targets.**

##### Exercises:

- 1- I couldn't have put it better (**myself / itself / themselves**), so I completely agree with your point.
- 2- I see what you're (**telling / saying / speaking**), but I think there's more to it than that.
- 3- That's a (**valid / cheap / fast**) point, and I think you're right in this case.
- 4- I'm (**apologetic / regretful / sorry**), but I just don't agree with that argument.
- 5- I can understand your (**protection / perspective / preposition**), **yet** I think there's an alternative solution.
- 6- I see what you mean, (**but / so / for**) I disagree.
- 7- I hate to say it, but I (**appear / forget / think**) you are not right.
- 8- They (**greeted / gained / agreed**) with me because they liked my idea.

#### 2- Expressing opinion

##### Examples:

- **There's no question in my mind that** we are heading in the right direction.
- **There's no denying that** some plans could have been better executed.
- **I tend to think that** there's more to life than the accumulation of finances.
- **I've always believed that** education plays a crucial role in shaping society.
- **As far as I'm concerned**, travelling is one of the best ways to learn about different cultures.
- **I'm of the opinion that** by reducing the number of cars on the road, and therefore the amount of CO2 emissions in the air, peoples' overall health will rapidly improve.
- **The way I see it**, environmentalists will play a crucial role in shaping policies that permanently reduce pollution and promote sustainability.
- **I can't help thinking that** entrepreneurs who prioritize sustainability have a much greater long-term impact than those who focus solely on profit.
- **You can't have built a successful green business overnight.** It takes years of planning, innovation, and dedication.
- **I'm absolutely certain that** I want a career as an environmentalist that will allow me to promote eco-friendly solutions and make a real difference.

- **In my opinion**, environmentalists have made significant progress in raising awareness about climate change.
- **From my point of view**, sustainable entrepreneurship is the key to balancing economic growth with environmental preservation.
- **I strongly believe that** environmentalists and entrepreneurs must work together to create a more sustainable future.

#### Exercises:

- 1- (**There's no question / I have a question / The question is**) in my mind that we are heading in the right direction.
- 2- **There's no (denying / refuse / reject)** that some plans could have been better executed.
- 3- **I tend to (act / think / wander)** that there's more to life than the accumulation of finances.
- 4- **I've always (thought / think / imagine)** that education plays a crucial role in shaping society.
- 5- **As far as I'm (assumed / thinking / concerned)**, travelling is one of the best ways to learn about different cultures.
- 6- **There's no question in my mind that** we (**must have / has / can has**) **taken** the right direction.
- 7- **There's no denying that** some plans (**should be / being / can have**) better **executed**.
- 8- **I tend to think that** life (**has always been / always be / shall always be**) about more than just financial success.
- 9- **I tend to think that** our environment (**have suffered / must have suffered / shall have suffered**) due to human activities.
- 10- I wanted to invest in a tech startup, but my business partner was of the opinion (**there / that / this**) we should focus on the real estate market instead.
- 11- **I am (absolute / absolutely / extreme) certain that** our startup will attract investors this year.
- 12- (**As well as / As though / As far as**) **I am concerned**, innovation and adaptability are key to a successful business.
- 13- I (**strongly / strong / serious**) **believe that** networking and mentorship are crucial for aspiring entrepreneurs.

### 3- Making predictions and hypothesizing

#### Examples:

- The economy **will improve** by next year.
- The weather **might get** worse later this evening.
- They **will have completed** the construction of the bridge **by** next year.
- You'll **miss** the train **if** you **don't leave** soon.
- I **predict** a sharp rise in employee attendance at the office now that Covid restrictions are relaxing.
- In the next few months, I **can imagine** myself running my own business.
- **My prediction is that we'll have** significant financial growth in the coming months.
- I think profits **will increase!**
- I **reckon** working four days a week **will give** you time to manage your life.
- Do you **think** Khalid **will attend** the meeting tomorrow?
- In the next five years, I **can see** myself living in the countryside.

#### Exercises:

- 1- **If** companies continue investing in renewable energy, they (**will achieve / must have achieved / may have achieve**) a significant reduction in carbon emissions within the next decade.
- 2- **By** 2030, most businesses (**will have made / might made / must making**) a transition to fully sustainable packaging to meet environmental regulations.
- 3- **If** entrepreneurs **don't adapt** to eco-friendly business models, they (**will has been / might being / must be**) outcompeted by more sustainable companies
- 4- With the rise of remote work, office space demand (**will decline / might declined / have decline**) drastically in the coming years.
- 5- **By** the end of next year, this company (**will have reduced / might reduce / should reduce**) its carbon footprint by 30% through the use of green energy.
- 6- **If** the government **increases** subsidies for electric vehicles, more consumers (**will stop buying / could stop buy / should buying**) traditional gasoline-powered cars.

- 7- With advancements in artificial intelligence, businesses (**will continue / continues / mustn't continue**) to automate more operations and reduce costs.
- 8- **My (predict / prediction / product) is that** she will be a celebrity in the near future.
- 9- **I think** the weather (**be / is / will be**) nice **tomorrow**.
- 10- The (**predicted / prediction / conducted**) **that** there will be a heavy demand for iPhone 15 was correct.
- 11- Where (**can you see / you can see / do you see**) yourself **in 5 years' time**?

### Maze 1

**Climate change** is a critical issue that (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (**continue / continuing / continues**) to impact the planet. (2) It \_\_\_\_\_ (**be / were / is**) **global warming** that (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (**cause / has caused / causing**) rising sea levels and extreme weather conditions. Scientists (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (**is believing to / are believed to / be believing to**) have identified human activities as the main contributor to this crisis. **If** countries **do not take** action, (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (**the temperature will / would the temperature / the temperature can't**) **continue** to rise, leading to further destruction of ecosystems.

**Not only** (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (**does climate change / has climate change / did climate changed**) **threaten** the environment, but it also (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (**affects / have affected / affecting**) millions of people worldwide. Conservationists argue that deforestation, pollution, and habitat destruction must be addressed immediately. **Never before** (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (**scientists had / had scientists / will scientists**) **witnessed** such rapid environmental degradation.

(8) \_\_\_\_\_ (**Despite / Although / However**) these **challenges**, it (9) \_\_\_\_\_ (**being / be / was**) an entrepreneur like Elon Musk (10) \_\_\_\_\_ (**who had been pushing / which has been pushing / who push**) boundaries towards an eco-friendly business environment **before** others **started** following his steps. Meanwhile, in the UAE, three big conservation **projects** (11) \_\_\_\_\_ (**will have been implementing / will have been implemented / have implemented**) **by** 2030 to protect endangered species.

(12) \_\_\_\_\_ **No matter (how many / why much / how much) effort** is made, reversing climate change requires global cooperation. Some species, such as the Arabian Oryx, **had been facing** (13) \_\_\_\_\_ (**extinction / extinct / extincts**) before the UAE's conservation efforts **began**. Environmentalists (14) \_\_\_\_\_ (**are considered / is considered / are consider**) (15) \_\_\_\_\_ (**to play / play / playing**) a vital role in protecting biodiversity.

Some people (**arguing / had been arguing / argues**) that economic growth should be prioritized over environmental concerns **before** the government **insisted** that (16) \_\_\_\_\_ (**sustainable / sustainably / sustainability**) must (17) \_\_\_\_\_ (**also be / had been / being**) the focus. **I can't help** (18) \_\_\_\_\_ (**think / thinking / thought**) that we should **strike a balance** between development and conservation.

**If** governments (19) \_\_\_\_\_ (**continue / will continue / continues**) to support conservation, many species (20) \_\_\_\_\_ (**will save / saving / will be saved**). In contrast, **if** industries **fail** to reduce carbon emissions, extreme **weather events** (21) \_\_\_\_\_ (**will have been intensified / will have intensifying / intensifies**) **by** the next decade.

(22) \_\_\_\_\_ (**On / At / From**) **my point of view**, sustainability should be at the heart of future economic policies. However, some (23) \_\_\_\_\_ (**agree / disagree / reckon**), stating that focusing too much on the environment **might** (24) \_\_\_\_\_ (**hinder / hinders / hindering**) financial growth.

In a word, **no matter** (25) \_\_\_\_\_ (**where / who / what**) is done, the **responsibility** to protect our planet belongs to everyone.

### Maze 2

Many people dream **of being** their own boss, and successful entrepreneurs have shown that it is possible to build a thriving business **while** also **benefiting** society. (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (**What has been proven / That proven / It is proving**)

by numerous case studies is that having one's own business offers more freedom and potential financial growth compared to government jobs.

However, starting a business is not without challenges, (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (**never / so / in spite**) entrepreneurs often face financial difficulties. **By** the time Elon Musk **founded** Tesla, he (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (**will invest / has invested / had been investing**) in multiple business ventures, some of which nearly failed. **Not only** (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (**did he overcome / he had overcome / he was overcoming**) setbacks, **but he also** introduced electric vehicles to the mainstream market.

Similarly, in the UAE, young business owners (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (**were believing to / are believed to / is believed to**) be shaping the country's economic future. Meanwhile, many entrepreneurs (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (**have struggled / had been struggling / will struggle**) before they **found** the right market niche.

(7) \_\_\_\_\_ (**No matter whom / No matter where / No matter which**) a business is started, environmental responsibility has become a key factor in long-term success because the pollutants produced by any business can affect **the whole world**. Companies are expected to be sustainable, (8) \_\_\_\_\_ (**consequently / yet / so**) many fail to implement eco-friendly policies. Governments have taken action, and many businesses (9) \_\_\_\_\_ (**have been implementing / will have implemented / shall implement**) sustainable strategies **by** 2030.

**Never before** (10) \_\_\_\_\_ (**companies had faced / will companies face / had companies faced**) such pressure to balance profit with sustainability. Governments (11) \_\_\_\_\_ (**was thought to be / are thought to be / is thinking to be**) pushing industries toward green alternatives. The **past** decade (12) \_\_\_\_\_ (**had seen / has seen / were seeing**) a major shift toward ethical business practices.

Since consumers now prioritize sustainability, companies (13) \_\_\_\_\_ (**must adapted / must adapting / must adapt**), **or** they risk losing market share. Businesses are making these changes, (14) \_\_\_\_\_ (**for / but / nor**) some still resist transitioning to eco-friendly alternatives.

In a world where businesses influence global sustainability, environmentalists argue that volunteering can also make a difference. People (15) \_\_\_\_\_ (**is reported to / are reported to / was reported to**) be more aware of environmental issues today than ever before. Many entrepreneurs have joined conservation efforts (16) \_\_\_\_\_ (**because / unless / despite**) they want to protect the planet.

A business may bring financial freedom, but **those** who ignore environmental concerns (17) \_\_\_\_\_ (**has faced / will face / will faced**) consequences in the future. **If** sustainable policies **continue**, climate change (18) \_\_\_\_\_ (**will be slowed / slow / slowing**) over time.

(19) \_\_\_\_\_ (**Not only / Although / While**) **does entrepreneurship create** opportunities, (20) \_\_\_\_\_ (**but it also / and it / as well**) encourages innovation that can positively impact the environment.

(21) \_\_\_\_\_ (**On / At / As**) **I see it**, businesses that prioritize sustainability **will thrive** in the future. However, some (22) \_\_\_\_\_ (**agree / disagree / reckon**), stating that financial success should come before environmental concerns.

(23) \_\_\_\_\_ (**No matter who / No matter when / No matter what**) happens, businesses must adapt to global environmental challenges if they wish to succeed in the long run.

### Maze 3

In recent years, widespread **attention** to eco-friendly businesses (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (**have gained / has gained / has been gained**) by many businesses, governments, and individuals worldwide (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (**due to / although / yet**) their focus on sustainability. Many startups are now reducing waste, and lowering their carbon footprint. One of the key figures in this movement is Elon Musk, an entrepreneur (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (**who pioneered / that pioneering / which pioneers**) innovations in renewable energy and electric vehicles.



Environmental entrepreneurs (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (**are believed / is believing / was believed**) to positively (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (**impacting / impact / impacted**) sustainability. Some businesses have even introduced eco-friendly products that are designed to replace traditional plastic. By 2030, biodegradable packaging (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (**will have been used / will have been using / had been used**) by most companies, reducing plastic waste significantly.

**Not only** (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (**do sustainable businesses / has sustainable businesses / are sustainable businesses**) drive economic growth, (8) \_\_\_\_\_ (**nor / but / despite**) they **also** help protect the environment. Many companies are **not only** developing solutions to combat logging and excessive deforestation, **but also** using renewable, clean energy like electricity. If businesses (9) \_\_\_\_\_ (**supports / will support / had supported**) sustainable alternatives, deforestation rates (10) \_\_\_\_\_ (**would have been declined / had declined / has been declining**) **by** 2030.

**Never before** (11) \_\_\_\_\_ (**had companies / companies had / will companies**) experienced such a shift toward sustainability. For example, when Elon Musk started Tesla, many other automotive companies (12) \_\_\_\_\_ (**have produced / producing / were producing**) harmful petrol-powered vehicles. Entrepreneurs are increasingly aware of their environmental impact and are launching recycling initiatives to help manage waste.

(13) \_\_\_\_\_ (**Not only / No matter / Yet**) how many initiatives are made, reducing plastic waste requires continuous innovation. Startups that focus on eco-friendly solutions (14) \_\_\_\_\_ (**are believed to / has believed to / was believed to**) be the key to sustainable development. For example, companies (15) \_\_\_\_\_ (**who had been researching / which had been researching / where had been researching**) green packaging for years have now developed viable alternatives.

Awareness campaigns also play a crucial role in educating consumers. It (16) \_\_\_\_\_ (**were / be / was**) a group of environmentalists (17) \_\_\_\_\_ (**who is launched / who launching / who had been launching**) global campaigns against plastic waste, leading to stricter regulations. If all governments (18) \_\_\_\_\_ (**introduces / will introduce / introduced**) incentives for sustainable businesses, the world (19) \_\_\_\_\_ (**would / might have / has**) see a dramatic decrease in pollution levels.

**No matter** (20) \_\_\_\_\_ (**how / who / which**) options we choose, investing in sustainable startups is the future of entrepreneurship. However, some entrepreneurs (21) \_\_\_\_\_ (**think / thoughtful / are thought**) to be prioritizing economic growth over sustainability. Critics argue that the focus on eco-friendly products (22) \_\_\_\_\_ (**might hinder / might hinders / might hindering**) profits, but supporters, on the other hand, believe that innovation in sustainability can be (23) \_\_\_\_\_ (**neither / either / both**) profitable and beneficial for the environment.

In a word, (24) \_\_\_\_\_ (**which / who / how**) I feel about these issues demonstrates that sustainability is very important to me. **Before** global awareness **was** significantly raised, many companies (25) \_\_\_\_\_ (**makes / had made / making**) individual green initiatives. As far as I am concerned, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ (**whose / what / how**) generally needs urgent attention is reducing our carbon footprint.