# شرح الأفعال الناقصة Modals في قواعد


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# Modals (present modals)

**Meaning**

Modal verbs can be used to express a wide variety of functions such as asking for and giving permission, talking about ability, probability and possibility, giving advice, or showing obligation and prohibition (see the Useful Links below for further information).

| Modal verb | Function | Example |
|---|---|---|
| **can** | ability | *I can run.* |
| | permission | *Can I use the car, please?* |
| | possibility | *Eating too much sugar can cause health problems.* |
| **could** | ability in the past | *When I was younger, I could run fast.* |
| | polite permission | *Could I ask you a question, please?* |
| | possibility | *It could rain tomorrow.* |
| **may** | permission | *May I leave the table, please?* |
| | possibility / probability | *There's a chance it may rain later.* |
| **might** | polite permission | *Might I suggest we do something slightly different?* |
| | possibility / probability | *We might run into some problems.* |
| **shall** | offers / suggestions | *Shall I cook dinner, tonight?* |
| | express formal obligations | *All documents shall be presented on time.* |
| | make promises | *I shall not be late!* |
| | describe the future formally | *All roads shall be closed until further notice.* |
| **should** | 50% obligation | *I should finish my homework.* |
| | advice | *You should practice more if you want to improve.* |
| | logical conclusion | *They left hours ago; they should be here by now.* |
| **will** | describe the future | *Next year will be a wonderful year!* |
| | make predictions | *The red car will finish the race first.* |
| | decision at the time of speaking | *Ah, I forgot my wallet; I'll just go back for it.* |
| | make a request | *Will you help me choose?* |
| | make promises and offers | *I'll drive you to the airport, no problem.* |
| | consequences of an action | *If it is sunny, we will have a picnic!* |
| **would** | polite requests | *Would you help me with the shopping?* |
| | hypothetical consequences | *If I had more money, I would buy a new car.* |
| | habitual actions in the past | *We would meet every Thursday and have a coffee.* |
| | future in the past | *When I was young, I thought I would be rich!* |
| | being less direct | *I would suggest trying again.* |
| **must** | strong obligation | *You must wear your seat belt at all times.* |
| | logical conclusion | *You must be hungry if you haven't eaten all day.* |
| **must not** | prohibition | *You must not drop litter.* |

*The verbs or expressions *dare, ought to, had better,* and *need not* behave like modal auxiliaries to a large extent and may be added to the above list.

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# Modals (present modals)

**Form**

Unlike other verbs, modal verbs do not change their form. They do not take the third person singular ‘s’, ‘-ed’ or ‘-ing’ forms.

| | |
|---|---|
| *He can run.* | **correct** |
| *He ~~cans~~ run.* | **incorrect** |
| *We should try.* | **correct** |
| *We ~~shoulded~~ tried.* | **incorrect** |
| *They must go home.* | **correct** |
| *They ~~musting~~ go home.* | **incorrect** |

Modal verbs are always followed by the infinitive without ‘to’.

| | |
|---|---|
| *I must go.* | **correct** |
| *I must ~~to~~ go.* | **incorrect** |
| *We can stay here.* | **correct** |
| *We can ~~to~~ stay here.* | **incorrect** |
| *My friend should study.* | **correct** |
| *My friend should ~~to~~ study.* | **incorrect** |

The negative form is usually made by adding ‘not’ after the modal verb. This is often contracted to ‘modal + ‘nt’. However, there are some exceptions.

*Usually the negative of ‘can’ is written as one word, ‘cannot’, or the contracted form, ‘can’t’.

**The contracted form of ‘will not’ is ‘won’t’.

***The negative form of ‘shall not’ is ‘shan’t’ but is less common.

**** ‘May not’ is usually not contracted.

| |
|---|
| *I must not go. / I mustn’t go.* |
| *They cannot play. / They can’t play.* |
| *We will not leave. / We won’t leave.* |
| *You should not litter. / You shouldn’t litter.* |
| *She could not hear. / She couldn’t hear.* |
| *He would not listen. / He wouldn’t listen.* |

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