

شكراً لتحميلك هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية



حل تجميعة أسئلة وفق الهيكل الوزاري ريفيل

[موقع المناهج](#) ← [المناهج الإماراتية](#) ← [الصف التاسع المتقدم](#) ← [رياضيات](#) ← [الفصل الأول](#) ← [الملف](#)

تاريخ نشر الملف على موقع المناهج: 20-11-2023 04:49:41 | اسم المدرس: فارح أحمد

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف التاسع المتقدم



روابط مواد الصف التاسع المتقدم على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف التاسع المتقدم والمادة رياضيات في الفصل الأول

تجميعة أسئلة وفق الهيكل الوزاري ريفيل	1
مراجعة أسئلة اختبار وفق الهيكل الوزاري بريدج	2
تجميعة أسئلة وفق الهيكل الوزاري	3
حل مراجعة وفق الهيكل الوزاري	4
تجميعة أسئلة وفق الهيكل الوزاري منهج ريفيل	5

Zayed al Thani School C3

Subject: Mathematics

Academic Year: 2023 - 2024



Name:

Grade: 9 Advanced /

Grade 9 Advanced Reveal EOT 1 Coverage solution Academic Year: 2023-2024

مع تمنيات الأستاذ فارح أحمد للجميع بالنجاح والتفوق

Part 1: Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ): Questions 1-15

1	Translate equations into sentences	(19-30)	72
---	------------------------------------	---------	----

Write a sentence for each equation.

19. $j + 16 = 35$

The sum of j and sixteen is thirty-five.

20. $4m = 52$

Four times m is equal to fifty-two.

21. $7(p + 23) = 102$

Seven times the sum of p and twenty-three is the same as one hundred two.

22. $r^2 - 15 = t + 19$

Fifteen less than the square of r equals the sum of t and nineteen.

23. $\frac{2}{5}v + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2}{3}x^2$

Two fifths of v plus three fourths is identical

24. $\frac{1}{3} - \frac{4}{5}z = \frac{4}{3}y^3$

One third minus four fifths of z is four thirds of y cubed.

25. $g + 10 = 3g$

g plus 10 is the same as 3 times g .

26. $2(t + 4q) = 2q + 4t$

2 times the quantity t plus 4 times q is 2 times q plus 4 times t .

27. $4(a + b) = 9a$

4 times the sum of a and b is 9 times a .

28. $8(2y - 6x) = 4 + 2x$

8 times the quantity 2 times y minus 6 times x equals 4 plus 2 times x .

29. $\frac{1}{2}(f + y) = f - 5$

Half of the sum of f and y is f minus 5.

30. $k^2 - n^2 = 2b$

k squared minus n squared is twice b .

Solve each equation.

7. $18 - (-f) = 91$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 18 - (-f) &= 91 && \text{Original equation} \\ 18 + f &= 91 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 18 - 18 + f &= 91 - 18 && \text{Subtract 18 from each side.} \\ f &= 73 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

8. $-16 - (-t) = -45$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -16 - (-t) &= -45 && \text{Original equation} \\ -16 + t &= -45 && \text{Simplify.} \\ -16 + 16 + t &= -45 + 16 && \text{Add 16 to each side.} \\ t &= -29 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

9. $\frac{1}{3}v = -5$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{3}v &= -5 && \text{Original equation} \\ \left(\frac{3}{1}\right)\frac{1}{3}v &= \left(\frac{3}{1}\right)(-5) && \text{Multiply each side by 3.} \\ v &= -15 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

10. $\frac{u}{8} = -4$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{u}{8} &= -4 && \text{Original equation} \\ (8)\frac{u}{8} &= (8)(-4) && \text{Multiply each side by 8.} \\ u &= -32 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

11. $\frac{a}{6} = -9$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{a}{6} &= -9 && \text{Original equation} \\ (6)\left(\frac{a}{6}\right) &= (6)(-9) && \text{Multiply each side by 6.} \\ a &= -54 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

12. $-\frac{k}{5} = \frac{7}{5}$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{k}{5} &= \frac{7}{5} && \text{Original equation} \\ (-5)\left(-\frac{k}{5}\right) &= (-5)\left(\frac{7}{5}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by } -5. \\ k &= -7 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

13. $\frac{3}{4} = w + \frac{2}{5}$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{4} &= w + \frac{2}{5} && \text{Original equation} \\ \frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{5} &= w + \frac{2}{5} - \frac{2}{5} && \text{Subtract } \frac{2}{5} \text{ from each side.} \\ \frac{7}{20} &= w && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

14. $-\frac{1}{2} + a = \frac{5}{8}$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{1}{2} + a &= \frac{5}{8} && \text{Original equation} \\ -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + a &= \frac{5}{8} + \frac{1}{2} && \text{Add } \frac{1}{2} \text{ to each side.} \\ a &= 1\frac{1}{8} && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

15. $-\frac{t}{7} = \frac{1}{15}$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{t}{7} &= \frac{1}{15} && \text{Original equation} \\ (-7)\left(-\frac{t}{7}\right) &= (-7)\frac{1}{15} && \text{Multiply each side by } -7. \\ t &= -\frac{7}{15} && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

16. $-\frac{5}{7} = y - 2$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{5}{7} &= y - 2 && \text{Original equation} \\ -\frac{5}{7} + 2 &= y - 2 + 2 && \text{Add 2 to each side.} \\ 1\frac{2}{7} &= y && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

17. $v + 914 = -23$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} v + 914 &= -23 && \text{Original equation} \\ v + 914 - 914 &= -23 - 914 && \text{Subtract 914 from each side.} \\ v &= -937 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

18. $447 + x = -261$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 447 + x &= -261 && \text{Original equation} \\ 447 - 447 + x &= -261 - 447 && \text{Subtract 447 from each side.} \\ x &= -708 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Solve each equation for x . Assume $a \neq 0$.

18. $ax + 3 = 23$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} ax + 3 &= 23 && \text{Original equation} \\ ax + 3 - 3 &= 23 - 3 && \text{Subtract 3 from each side.} \\ ax &= 20 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{ax}{a} &= \frac{20}{a} && \text{Divide each side by } a. \\ x &= \frac{20}{a} && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

19. $4 = ax - 14$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 4 &= ax - 14 && \text{Original equation} \\ 4 + 14 &= ax - 14 + 14 && \text{Add 14 to each side.} \\ 18 &= ax && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{18}{a} &= \frac{ax}{a} && \text{Divide each side by } a. \\ \frac{18}{a} &= x && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

20. $ax - 5 = 19$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} ax - 5 &= 19 && \text{Original equation} \\ ax - 5 + 5 &= 19 + 5 && \text{Add 5 to each side.} \\ ax &= 24 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{ax}{a} &= \frac{24}{a} && \text{Divide each side by } a. \\ x &= \frac{24}{a} && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

21. $6 + ax = -29$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 6 + ax &= -29 && \text{Original equation} \\ 6 - 6 + ax &= -29 - 6 && \text{Subtract 6 from each side.} \\ ax &= -35 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{ax}{a} &= \frac{-35}{a} && \text{Divide each side by } a. \\ x &= \frac{-35}{a} && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

22. $\frac{8}{ax} - 5 = -3$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{8}{ax} - 5 &= -3 && \text{Original equation} \\ \frac{8}{ax} - 5 + 5 &= -3 + 5 && \text{Add 5 to each side.} \\ \frac{8}{ax} &= 2 && \text{Simplify.} \\ (ax)\frac{8}{ax} &= (ax)2 && \text{Multiply each side by } ax. \\ 8 &= 2ax && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{8}{2a} &= \frac{2ax}{2a} && \text{Divide each side by } 2a. \\ \frac{4}{a} &= x && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

23. $18 - ax = 42$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 18 - ax &= 42 && \text{Original equation} \\ 18 - 18 - ax &= 42 - 18 && \text{Subtract 18 from each side.} \\ -ax &= 24 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{-ax}{-a} &= \frac{24}{-a} && \text{Divide each side by } -a. \\ x &= \frac{-24}{a} && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

24. $5 = \frac{5}{ax} + 1$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 5 &= \frac{5}{ax} + 1 && \text{Original equation} \\ 5 - 1 &= \frac{5}{ax} + 1 - 1 && \text{Subtract 1 from each side.} \\ 4 &= \frac{5}{ax} && \text{Simplify.} \\ (ax)4 &= (ax)\frac{5}{ax} && \text{Multiply each side by } ax. \\ 4ax &= 5 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{4ax}{4a} &= \frac{5}{4a} && \text{Divide each side by } 4a. \\ a &= \frac{5}{4a} && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

25. $-3 = ax + 11$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -3 &= ax + 11 && \text{Original equation} \\ -3 - 11 &= ax + 11 - 11 && \text{Subtract 11 from each side.} \\ -14 &= ax && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{-14}{a} &= \frac{ax}{a} && \text{Divide each side by } a. \\ \frac{-14}{a} &= x && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

26. $-7 = -ax - 16$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -7 &= -ax - 16 && \text{Original equation} \\ -7 + 16 &= -ax - 16 + 16 && \text{Add 16 to each side.} \\ 9 &= -ax && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{9}{-a} &= \frac{-ax}{-a} && \text{Divide each side by } -a. \\ \frac{-9}{a} &= x && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Solve each equation. Check your solution.

27. $3x + 8 = 29$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + 8 &= 29 && \text{Original equation} \\ 3x + 8 - 8 &= 29 - 8 && \text{Subtract 8 from each side.} \\ 3x &= 21 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{3x}{3} &= \frac{21}{3} && \text{Divide each side by 3.} \\ x &= 7 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

28. $\frac{a}{6} - 5 = 9$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{a}{6} - 5 &= 9 && \text{Original equation} \\ \frac{a}{6} - 5 + 5 &= 9 + 5 && \text{Add 5 to each side.} \\ \frac{a}{6} &= 14 && \text{Simplify.} \\ (6)\frac{a}{6} &= (6)14 && \text{Multiply each side by 6.} \\ a &= 84 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

29. $\frac{5r}{2} - 6 = 19$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{5r}{2} - 6 &= 19 && \text{Original equation} \\ \frac{5r}{2} - 6 + 6 &= 19 + 6 && \text{Add 6 to each side.} \\ \frac{5r}{2} &= 25 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)\frac{5r}{2} &= \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)25 && \text{Multiply each side by } \frac{2}{5}. \\ r &= 10 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

30. $\frac{n}{3} - 8 = -2$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{n}{3} - 8 &= -2 && \text{Original equation} \\ \frac{n}{3} - 8 + 8 &= -2 + 8 && \text{Add 8 to each side.} \\ \frac{n}{3} &= 6 && \text{Simplify.} \\ (3)\frac{n}{3} &= (3)6 && \text{Multiply each side by 3.} \\ n &= 18 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

31. $5 + \frac{x}{4} = 1$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 5 + \frac{x}{4} &= 1 && \text{Original equation} \\ 5 - 5 + \frac{x}{4} &= 1 - 5 && \text{Subtract 5 from each side.} \\ \frac{x}{4} &= -4 && \text{Simplify.} \\ (4)\frac{x}{4} &= (4)(-4) && \text{Multiply each side by 4.} \\ x &= -16 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

32. $-\frac{h}{3} - 4 = 13$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{h}{3} - 4 &= 13 && \text{Original equation} \\ -\frac{h}{3} - 4 + 4 &= 13 + 4 && \text{Add 4 to each side.} \\ -\frac{h}{3} &= 17 && \text{Simplify.} \\ (-3)\left(-\frac{h}{3}\right) &= (-3)17 && \text{Multiply each side by } -3. \\ h &= -51 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

33. $5(1 + n) = -5$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 5(1 + n) &= -5 && \text{Original equation} \\ \frac{5(1 + n)}{5} &= \frac{-5}{5} && \text{Divide each side by 5.} \\ 1 + n &= -1 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 1 - 1 + n &= -1 - 1 && \text{Subtract 1 from each side.} \\ n &= -2 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

34. $-27 = -6 - 3p$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -27 &= -6 - 3p && \text{Original equation} \\ -27 + 6 &= -6 + 6 - 3p && \text{Add 6 to each side.} \\ -21 &= -3p && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{-21}{-3} &= \frac{-3p}{-3} && \text{Divide each side by } -3. \\ 7 &= p && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

35. $-\frac{a}{6} + 5 = 2$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{a}{6} + 5 &= 2 && \text{Original equation} \\ -\frac{a}{6} + 5 - 5 &= 2 - 5 && \text{Subtract 5 from each side.} \\ -\frac{a}{6} &= -3 && \text{Simplify.} \\ (-6)\left(-\frac{a}{6}\right) &= (-6)(-3) && \text{Multiply each side by } -6. \\ a &= 18 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Solve each equation.

11. $|7 - 2q| = 3$

SOLUTION:

Case 1: If q is nonnegative, then $|q| = q$.

$$\begin{aligned} 7 - 2q &= 3 && \text{Original equation} \\ 7 - 7 - 2q &= 3 - 7 && \text{Subtract 7 from each side.} \\ -2q &= -4 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{-2q}{-2} &= \frac{-4}{-2} && \text{Divide each side by } -2. \\ q &= 2 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Case 2: If q is negative, then $|q| = -q$.

$$\begin{aligned} 7 - 2q &= -3 && \text{Original equation} \\ 7 - 7 - 2q &= -3 - 7 && \text{Subtract 7 from each side.} \\ -2q &= -10 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{-2q}{-2} &= \frac{-10}{-2} && \text{Divide each side by } -2. \\ q &= 5 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The solution set is $\{2, 5\}$.

12. $|4x - 2| = 26$

SOLUTION:

Case 1: If x is nonnegative, then $|x| = x$.

$$\begin{aligned} 4x - 2 &= 26 && \text{Original equation} \\ 4x - 2 + 2 &= 26 + 2 && \text{Add 2 to each side.} \\ 4x &= 28 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{4x}{4} &= \frac{28}{4} && \text{Divide each side by 4.} \\ x &= 7 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Case 2: If x is negative, then $|x| = -x$.

$$\begin{aligned} 4x - 2 &= -26 && \text{Original equation} \\ 4x - 2 + 2 &= -26 + 2 && \text{Add 2 to each side.} \\ 4x &= -22 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{4x}{4} &= \frac{-22}{4} && \text{Divide each side by 4.} \\ x &= -6 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The solution set is $\{-6, 7\}$.

13. $|w + 1| = 5$

SOLUTION:

Case 1: If w is nonnegative, then $|w| = w$.

$$\begin{aligned} w + 1 &= 5 && \text{Original equation} \\ w + 1 - 1 &= 5 - 1 && \text{Subtract 1 from each side.} \\ w &= 4 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Case 2: If w is negative, then $|w| = -w$.

$$\begin{aligned} w + 1 &= -5 && \text{Original equation} \\ w + 1 - 1 &= -5 - 1 && \text{Subtract 1 from each side.} \\ w &= -6 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The solution set is $\{-6, 4\}$.

14. $|n + 2| = -1$

SOLUTION:

 $|n + 2| = -1$ means that the distance between n and -2 is -1 .Since distance cannot be negative, the solution is the empty set \emptyset . The solution set is \emptyset .

15. $|m - 2| = 2$

SOLUTION:

Case 1: If m is nonnegative, then $|m| = m$.

$$\begin{aligned} m - 2 &= 2 && \text{Original equation} \\ m - 2 + 2 &= 2 + 2 && \text{Add 2 to each side.} \\ m &= 4 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Case 2: If m is negative, then $|m| = -m$.

$$\begin{aligned} m - 2 &= -2 && \text{Original equation} \\ m - 2 + 2 &= -2 + 2 && \text{Add 2 to each side.} \\ m &= 0 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The solution set is $\{0, 4\}$.

16. $|5c - 3| = 1$

SOLUTION:

Case 1: If c is nonnegative, then $|c| = c$.

$$\begin{aligned} 5c - 3 &= 1 && \text{Original equation} \\ 5c - 3 + 3 &= 1 + 3 && \text{Add 3 to each side.} \\ 5c &= 4 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{5c}{5} &= \frac{4}{5} && \text{Divide each side by 5.} \\ c &= \frac{4}{5} && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Case 2: If c is negative, then $|c| = -c$.

$$\begin{aligned} 5c - 3 &= -1 && \text{Original equation} \\ 5c - 3 + 3 &= -1 + 3 && \text{Add 3 to each side.} \\ 5c &= 2 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{5c}{5} &= \frac{2}{5} && \text{Divide each side by 5.} \\ c &= \frac{2}{5} && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The solution set is $\left\{\frac{2}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right\}$.

$$17. |2t + 6| = 4$$

SOLUTION:

Case 1: If t is nonnegative, then $|t| = t$.

$$\begin{aligned} 2t + 6 &= 4 && \text{Original equation} \\ 2t + 6 - 6 &= 4 - 6 && \text{Subtract 6 from each side.} \\ 2t &= -2 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{2t}{2} &= \frac{-2}{2} && \text{Divide each side by 2.} \\ t &= -1 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Case 2: If t is negative, then $|t| = -t$.

$$\begin{aligned} 2t + 6 &= 4 && \text{Original equation} \\ 2t + 6 - 6 &= -4 - 6 && \text{Subtract 6 from each side.} \\ 2t &= -10 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{2t}{2} &= \frac{-10}{2} && \text{Divide each side by 2.} \\ t &= -5 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The solution set is $\{-5, -1\}$.

$$18. |8k - 5| = -4$$

SOLUTION:

$|8k - 5| = -4$ means that the distance between $8k$ and 5 is -4 .

Since distance cannot be negative, the solution is the empty set \emptyset .
The solution set is \emptyset .

5	Solve proportions.	(19-28)	113
---	--------------------	---------	-----

Solve each proportion. If necessary, round to the nearest hundredth.

$$19. \frac{4v + 7}{15} = \frac{6v + 2}{10}$$

$$20. \frac{9b - 3}{9} = \frac{5b + 5}{3}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{4v + 7}{15} &= \frac{6v + 2}{10} && \text{Original proportion} \\ 15\left(\frac{4v + 7}{15}\right) &= 15\left(\frac{6v + 2}{10}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 15.} \\ 4v + 7 &= \frac{15(6v + 2)}{10} && \text{Simplify.} \\ 4v + 7 &= \frac{90v + 30}{10} && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 10(4v + 7) &= 10\left(\frac{90v + 30}{10}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 10.} \\ 10(4v + 7) &= 90v + 30 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 40v + 70 &= 90v + 30 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 40v + 70 - 30 &= 90v + 30 - 30 && \text{Subtract 30 from each side.} \\ 40v + 40 &= 90v && \text{Simplify.} \\ 40v - 40v + 40 &= 90v - 40v && \text{Subtract } 40v \text{ from each side.} \\ 40 &= 50v && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{40}{50} &= \frac{50v}{50} && \text{Divide each side by 50.} \\ 0.8 &= v && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{9b - 3}{9} &= \frac{5b + 5}{3} && \text{Original proportion} \\ 9\left(\frac{9b - 3}{9}\right) &= 9\left(\frac{5b + 5}{3}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 9.} \\ 9b - 3 &= 3(5b + 5) && \text{Simplify.} \\ 9b - 3 &= 15b + 15 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 9b - 3 - 15 &= 15b + 15 - 15 && \text{Subtract 15 from each side.} \\ 9b - 18 &= 15b && \text{Simplify.} \\ 9b - 9b - 18 &= 15b - 9b && \text{Subtract } 9b \text{ from each side.} \\ -18 &= 6b && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{-18}{6} &= \frac{6b}{6} && \text{Divide each side by 6.} \\ -3 &= b && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

$$21. \frac{2n-4}{5} = \frac{3n+3}{10}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2n-4}{5} &= \frac{3n+3}{10} && \text{Original proportion} \\ 10\left(\frac{2n-4}{5}\right) &= 10\left(\frac{3n+3}{10}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 10.} \\ 2(2n-4) &= 3n+3 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 4n-8 &= 3n+3 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 4n-8+8 &= 3n+3+8 && \text{Add 8 to each side.} \\ 4n &= 3n+11 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 4n-3n &= 3n-3n+11 && \text{Subtract } 3n \text{ from each side.} \\ n &= 11 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

$$23. \frac{x}{3} = \frac{3x+2}{6}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x}{3} &= \frac{3x+2}{6} && \text{Original proportion} \\ 6\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) &= 6\left(\frac{3x+2}{6}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 6.} \\ 2x &= 3x+2 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 2x-3x &= 3x-3x+2 && \text{Subtract } 3x \text{ from each side.} \\ -x &= 2 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{-x}{-1} &= \frac{2}{-1} && \text{Divide each side by } -1. \\ x &= -2 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

$$22. \frac{2}{g+6} = \frac{4}{5g+10}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2}{g+6} &= \frac{4}{5g+10} && \text{Original proportion} \\ (g+6)\left(\frac{2}{g+6}\right) &= (g+6)\left(\frac{4}{5g+10}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by } g+6. \\ 2 &= \frac{4(g+6)}{5g+10} && \text{Simplify.} \\ 2 &= \frac{4g+24}{5g+10} && \text{Distributive Property} \\ (5g+10)(2) &= (5g+10)\left(\frac{4g+24}{5g+10}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by } 5g+10. \\ 2(5g+10) &= 4g+24 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 10g+20 &= 4g+24 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 10g+20-20 &= 4g+24-20 && \text{Subtract 20 from each side.} \\ 10g &= 4g+4 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 10g-4g &= 4g-4g+4 && \text{Subtract } 4g \text{ from each side.} \\ 6g &= 4 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{6g}{6} &= \frac{4}{6} && \text{Divide each side by 6.} \\ g &= 0.67 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

$$24. \frac{w+3}{7} = \frac{w-1}{8}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{w+3}{7} &= \frac{w-1}{8} && \text{Original proportion} \\ 7\left(\frac{w+3}{7}\right) &= 7\left(\frac{w-1}{8}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 7.} \\ w+3 &= \frac{7(w-1)}{8} && \text{Simplify.} \\ w+3 &= \frac{7w-7}{8} && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 8(w+3) &= 8\left(\frac{7w-7}{8}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 8.} \\ 8(w+3) &= 7w-7 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 8w+24 &= 7w-7 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 8w+24-24 &= 7w-7-24 && \text{Subtract 24 from each side.} \\ 8w &= 7w-31 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 8w-7w &= 7w-7w-31 && \text{Subtract } 7w \text{ from each side.} \\ w &= -31 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

$$25. \frac{4q-3}{5} = \frac{2q+1}{7}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{4q-3}{5} &= \frac{2q+1}{7} && \text{Original proportion} \\ 5\left(\frac{4q-3}{5}\right) &= 5\left(\frac{2q+1}{7}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 5.} \\ 4q-3 &= \frac{5(2q+1)}{7} && \text{Simplify.} \\ 4q-3 &= \frac{10q+5}{7} && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 7(4q-3) &= 7\left(\frac{10q+5}{7}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 7.} \\ 7(4q-3) &= 10q+5 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 28q-21 &= 10q+5 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 28q-21+21 &= 10q+5+21 && \text{Add 21 to each side.} \\ 28q &= 10q+26 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 28q-10q &= 10q-10q+26 && \text{Subtract } 10q \text{ from each side.} \\ 18q &= 26 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{18q}{18} &= \frac{26}{18} && \text{Divide each side by 18.} \\ q &= 1.44 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

$$27. \frac{m+1}{9} = \frac{m+2}{2}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{m+1}{9} &= \frac{m+2}{2} && \text{Original proportion} \\ 9\left(\frac{m+1}{9}\right) &= 9\left(\frac{m+2}{2}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 9.} \\ m+1 &= \frac{9(m+2)}{2} && \text{Simplify.} \\ m+1 &= \frac{9m+18}{2} && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 2(m+1) &= 2\left(\frac{9m+18}{2}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 2.} \\ 2(m+1) &= 9m+18 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 2m+2 &= 9m+18 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 2m+2-18 &= 9m+18-18 && \text{Subtract 18 from each side.} \\ 2m-16 &= 9m && \text{Simplify.} \\ 2m-2m-16 &= 9m-2m && \text{Subtract } 2m \text{ from each side.} \\ -16 &= 7m && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{-16}{7} &= \frac{7m}{7} && \text{Divide each side by 7.} \\ -2.29 &= m && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

$$26. \frac{5}{7k+4} = \frac{2}{2k-3}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{5}{7k+4} &= \frac{2}{2k-3} && \text{Original proportion} \\ (7k+4)\left(\frac{5}{7k+4}\right) &= (7k+4)\left(\frac{2}{2k-3}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by } 7k+4. \\ 5 &= \frac{2(7k+4)}{2k-3} && \text{Simplify.} \\ 5 &= \frac{14k+8}{2k-3} && \text{Distributive Property} \\ (2k-3)(5) &= (2k-3)\left(\frac{14k+8}{2k-3}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by } 2k-3. \\ 5(2k-3) &= 14k+8 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 10k-15 &= 14k+8 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 10k-15-8 &= 14k+8-8 && \text{Subtract 8 from each side.} \\ 10k-23 &= 14k && \text{Simplify.} \\ 10k-10k-23 &= 14k-10k && \text{Subtract } 10k \text{ from each side.} \\ -23 &= 4k && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{-23}{4} &= \frac{4k}{4} && \text{Divide each side by 4.} \\ -5.75 &= k && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

$$28. \frac{j-5}{2} = \frac{j+8}{7}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{j-5}{2} &= \frac{j+8}{7} && \text{Original proportion} \\ 2\left(\frac{j-5}{2}\right) &= 2\left(\frac{j+8}{7}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 2.} \\ j-5 &= \frac{2(j+8)}{7} && \text{Simplify.} \\ j-5 &= \frac{2j+16}{7} && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 7(j-5) &= 7\left(\frac{2j+16}{7}\right) && \text{Multiply each side by 7.} \\ 7(j-5) &= 2j+16 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 7j-35 &= 2j+16 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 7j-35+35 &= 2j+16+35 && \text{Add 35 to each side.} \\ 7j &= 2j+51 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 7j-2j &= 2j-2j+51 && \text{Subtract } 2j \text{ from each side.} \\ 5j &= 51 && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{5j}{5} &= \frac{51}{5} && \text{Divide each side by 5.} \\ j &= 10.2 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

38. $(12, 10), (-2, r), m = -4$ a line that passes through each pair

SOLUTION:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Use the Slope Formula.}$$

$$-4 = \frac{r - 10}{-2 - 12} \quad (12, 10) = (x_1, y_1) \text{ and } (-2, r) = (x_2, y_2)$$

$$-4 = \frac{r - 10}{-14} \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$-14(-4) = \frac{-14(r - 10)}{-14} \quad \text{Multiply each side by } -14.$$

$$56 = r - 10 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$56 + 10 = r - 10 + 10 \quad \text{Add 10 to each side.}$$

$$66 = r \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

40. $(3, 5), (-3, r), m = \frac{3}{4}$

SOLUTION:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Use the Slope Formula.}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{r - 5}{-3 - 3} \quad (3, 5) = (x_1, y_1) \text{ and } (-3, r) = (x_2, y_2)$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{r - 5}{-6} \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$-6\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = \frac{-6(r - 5)}{-6} \quad \text{Multiply each side by } -6.$$

$$-\frac{9}{2} = r - 5 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$-\frac{9}{2} + 5 = r - 5 + 5 \quad \text{Add 5 to each side.}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = r \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

39. $(r, -5), (3, 13), m = 8$

SOLUTION:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Use the Slope Formula.}$$

$$8 = \frac{13 - (-5)}{3 - r} \quad (r, -5) = (x_1, y_1) \text{ and } (3, 13) = (x_2, y_2)$$

$$8 = \frac{18}{3 - r} \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$(3 - r)(8) = \frac{(3 - r)18}{3 - r} \quad \text{Multiply each side by } 3 - r.$$

$$24 - 8r = 18 \quad \text{Distributive Property}$$

$$24 - 24 - 8r = 18 - 24 \quad \text{Subtract 24 from each side.}$$

$$-8r = -6 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$\frac{-8r}{-8} = \frac{-6}{-8} \quad \text{Divide each side by } -8.$$

$$r = \frac{3}{4} \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

41. $(-2, 8), (r, 4), m = -\frac{1}{2}$

SOLUTION:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Use the Slope Formula.}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4 - 8}{r - (-2)} \quad (-2, 8) = (x_1, y_1) \text{ and } (r, 4) = (x_2, y_2)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = \frac{-4}{r + 2} \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$(r + 2)\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{(r + 2)(-4)}{r + 2} \quad \text{Multiply each side by } r + 2.$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}r - 1 = -4 \quad \text{Distributive Property}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}r - 1 + 1 = -4 + 1 \quad \text{Add 1 to each side.}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}r = -3 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}r}{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{-3}{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad \text{Divide each side by } -\frac{1}{2}.$$

$$r = 6 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

42. $(r, 3), (5, 9), m = 2$

SOLUTION:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Use the Slope Formula.}$$

$$2 = \frac{9 - 3}{5 - r} \quad (r, 3) = (x_1, y_1) \text{ and } (5, 9) = (x_2, y_2)$$

$$2 = \frac{6}{5 - r} \quad \text{Subtract.}$$

$$(5 - r)(2) = \frac{(5 - r)6}{5 - r} \quad \text{Multiply each side by } 5 - r.$$

$$10 - 2r = 6 \quad \text{Distributive Property}$$

$$10 - 10 - 2r = 6 - 10 \quad \text{Subtract 10 from each side.}$$

$$-2r = -4 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$\frac{-2r}{-2} = \frac{-4}{-2} \quad \text{Divide each side by } -2.$$

$$r = 2 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

43. $(5, 9), (r, -3), m = -4$

SOLUTION:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Use the Slope Formula.}$$

$$-4 = \frac{-3 - 9}{r - 5} \quad (5, 9) = (x_1, y_1) \text{ and } (r, -3) = (x_2, y_2)$$

$$-4 = \frac{-12}{r - 5} \quad \text{Subtract.}$$

$$(r - 5)(-4) = \frac{(r - 5)(-12)}{r - 5} \quad \text{Multiply each side by } r - 5.$$

$$-4r + 20 = -12 \quad \text{Distributive Property}$$

$$-4r + 20 - 20 = -12 - 20 \quad \text{Subtract 20 from each side.}$$

$$-4r = -32 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$\frac{-4r}{-4} = \frac{-32}{-4} \quad \text{Divide each side by } -4.$$

$$r = 8 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

44. $(r, 2), (6, 3), m = \frac{1}{2}$

SOLUTION:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Use the Slope Formula.}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3 - 2}{6 - r} \quad (r, 2) = (x_1, y_1) \text{ and } (6, 3) = (x_2, y_2)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6 - r} \quad \text{Subtract.}$$

$$(6 - r)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{(6 - r)1}{6 - r} \quad \text{Multiply each side by } 6 - r.$$

$$3 - \frac{1}{2}r = 1 \quad \text{Distributive Property}$$

$$3 - 3 - \frac{1}{2}r = 1 - 3 \quad \text{Subtract 3 from each side.}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}r = -2 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}r}{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{-2}{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad \text{Divide each side by } -\frac{1}{2}.$$

$$r = 4 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

45. $(r, 4), (7, 1), m = \frac{3}{4}$

SOLUTION:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Use the Slope Formula.}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{1 - 4}{7 - r} \quad (r, 4) = (x_1, y_1) \text{ and } (7, 1) = (x_2, y_2)$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{-3}{7 - r} \quad \text{Subtract.}$$

$$(7 - r)\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = \frac{(7 - r)(-3)}{7 - r} \quad \text{Multiply each side by } 7 - r.$$

$$\frac{21}{4} - \frac{3}{4}r = -3 \quad \text{Distributive Property}$$

$$\frac{21}{4} - \frac{21}{4} - \frac{3}{4}r = -3 - \frac{21}{4} \quad \text{Subtract } \frac{21}{4} \text{ from each side.}$$

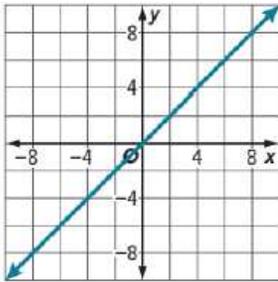
$$-\frac{3}{4}r = -\frac{33}{4} \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{4}r}{-\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{-\frac{33}{4}}{-\frac{3}{4}} \quad \text{Divide each side by } -\frac{3}{4}.$$

$$r = 11 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

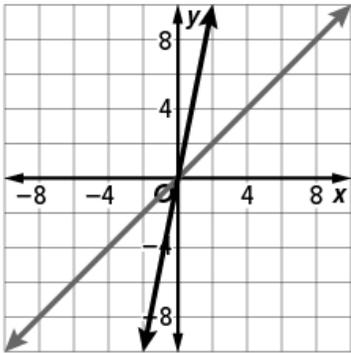
Describe the dilation in each function as it relates to the graph of the parent function.

10. $g(x) = 5(x)$

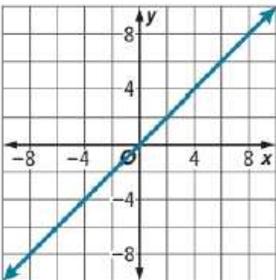


ANSWER:

$g(x)$ is a vertical stretch of the parent function by a factor of 5

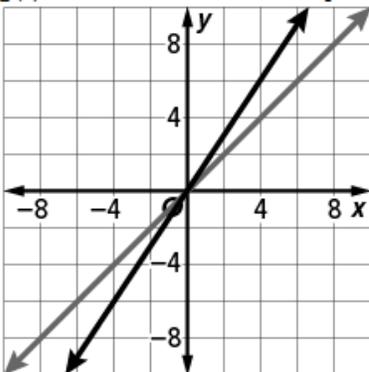


12. $g(x) = 1.5(x)$

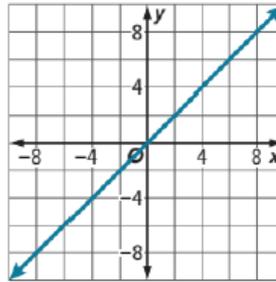


ANSWER:

$g(x)$ is a vertical stretch of the parent function by a factor of 1.5

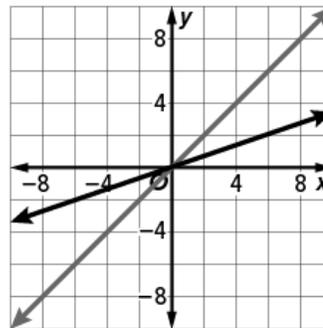


11. $g(x) = \frac{1}{3}(x)$

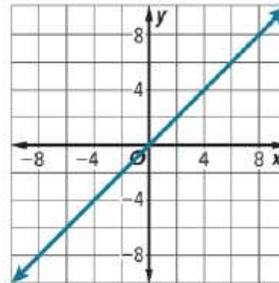


ANSWER:

$g(x)$ is a vertical compression of the parent function by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$

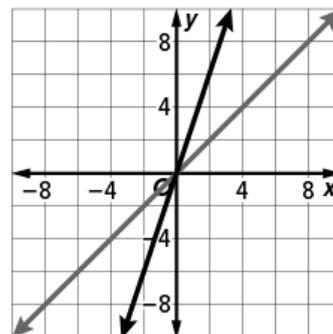


13. $g(x) = (3x)$

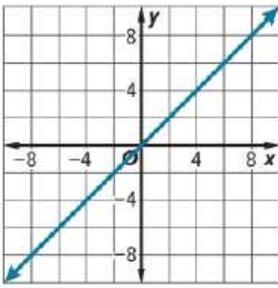


ANSWER:

$g(x)$ is a horizontal compression of the parent function by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$

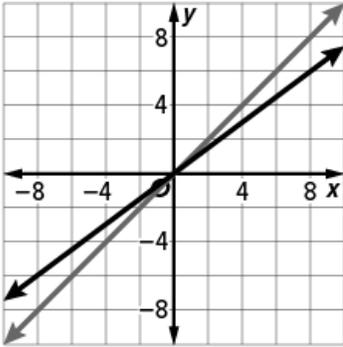


14. $g(x) = \left(\frac{3}{4}x\right)$

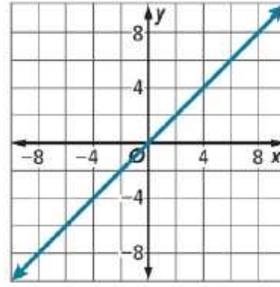


ANSWER:

$g(x)$ is a horizontal stretch of the parent function by a factor of $\frac{4}{3}$

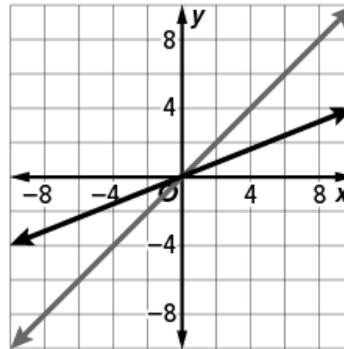


15. $g(x) = (0.4x)$



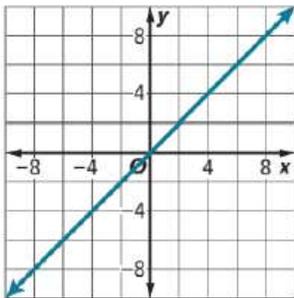
ANSWER:

$g(x)$ is a horizontal stretch of the parent function by a factor of 2.5



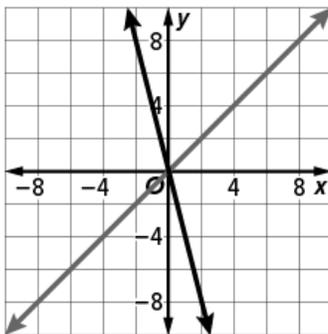
Describe the dilation in each function as it relates to the graph of the parent function.

16. $g(x) = -4(x)$

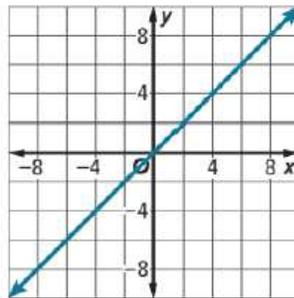


ANSWER:

$g(x)$ is a vertical stretch of the parent function by a factor of 4 and a reflection across the x -axis

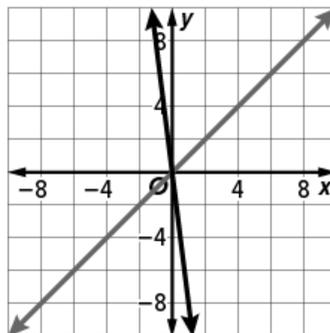


17. $g(x) = -8(x)$

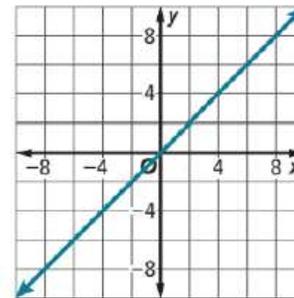


ANSWER:

$g(x)$ is a vertical stretch of the parent function by a factor of 8 and a reflection across the x -axis

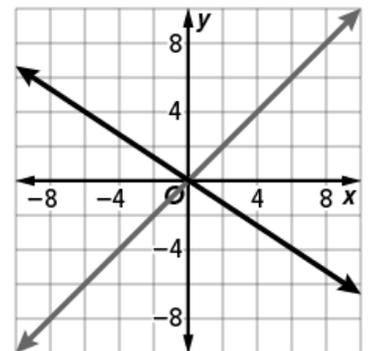


18. $g(x) = -\frac{2}{3}(x)$



ANSWER:

$g(x)$ is a vertical compression of the parent function by a factor of $\frac{2}{3}$ and a reflection across the x -axis



Use the given arithmetic sequence to write an equation and then find the 7th term of the sequence.

19. $-3, -8, -13, -18, \dots$

SOLUTION:

The common difference is -5 , so $d = -5$. The first term is -3 , so $a_1 = -3$.

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= a_1 + (n-1)d && \textit{nth term of an arithmetic sequence} \\ a_n &= -3 + (n-1)(-5) && \textit{Substitute } -3 \textit{ for } a_1 \textit{ and } -5 \textit{ for } d. \\ a_n &= -3 - 5n + 5 && \textit{Distributive Property} \\ a_n &= -5n + 2 && \textit{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The equation is $a_n = -5n + 2$.

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= -5n + 2 && \textit{Equation} \\ a_7 &= -5(7) + 2 && \textit{Substitute } 7 \textit{ for } n. \\ a_7 &= -35 + 2 && \textit{Multiply.} \\ a_7 &= -33 && \textit{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The 7th term is -33 .

20. $-2, 3, 8, 13, \dots$

SOLUTION:

The common difference is 5 , so $d = 5$. The first term is -2 , so $a_1 = -2$.

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= a_1 + (n-1)d && \textit{nth term of an arithmetic sequence} \\ a_n &= -2 + (n-1)(5) && \textit{Substitute } -2 \textit{ for } a_1 \textit{ and } 5 \textit{ for } d. \\ a_n &= -2 + 5n - 5 && \textit{Distributive Property} \\ a_n &= 5n - 7 && \textit{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The equation is $a_n = 5n - 7$.

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= 5n - 7 && \textit{Equation} \\ a_7 &= 5(7) - 7 && \textit{Substitute } 7 \textit{ for } n. \\ a_7 &= 35 - 7 && \textit{Multiply.} \\ a_7 &= 28 && \textit{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The 7th term is 28 .

21. $-11, -15, -19, -23, \dots$

SOLUTION:

The common difference is -4 , so $d = -4$. The first term is -11 , so $a_1 = -11$.

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= a_1 + (n-1)d && \textit{nth term of an arithmetic sequence} \\ a_n &= -11 + (n-1)(-4) && \textit{Substitute } -11 \textit{ for } a_1 \textit{ and } -4 \textit{ for } d. \\ a_n &= -11 - 4n + 4 && \textit{Distributive Property} \\ a_n &= -4n - 7 && \textit{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The equation is $a_n = -4n - 7$.

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= -4n - 7 && \textit{Equation} \\ a_7 &= -4(7) - 7 && \textit{Substitute } 7 \textit{ for } n. \\ a_7 &= -28 - 7 && \textit{Multiply.} \\ a_7 &= -35 && \textit{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The 7th term is -35 .

22. $-0.75, -0.5, -0.25, 0, \dots$

SOLUTION:

The common difference is 0.25 , so $d = 0.25$. The first term is -0.75 , so $a_1 = -0.75$.

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= a_1 + (n-1)d && \textit{nth term of an arithmetic sequence} \\ a_n &= -0.75 + (n-1)(0.25) && \textit{Substitute } -0.75 \textit{ for } a_1 \textit{ and } 0.25 \textit{ for } d. \\ a_n &= -0.75 + 0.25n - 0.25 && \textit{Distributive Property} \\ a_n &= 0.25n - 1 && \textit{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The equation is $a_n = 0.25n - 1$.

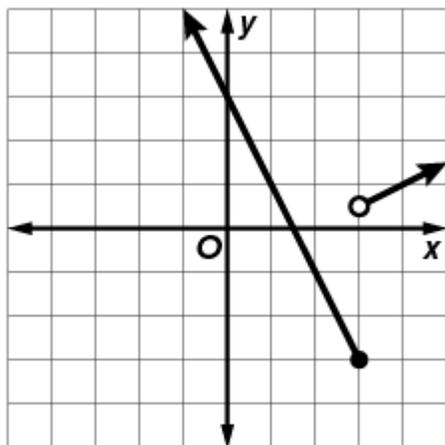
$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= 0.25n - 1 && \textit{Equation} \\ a_7 &= 0.25(7) - 1 && \textit{Substitute } 7 \textit{ for } n. \\ a_7 &= 1.75 - 1 && \textit{Multiply.} \\ a_7 &= 0.75 && \textit{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The 7th term is 0.75 .

Graph each function. State the domain and range.

$$1. f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x - 1 & \text{if } x > 3 \\ -2x + 3 & \text{if } x \leq 3 \end{cases}$$

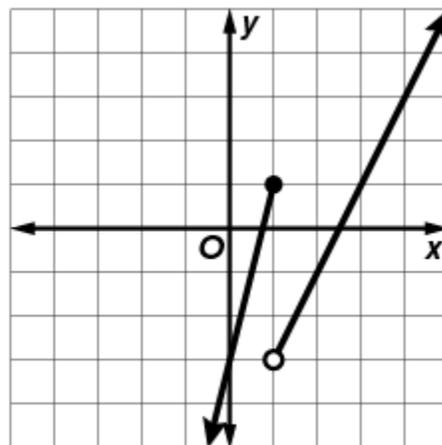
ANSWER:



D = all real numbers, R = $f(x) \geq -3$

$$2. f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - 5 & \text{if } x > 1 \\ 4x - 3 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

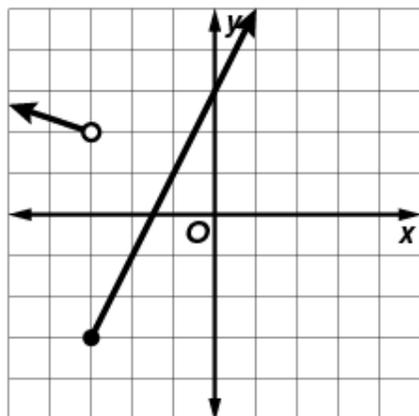
ANSWER:



D = all real numbers, R = all real numbers

$$3. f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x + 3 & \text{if } x \geq -3 \\ -\frac{1}{3}x + 1 & \text{if } x < -3 \end{cases}$$

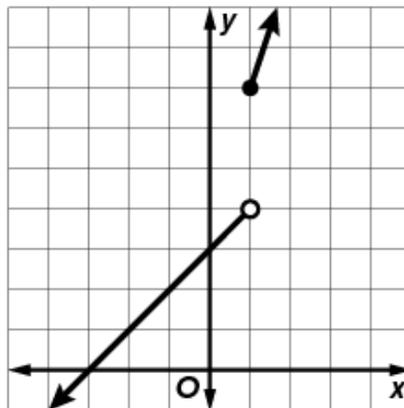
ANSWER:



D = all real numbers, R = $f(x) \geq -3$

$$4. f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x + 4 & \text{if } x \geq 1 \\ x + 3 & \text{if } x < 1 \end{cases}$$

ANSWER:

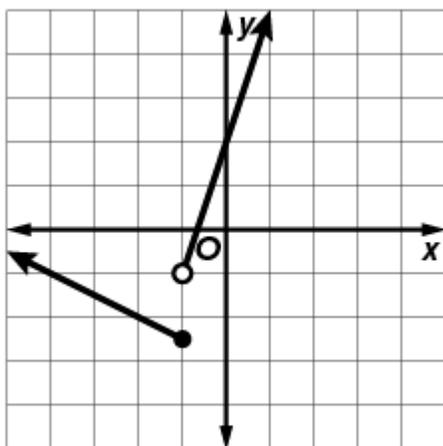


D = all real numbers, R = $f(x) < 4$ or $f(x) \geq 7$

$$5. f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x + 2 & \text{if } x > -1 \\ -\frac{1}{2}x - 3 & \text{if } x \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

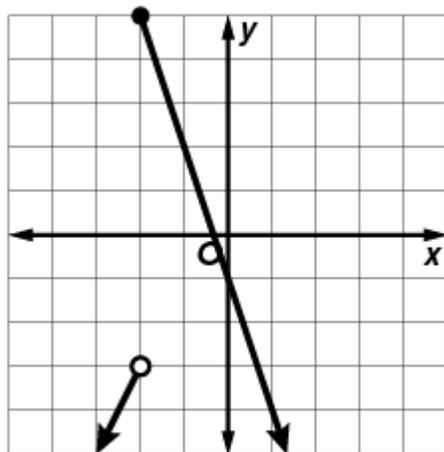
$$6. f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x + 1 & \text{if } x < -2 \\ -3x - 1 & \text{if } x \geq -2 \end{cases}$$

ANSWER:



D = all real numbers, R = $f(x) \geq -2.5$

ANSWER:



D = all real numbers, R = $f(x) \leq 5$

10	Apply translations to absolute value functions.	(1-9)	277
----	---	-------	-----

Describe the translation in $g(x)$ as it relates to the graph of the parent function.

1. $g(x) = |x| - 5$

2. $g(x) = |x + 6|$

3. $g(x) = |x - 2| + 7$

ANSWER:

The graph of $g(x)$ is the parent function translated 5 units down.

ANSWER:

The graph of $g(x)$ is the parent function translated 6 units left.

ANSWER:

The graph of $g(x)$ is the parent function translated 2 units right and 7 units up.

4. $g(x) = |x + 1| - 3$

5. $g(x) = |x| + 1$

6. $g(x) = |x - 8|$

ANSWER:

The graph of $g(x)$ is the parent function translated 1 unit left and 3 units down.

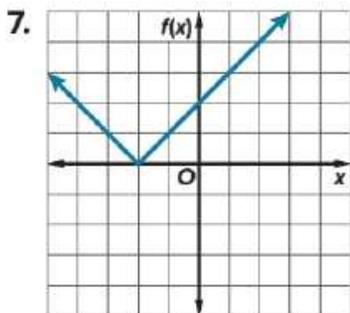
ANSWER:

The graph of $g(x)$ is the parent function translated 1 unit up.

ANSWER:

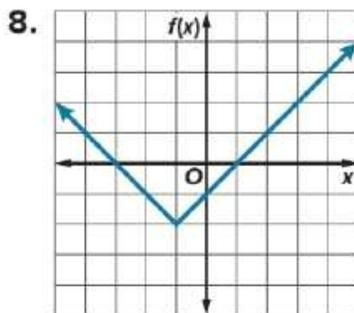
The graph of $g(x)$ is the parent function translated 8 units right.

Use the graph of the function to write its equation.



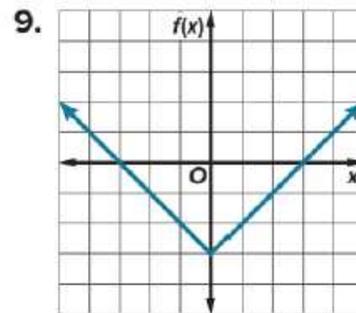
ANSWER:

$$f(x) = |x + 2|$$



ANSWER:

$$f(x) = |x + 1| - 2$$



ANSWER:

$$f(x) = |x| - 3$$

11	Write an equation of a line in slope-intercept form given the slope and one point	(1-6)	291
----	---	-------	-----

Write an equation of the line that passes through the given point and has the given slope.

1. (4, 2); slope $\frac{1}{2}$

2. (3, -2); slope $\frac{1}{3}$

3. (6, 4); slope $-\frac{3}{4}$

SOLUTION:

Step 1 Find the y-intercept.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$2 = \frac{1}{2}(4) + b \quad m = \frac{1}{2}, x = 4, \text{ and } y = 2$$

$$2 = 2 + b \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$0 = b \quad \text{Subtract 2 from each side.}$$

Step 2 Write the equation in slope-intercept form.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 0 \quad m = \frac{1}{2} \text{ and } b = 0$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

4. (-5, 4); slope -3

5. (4, 3); slope $\frac{1}{2}$

6. (1, -5); slope $-\frac{3}{2}$

SOLUTION:

Step 1 Find the y-intercept.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$4 = -3(-5) + b \quad m = -3, x = -5, \text{ and } y = 4$$

$$4 = 15 + b \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$-11 = b \quad \text{Subtract 15 from each side.}$$

Step 2 Write the equation in slope-intercept form.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$y = -3x - 11 \quad m = -3 \text{ and } b = -11$$

SOLUTION:

Step 1 Find the y-intercept.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$-2 = \frac{1}{3}(3) + b \quad m = \frac{1}{3}, x = 3, \text{ and } y = -2$$

$$-2 = 1 + b \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$-3 = b \quad \text{Subtract 1 from each side.}$$

Step 2 Write the equation in slope-intercept form.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x - 3 \quad m = \frac{1}{3} \text{ and } b = -3$$

SOLUTION:

Step 1 Find the y-intercept.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$4 = -\frac{3}{4}(6) + b \quad m = -\frac{3}{4}, x = 6, \text{ and } y = 4$$

$$4 = -\frac{9}{2} + b \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$\frac{17}{2} = b \quad \text{Add } \frac{9}{2} \text{ to each side.}$$

Step 2 Write the equation in slope-intercept form.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + \frac{17}{2} \quad m = -\frac{3}{4} \text{ and } b = \frac{17}{2}$$

SOLUTION:

Step 1 Find the y-intercept.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$3 = \frac{1}{2}(4) + b \quad m = \frac{1}{2}, x = 4, \text{ and } y = 3$$

$$3 = 2 + b \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$1 = b \quad \text{Subtract 2 from each side.}$$

Step 2 Write the equation in slope-intercept form.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1 \quad m = \frac{1}{2} \text{ and } b = 1$$

SOLUTION:

Step 1 Find the y-intercept.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$-5 = -\frac{3}{2}(1) + b \quad m = -\frac{3}{2}, x = 1, \text{ and } y = -5$$

$$-5 = -\frac{3}{2} + b \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$-\frac{7}{2} = b \quad \text{Add } \frac{3}{2} \text{ to each side.}$$

Step 2 Write the equation in slope-intercept form.

$$y = mx + b \quad \text{Slope-intercept form}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x - \frac{7}{2} \quad m = -\frac{3}{2} \text{ and } b = -\frac{7}{2}$$

Find the inverse of each function.

16. $f(x) = 8x - 5$

SOLUTION:

$$f(x) = 8x - 5 \quad \text{Original equation}$$

$$y = 8x - 5 \quad \text{Replace } f(x) \text{ with } y.$$

$$x = 8y - 5 \quad \text{Interchange } y \text{ and } x.$$

$$x + 5 = 8y \quad \text{Add 5 to each side.}$$

$$\frac{x+5}{8} = y \quad \text{Divide each side by 8.}$$

$$\frac{x+5}{8} = f^{-1}(x) \quad \text{Replace } y \text{ with } f^{-1}(x).$$

The inverse of $f(x) = 8x - 5$ is $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+5}{8}$ or $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{8}x + \frac{5}{8}$

18. $f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x + 9$

SOLUTION:

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x + 9 \quad \text{Original equation}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x + 9 \quad \text{Replace } f(x) \text{ with } y.$$

$$x = \frac{3}{4}y + 9 \quad \text{Interchange } y \text{ and } x.$$

$$x - 9 = \frac{3}{4}y \quad \text{Subtract 9 from each side.}$$

$$\frac{4}{3}(x - 9) = y \quad \text{Multiply each side by } \frac{4}{3}.$$

$$\frac{4}{3}(x - 9) = f^{-1}(x) \quad \text{Replace } y \text{ with } f^{-1}(x).$$

The inverse of $f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x + 9$ is $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{4}{3}(x - 9)$.

17. $f(x) = 6(x + 7)$

SOLUTION:

$$f(x) = 6(x + 7) \quad \text{Original equation}$$

$$y = 6(x + 7) \quad \text{Replace } f(x) \text{ with } y.$$

$$x = 6(y + 7) \quad \text{Interchange } y \text{ and } x.$$

$$x = 6y + 42 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$x - 42 = 6y \quad \text{Subtract 42 from each side.}$$

$$\frac{x-42}{6} = y \quad \text{Divide each side by 6.}$$

$$\frac{x-42}{6} = f^{-1}(x) \quad \text{Replace } y \text{ with } f^{-1}(x).$$

The inverse of $f(x) = 6(x + 7)$ is $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-42}{6}$ or $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{6} - 7$.

19. $f(x) = -16 + \frac{2}{5}x$

SOLUTION:

$$f(x) = -16 + \frac{2}{5}x \quad \text{Original equation}$$

$$y = -16 + \frac{2}{5}x \quad \text{Replace } f(x) \text{ with } y.$$

$$x = -16 + \frac{2}{5}y \quad \text{Interchange } y \text{ and } x.$$

$$x + 16 = \frac{2}{5}y \quad \text{Add 16 to each side.}$$

$$\frac{5}{2}(x + 16) = y \quad \text{Multiply each side by } \frac{5}{2}.$$

$$\frac{5}{2}(x + 16) = f^{-1}(x) \quad \text{Replace } y \text{ with } f^{-1}(x).$$

The inverse of $f(x) = -16 + \frac{2}{5}x$ is $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{5}{2}(x + 16)$.

$$20. f(x) = \frac{3x+5}{4}$$

SOLUTION:

$$f(x) = \frac{3x+5}{4} \quad \text{Original equation}$$

$$y = \frac{3x+5}{4} \quad \text{Replace } f(x) \text{ with } y.$$

$$x = \frac{3y+5}{4} \quad \text{Interchange } y \text{ and } x.$$

$$4x = 3y + 5 \quad \text{Multiply each side by 4.}$$

$$4x - 5 = 3y \quad \text{Subtract 5 from each side.}$$

$$\frac{4x-5}{3} = y \quad \text{Divide each side by 3.}$$

$$\frac{4x-5}{3} = f^{-1}(x) \quad \text{Replace } y \text{ with } f^{-1}(x).$$

$$\text{The inverse of } f(x) = \frac{3x+5}{4} \text{ is } f^{-1}(x) = \frac{4x-5}{3}.$$

$$21. f(x) = \frac{-4x+1}{5}$$

SOLUTION:

$$f(x) = \frac{-4x+1}{5} \quad \text{Original equation}$$

$$y = \frac{-4x+1}{5} \quad \text{Replace } f(x) \text{ with } y.$$

$$x = \frac{-4y+1}{5} \quad \text{Interchange } y \text{ and } x.$$

$$5x = -4y + 1 \quad \text{Multiply each side by 5.}$$

$$5x - 1 = -4y \quad \text{Subtract 1 from each side.}$$

$$\frac{5x-1}{-4} = y \quad \text{Divide each side by } -4.$$

$$\frac{1-5x}{4} = f^{-1}(x) \quad \text{Replace } y \text{ with } f^{-1}(x).$$

$$\text{The inverse of } f(x) = \frac{-4x+1}{5} \text{ is } f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1-5x}{4}.$$

13

Solve linear inequalities by using subtraction

(21-30)

347

Solve each inequality.

$$21. 11 + m \geq 15$$

$$22. h - 26 < 4$$

$$23. 8 \leq r - 14$$

v

SOLUTION:

$$11 + m \geq 15 \quad \text{Original inequality}$$

$$11 - 11 + m \geq 15 - 11 \quad \text{Subtract 11 from each side.}$$

$$m \geq 4 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

The solution set is $\{m \mid m \geq 4\}$.

SOLUTION:

$$h - 26 < 4 \quad \text{Original inequality}$$

$$h - 26 + 26 < 4 + 26 \quad \text{Add 26 to each side.}$$

$$h < 30 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

The solution set is $\{h \mid h < 30\}$.

SOLUTION:

$$8 \leq r - 14 \quad \text{Original inequality}$$

$$8 + 14 \leq r - 14 + 14 \quad \text{Add 14 to each side.}$$

$$22 \leq r \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

The solution set is $\{r \mid r \geq 22\}$.

$$24. -7 > 20 + c$$

$$25. 2a \leq -4 + a$$

$$26. z + 4 \geq 2z$$

SOLUTION:

$$-7 > 20 + c \quad \text{Original inequality}$$

$$-7 - 20 > 20 - 20 + c \quad \text{Subtract 20 from each side.}$$

$$-27 > c \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

The solution set is $\{c \mid c < -27\}$.

SOLUTION:

$$2a \leq -4 + a \quad \text{Original inequality}$$

$$2a - a \leq -4 + a - a \quad \text{Subtract } a \text{ from each side.}$$

$$a \leq -4 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

The solution set is $\{a \mid a \leq -4\}$.

SOLUTION:

$$z + 4 \geq 2z \quad \text{Original inequality}$$

$$z - z + 4 \geq 2z - z \quad \text{Subtract } z \text{ from each side.}$$

$$4 \geq z \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

The solution set is $\{z \mid z \leq 4\}$.

27. $w - 5 \leq 2w$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} w - 5 &\leq 2w && \text{Original inequality} \\ w - w - 5 &\leq 2w - w && \text{Subtract } w \text{ from each side.} \\ -5 &\leq w && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The solution set is $\{w \mid w \geq -5\}$.

29. $6x + 5 \geq 7x$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 6x + 5 &\geq 7x && \text{Original inequality} \\ 6x - 6x + 5 &\geq 7x - 6x && \text{Subtract } 6x \text{ from each side.} \\ 5 &\geq x && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The solution set is $\{x \mid x \leq 5\}$.

28. $3y \leq 2y - 6$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 3y &\leq 2y - 6 && \text{Original inequality} \\ 3y - 2y &\leq 2y - 2y - 6 && \text{Subtract } 2y \text{ from each side.} \\ y &\leq -6 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The solution set is $\{y \mid y \leq -6\}$.

30. $-9 + 2a < 3a$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -9 + 2a &< 3a && \text{Original inequality} \\ -9 + 2a - 2a &< 3a - 2a && \text{Subtract } 2a \text{ from each side.} \\ -9 &< a && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The solution set is $\{a \mid a > -9\}$.

14	Solve multi-step linear inequalities.	(16-27)	354
----	---------------------------------------	---------	-----

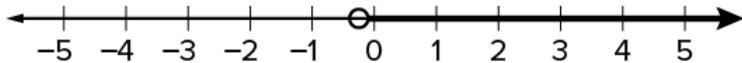
Solve each inequality. Then graph the solution on a number line.

16. $-3(7n + 3) < 6n$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -3(7n + 3) &< 6n && \text{Original inequality} \\ -21n - 9 &< 6n && \text{Distributive Property} \\ -9 < 27n &&& \text{Add } 21n \text{ to each side.} \\ -\frac{1}{3} &< n && \text{Divide each side by } 27. \end{aligned}$$

Graph the inequality $n > -\frac{1}{3}$ on a number line.

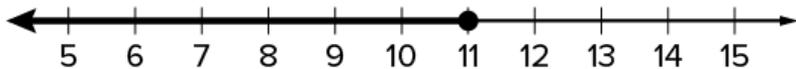


17. $21 \geq 3(a - 7) + 9$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 21 &\geq 3(a - 7) + 9 && \text{Original inequality} \\ 21 &\geq 3a - 21 + 9 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 21 &\geq 3a - 12 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 33 &\geq 3a && \text{Add } 12 \text{ to each side.} \\ 11 &\geq a && \text{Divide each side by } 3. \end{aligned}$$

Graph the inequality $a \leq 11$ on a number line.

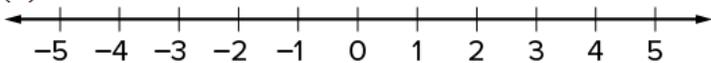


18. $2y + 4 > 2(3 + y)$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 2y + 4 &> 2(3 + y) && \text{Original inequality} \\ 2y + 4 &> 6 + 2y && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 2y &> 2 + 2y && \text{Subtract } 4 \text{ from each side.} \\ 0 &> 2 && \text{Subtract } 2y \text{ from each side.} \end{aligned}$$

$\{\emptyset\}$

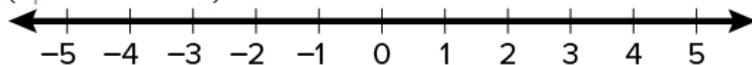


19. $3(2 - b) < 10 - 3(b - 6)$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 3(2 - b) &< 10 - 3(b - 6) && \text{Original inequality} \\ 6 - 3b &< 10 - 3b + 18 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 6 - 3b &< 28 - 3b && \text{Simplify.} \\ -3b &< 22 - 3b && \text{Subtract } 6 \text{ from each side.} \\ 0 &< 22 && \text{Add } 3b \text{ to each side.} \end{aligned}$$

$\{b \mid b \text{ is a real number.}\}$

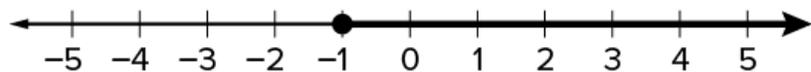


$$20. 7 + t \leq 2(t + 3) + 2$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 7 + t &\leq 2(t + 3) + 2 && \text{Original inequality} \\ 7 + t &\leq 2t + 6 + 2 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 7 + t &\leq 2t + 8 && \text{Simplify.} \\ -1 + t &\leq 2t && \text{Subtract 8 from each side.} \\ -1 &\leq t && \text{Subtract } t \text{ from each side.} \end{aligned}$$

Graph the inequality $t \geq -1$ on a number line.



Solve each inequality.

$$22. 2(x - 4) \leq 2 + 3(x - 6)$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 2(x - 4) &\leq 2 + 3(x - 6) && \text{Original inequality} \\ 2x - 8 &\leq 2 + 3x - 18 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 2x - 8 &\leq 3x - 16 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 2x + 8 &\leq 3x && \text{Add 16 to each side.} \\ 8 &\leq x && \text{Subtract } 2x \text{ from each side.} \end{aligned}$$

ANSWER:

$$\{x \mid x \geq 8\}$$

$$24. 5.6z + 1.5 < 2.5z - 4.7$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 5.6z + 1.5 &< 2.5z - 4.7 && \text{Original inequality} \\ 5.6z &< 2.5z - 6.2 && \text{Subtract 1.5 from each side.} \\ 3.1z &< -6.2 && \text{Subtract } 2.5z \text{ from each side.} \\ z &< -2 && \text{Divide each side by 3.1.} \end{aligned}$$

ANSWER:

$$\{z \mid z < -2\}$$

$$26. 2(-3m - 5) \geq -28$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 2(-3m - 5) &\geq -28 && \text{Original inequality} \\ -6m - 10 &\geq -28 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ -6m &\geq -18 && \text{Add 10 to each side.} \\ m &\leq 3 && \text{Divide each side by } -6. \end{aligned}$$

ANSWER:

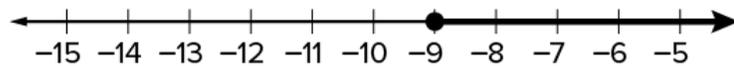
$$\{m \mid m \leq 3\}$$

$$21. 8a + 2(1 - 5a) \leq 20$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 8a + 2(1 - 5a) &\leq 20 && \text{Original inequality} \\ 8a + 2 - 10a &\leq 20 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ -2a + 2 &\leq 20 && \text{Simplify.} \\ -2a &\leq 18 && \text{Subtract 2 from each side.} \\ a &\geq -9 && \text{Divide each side by } -2. \end{aligned}$$

Graph the inequality $a \geq -9$ on a number line.



$$23. \frac{2x - 4}{6} \geq -5x + 2$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2x - 4}{6} &\geq -5x + 2 && \text{Original inequality} \\ 2x - 4 &\geq -30x + 12 && \text{Multiply each side by 6.} \\ 2x &\geq -30x + 16 && \text{Add 4 to each side.} \\ 32x &\geq 16 && \text{Add } 30x \text{ to each side.} \\ x &\geq \frac{1}{2} && \text{Divide each side by 32.} \end{aligned}$$

ANSWER:

$$\left\{x \mid x \geq \frac{1}{2}\right\}$$

$$25. 0.7(2m - 5) \geq 21.7$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 0.7(2m - 5) &\geq 21.7 && \text{Original inequality} \\ 1.4m - 3.5 &\geq 21.7 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 1.4m &\geq 25.2 && \text{Add 3.5 to each side.} \\ m &\geq 18 && \text{Divide each side by 1.4.} \end{aligned}$$

ANSWER:

$$\{m \mid m \geq 18\}$$

$$27. -6(w + 1) < 2(w + 5)$$

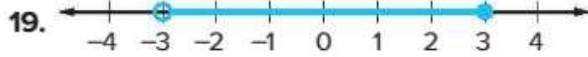
SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -6(w + 1) &< 2(w + 5) && \text{Original inequality} \\ -6w - 6 &< 2w + 10 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ -6w - 16 &< 2w && \text{Subtract 10 from each side.} \\ -16 &< 8w && \text{Add } 6w \text{ to each side.} \\ -2 &< w && \text{Divide each side by 8.} \end{aligned}$$

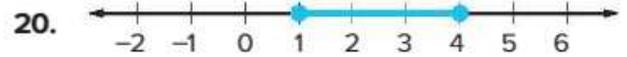
ANSWER:

$$\{w \mid w > -2\}$$

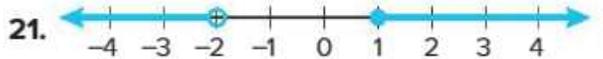
Write a compound inequality that describes each graph.



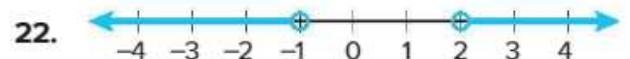
ANSWER:
 $-3 < x \leq 3$



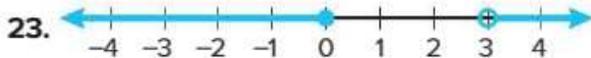
ANSWER:
 $1 \leq x \leq 4$



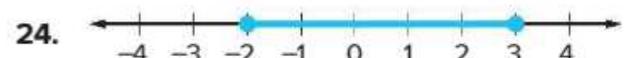
ANSWER:
 $x < -2$ or $x \geq 1$



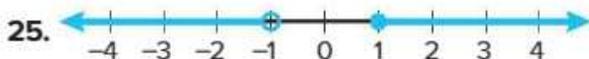
ANSWER:
 $x < -1$ or $x > 2$



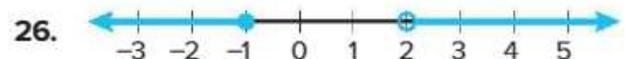
ANSWER:
 $b > 3$ or $b \leq 0$



ANSWER:
 $-2 \leq z \leq 3$



ANSWER:
 $y < -1$ or $y \geq 1$



ANSWER:
 $x \leq -1$ or $x > 2$

Part 2: Free Response Questions (FRQ): Questions 16-21

16

Prove that equations are identities or have no solution.

(25-36)

98

Solve each equation and state whether the equation has *one solution*, *no solution*, or is an *identity*.

25. $-6y - 3 = 3 - 6y$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -6y - 3 &= 3 - 6y && \text{Original equation} \\ -6y + 6y - 3 &= 3 - 6y + 6y && \text{Add } 6y \text{ to each side.} \\ -3 &\neq 3 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Since $-3 \neq 3$, this equation has no solution.

26. $\frac{1}{2}(x + 6) = \frac{1}{2}x - 9$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2}(x + 6) &= \frac{1}{2}x - 9 && \text{Original equation} \\ \frac{1}{2}x + 3 &= \frac{1}{2}x - 9 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}x + 3 &= \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}x - 9 && \text{Subtract } \frac{1}{2}x \text{ from each side.} \\ 3 &\neq -9 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Since $3 \neq -9$, this equation has no solution.

27. $8q + 12 = 4(3 + 2q)$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 8q + 12 &= 4(3 + 2q) && \text{Original equation} \\ 8q + 12 &= 12 + 8q && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 0 &= 0 && \text{Subtract } 8q + 12 \text{ from each side.} \end{aligned}$$

Since $0 = 0$, this equation is an identity.

28. $21(x + 1) - 6x = 15x + 21$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 21(x + 1) - 6x &= 15x + 21 && \text{Original equation} \\ 21x + 21 - 6x &= 15x + 21 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 15x + 21 &= 15x + 21 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 0 &= 0 && \text{Subtract } 15x + 21 \text{ from each side.} \end{aligned}$$

Since $0 = 0$, this equation is an identity.

29. $12y + 48 - 4y = 8(y - 6)$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 12y + 48 - 4y &= 8(y - 6) && \text{Original equation} \\ 12y + 48 - 4y &= 8y - 48 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 8y + 48 &= 8y - 48 && \text{Simplify.} \\ 8y - 8y + 48 &= 8y - 8y - 48 && \text{Subtract } 8y \text{ from each side.} \\ 48 &\neq -48 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

Since $48 \neq -48$, this equation has no solution.

30. $8(z + 6) = 4(2z + 12)$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 8(z + 6) &= 4(2z + 12) && \text{Original equation} \\ 8z + 48 &= 8z + 48 && \text{Distributive Property} \\ 0 &= 0 && \text{Subtract } 8z + 48 \text{ from each side.} \end{aligned}$$

Since $0 = 0$, this equation is an identity.

$$31. 2a + 2 = 3(a + 2)$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{array}{ll} 2a + 2 = 3(a + 2) & \text{Original equation} \\ 2a + 2 = 3a + 6 & \text{Distributive Property} \\ 2a - 2a + 2 = 3a - 2a + 6 & \text{Subtract } 2a \text{ from each side.} \\ 2 = a + 6 & \text{Simplify.} \\ 2 - 6 = a + 6 - 6 & \text{Subtract 6 from each side.} \\ -4 = a & \text{Simplify.} \end{array}$$

Since $a = -4$, this equation has one solution.

$$32. \frac{1}{4}x + 5 = \frac{1}{4}x$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{1}{4}x + 5 = \frac{1}{4}x & \text{Original equation} \\ \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{1}{4}x + 5 = \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{1}{4}x & \text{Subtract } \frac{1}{4}x \text{ from each side.} \\ 5 \neq 0 & \text{Simplify.} \end{array}$$

Since $5 \neq 0$, this equation has no solution.

$$33. 7(c + 9) = 7c + 63$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{array}{ll} 7(c + 9) = 7c + 63 & \text{Original equation} \\ 7c + 63 = 7c + 63 & \text{Distributive Property} \\ 0 = 0 & \text{Subtract } 7c + 63 \text{ from each side.} \end{array}$$

Since $0 = 0$, this equation is an identity.

$$34. 4k + 3 = \frac{1}{4}(8k + 16)$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{array}{ll} 4k + 3 = \frac{1}{4}(8k + 16) & \text{Original equation} \\ 4k + 3 = 2k + 4 & \text{Distributive Property} \\ 4k - 2k + 3 = 2k - 2k + 4 & \text{Subtract } 2k \text{ from each side.} \\ 2k + 3 = 4 & \text{Simplify.} \\ 2k + 3 - 3 = 4 - 3 & \text{Subtract 3 from each side.} \\ 2k = 1 & \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{2k}{2} = \frac{1}{2} & \text{Divide each side by 2.} \\ k = \frac{1}{2} & \text{Simplify.} \end{array}$$

Since $k = \frac{1}{2}$, this equation has one solution.

$$36. \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}m - 8) = \frac{1}{4}(m - 16)$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}m - 8\right) = \frac{1}{4}(m - 16) & \text{Original equation} \\ \frac{1}{4}m - 4 = \frac{1}{4}m - 4 & \text{Distributive Property} \\ 0 = 0 & \text{Subtract } \frac{1}{4}m - 4 \text{ from each side.} \end{array}$$

Since $0 = 0$, this equation is an identity.

$$35. 3b - 13 + 4b = 7b + 1$$

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{array}{ll} 3b - 13 + 4b = 7b + 1 & \text{Original equation} \\ 7b - 13 = 7b + 1 & \text{Simplify.} \\ 7b - 7b - 13 = 7b - 7b + 1 & \text{Subtract } 7b \text{ from each side.} \\ -13 \neq 1 & \text{Simplify.} \end{array}$$

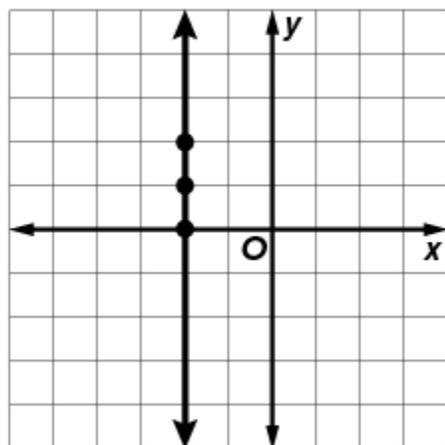
Since $-13 \neq 1$, this equation has no solution.

Graph each equation by making a table.

1. $x = -2$

ANSWER:

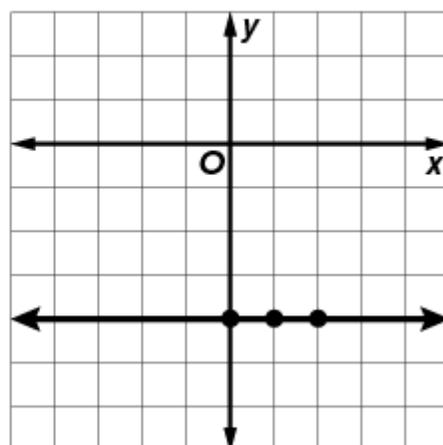
x	y
-2	0
-2	1
-2	2



2. $y = -4$

ANSWER:

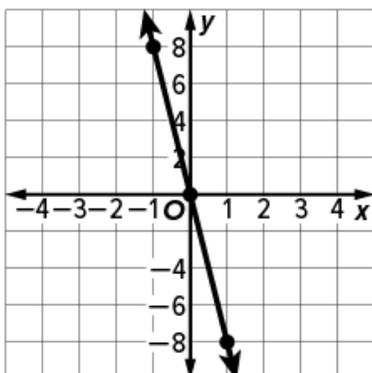
x	y
0	-4
1	-4
2	-4



3. $y = -8x$

ANSWER:

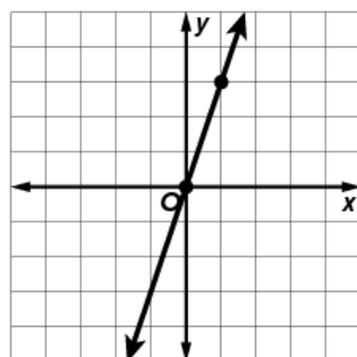
x	y
-1	8
0	0
1	-8



4. $3x = y$

ANSWER:

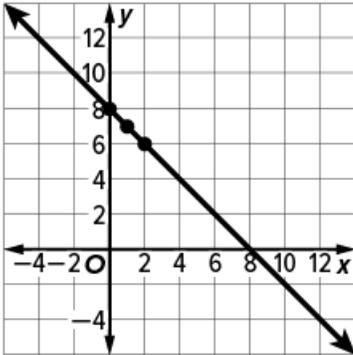
x	y
0	0
1	3
2	6



$$5. y - 8 = -x$$

ANSWER:

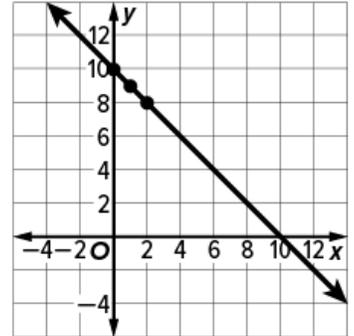
x	y
0	8
1	7
2	6



$$6. x = 10 - y$$

ANSWER:

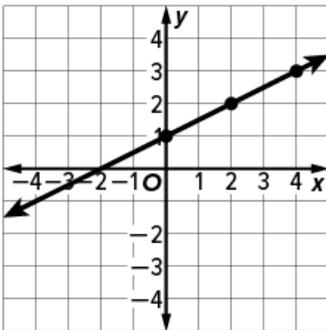
x	y
0	10
1	9
2	8



$$7. y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$$

ANSWER:

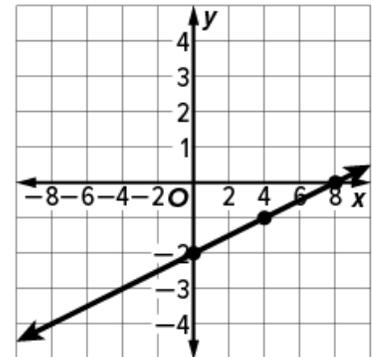
x	y
0	1
2	2
4	3



$$8. y + 2 = \frac{1}{4}x$$

ANSWER:

x	y
0	-2
4	-1
8	0



Example 3 Constant Rate of Change

Determine whether the function is linear. If it is, state the rate of change.

Find the changes in the x -values and the changes in the y -values.

Notice that the rate of change for each pair of points shown is $-\frac{2}{3}$.

The rates of change are constant, so the function is linear. The rate of change is $-\frac{2}{3}$.

x	y
11	-5
8	-3
5	-1
2	1
-1	3

Example 4 Rate of Change

Determine whether the function is linear. If it is, state the rate of change.

Find the changes in the x -values and the changes in the y -values.

The rates of change are not constant. Between some pairs of points the rate of change is $\frac{3}{7}$, and between the other pairs it is $\frac{2}{7}$. Therefore, this is not a linear function.

x	y
22	-4
29	-1
36	1
43	4
50	6

Determine whether the function is linear. If it is, state the rate of change.

7.

x	4	2	0	-2	-4
y	-1	1	3	5	7

SOLUTION:

Find the changes in the x -values and the changes in the y -values.

The rates of change are constant. Between the pairs of points the rate of change is -1 . Therefore, this is a linear function.

ANSWER:

linear; $-\frac{1}{1}$ or -1

8.

x	-7	-5	-3	-1	0
y	11	14	17	20	23

SOLUTION:

Find the changes in the x -values and the changes in the y -values.

The rates of change are not constant. Between some pairs of points the rate of change is 1.5 , and between other pairs it is 3 . Therefore, this is not a linear function.

ANSWER:

not linear

9.

x	-0.2	0	0.2	0.4	0.6
y	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.6

SOLUTION:

Find the changes in the x -values and the changes in the y -values.

The rates of change are not constant. Between some pairs of points the rate of change is -1.5 , between other pairs it is 1 , and between other pairs it is 1.5 . Therefore, this is not a linear function.

ANSWER:

not linear

10.

x	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{5}{2}$	$\frac{7}{2}$	$\frac{9}{2}$
y	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$\frac{3}{2}$	2	$\frac{5}{2}$

SOLUTION:

Find the changes in the x -values and the changes in the y -values.

Notice that the rate of change for each pair of points shown is $\frac{1}{2}$.

The rates of change are constant, so the function is linear. The rate of change is $\frac{1}{2}$.

ANSWER:

linear; $\frac{1}{2}$

Solve each equation or formula for the variable indicated.

7. $q - r = r$, for r

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} q - r &= r && \text{Original equation} \\ q - r + r &= r + r && \text{Add } r \text{ to each side.} \\ q &= 2r && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{q}{2} &= \frac{2r}{2} && \text{Divide each side by 2.} \\ \frac{q}{2} &= r && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

9. $7a - b = 15a$, for a

$$\begin{aligned} 7a - b &= 15a && \text{Original equation} \\ 7a - 7a - b &= 15a - 7a && \text{Subtract } 7a \text{ from each side.} \\ -b &= 8a && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{-b}{8} &= \frac{8a}{8} && \text{Divide each side by 8.} \\ -\frac{b}{8} &= a && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

11. $u = vw + z$, for v

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} u &= vw + z && \text{Original equation} \\ u - z &= vw + z - z && \text{Subtract } z \text{ from each side.} \\ u - z &= vw && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{u - z}{w} &= \frac{vw}{w} && \text{Divide each side by } w. \\ \frac{u - z}{w} &= v && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

8. $4m - t = m$, for m

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} 4m - t &= m && \text{Original equation} \\ 4m - t + t &= m + t && \text{Add } t \text{ to each side.} \\ 4m &= m + t && \text{Simplify.} \\ 4m - m &= m - m + t && \text{Subtract } m \text{ from each side.} \\ 3m &= t && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{3m}{3} &= \frac{t}{3} && \text{Divide each side by 3.} \\ m &= \frac{t}{3} && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

10. $-5c + d = 2c$, for c

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} -5c + d &= 2c && \text{Original equation} \\ -5c + 5c + d &= 2c + 5c && \text{Add } 5c \text{ to each side.} \\ d &= 7c && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{d}{7} &= \frac{7c}{7} && \text{Divide each side by 7.} \\ \frac{d}{7} &= c && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

12. $x = b - cd$, for c

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned} x &= b - cd && \text{Original equation} \\ x - b &= b - b - cd && \text{Subtract } b \text{ from each side.} \\ x - b &= -cd && \text{Simplify.} \\ \frac{x - b}{-d} &= \frac{-cd}{-d} && \text{Divide each side by } -d. \\ -\frac{x - b}{d} &= c && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

13. $fg - 9h = 10j$, for g

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned}fg - 9h &= 10j && \text{Original equation} \\fg - 9h + 9h &= 10j + 9h && \text{Add } 9h \text{ to each side.} \\fg &= 10j + 9h && \text{Simplify.} \\\frac{fg}{f} &= \frac{10j + 9h}{f} && \text{Divide each side by } f. \\g &= \frac{10j + 9h}{f} && \text{Simplify.}\end{aligned}$$

15. $r = \frac{2}{3}t + v$, for t

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned}r &= \frac{2}{3}t + v && \text{Original equation} \\r - v &= \frac{2}{3}t + v - v && \text{Subtract } v \text{ from each side.} \\r - v &= \frac{2}{3}t && \text{Simplify.} \\\frac{3}{2}(r - v) &= \frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{2}{3}t\right) && \text{Multiply each side by } \frac{3}{2}. \\\frac{3}{2}(r - v) &= t && \text{Simplify.}\end{aligned}$$

17. $\frac{10ac - x}{11} = -3$, for a

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{10ac - x}{11} &= -3 && \text{Original equation} \\11\left(\frac{10ac - x}{11}\right) &= 11(-3) && \text{Multiply each side by } 11. \\10ac - x &= -33 && \text{Simplify.} \\10ac - x + x &= -33 + x && \text{Add } x \text{ to each side.} \\10ac &= -33 + x && \text{Simplify.} \\\frac{10ac}{10c} &= \frac{-33 + x}{10c} && \text{Divide each side by } 10c. \\a &= \frac{-33 + x}{10c} && \text{Simplify.}\end{aligned}$$

14. $10m - p = -n$, for m

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned}10m - p &= -n && \text{Original equation} \\10m - p + p &= -n + p && \text{Add } p \text{ to each side.} \\10m &= -n + p && \text{Simplify.} \\\frac{10m}{10} &= \frac{-n + p}{10} && \text{Divide each side by } 10. \\m &= \frac{-n + p}{10} && \text{Simplify.}\end{aligned}$$

16. $\frac{5}{9}v + w = z$, for v

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{5}{9}v + w &= z && \text{Original equation} \\\frac{5}{9}v + w - w &= z - w && \text{Subtract } w \text{ from each side.} \\\frac{5}{9}v &= z - w && \text{Simplify.} \\\frac{9}{5}\left(\frac{5}{9}v\right) &= \frac{9}{5}(z - w) && \text{Multiply each side by } \frac{9}{5}. \\v &= \frac{9}{5}(z - w) && \text{Simplify.}\end{aligned}$$

18. $\frac{df + 10}{6} = g$, for f

SOLUTION:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{df + 10}{6} &= g && \text{Original equation} \\6\left(\frac{df + 10}{6}\right) &= 6(g) && \text{Multiply each side by } 6. \\df + 10 &= 6g && \text{Simplify.} \\df + 10 - 10 &= 6g - 10 && \text{Subtract } 10 \text{ from each side.} \\df &= 6g - 10 && \text{Simplify.} \\\frac{df}{d} &= \frac{6g - 10}{d} && \text{Divide each side by } d. \\f &= \frac{6g - 10}{d} && \text{Simplify.}\end{aligned}$$

Write an equation in point-slope form for the line that passes through the given points.

4. $(-4, 6), (-2, 22)$

SOLUTION:

Step 1 Find the slope.

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Slope Formula}$$

$$m = \frac{22 - 6}{-2 - (-4)} = \frac{16}{2} \text{ or } 8 \quad (x_1, y_1) = (-4, 6) \text{ and } (x_2, y_2) = (-2, 22)$$

Step 2 Write an equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad \text{Point-slope form}$$

$$y - 6 = 8[x - (-4)] \quad (x_1, y_1) = (-4, 6) \text{ and } m = 8$$

$$y - 6 = 8(x + 4) \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

5. $(1, -3), (4, -15)$

SOLUTION:

Step 1 Find the slope.

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Slope Formula}$$

$$m = \frac{-15 - (-3)}{4 - 1} = \frac{-12}{3} \text{ or } -4 \quad (x_1, y_1) = (1, -3) \text{ and } (x_2, y_2) = (4, -15)$$

Step 2 Write an equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad \text{Point-slope form}$$

$$y - (-3) = -4(x - 1) \quad (x_1, y_1) = (1, -3) \text{ and } m = -4$$

$$y + 3 = -4(x - 1) \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

6. $(4, -6), (6, -4)$

SOLUTION:

Step 1 Find the slope.

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Slope Formula}$$

$$m = \frac{-4 - (-6)}{6 - 4} = \frac{2}{2} \text{ or } 1 \quad (x_1, y_1) = (4, -6) \text{ and } (x_2, y_2) = (6, -4)$$

Step 2 Write an equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad \text{Point-slope form}$$

$$y - (-6) = 1(x - 4) \quad (x_1, y_1) = (4, -6) \text{ and } m = 1$$

$$y + 6 = 1(x - 4) \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

7. $(3, 3), (6, 7)$

SOLUTION:

Step 1 Find the slope.

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad \text{Slope Formula}$$

$$m = \frac{7 - 3}{6 - 3} = \frac{4}{3} \quad (x_1, y_1) = (3, 3) \text{ and } (x_2, y_2) = (6, 7)$$

Step 2 Write an equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad \text{Point-slope form}$$

$$y - 3 = \frac{4}{3}(x - 3) \quad (x_1, y_1) = (3, 3) \text{ and } m = \frac{4}{3}$$

Solve each compound inequality. Then graph the solution set.

1. $f - 6 < 5$ and $f - 4 \geq 2$

SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *and*.

$$\begin{array}{l} f - 6 < 5 \quad \text{and} \quad f - 4 \geq 2 \\ f - 6 + 6 < 5 + 6 \quad \text{Add.} \quad f - 4 + 4 \geq 2 + 4 \\ f < 11 \quad \text{Simplify.} \quad f \geq 6 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{f \mid 6 \leq f < 11\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



3. $y - 1 \geq 7$ or $y + 3 < -1$

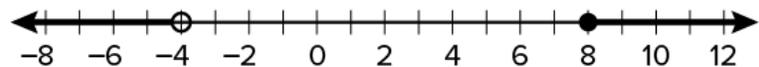
SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *or*.

$$\begin{array}{l} y - 1 \geq 7 \quad \text{or} \quad y + 3 < -1 \\ y - 1 + 1 \geq 7 + 1 \quad \text{Add and subtract.} \quad y + 3 - 3 < -1 - 3 \\ y \geq 8 \quad \text{Simplify.} \quad y < -4 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{y \mid y \geq 8 \text{ or } y < -4\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



5. $-5 < 3p + 7 \leq 22$

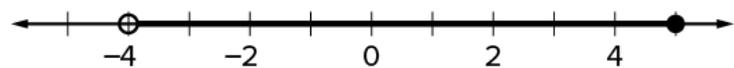
SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *and*.

$$\begin{array}{l} -5 < 3p + 7 \quad \text{and} \quad 3p + 7 \leq 22 \\ -5 - 7 < 3p + 7 - 7 \quad \text{Subtract.} \quad 3p + 7 - 7 \leq 22 - 7 \\ -12 < 3p \quad \text{Simplify.} \quad 3p \leq 15 \\ \frac{-12}{3} < \frac{3p}{3} \quad \text{Divide.} \quad \frac{3p}{3} \leq \frac{15}{3} \\ -4 < p \quad \text{Simplify.} \quad p \leq 5 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{p \mid -4 < p \leq 5\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



2. $n + 2 \leq -5$ and $n + 6 \geq -6$

SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *and*.

$$\begin{array}{l} n + 2 \leq -5 \quad \text{and} \quad n + 6 \geq -6 \\ n + 2 - 2 \leq -5 - 2 \quad \text{Subtract.} \quad n + 6 - 6 \geq -6 - 6 \\ n \leq -7 \quad \text{Simplify.} \quad n \geq -12 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{n \mid -12 \leq n \leq -7\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



4. $t + 14 \geq 15$ or $t - 9 < -10$

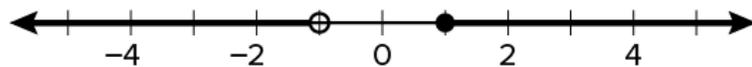
SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *or*.

$$\begin{array}{l} t + 14 \geq 15 \quad \text{or} \quad t - 9 < -10 \\ t + 14 - 14 \geq 15 - 14 \quad \text{Add and subtract.} \quad t - 9 + 9 < -10 + 9 \\ t \geq 1 \quad \text{Simplify.} \quad t < -1 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{t \mid t \geq 1 \text{ or } t < -1\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



6. $-3 \leq 7c + 4 < 18$

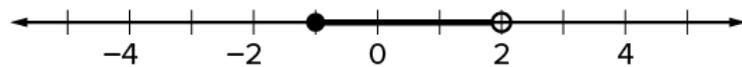
SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *and*.

$$\begin{array}{l} -3 \leq 7c + 4 \quad \text{and} \quad 7c + 4 < 18 \\ -3 - 4 \leq 7c + 4 - 4 \quad \text{Subtract 4.} \quad 7c + 4 - 4 < 18 - 4 \\ -7 \leq 7c \quad \text{Simplify.} \quad 7c < 14 \\ \frac{-7}{7} \leq \frac{7c}{7} \quad \text{Divide.} \quad \frac{7c}{7} < \frac{14}{7} \\ -1 \leq c \quad \text{Simplify.} \quad c < 2 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{c \mid -1 \leq c < 2\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



7. $5h - 4 \geq 6$ and $7h + 11 < 32$

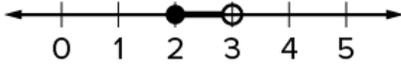
SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *and*.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} 5h - 4 \geq 6 & \text{and} & 7h + 11 < 32 \\ 5h - 4 + 4 \geq 6 + 4 & \text{Add and subtract.} & 7h + 11 - 11 < 32 - 11 \\ 5h \geq 10 & \text{Simplify.} & 7h < 21 \\ \frac{5h}{5} \geq \frac{10}{5} & \text{Divide.} & \frac{7h}{7} < \frac{21}{7} \\ h \geq 2 & \text{Simplify.} & h < 3 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{h \mid 2 \leq h < 3\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



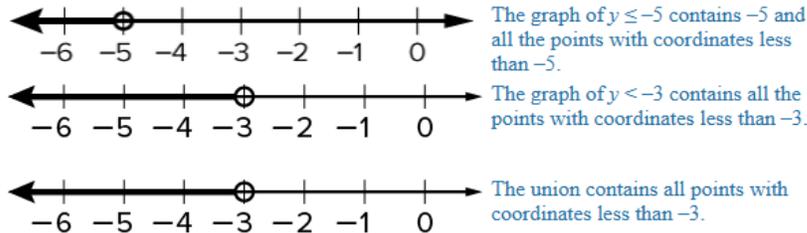
9. $-y + 5 \geq 9$ or $3y + 4 < -5$

SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *or*.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} -y + 4 \geq 9 & \text{or} & 3y + 4 < -5 \\ -y + 4 - 4 \geq 9 - 4 & \text{Subtract.} & 3y + 4 - 4 < -5 - 4 \\ -y \geq 5 & \text{Simplify.} & 3y < -9 \\ \frac{-y}{-1} \geq \frac{5}{-1} & \text{Divide.} & \frac{3y}{3} < \frac{-9}{3} \\ y \leq -5 & \text{Simplify.} & y < -3 \end{array}$$

Graph the solution set on a number line.



Because $y \leq -5$ is contained within $y < -3$, the solution set is $\{y \mid y < -3\}$.

11. $3b + 2 < 5b - 6 \leq 2b + 9$

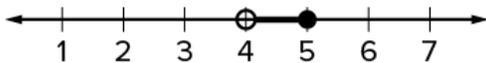
SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *and*.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} 3b + 2 < 5b - 6 & \text{and} & 5b - 6 \leq 2b + 9 \\ 3b + 2 + 6 < 5b - 6 + 6 & \text{Add.} & 5b - 6 + 6 \leq 2b + 9 + 6 \\ 3b + 8 < 5b & \text{Simplify.} & 5b \leq 2b + 15 \\ 3b + 8 - 3b < 5b - 3b & \text{Subtract.} & 5b - 2b \leq 2b + 15 - 2b \\ 8 < 2b & \text{Simplify.} & 3b \leq 15 \\ \frac{8}{2} < \frac{2b}{2} & \text{Divide.} & \frac{3b}{3} \leq \frac{15}{3} \\ 4 < b & \text{Simplify.} & b \leq 5 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{b \mid 4 < b \leq 5\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



8. $22 \geq 4m - 2$ or $5 - 3m \leq -13$

SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *or*.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} 22 \geq 4m - 2 & \text{or} & 5 - 3m \leq -13 \\ 22 + 2 \geq 4m - 2 + 2 & \text{Add and subtract.} & 5 - 3m - 5 \leq -13 - 5 \\ 24 \geq 4m & \text{Simplify.} & -3m \leq -18 \\ \frac{24}{4} \geq \frac{4m}{4} & \text{Divide.} & \frac{-3m}{-3} \leq \frac{-18}{-3} \\ 6 \geq m & \text{Simplify.} & m \geq 6 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{m \mid m \text{ is a real number.}\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



10. $-4a + 13 \geq 29$ and $10 < 6a - 14$

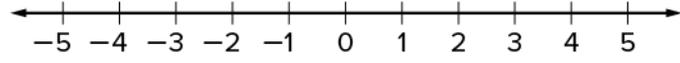
SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *and*.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} -4a + 13 \geq 29 & \text{and} & 10 < 6a - 14 \\ -4a + 13 - 13 \geq 29 - 13 & \text{Add and subtract.} & 10 + 14 < 6a - 14 + 14 \\ -4a \geq 16 & \text{Simplify.} & 24 < 6a \\ \frac{-4a}{-4} \geq \frac{16}{-4} & \text{Divide.} & \frac{24}{6} < \frac{6a}{6} \\ a \leq -4 & \text{Simplify.} & 4 < a \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{\emptyset\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



12. $-2a + 3 \geq 6a - 1 > 3a - 10$

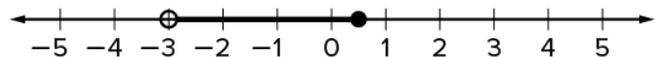
SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *and*.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} -2a + 3 \geq 6a - 1 & \text{and} & 6a - 1 > 3a - 10 \\ -2a + 3 + 1 \geq 6a - 1 + 1 & \text{Add.} & 6a - 1 + 1 > 3a - 10 + 1 \\ -2a + 4 \geq 6a & \text{Simplify.} & 6a > 3a - 9 \\ -2a + 4 + 2a \geq 6a + 2a & \text{Add and subtract.} & 6a - 3a > 3a - 9 - 3a \\ 4 \geq 8a & \text{Simplify.} & 3a > -9 \\ \frac{4}{8} \geq \frac{8a}{8} & \text{Divide.} & \frac{3a}{3} > \frac{-9}{3} \\ \frac{1}{2} \geq a & \text{Simplify.} & a > -3 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\left\{a \mid -3 < a \leq \frac{1}{2}\right\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



13. $10m - 7 < 17m$ or $-6m > 36$

14. $5n - 1 < -16$ or $-3n - 1 < 8$

SOLUTION:

SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *or*.

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *or*.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} 10m - 7 < 17m & \text{or} & -6m > 36 \\ 10m - 7 - 10m < 17m - 10m & \text{Subtract.} & -6m > 36 \\ -7 < 7m & \text{Simplify.} & -6m > 36 \\ \frac{-7}{7} < \frac{7m}{7} & \text{Divide.} & \frac{-6m}{-6} > \frac{36}{-6} \\ -1 < m & \text{Simplify.} & m < -6 \end{array}$$

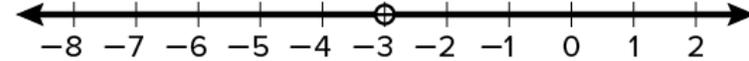
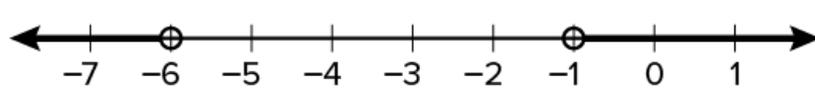
$$\begin{array}{lcl} 5n - 1 < -16 & \text{or} & -3n - 1 < 8 \\ 5n - 1 + 1 < -16 + 1 & \text{Add.} & -3n - 1 + 1 < 8 + 1 \\ 5n < -15 & \text{Simplify.} & -3n < 9 \\ \frac{5n}{5} < \frac{-15}{5} & \text{Divide.} & \frac{-3n}{-3} < \frac{9}{-3} \\ n < -3 & \text{Simplify.} & n > -3 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{m \mid m < -6 \text{ or } m > -1\}$.

The solution set is $\{n \mid n < -3 \text{ or } n > -3\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.

Graph the solution set on a number line.



15. $m + 3 \geq 5$ and $m + 3 < 7$

16. $y - 5 < -4$ or $y - 5 \geq 1$

SOLUTION:

SOLUTION:

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *and*.

Express the compound inequality as two inequalities joined by the word *or*.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} m + 3 \geq 5 & \text{and} & m + 3 < 7 \\ m + 3 - 3 \geq 5 - 3 & \text{Subtract.} & m + 3 - 3 < 7 - 3 \\ m \geq 2 & \text{Simplify.} & m < 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{lcl} y - 5 < -4 & \text{or} & y - 5 \geq 1 \\ y - 5 + 5 < -4 + 5 & \text{Add.} & y - 5 + 5 \geq 1 + 5 \\ y < 1 & \text{Simplify.} & y \geq 6 \end{array}$$

The solution set is $\{m \mid 2 \leq m < 4\}$.

The solution set is $\{y \mid y < 1 \text{ or } y \geq 6\}$.

Graph the solution set on a number line.

Graph the solution set on a number line.

