اختبار تجريبي للغة الإنجليزية



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية	
موقع المناهج ⇦ المناهج الإماراتية ⇦ الصف الثاني عشر المتقدم ⇦ لغة انجليزية ⇦ الفصل الأول ⇦ ملفات متنوعة ⇦ الملف	
تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 2026-11-16 19:42:05	
ملفات ا كتب للمعلم ا كتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس	المزيد من مادة لغة انجليزية:
إعداد: مالك	

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثاني عشر المتقدم					
صفحة المناهج الإماراتية على فيسبوك					
المواد على تلغرام	التربية الاسلامية	اللغة العربية	اللغة الانجليزية	الرياضيات	

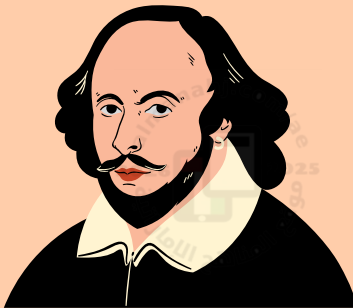
المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر المتقدم والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول	
1	مواصفات واختبارات تجريبية لنهاية الفصل
2	دليل مواصفات وتدريبات اختبار نهاية الفصل Booklet Student English EoT1
3	مراجعة وفق الهيكل Nurture or Nature Personality
4	مراجعة وفق الهيكل vocabulary Passage
5	مراجعة وفق الهيكل Grammar_Roof_Green

تحميل تطبيق المناهج للهواتف الذكية	
تطبيق المناهج على Store App (آبل)	تطبيق المناهج على Play Google (أندرويد)



اِمْتِحَانُ اللُّغَةِ الْإِنْجِلِيزِيَّةِ الْوِزَارِيُّ الْإِلِكْتُرُونِيُّ الْمُطَابِقُ لِلْعَامِ 2025-2026 لِلصَّفِّ الثَّانِي عَشَرَ الْمُتَقَدِّمِ الْفَصْلِ الدِّرَاسِيِّ الْأَوَّلِ

تختلف قطع القراءة عما جاء في الامتحان الوزاري، لكنها في مستوى مشابه. الأسئلة والخيارات مشابهة لما جاء في الامتحان



إعداد الطالب: مالك

What Makes Us Who We Are?

Scientists and teachers have long debated whether our 1. _____ is shaped chiefly by our family background or by the environment around us. This debate is often called nature versus nurture. Some experts argue that many of our characteristics are 2. _____, meaning they are passed down through families and are very difficult to change. Others believe that how we are nurtured, the way we live, study and grow during childhood, has a more 3. _____ effect on our behavior.

Studies of 4. _____ twins are especially interesting. Sometimes these brothers or sisters grow up apart and are later 5. _____. When this happens, researchers often see surprising similarities in their 6. _____ traits, even though they grew up in different places. This is an example of nature, showing that they can remain alike despite being raised in different places.

A scientific branch of human biology known as 7. _____ is uncovering more fascinating information about people, but the debate regarding how nature and nurture shape our behavior, attitudes and personality continues.

Question 1

a. identity
b. appearance
c. tradition

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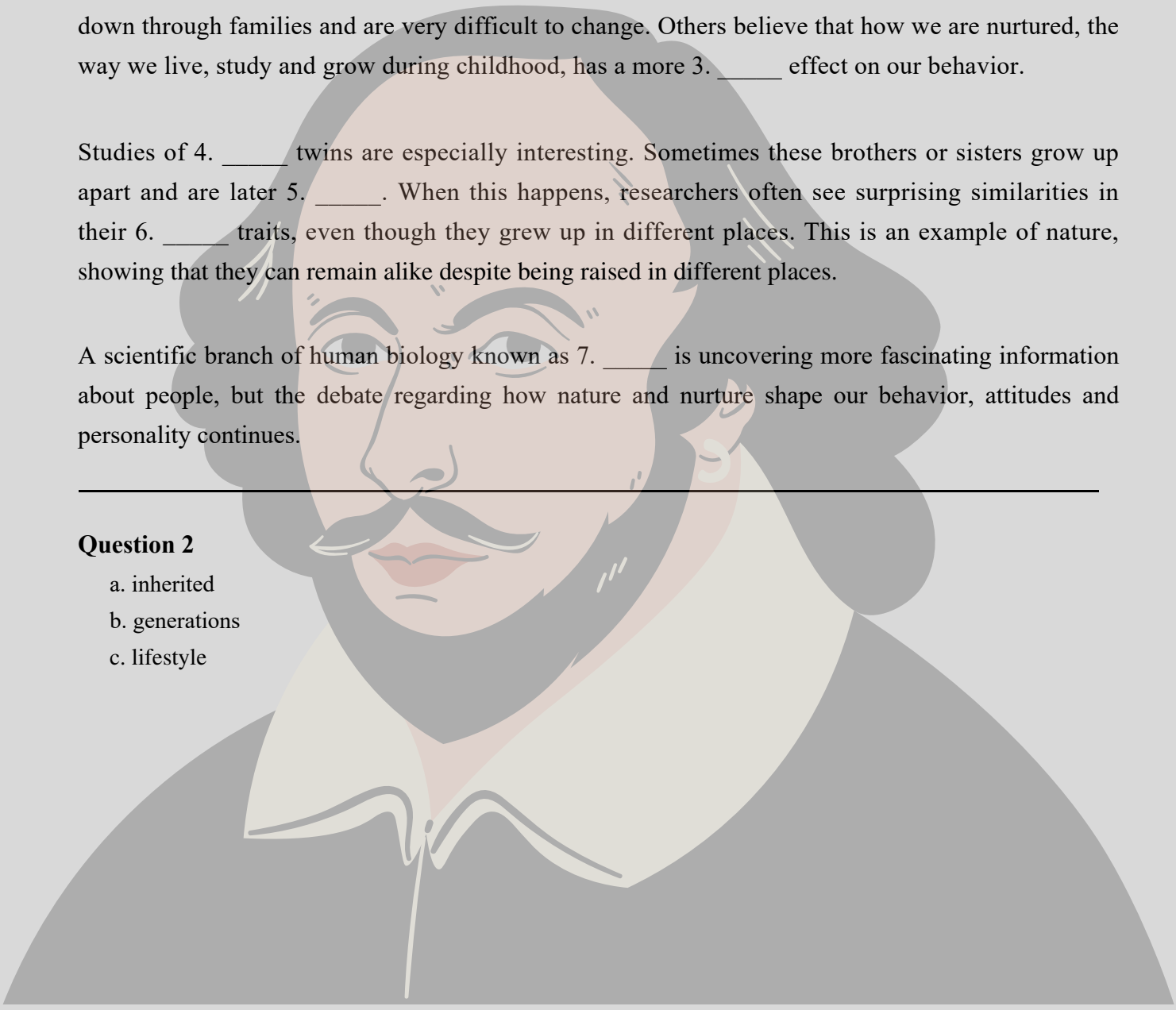
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Question 2

a. inherited
b. generations
c. lifestyle



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Question 3

a. temporary
b. powerful
c. inefficient

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Question 4

a. identical
b. fraternal
c. peer

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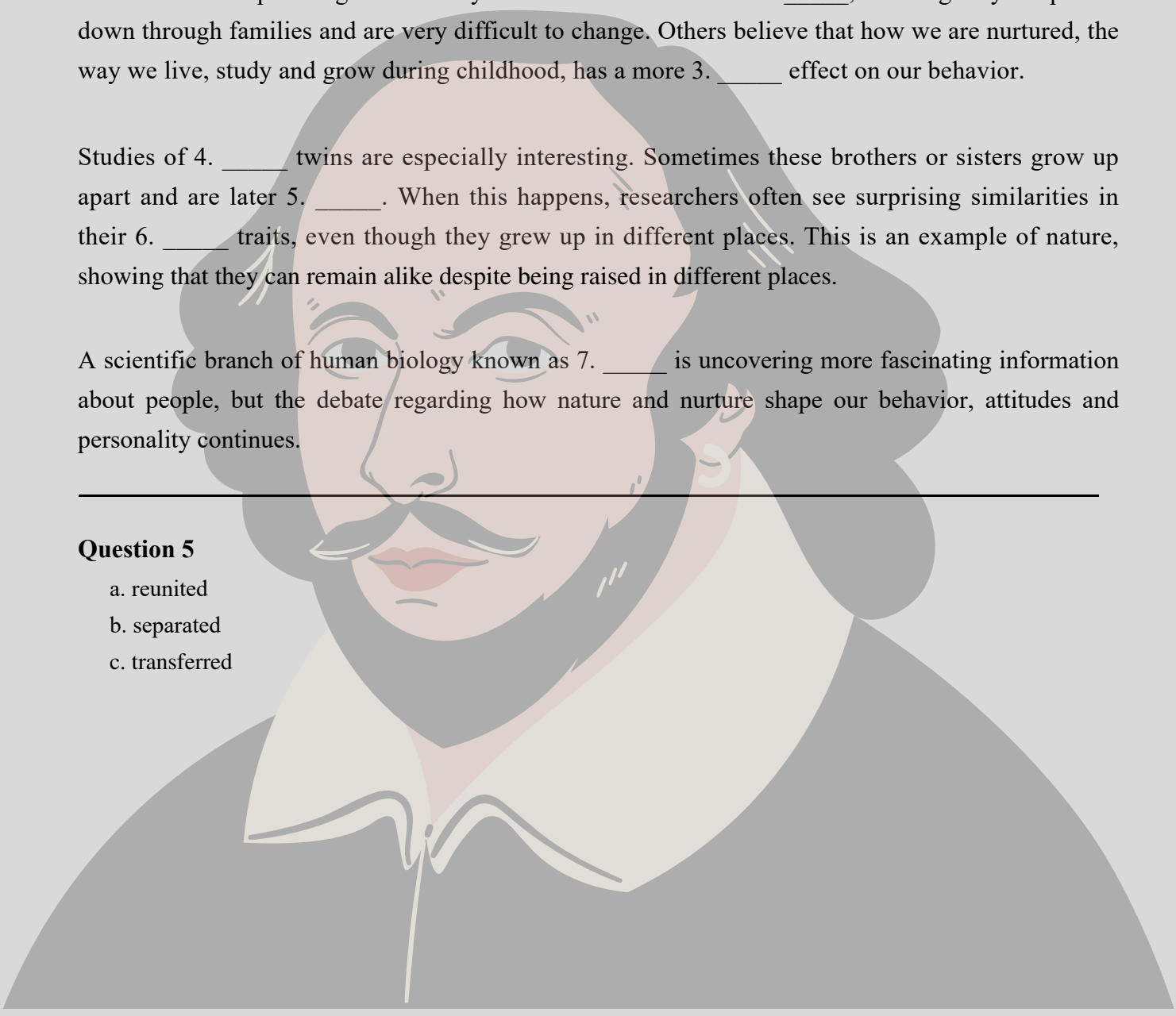
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Question 5

a. reunited
b. separated
c. transferred



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Question 6

1. behavior
2. personality
3. brain

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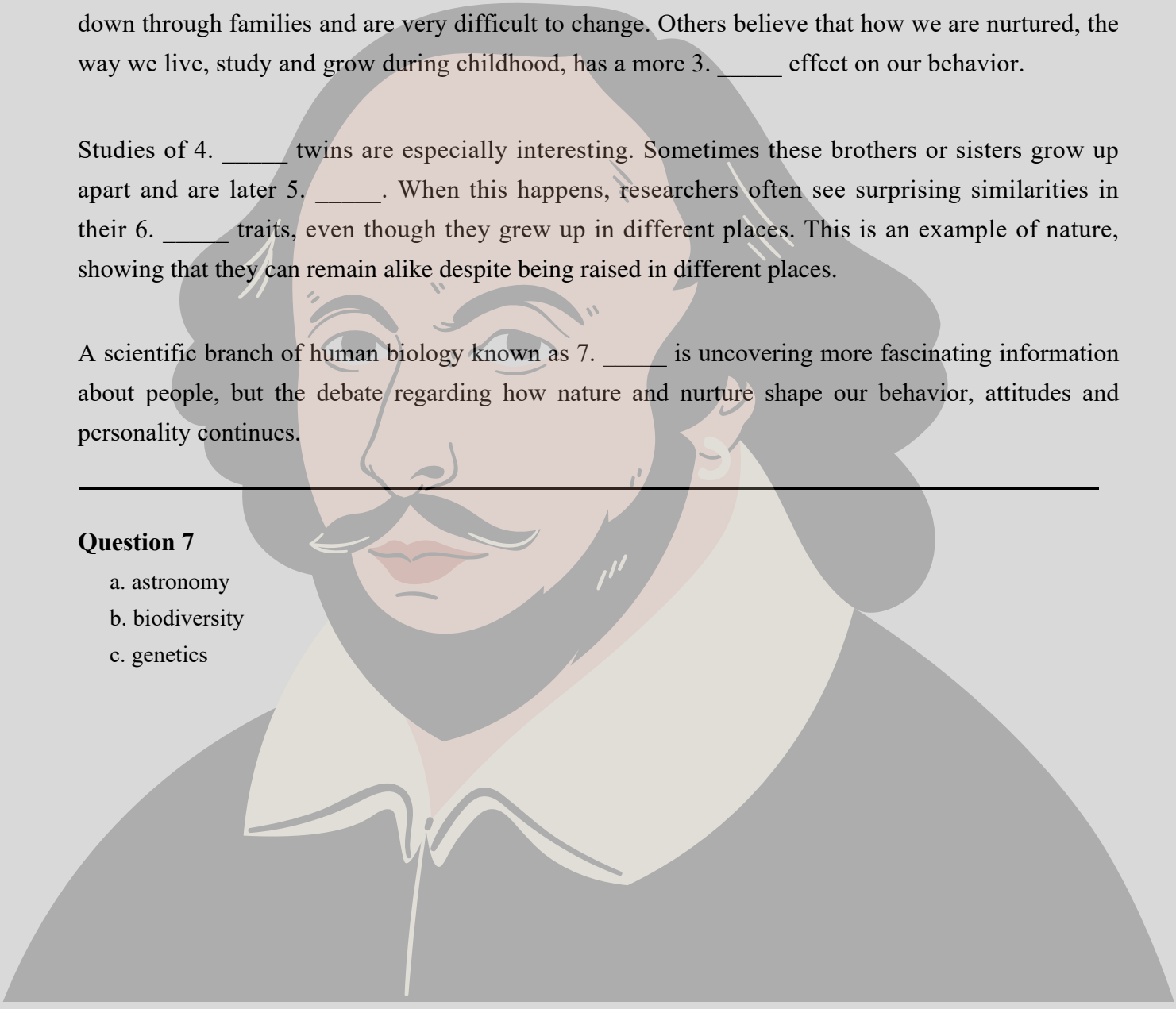
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Question 7

a. astronomy
b. biodiversity
c. genetics



Radical Radio

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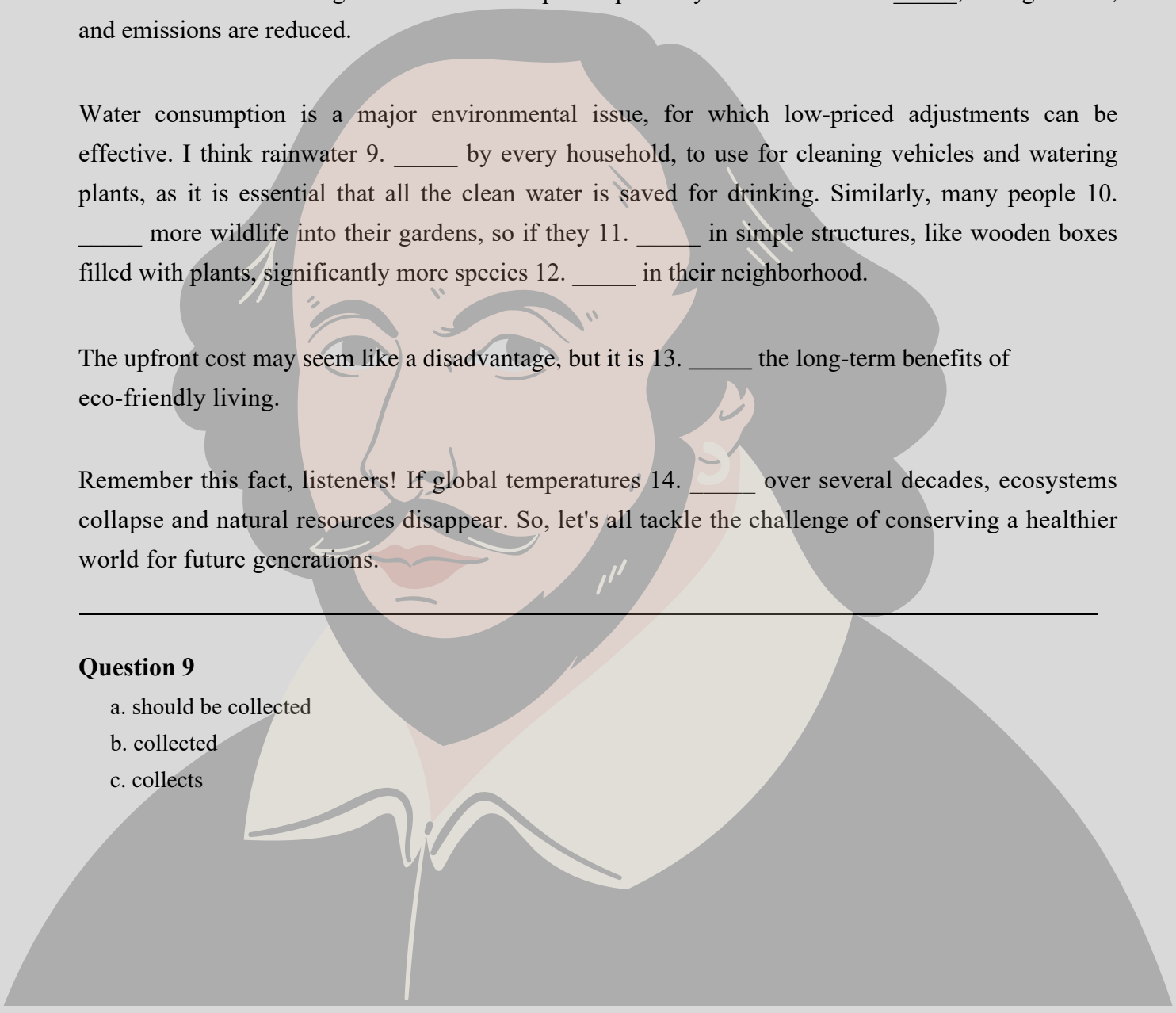
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The upfront cost may seem like a disadvantage, but it is 13. _____ the long-term benefits of eco-friendly living.

Remember this fact, listeners! If global temperatures 14. _____ over several decades, ecosystems collapse and natural resources disappear. So, let's all tackle the challenge of conserving a healthier world for future generations.

Question 8

a. has decorative furniture
b. has sufficient insulation
c. had been adequately built



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Question 9

a. should be collected
b. collected
c. collects

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Question 10

a. are wanting to attract
b. would love to encourage
c. having tried getting

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Question 11

a. invests
b. invested
c. invest

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Question 12

a. can see
b. were being seen
c. will be seen

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Question 13

a. completely separate from
b. far outweighed by
c. more weight than

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Question 14

a. will rise steadily
b. had risen considerably
c. rise continuously

The Challenge of Growing Cities

Around the world, cities are growing as people move from rural areas into urban centres. They are attracted by employment, education and better services. This process, known as urbanization, can create opportunities, but it also places pressure on housing, transport and the environment. The United Arab Emirates provides an example of how a country can respond to these challenges.

In the past, much of the UAE's economic growth was based on the production and sale of goods, particularly oil and manufactured products. In recent decades, cities such as Dubai have attracted workers from many countries. The text points to the substantial living benefits available there, including employment opportunities, modern infrastructure and access to services. As the population increases, the demand for homes, roads, schools and public transport grows as well.

Careful urban planning is essential if cities are to remain healthy places to live. Planners must decide where buildings should be located, how residents will travel and how energy will be used. If urban designs were not sufficient, traffic congestion and pollution could increase dramatically, affecting air quality and public health. As a result, poor planning may lead to costly problems later. Improved public transport, energy-efficient buildings and protected green spaces can help reduce these risks.

Environmental awareness is also becoming part of everyday life. Many residents show concern by conserving energy in their homes, while governments explore ways to reduce waste and emissions. One example is Masdar City in Abu Dhabi, which was designed to support sustainable living through efficient use of resources and environmentally conscious planning. It demonstrates that development and environmental protection can be considered together.

The UAE's experience may offer useful lessons to other countries. They may look to its projects and planning approaches for ideas about how to develop without causing unnecessary harm to the planet. This does not mean every country must copy the same design. Each place has different needs and resources. However, all countries can take part in creating eco-friendly communities. With informed decisions and long-term planning, urban growth can improve people's lives while limiting its environmental impact.

Question 15: The text recognizes that people are environmentally aware because they _____.

a. attend cultural events

b. choose to live in eco-friendly cities

c. conserve energy in the home

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Question 16: According to the text, what has attracted workers to Dubai?

a. luxury shopping opportunities
b. exotic location in the desert
c. substantial living benefits

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Question 17: The text suggests that previous UAE growth was mainly from _____.

a. accommodation for tourists

b. tourism and hospitality

c. production and sale of goods

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Question 18: Based on the text, what would probably happen if poor decisions were implemented by UAE city planners?

a. public health problems would increase

b. public transport would disappear

c. the cost of vehicles would decline

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Question 19: The text implies that other countries might ask the UAE for help to _____.

a. attract international tourists

b. develop without harming the planet

c. host impressive international gatherings

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Question 20: The text reflects the UAE's opinion of urban growth by suggesting that _____.

a. urban expansion must always come first

b. environmental issues are less of a priority than urban expansion

c. all countries can be involved in developing eco-friendly living

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Careful urban planning is essential if cities are to remain healthy places to live. Planners must decide where buildings should be located, how residents will travel and how energy will be used. If urban designs were not sufficient, traffic congestion and pollution could increase dramatically, affecting air quality and public health. As a result, poor planning may lead to costly problems later. Improved public transport, energy-efficient buildings and protected green spaces can help reduce these risks.

Environmental awareness is also becoming part of everyday life. Many residents show concern by conserving energy in their homes, while governments explore ways to reduce waste and emissions. One example is Masdar City in Abu Dhabi, which was designed to support sustainable living through efficient use of resources and environmentally conscious planning. It demonstrates that development and environmental protection can be considered together.

The UAE's experience may offer useful lessons to other countries. They may look to its projects and planning approaches for ideas about how to develop without causing unnecessary harm to the planet. This does not mean every country must copy the same design. Each place has different needs and resources. However, all countries can take part in creating eco-friendly communities. With informed decisions and long-term planning, urban growth can improve people's lives while limiting its environmental impact.

Question 21: What is the function of this sentence in paragraph 3 - "If urban designs were not sufficient, traffic congestion and pollution could increase dramatically,..."?

a. to express a cause and effect relationship in city development

b. to predict the role of city planners in the building of future cities

c. to give a historical account of Dubai's development

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The Challenge of Growing Cities

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Question 22: Which example does the text use to prove eco-friendly living is possible in the UAE?

a. Dubai Marina
b. Masdar City
c. Expo 2020 Dubai

The Truth About Multitasking

Multitasking is often seen as useful today, as people receive messages and attend online meetings and manage several responsibilities. Many students believe they can revise for an exam while replying to friends or checking social media. Because they appear to be doing several things at once, they may feel productive. However, psychologists explain that the brain usually does not carry out two demanding activities simultaneously. Instead, it switches attention between them, and every switch can interrupt concentration.

An academic study found that frequent multitaskers were often more easily distracted and less successful at ignoring irrelevant information. They also tended to remember less of what they had read or heard. These findings challenge the belief that regularly handling several activities makes a person better at multitasking. In fact, only a small number of people may have an unusual ability to manage certain tasks at the same time. For most people, frequent switching makes it harder to process information accurately.

Experiments offer further evidence. Participants who repeatedly switched from one activity to another generally took longer to finish their work and made more mistakes than those who focused on one activity. This does not mean that every combination of activities is harmful. Listening to quiet music while doing a simple activity, for instance, may not require the same attention as solving a difficult problem. The real difficulty appears when two tasks both demand concentration.

In short, multitasking can create an impression of efficiency without producing better results. It may even become dangerous when people fail to notice what is happening around them. Using a phone while crossing a busy street is a clear example: a distracted person may not see a vehicle approaching. Students should therefore avoid dividing their attention when learning. They are more likely to understand and remember information if they concentrate on a single task until it is completed. A short break before beginning another activity can also help.

Although modern life sometimes makes multitasking unavoidable, people should recognise its limits. Managing attention carefully is often more effective than trying to do everything at once.

Question 23: According to an academic study, frequent multitaskers often _____.

a. complete several tasks at once
b. find solutions to difficult tasks
c. forget information easily

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Question 24: Why does the writer use the expression 'In short' in paragraph 5?

a. to introduce a contrasting idea
b. to summarize a point
c. to start a new idea

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Question 25: Who might be able to multitask successfully, according to the writer?

a. anyone who works in a stressful environment
b. a small number of people with unusual ability
c. people who are highly organized

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Question 26: The experiments show that multitasking _____.

a. improves the quality of completed work

b. reduces the ability to complete tasks efficiently

c. is more effective when managing technology

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Question 27: Which real-life example best illustrates the text's concern about multitasking?

a. studying in a quiet room without distractions
b. listening to music while relaxing after doing homework
c. using your phone while crossing a busy street

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Question 28: The writer would probably suggest that students should _____.

a. complete all tasks to a very high standard

b. switch between study tasks more frequently

c. concentrate on a single task until it is completed

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Question 29: According to the text, when might combining two activities cause fewer problems?

a. When both activities are equally demanding.
b. When one activity is simple and requires little attention.
c. When a person frequently changes between difficult tasks.

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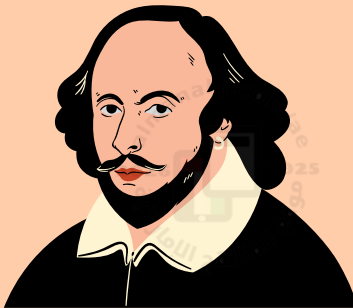
Although modern life sometimes makes multitasking unavoidable, people should recognise its limits. Managing attention carefully is often more effective than trying to do everything at once.

Question 30: Why does the writer mention using a phone while crossing a busy street?

a. To show that multitasking can create dangerous situations.
b. To show how phones improve road safety.
c. To suggest that people should use their phones more carefully at work.



عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ رضي الله تعالى عنه: أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ قَالَ: إِذَا مَاتَ ابنُ آدم انْقَطَعَ عَنْهُ عَمَلُهُ إِلَّا مِنْ ثَلَاثٍ: صَدَقَةٍ جَارِيَةٍ، أو عِلْمٍ يُنْتَفَعُ بِهِ، أَوْ وَلَدٍ صَالِحٍ يَدْعُو لَهُ. رَوَاهُ مُسْلِمٌ.



إعداد الطالب: مالك