

نموذج اختبار حسب الهيكل



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية

موقع المناهج ⇨ المناهج الإماراتية ⇨ الصف الحادي عشر المتقدم ⇨ لغة انجليزية ⇨ الفصل الأول ⇨ ملفات متنوعة ⇨ الملف

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ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل
منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس

المزيد من مادة
لغة انجليزية:

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الحادي عشر المتقدم



صفحة المناهج
الإماراتية على
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الحادي عشر المتقدم والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

دليل تقييم مهارات لنهاية الفصل

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قائمة مصطلحات الوحدة الأولى والثانية

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تطبيق المناهج على Play Google (أندرويد)

تطبيق المناهج على Store App (آبل)

Money Talks vocabulary)

1. **Broke:** مفلس / لا يملك مالاً.
2. **Income:** الدخل / العائد المادي.
3. **Make ends meet:** تدبير الأمور المالية لتغطية النفقات.
4. **Raise capital:** جمع رأس المال للمشاريع.
5. **Student loan:** قرض طلابي للدراسة.
6. **Scholarship:** منحة دراسية.
7. **Put aside:** ادخار المال جانباً.
8. **Take risks:** المخاطرة.
9. **Risk-taker:** شخص مغامر.
10. **Influence:** تأثير / يؤثر.
11. **Persuade:** يقنع شخصاً بـ.
12. **Consumerism:** النزعة الاستهلاكية.
13. **Afford:** يمتلك القدرة المالية لشراء.
14. **Investment:** استثمار طويل أو قصير الأجل.
15. **Budget:** ميزانية مالية.
16. **Debt:** دين / مبلغ مستحق الدفع.
17. **Bankrupt:** مفلس قانونياً / إفلاس.
18. **Poverty:** الفقر.
19. **Wealth:** الثروة.
20. **Transaction:** معاملة مالية / تحويل.
21. **Currency:** عملة نقدية.
22. **Inflation:** التضخم المالي.
23. **Salary:** راتب دوري.
24. **Wages:** أجور العمالة.
25. **Retail:** تجارة التجزئة.
26. **Wholesale:** تجارة الجملة.
27. **Profit:** ربح مادي.
28. **Loss:** خسارة مالية.
29. **Commercial:** تجاري.
30. **Financial:** مالي / اقتصادي.

Nail That Job! (Vocabulary)

1. **Career:** المسار المهني.
2. **Occupation:** مهنة / وظيفة.
3. **Labor:** العمالة / العمل.
4. **Internship:** تدريب عملي مهني.
5. **Adaptability:** القدرة على التكيف.
6. **Shortlisted:** مدرج في القائمة القصيرة للمرشحين.
7. **Background:** الخلفية المهنية أو التعليمية.
8. **Flexible:** مرن.
9. **Rigid:** صارم / جامد.

10. **Communication:** مهارات التواصل.
11. **Experience:** خبرة عمل سابقة.
12. **Job security:** الأمان الوظيفي.
13. **Outsourcing:** الاستعانة بمصادر خارجية.
14. **Workforce:** القوة العاملة في المؤسسة.
15. **Telecommuting:** العمل عن بُعد.
16. **Globalization:** العولمة الاقتصادية والمهنية.
17. **Upgrade (skills):** تطوير وتحديث المهارات.
18. **Drawback:** عيب أو سلبيّة.
19. **Applicant:** مُتقدّم لوظيفة.
20. **Candidate:** مرشح لوظيفة.
21. **Interviewer:** الشخص المُجري للمقابلة.
22. **Resume / CV:** السيرة الذاتية.
23. **Qualification:** مؤهل أكاديمي أو مهني.
24. **Colleague:** زميل عمل.
25. **Employer:** صاحب العمل / المُشغّل.
26. **Employee:** موظف.
27. **Resignation:** استقالة من العمل.
28. **Promotion:** ترقية وظيفية.
29. **Retirement:** التقاعد عن العمل.
30. **Unemployment:** البطالة.

نموذج للامتحان حسب المواصفات

Part 1 (SwiftAssess)(60marks)اليكتروني

Q1: Vocabulary Multiple-Choice Gap Fill

Read the text and choose the correct word to complete the sentences. Choose A, B or C.

Entering the modern (1) _____ requires careful financial planning and high flexibility. Whether you are trying to (2) _____ on an entry-level salary or looking to (3) _____ for a new startup project, understanding the market is crucial. Furthermore, developing strong (4) _____ skills will help you stand out and get (5) _____ for competitive corporate interviews.

1. A) labor B) workforce C) scholarship
2. A) make ends meet B) take risks C) telecommute
3. A) outsource B) raise capital C) put aside
4. A) rigidity B) adaptability C) consumerism
5. A) shortlisted B) broke C) influenced

Q 2: Grammar Multiple-Choice Gap Fill

Read the text and choose the correct word(s) to complete the sentences. Choose A, B or C.

Career trends are changing rapidly across the globe. Many professionals prefer (1) _____ remotely rather than commuting daily. Currently, a new remote-work policy (2) _____ by several international tech companies. Employees (3) _____ possess advanced technical skills are usually headhunted very quickly. As the job market evolves, workers must learn (4) _____ to new software instantly. Yesterday, the HR manager announced that the recruitment strategy (5) _____ successfully.

1. A) work B) to working C) working
2. A) is implemented B) is being implemented C) implements
3. A) which B) who C) whose
4. A) adapt B) adapting C) to adapt
5. A) had been updated B) is updated C) updates

Q 3: Reading Comprehension (At Grade Level Goal - B2.1)

Read the text and choose the correct answers (A, B, or C).

Text: Consumerism and the Human Brain Modern consumer culture heavily influences how human beings think, make decisions, and interact with society. Advertisements surround us everywhere, subtly persuading individuals to buy things they do not actually need.

Neuroscientists have discovered that seeing items on sale triggers a dopamine release in the brain, creating a temporary feeling of excitement and pleasure. This psychological mechanism makes financial restraint difficult for many people.

However, understanding these brain responses allows individuals to take control of their spending habits. By learning to put money aside and budgeting effectively, consumers can avoid falling into the trap of living paycheck to paycheck. Financial education empowers people to shift from impulsive buyers to smart, strategic investors who prioritize long-term stability over short-term gratification.

1. What is the main idea of the text? A) How advertising triggers brain chemistry and how to manage spending habits. B) The history of global marketing and retail stores. C) Why people should never spend money on entertainment.
2. According to the text, what triggers a dopamine release in the brain? A) Saving money in a bank. B) Seeing items on sale. C) Reading financial textbooks.
3. Why is financial restraint difficult for many people? A) Because prices are constantly dropping. B) Due to psychological mechanisms linked to excitement and pleasure. C) Because salaries are extremely high.
4. What does the author suggest consumers do to avoid living paycheck to paycheck? A) Put money aside and budget effectively. B) Borrow money from student loans. C) Ignore all advertisements completely.
5. What does the word "empowers" closest mean in context? A) Weakens. B) Enables or gives power to. C) Confuses.

6. Which inference can be made about impulsive buyers? A) They prioritize long-term financial stability. B) They seek short-term gratification influenced by marketing. C) They never look at advertisements.
7. What tone does the author maintain throughout the passage? A) Informative and advisory. B) Angry and pessimistic. C) Humorous and fictional.
8. What is the ultimate goal of financial education mentioned in the text? A) Becoming a multi-millionaire overnight. B) Shifting to strategic investors prioritizing long-term stability. C) Eliminating all technology from offices.

Q 4: Reading Comprehension (Beyond Grade Level Goal - B2.2)

Read the text and choose the correct answers (A, B, or C).

Text: A Man's or a Woman's Job? For generations, the global labor market was strictly segregated by gender stereotypes, associating heavy physical labor and leadership roles predominantly with men, while administrative or caregiving positions fell to women. Today, globalization and shifting economic demands are dismantling these rigid workplace boundaries. Companies increasingly recognize that talent, emotional intelligence, and adaptability—rather than gender—are the true drivers of professional innovation and success.

Despite these progressive changes, subtle biases still persist in hiring processes and boardrooms. Women and men breaking into non-traditional occupations often face unspoken hurdles, ranging from cultural expectations to networking barriers. Overcoming these obstacles requires structural reforms in organizational policies, mentorship programs, and a cultural shift toward absolute equality. Ultimately, a balanced workforce is not merely a matter of fairness; it is an economic necessity that fosters richer perspectives and higher corporate productivity.

1. What is the overall meaning of the passage? A) The evolution and necessity of gender equality in the modern workforce. B) Why physical labor is strictly for men. C) The history of traditional office administration.
2. According to the text, what were traditional leadership roles associated with in the past? A) Women exclusively. B) Men predominantly. C) Artificial intelligence systems.
3. What are considered the true drivers of professional innovation today? A) Gender and strict hierarchies. B) Talent, emotional intelligence, and adaptability. C) Rigid company rules and outsourcing.
4. What does the word "rigid" mean in the context of workplace boundaries? A) Flexible and soft. B) Fixed, strict, and unbending. C) Modern and digital.
5. What can be inferred about individuals entering non-traditional occupations? A) They face zero challenges or resistance. B) They often encounter subtle biases and cultural hurdles. C) They earn twice as much money immediately.
6. What is the author's attitude toward gender segregation in the labor market? A) Supportive and approving. B) Critical and progressive, viewing it as outdated. C) Indifferent and unconcerned.

7. Why is a balanced workforce described as an "economic necessity"? A) Because it reduces corporate taxes to zero. B) Because it fosters richer perspectives and higher productivity. C) Because it eliminates the need for remote work.
8. What solution does the author propose to overcome workplace biases? A) Structural policy reforms and mentorship programs. B) Banning all technology from offices. C) Lowering university admission standards.

Q 5: Writing (40 Marks)(paper based)ورقي

"Modern workplaces and consumer markets are experiencing rapid transformations driven by digital technology and economic globalization. On one hand, advertising and consumer culture heavily influence public spending habits, often persuading individuals to make impulsive purchases through digital platforms. On the other hand, traditional career paths are disappearing, requiring professionals to upgrade their technical skills, cultivate adaptability, and embrace lifelong learning to stay competitive. Ultimately, balancing financial literacy against manipulative marketing while developing essential career skills is vital for long-term success in the 21st-century workforce."

1.1 Read the text. Write the main ideas in your own words. Write 4-5 sentences.

- الإجابة (Main Ideas):
 1. Digital technology and globalization are rapidly transforming both markets and workplaces.
 2. Advertising heavily influences public spending and can encourage impulsive consumerism.
 3. Traditional jobs are disappearing, forcing professionals to continuously upgrade their skills.
 4. Developing adaptability and financial literacy helps individuals resist manipulative marketing.
 5. Long-term success requires both financial awareness and modern career resilience.

1.2: Main Writing Prompt (25 Marks)

"In today's fast-paced economy, individuals must navigate the financial pressures of modern advertising while simultaneously developing essential career skills to secure their professional future."

Write an opinion essay in which you:

- **prompt 1:** State your opinion on how advertising affects consumer spending and financial stability.
- **prompt 2:** Explain the essential skills (such as adaptability and continuous learning) needed for future career success.
- **prompt 3:** Conclude with how financial awareness and career readiness can be combined to achieve long-term stability.
- **Write at least 200 words in paragraphs.**
- **Answer**
- **(Model Essay)**

In today's consumer-driven economy, individuals face a dual challenge: managing the psychological pressures of modern advertising while adapting to a rapidly changing job market. In my opinion, while marketing campaigns heavily manipulate consumer spending habits, combining financial literacy with essential career skills is the ultimate strategy for achieving long-term personal and professional stability.

To begin with, advertising surrounds us everywhere, utilizing psychological triggers on digital platforms to persuade people into impulsive purchasing. This constant exposure often leads individuals to live paycheck to paycheck, undermining their economic security. To counteract the negative effects of advertising, consumers must develop financial awareness, create strict budgets, and prioritize long-term investments over short-term gratification.

Simultaneously, the professional landscape requires a shift in how we approach employment. Traditional job security has been replaced by the demand for essential career skills, including high adaptability, digital literacy, and continuous skills upgrading. Because practices like telecommuting and global outsourcing have increased competition, workers must proactively take charge of their professional growth rather than relying solely on past qualifications.

In conclusion, thriving in the modern world requires mastering both economic and professional challenges. By resisting manipulative advertising through smart financial choices and continuously upgrading our career skills, we can secure both financial independence and long-term career success.

(Answer Key)

- **Q 1 (Vocabulary):** 1. B, 2. A, 3. B, 4. B, 5. A.
- **Q 2 (Grammar):** 1. C, 2. B, 3. B, 4. C, 5. A.
- **Q 3 (Reading 1):** 1. A, 2. B, 3. B, 4. A, 5. B, 6. B, 7. A, 8. B.
- **Q 4 (Reading 2):** 1. A, 2. B, 3. B, 4. B, 5. B, 6. B, 7. B, 8. A.

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