تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية





شرح درس CLAUSES PARTICIPLE مع تدريبات

موقع المناهج ← المناهج الإماراتية ← الصف الثاني عشر ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الأول ← ملفات متنوعة ← الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 10-10-2024 19:58:24

ملفات ا كتب للمعلم ا كتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس

المزيد من مادة لغة انجليزية:

إعداد: ABDELSALAM AWAD

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثاني عشر











صفحة المناهج الإماراتية على فيسببوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

المريد من الملقات بحسب الطف الثالي عشر والمادة لغه الجليرية في القصل الأول		
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PARTICIPLE CLAUSES



While he was running for the bus, he lost his wallet.

Running for the bus, he lost his wallet.

participle clause main clause

Participle clauses enable us to say things with fewer words.

Participle clauses enable us to say things more economically.

Same subject

We use participle clauses when the participle and the verb in the main clause have the **same subject**.



While **he** was running for the bus, **he** lost his wallet.

Running for the bus, he lost his wallet.

Verb tenses

Participle clauses do **not** have a specific tense.

The tense is indicated by the **verb in the main clause**.



Running for the bus, he lost his wallet.



Opening the fridge, she found a bottle of milk.

Types of participle clauses

There are 3 types of participle clauses:

Present participle clauses

Past participle clauses

Perfect participle clauses



Present participle clauses

Form: base form of verb + "ing"

Cycling home from the office, Mark fell and hurt his leg.

The uses of Present participle clauses:



To give the result of an action:
 The building collapsed, injuring the people inside.



2) To give the reason for an action
Being a big football fan, Mark watches every match.



3) To describe 2 actions that happen at the same time.

Studying for the exam, she realised she knew very little.



4) To give more information about the subject of the main clause.

Opening next week, the restaurant will employ 10 people.

Past participle clauses

Form: base form of verb + "ed"

embarrassed

Generally, we use past participle clauses in the passive voice.

Uses of past participle clauses:

1) Giving more information about the subject:



Embarrassed by the gift, Jane didn't know what to say.

Past participle clauses - more uses



2) Similar to an "if condition":

Used every day, this cream can improve your complexion.



3) To give the reason for an action:

Stressed by her boss, she started looking for a new job.



Perfect participle clauses

Form: "having" + past participle

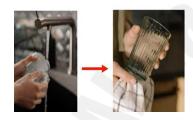
Having worked all day, she was exhausted.

Perfect participle clauses describe an action before the action in the main clause.



We can use perfect participle clauses in the active voice:

Having washed his car, Mark went out for a drive.



.. or in the passive voice:

Having been cleaned, the glass was then dried.

Perfect participle clauses - more examples

Form: "having" + past participle



Active voice:

Having lived in Spain for 5 years, John can speak fluent Spanish.



Passive voice:

Having been welcomed by the teacher, the students sat down.

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Look at the given answers and use the appropriate participle clauses with the other sentences.

- Sam left school early because he felt sick.
 Feeling sick, Sam left school early.
- 2. The teacher was impressed by Daniel's work, so she gave him the highest score.

Impressed by Daniel's work, the teacher gave him the highest score.

- 3. Because he didn't study hard enough for his exam, Ryan couldn't pass it.
- 4. As I haven't received all the applications yet, I am not eager to hire anyone.
- 5. The golden ring, which was stolen weeks ago, was found.
- 6. As I have an assignment to finish, I cannot come with you.
- 7. When my sister heard the good news, she wanted to cry.
- 8. Because I didn't want to lose my passport, I gave it to my father.
- 9. After he had been told to do the dishes, John entered the kitchen with a frown.
- 10. As I had been to England before, I knew where to find a good hotel.

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