كتيب مراجعة نهاية الفصل وفق الهيكل الوزاري المسار العام





تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية

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ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس

المزيد من مادة لغة انجليزية:

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التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثاني عشر العام











صفحة المناهج الإماراتية على فيسببوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثاني عشر العام والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول	
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English EOT review Booklet – 12 G Madinat Al Riyadh School Cycle 2 and 3

Introduction

This booklet provides practice for the MOE exam and useful Grammatical rules.

Students' name	
Class	12 G

Vocabulary:

Word	Definition	Example Sentence	Arabic translation
determined	Having a strong will to achieve something despite difficulties	She was determined to finish her project on time.	
independently	Without help or influence from others	He solved the math problem independently.	
motivate	To inspire someone to take action or work harder	Good teachers motivate their students to learn.	
pride	A feeling of satisfaction from one's own achievements	She felt great pride in her team's success.	
primarily	Mainly; for the most part	This course is primarily designed for beginners.	
reward	Something given for good work or effort	The company gave a bonus as a reward for hard work.	
successfully	In a way that achieves the desired goal	He successfully launched his first app last year.	
surprising	Unexpected or unusual	It's surprising how fast technology changes.	
found	To establish or start something (like a company or organization)	She founded her own fashion brand in 2018.	
highly	Very; to a great degree	The hotel is highly recommended by travelers.	

	To give someone a	The company plans to hire	
hire	job	more engineers this year.	
identify	To recognize or name someone or something	Scientists can identify animal species by their DNA.	
in common	Shared by two or more people	We have a lot in common — we both love travel.	
quantity	The amount or number of something	The store sells large quantities of fresh fruit.	
raise capital	To collect money needed to start or expand a business	The startup is trying to raise capital from investors.	
remarkable	Worthy of attention; extraordinary	Her progress in just one year was truly remarkable .	
take risks	To do something that might fail or be dangerous	Entrepreneurs often take risks to achieve success.	
vision	A clear idea about the future or goals	The leader shared her vision for a greener city.	
distract	To take someone's attention away from something	The loud music can distract students from their studies.	
overworked	Working too much; exhausted from work	She felt overworked after pulling several all-nighters.	
worldwide	Extending or reaching across the world	The Internet has become a worldwide phenomenon.	
drawback	A disadvantage or negative aspect	One drawback of living in the city is the high cost of housing.	
livelihood	The means of earning a living	Farming is the main livelihood of people in this village.	
secure	Safe, protected, or guaranteed	He worked hard to secure a stable job.	

upgrade	To improve something to a better version	They decided to upgrade their software to the latest version.	
gridlock	Complete stoppage of traffic or progress	Rush-hour gridlock makes commuting a nightmare in big cities.	
overcrowding	Having too many people or things in a space	Overcrowding in schools can affect learning quality.	
background	One's experience, education, or family history	She has a scientific background in biology.	
overwork	To work too much or beyond one's limits	Doctors often suffer from overwork in busy hospitals.	
overdo	To do something to an excessive degree	Don't overdo the spices in the soup.	
overdue	Not done by the expected time	The library books are overdue and must be returned today.	
overcrowded	Too full of people or things	The train was overcrowded during rush hour.	
overestimate	To think something is greater or more important than it is	Don't overestimate your ability to finish the project alone.	
overpopulated	Having too many people in one area	Some cities are overpopulated, causing housing and traffic problems.	
Access	The ability or right to approach, enter, or use something	Students have access to the library after school.	
Consume	To use up or eat/drink something	People consume a lot of energy when using air conditioners.	

Consumers	People who buy or use goods and services	Consumers are demanding more eco-friendly products.	
Economy	The system of production, consumption, and trade in a country or region	The economy is growing faster than last year.	
Identical	Exactly the same	The twins wore identical outfits.	
Items	Individual objects or things	Please pack all the items in the box.	
Victim	Someone harmed, injured, or affected by something	The victims of the accident received medical help.	
Sustainably	In a way that avoids harming the environment or depleting resources	We should consume resources sustainably.	
Consumerism	The focus on buying and consuming goods	Consumerism leads people to buy unnecessary items.	
Motivation	The reason or drive behind an action	Her motivation to study comes from her ambition to succeed.	
Accomplishment	Something achieved successfully	Graduating from university was a great accomplishment.	
Autonomy	Independence or freedom to make decisions	Students should develop autonomy in their learning.	
Creativity	The ability to produce original ideas	Art classes encourage creativity.	

Critical thinking	The ability to analyze and evaluate information objectively	Critical thinking helps solve complex problems.	
Mastery	Complete knowledge or skill in a subject	She showed mastery in playing the piano.	
Purpose	The reason for which something exists or is done	His purpose in life is to help others.	
Job-hunting	The process of looking for employment	She spends several hours every week job-hunting online.	
Unique	Being the only one of its kind; special	His painting style is truly unique.	
Long-term career	A profession or job pursued over a long period of time	She aims to build a long-term career in medicine.	
Approach	A way of dealing with something	His approach to problem- solving is very practical.	
Encourage	To give support, confidence, or hope	Teachers should encourage students to ask questions.	
Evaluate	To assess or judge the value, quality, or importance of something	The manager will evaluate your performance next week.	
Accomplishment	Something achieved successfully	Winning the competition was a huge accomplishment for her.	
Uncover	To reveal or discover something hidden	The investigation helped uncover the truth.	

Motivated	Being driven or eager to do something	He is highly motivated to finish his project on time.	
Distracted	Unable to focus because attention is diverted	She was distracted by the noise outside the classroom.	
Leisure time	Free time for relaxation or hobbies	Reading is her favorite activity during leisure time.	
Powerful	Having great strength or influence	Education is a powerful tool for change.	

Grammar:

Grammar Point	Rule / Use	Form / Structure	Example
Future Tense – "Going to"	Planned action or prediction based on present evidence	Subject + am/is/are + going to + base verb	- I am going to visit my grandmother tomorrow Look at those clouds! It's going to rain.
Modal Verb: Can	Expresses ability or possibility	can + base verb	- She can speak three languages You can take this road to reach the station.
Modal Verb: Should	Expresses advice, recommendation, or expectation	should + base verb	- You should eat more vegetables Students should submit homework on time.
Compound Adjectives	Two words joined (often hyphenated) to describe a noun	word1-word2 + noun	- a well-known author - a high-speed train

Participles as Adjectives	<pre>-ing = causes a feeling, -ed = experiences a feeling</pre>	-ing / -ed	- The movie was boring . / I was bored A frightening task / I felt frightened .
Compound Nouns	Two or more words form one noun	Closed / Hyphenated / Open form	- toothpaste (closed) - mother-in-law (hyphenated) - swimming pool (open)

Part One: Reading

Part (One: Read	ing		
Part	Level	Theme	Vocabular	у
	Towards Grade Level Goal Apply a wide range of	Money Talks Making a profit and helping people, Entrepreneurs	determined, independently, motivate, pride, prima found, highly, hire, identify, in common, quantity, vision	raise capital, remarkable, take risks,
	reading strategies,	Task Description	Learning Outcomes	Construct Limits
Part 1A: Vocabulary	including, using context, first language, culture, experiences, the main message, overall organisation, structure and word choices, adjusting reading rate, skimming, scanning and reading on to understand and interpret texts.	Multiple-Choice Gap Fill Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.	Reading Strategies ENG.08.RV.S.3.3: Apply a wide range of reading strategies, including, using context, own culture and experiences, the main message, overall organisation, structure, key points and word choices, adjusting reading rate, skimming, scanning and reading on to understand, interpret and analyse extended written or multimodal texts on concrete and some abstract topics that may use some nonstandard language.	1 text of 170 words (10% either way) with 7 gaps focusing on the target vocabulary. 3 options, one of which is the correct answer 2 marks each (total: 14)

Choose the correct word to complete each sentence. (14 marks — 2 marks each)

Entrepreneurs are often admired for their ability to turn ideas into reality. They are usually very
(1) people who set clear goals and work hard to achieve them. Starting a business is
never easy, and success often depends on the willingness to (2) and learn from failure.
When someone decides to (3) a company, they must first (4) the right opportunity and plan carefully. In the early stages, they need to (5) to cover expenses and
build a team. It is (6) how many successful founders begin with little experience but a
strong (7) of what they want to create. Their achievements are truly remarkable, and they
take great pride in the results.

B	surprising . determined . found		(2)A. take risksB. rewardC. raise capital	
(3) A. h B. fo C. io			(4)A. identifyB. motivateC. raise capital	
B. ta	aise capital ake risks eward		(6)A. surprisingB. prideC. determined	
B. vis	antity sion common			
Startin	ng a successful bonge: making a pr	usiness is difficult, left while doing so	c) for each gap (1-7) to complete to the social entrepreneurs face an even tought good. These individuals are usually (community, not (2) by fine	gher 1)
•			nt, ready to confront problems where tra	_
invest	early on ment, as many tr ize social impact	aditional investors a t over maximum fin	business plan and the ability to find that their biggest obstacle are unwilling to (7) on ven ancial return. Yet, the sense of personal (a) often the greatest compensation.	is securing tures that
(1) (2) (3)	a) primarilya) primarilya) identified	b) determined b) found b) determined	c) motivatec) surprisingc) highly	

(4)	a) quantity	b) surprising	c) remarkable
(5)	a) succeed	b) raise capital	c) hire
(6)	a) rewarding	b) surprising	c) independently
(7)	a) take risks	b) hire	c) identify
(8)	a) reward	b) vision	c) pride

Part	Level	Theme	Vocabulary	Grammar
	At Grade Level Goal Apply a wide range of reading strategies, including, using context,	Nail that job Career trends in a changing world	distract, overworked, worldwide, drawback, livelihood, secure, upgrade, workaholism, gridlock, overcowding, background, overwork, overdo, overdue, overcrowded, overestimate, overpopulated	G.1.6 Adjectives (compound adjectives) Using Participles as Adjectives – interest -> interesting/interested, bore -> boring/bored. E.g. Contestants on fear Factor have to complete many frightened/frightening tasks. G.9.7 Nouns (compound nouns)
Part 1B:	first language, culture, experiences, the main	Task Description	Learning Outcomes	Construct Limits
Grammar	message, overall organisation, structure and word choices, adjusting reading rate, skimming, scanning and reading on to understand and interpret texts.	Multiple-Choice Gap-Fill Read the text and choose the correct word(s) to complete the sentences.	Reading Strategies ENG.04.RV.S.3.3: Apply a wide range of reading strategies, including, using context, first language, culture, experiences, developing oral language skills, text format and appearance, the main message and known words, adjusting reading rate, skimming, scanning, rereading and reading on to understand and interpret simple, extended written or multimodal texts on familiar and concrete topics that are clearly expressed and structured.	1 expository text of 160 words (10% either way) with 7 gaps 3 options, one of which is the correct answer 2 marks each (total 14)

2. Choose one word to fill the maze. (Marks: 2 each \rightarrow Total 14)

In today's fast-changing work environment, finding a fulfilling career can be both exciting and
challenging. Many young professionals are looking for jobs that offer
(challenged/challenging/challenger) tasks to keep them motivated. Employers also value
candidates with strong problem-solving skills and (team-teamwork/teamwork)
experience, as most projects require collaboration.
One growing trend is the rise of flexible, (remote-working/remote-worked/remote-work)
positions that allow employees to balance work and personal life. While these jobs can be
rewarding, they may also bring (stressful/stressed/stress) situations, such as tight
deadlines or virtual meeting overload.
Mentorship programs have become a popular way to help employees feel supported and
(motivating/motivated/motive) in their roles. Additionally, attending (career-

development/career-developing/career-developed) workshops can boost skills and confidence. Choosing a workplace with a healthy, _____ (work-life-balanced/work-life-balance/work-lifed) culture is increasingly important for long-term success.

- 1. challenging / challenged / challenger
- 2. teamwork / team / team-teamwork
- 3. remote-working / remote-worked / remote-work
- 4. stressful / stressed / stress
- 5. motivated / motivating / motive
- 6. career-development / career-developing / career-developed
- 7. work-life-balance / work-life-balanced / work-lifed

For each gap, choose the most appropriate option.

The world of work is undergoing	a significant and 1	(interest) transition.
Fueled by rapid technological ch	iang <mark>e, the</mark> traditional care	eer path is being replaced by a
more fluid model that demands	con <mark>stant</mark> adaptation. Exp	erts agree that the jobs of the
future will require 2	(solve) and 3	(think) skills, rather
than routine, repetitive tasks. Th	is shift can leave many jo	b seekers feeling 4.
(frighten) or eve	n paralyzed by uncertaint	ty. However, embracing lifelong
learning is key to success. Comp	oanies are increasingly se	eeking candidates with a 5.
(grow) mindset	who are not 6	(interest) in just one narrow
field. The rise of the 7	(freelance) is also	reshaping the employment
landscape, offering flexibility bu	t requiring workers to be p	oroactive in managing their
personal brand and professiona	l development. Staying in	formed and continuously
upgrading your skills is the best	way to secure your place	in this new environment.

- 1. (interest) A. interesting B. interested C. interest-focused
- 2. (solve) A. problem-solved B. problem-solving C. problem-solvable
- 3. (think) A. critical-thinking B. critical-thought C. critical-thinker
- 4. (frighten) A. frightening B. frightened C. frightenly

- 5. (grow) A. growing B. grow-focused C. growth
- 6. (interest) A. uninterested B. uninteresting C. disinterested
- 7. (freelance) A. freelancer-work B. freelance economy C. freelancing-work

Part	Level	Theme	Vocabulary		Grammar
		Money Talks Consumerism and the human brain, Does money talk?	access, consume, consumers, economy, identical, items, victim, sustainably, consumerism, motivation, accomplishment, autonomy, creativity, critical thinking, mastery, purpose	victim, sustainably, consumerism, motivation, olishment, autonomy, creativity, critical	
	Towards Grade Level Goal	Task Description	Learning Outcomes		Construct Limits
Part 2: Reading	Identify specific information At Grade Level Goal Identify and analyse mood, tone or attitude. Identify the main points. Identify the overall meaning.	Multiple-Choice Read the text. Choose the correct answer.	Comprehension Skills Specific Information: ENG.08.RV.CS.2.1: Read and identify specific informatie extended written or multimodal texts on concrete and of topics that may use some nonstandard language. Mood, tone and attitude: ENG.08.RV.CS.7.1: Identify and analyse mood, tone or when reading extended written or multimodal texts on some abstract topics that may use some nonstandard I Main points ENG.08.RV.CS.6.1: Read and identify the main points of the topics that may use some nonstandard I and use that may use some nonstandard language. Overall Meaning ENG.04.RV.CS.1.1: Read and identify the overall mear extended written or multimodal texts on concrete and stopics that may use some nonstandard language.	attitude concrete and anguage. of extended ract topics	1 expository text of 300-330 words (10% either way) 8 questions with 3 options, one of which is the correct answer (2 marks each, total: 16)

Expository Text: Money Talks - Consumerism and the Human Brain

In today's fast-paced economy, consumerism has become deeply embedded in our daily lives. From smartphones to sneakers, we are constantly encouraged to consume — not just out of necessity, but often as a form of self-expression or status. The human brain is wired to seek reward, and purchasing items can trigger feelings of accomplishment, autonomy, and even mastery. This psychological response explains why consumers often feel a rush of excitement when accessing new products, especially those marketed as exclusive or limited edition.

However, this motivation to consume can also make us victims of marketing strategies that exploit our desire for identity and purpose. Advertisements often present identical items with slight variations, convincing consumers that each purchase reflects their uniqueness. Over time, this cycle can erode critical thinking and creativity, replacing thoughtful decision-making with impulsive buying.

Consumerism also impacts sustainability. As people consume more, resources are depleted faster, and waste increases. While some consumers are shifting towards more sustainable choices, the overall trend still leans heavily toward convenience and instant gratification. This raises questions about how we can balance economic growth with environmental responsibility.

Ultimately, money may not "talk" in the literal sense, but it certainly influences how we think, feel, and behave. Understanding the psychological and societal effects of consumerism is essential for making informed choices — ones that reflect not just personal desires, but also long-term values and purpose.

Multiple-Choice Questions

Choose the correct answer. Each question is worth 2 marks.

- 1. What emotion is commonly triggered by purchasing new items?
- 2. A) Confusion B) Accomplishment C) Anger
- 3. How do advertisements often manipulate consumers?
- 4. A) By offering free products B) By promoting identical items as unique C) By discouraging purchases
- 5. What part of the brain is involved in consumer behavior?
 - A) The reward system B) The digestive system C) The respiratory system
- 6. What can excessive consumerism erode?
 - A) Physical strength B) Critical thinking C) Language skills
- 7. What is one consequence of increased consumption?
 - A) Improved air quality B) Decreased waste C) Resource depletion
- 8. What is a growing trend among consumers?
 - A) Buying more luxury items B) Choosing sustainable options C) Avoiding all purchases
- 9. What does the text suggest about money?
 - A) It literally speaks B) It influences behavior C) It has no impact
- 10. What is the overall tone of the text?
 - A) Critical and reflective B) Humorous and sarcastic C) Indifferent and neutral

Does Money Talk?

In today's fast-paced world, money seems to speak louder than ever. From the latest smartphones to designer clothes, consumers are constantly encouraged to buy more — not always because they need something, but because they are motivated by emotions rather than necessity. Advertising experts know this very well. They design campaigns that appeal to the human brain's reward system, creating excitement and even a sense of accomplishment when people make a purchase.

Studies show that when people buy items they desire, the brain releases dopamine — the same chemical linked to pleasure. This explains why shopping can be addictive. Some consumers

become victims of overconsumption, buying things they rarely use and later feeling regret or guilt. On the other hand, sustainable consumerism is becoming a growing movement. People are beginning to ask themselves: *Do I really need this?* and *How was it made?*

Interestingly, consumer behaviour is also shaped by culture and social comparison. Many individuals want to own products identical to those of their friends or celebrities they follow online. This creates a false sense of belonging but reduces autonomy and creativity, as people rely on trends rather than personal choice.

Economists warn that when consumerism grows too quickly, it can harm both individuals and the planet. The economy may expand in the short term, but the long-term effects — such as pollution and resource depletion — can be damaging. True mastery, some argue, lies in learning to consume mindfully. Finding purpose beyond material possessions can lead to greater satisfaction and a healthier balance between spending and well-being.

Questions: Choose the correct answer A, B, or C. Each question = 2 marks

- 1. What is the main idea of the text?
 - A) Money controls global politics.
 - B) Consumerism affects the human brain and behaviour.
 - C) People no longer care about the economy.
- 2. According to the text, why do people often buy things they don't need?
 - A) Because shopping releases dopamine in the brain.
 - B) Because they want to save money.
 - C) Because advertisements make products cheaper.
- 3. The word *victims* in paragraph 2 refers to people who
 - A) enjoy shopping for a purpose.
 - B) lose control of their spending habits.
 - C) refuse to buy expensive products.
- 4. What does the text suggest about sustainable consumerism?
 - A) It focuses on buying more products.
 - B) It encourages mindful and responsible purchasing.
 - C) It increases pollution and waste.
- 5. Why do some people want to buy identical items to others?
 - A) To feel part of a social group.
 - B) To show creativity.
 - C) To save money.
- 6. What effect does consumerism have on autonomy and creativity?
 - A) It strengthens them.

- B) It weakens them.
- C) It has no effect.
- 7. What is one negative long-term effect of extreme consumerism mentioned in the text?
 - A) Cultural diversity.
 - B) Resource depletion and pollution.
 - C) Economic stability.
- 8. According to the final paragraph, what can bring true satisfaction?
 - A) Having more money.
 - B) Following every trend.
 - C) Finding purpose beyond material possessions.

Vocabulary Focus (Optional Extension)

Use the following words from the text in your own sentences:

access-consume-economy-motivation-accomplishment-autonomy-creativity-mastery-purpose-sustainable

Part	Level	Theme	Vocabulary		Grammar
		Nail that job Creating a vision for your career	job-hunting, unique, long-term career, approach, encourage, evaluate, accomplishment, uncover, motivated, distracted, leisure time, powerful	Future tense (g Modal verbs (ca	
		Task Description	Learning Outcomes		Construct Limits
Part 3: Reading	At Grade Level Goal Identify details Beyond Grade Level Goal Analyse and evaluate mood, tone or attitude, whether implicit or explicit. Identify the main points. Identify the overall meaning.	Multiple-Choice Read the text. Choose the correct answer.	Comprehension Skills Details: ENG.08.RV.CS.5.1: Read and identify details in exten multimodal texts on concrete and some abstract topi some nonstandard language. Mood, tone and attitude: ENG.08.RV.CS.7.1: Identify and analyse mood, tone when reading extended written or multimodal texts one abstract topics that may use some nonstandard. Main points ENG.08.RV.CS.6.1: Read and identify the main point written or multimodal texts on concrete and some at that may use some nonstandard language. Overall Meaning ENG.04.RV.CS.1.1: Read and identify the overall me extended written or multimodal texts on concrete and topics that may use some nonstandard language.	or attitude on concrete and d language. s of extended estract topics	1 expository text of 300-330 words (10% either way) 8 questions with 3 options, one of which is the correct answer (2 marks each, total: 16)

Creating a Vision for Your Career

Finding the right career path is more than just *job-hunting*—it's about creating a clear vision for your future. Many young people rush into jobs without understanding what truly motivates them. They may get *distracted* by quick rewards or by following what others do, rather than discovering what makes them feel accomplished and fulfilled.

To create a *long-term career* vision, you first need to *evaluate* your strengths, interests, and values. What are you good at? What problems do you enjoy solving? When you *uncover* your personal motivations, you start to see what kind of work will make you feel successful in the future.

Having a vision doesn't mean everything will go as planned. You are *going to* face challenges, rejections, and changes. However, with a positive attitude, you *can* learn from each experience. Every step teaches you something new about yourself and the world of work.

You *should* also take time to learn from others—teachers, mentors, or professionals who inspire you. Their advice *can* help you see possibilities you may not have noticed before. Remember that success is not only about earning money but also about finding purpose.

Use your *leisure time* to explore your interests, volunteer, or take online courses. These experiences *are going to* make your profile more *unique* and show employers that you are *motivated* and proactive. The most *powerful* thing you can do for your future career is to believe in your potential and keep improving yourself.

Questions (2 marks each – Total 16 marks)

- 1. What is the main idea of the text?
 - a) How to earn more money quickly
 - b) The importance of having a clear vision for your career
 - c) Ways to apply for jobs effectively
- **2.** According to the text, what often distracts young people from building a long-term vision?
 - a) Focusing only on quick rewards
 - b) Seeking advice from mentors
 - c) Taking online courses
- 3. What does the writer suggest you should evaluate when planning your career?
 - a) The salaries of popular jobs
 - b) Your strengths, interests, and values

- c) The opinions of your friends
- **4.** What attitude does the author encourage readers to have toward challenges?
 - a) Avoid them completely
 - b) Learn from them
 - c) Blame others for them
- **5.** The mood of the text can best be described as:
 - a) Critical and negative
 - b) Encouraging and optimistic
 - c) Serious and fearful
- **6.** What does the author imply about leisure time?
 - a) It should always be used for rest
 - b) It can be used to explore and develop skills
 - c) It is unimportant for career development
- 7. Which of the following sentences uses the future tense correctly?
 - a) You going learn new things.
 - b) You are going to learn new things.
 - c) You are learn new things.
- **8.** Which modal verb expresses advice in the text?
 - a) Can
 - b) Should
 - c) Might

Creating a Vision for Your Career

Finding the right job isn't just about sending out resumes—it's about knowing where you're going. When you create a vision for your career, you give yourself a powerful advantage. You're going to make smarter choices, stay motivated, and uncover opportunities that match your goals.

Start by evaluating what makes you unique. What accomplishments are you proud of? What tasks make you feel energized, and which ones leave you distracted? These clues help you uncover your strengths and guide your approach. For example, if you enjoy solving

problems, you might thrive in engineering or business. If you feel motivated by helping others, a career in education or healthcare could be a great fit.

Your leisure time can also reveal valuable insights. Do you spend weekends organizing events, designing graphics, or writing stories? These interests can point to careers in planning, design, or media. You should consider what kind of work environment suits you—do you prefer quiet focus or lively teamwork?

Once you've created a clear vision, you can tailor your job search. You're going to feel more confident when you know what you're aiming for. Employers often look for candidates who show direction and purpose. You can adjust your vision as you grow, but having one helps you stay on track.

Remember, job-hunting isn't just about finding any job—it's about building a long-term career that fits your values and strengths. With a thoughtful approach, you can turn your goals into reality.

Circle the correct answer. Each question is worth 2 marks.

- 1. What is the main idea of the text?
 - A) Job-hunting is only about sending resumes
 - B) Creating a career vision helps guide your job search
 - C) Employers prefer short-term workers
- 2. What should you evaluate when creating a career vision?
 - A) Your favorite movies
 - B) Your strengths and accomplishments
 - C) Your social media posts
- 3. What does the author suggest about leisure time?
 - A) It's unrelated to career planning
 - B) It can reveal career interests
 - C) It should be used for job applications
- 4. What tone does the author use throughout the text?
 - A) Encouraging and thoughtful
 - B) Humorous and casual
 - C) Critical and demanding
- 5. What kind of work environment should you consider?
 - A) One with free snacks
 - B) One that matches your personality
 - C) One with the highest salary

- 6. Which modal verb is used to give advice in the text?
 - A) Can
 - B) Should
 - C) Might
- 7. What does the phrase "tailor your job search" mean?
 - A) Apply for every job you see
 - B) Adjust your search to fit your goals
 - C) Ask others to find jobs for you
- 8. What attitude does the author express toward career planning?
 - A) It's unnecessary for most people
 - B) It's a powerful and helpful process
 - C) It's only useful for creative jobs

Part	Level	Theme	Vocabulary	Grammar	Functional Language
	At Grade Level Goal Produce clear, extended and detailed written or multimodal	Nail that job My dream job and how I plan to get there	Term 1 Vocabulary	Prompts to elicit: G.18 Reported speech	FL.32 Expressing agreement and disagreement FL.16 Expressing opinion
	texts, expressing comparisons, iustifications and	Task Description		Learning Outcomes	Construct Limits
Part 4: Writing	conditions where appropriate. Express ideas, information, opinions, feelings, emotions and personal perspectives, giving Summarise, paraphrase, synthesise, compare, contrast and explain information and arguments from a variety of sources of extended and some complex texts, giving details where needed.	Guided constructed response 4.1 Read the text. Was the writer's opinion in the text, and do you agree with it? Give a reason for your answer. 4.2 Read the text again. Main writing prompt. • prompt 1 • prompt 2 • prompt 3 Write at least 200 words.	on concrete and some abs where appropriate, where of language and structures Presentation and develop ENG.08.WR.P.2.1: Express personal perspectives on creasons and explanations extended written or multin language and structures, a Processing text in Writing ENG.08.WR.S.6.1: Summa arguments from a variety of texts on concrete and som simple and complex langu	clear, extended and detailed written or multimodal texts tract topics, expressing comparisons and justifications meaning is clear, although there may be some repetition, and some inaccuracies with more complex language. ment of ideas s ideas, information, opinions, feelings, emotions and oncrete and some abstract topics, giving detailed using simple and complex language and expressions in nodal texts, although there may be some repetition of nd some inaccuracies with more complex language.	4.1 One text of 180 words related to theme that expresses opinion, states facts and presents arguments. One question asking what writer's opinion was and if they agree with the writer. 4.2 • One question asking about their own opinion on the issue raised in the text with clear reasons to support their opinion and examples from the text with three prompts to elicit an argumentative text. • Word count: 200 words • 40 marks (based on rubric)

Reading Text (~180 words)

Many people dream of having a job that not only pays well but also brings personal satisfaction. The writer believes that pursuing a dream job requires preparation, persistence, and self-motivation. According to the text, success does not come only from

talent but also from planning, learning new skills, and taking advantage of opportunities. The writer also mentions that facing challenges is part of the process and overcoming them builds resilience and confidence.

Some argue that luck plays a role in getting a dream job, while others think that hard work is the key. The writer agrees with the latter, stating that individuals who set goals, stay focused, and continuously improve their skills are more likely to succeed. Furthermore, the text encourages readers to seek advice from mentors, reflect on their strengths and weaknesses, and develop a long-term plan for their career.

Overall, the message of the text is clear: achieving a dream job is possible, but it requires dedication, self-discipline, and a willingness to learn from every experience.

Question:

Question:		
	in the text, and do you agree with it?	Give a reason for your

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Main Writing Prompt

Write your answer in 50–60 words.

Instructions:

 Write at least 200 words about your dream job and how you plan to get there. Use the prompts below:

Prompts:

- 1. What is your dream job and why?
- 2. What skills, qualities, or experience do you need to achieve?

3. How will you overcome challenges or obstacles along the way?

Guidelines:

- Express your ideas, opinions, feelings, and personal perspective.
- Use comparisons, justifications, and conditions where appropriate.
- Include examples or evidence from the text where relevant.

Word count: minimum 200 words.

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✓ Answer Key

- (1) **B.** determined
- (2) A. take risks
- (3) **B. found**
- (4) A. identify
- (5) A. raise capital
- (6) A. surprising
- (7) **B. vision**
- c) motivate
- a) primarily
- b) determined
- c) remarkable
- b) raise
- capital
- b) surprising
- a) take risks
- c) pride

1	B) Accomplishment	
2	B) By promoting identical items as	2
2	unique	۷
3	A) The reward system	2
4	B) Critical thinking	2
5	C) Resource depletion	2
6	B) Choosing sustainable options	
7	B) It influences behavior	2
8	A) Critical and reflective	2

No.	Question Summary	Correct Answer	Marks
1	Main idea	В	2
2	Reason for unnecessary	Α	2
2	buying		² Ø
3	Meaning of "victims"	В	2
4	Sustainable consumerism	В	2
5	Buying identical items	Α	2
6	Effect on autonomy/creativity	В	2
7	Long-term effects	В	2
8	True satisfaction	С	2
Total		16 marks	Q,

Q	Answer	Marks
1	В	2
2	А	2
3	В	2
4	В	2
5	В	2
7	В	2
8	В	2

Question	Correct Answer
1	В
2	В
3	В
4	А
5	В
6	В
7	В
8	В

